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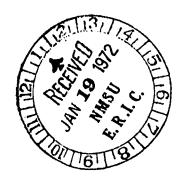
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ABSTRACT

This teacher's manual for a preschool second-year program in English as a second language contains daily lesson plans--objectives, activities, exercises, and subject material--for 22 weeks of class. The program is designed for two English instructional periods per day. English should also be used as the medium of instruction in one other subject. The first four weeks are spent in review of the first year's work. The subjectives and subject material for each week's work are listed at the beginning of the weekly plans. (VM)





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TEACHER'S MANUAL

A SECOND YEAR PROGRAM IN ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

PREPARED FOR PARA-PROFESSIONAL TEACHERS IN BI-LINGUAL PRE-SCHOOL HOME TEACHING PROGRAMS

By

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SPANISH DAME SCHOOL: ESEA, TITLE VII
ANTONIA MICOTTI, DIRECTOR
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GLENN W. HOFFMANN, SUPERINTENDENT
SEPTEMBER 20, 1970

INTRODUCTION:

The second year of English instruction begins with a one month review of the major grammar points and operations taught during the first year English program. A review of these materials is necessary since many of the children will have had little opportunity to practice using their newly acquired English during the summer recess, and many have forgotten some of the patterns and vocabulary. Because the second year materials assume a mastery of the earlier ones, a thorough review is vitally important to the children's continued growth in English.

The second year curriculum is organized much as the first year's was, in that there are two English instruction periods daily: One early in the morning in which old materials are reviewed and new materials presented, and a second period later in the morning in which the new materials are stressed and confirmed. In addition to these two periods of instruction in English, in which English is a content area being taught, it is suggested that you use English as the medium of instruction in one of your negular activities of each day. The children will then be using English for approximately half of the time each day, and Spanish the nest of the time. During this period, you simply speak entirely in English, demonstrating your meaning, if necessary, but not translating. If the children speak to you in Spanish, you respond in English and go right on. You should try to use simple vocabulary and constructions, but it is not suggested that you restrict yourself to the patterns which have already been taught. The idea is to give the children a short period of immersion in English each day, in which they are able to hear a variety of English constructions, and patterns, in a situation which is natural and interesting. They may be uncomfortable for a few days, but they will soon become accustomed to the new idea and will soon begin using the English which they know.

will be stressing those with which the children have had the most difficulty. Some test items are included in each Friday's guide. These will enable you to pinpoint difficult areas and thus allow you Materials will be prepared for you Tuesday through Friday as before. On Mondays, however, you will be planning your own lessons which will be reviews of the previous weeks materials. You to plan your Monday review.

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ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR II WEEK I

OBJECTIVES

The major objective of the first four weeks of the second year is to offer a taught during the first year. The materials to be covered during the first thorough review of the basic language patterns and operations which were week of review are these:

1) Sentence Pattern: NP + BE + NOUN: Proper

ADVERB: Locative

2) Nominalized Demonstrative Pronouns:

This That These Those 3) Possessive Pronouns:
 Your My

4) Nominalized Possessive Pronouns:
Your

5) Interrogatives: What Where 6) Question Pattern:
WHAT + BE + NOUN
WHERE DEMONS

7) Subject Pronouns: I, you, He, She, We, They 8) Yes-No Question Pattern and Responses

9) Past Tense Forms of BE

10) Piurals of Nouns

11) Negation

REVIEW PATTERNS:

+ BE + PROPER NOUN SUBJECT PRONOUN NOUN PHRASE

COMMON NOUN

INTERROGATIVE: WHAT + BE + (NOUN PHRASE)?

Year Week

Day_ Page_

REVIEW OF YEAR I MATERIAL

Subject Proncuns: I, You, He, She Interrogative Word: What? 12643 REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

Possessive Pronoun: My, Your, His, Her Nominalized Possessive: Yours Forms of "Be" am, is, are

NAME TAGS FOR EACH CHILD, YOURSELF, THE HOSTESS, AND GUESTS

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

MATERIALS NEEDED:

PAKE I: NEVIEW AND INTRODUCTION		
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
You and the children are seated in a circle. Get down to children's eye level. Tap your name tag and say:	H:	My name is Mrs.
Repeat, tapping tag.	Ξ:	My name is Mrs
Point at a child's name tag and ask him:	•• E-1	What's your name?
Model the response for him as you help him tap his tag:	T:	Tell me: My name is
Child repeats:	C#1	My name is
Then model the question for him rising intonation on pronoum.	T:	Ask me: What's yours?
Child asks:	C#1	"What's yours?"
Answer his question:	 E1	"My name is
Turn to the others and say:	T:	"My name is

		Year 2 Week 1 Day 1 Page 2
INSTRUCTIONS TO TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Pointing at child #1	:	"His name is " "Her name is " Repeat please: "His name is " "Her name is "
Group responds, pointing at child #1	GRP:	"His name is " "Her name is "
Ask Child #1 to approach another child. Model this question for him:	T:	Ask (him): "What's your name?" (her)
Child #1 asks child #2	C#1	"What's your name?"
Model the response for child $\#2$	ï	Tell (him): "My name is " (her)
Teacher models question for #2	T:	Again: "My name is "What's yours?"
	C#2	"My name is "What's yours?"

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Model response for child #1, if necessary	T:	Tell (him): "My name is" (her)
	C#1	"My name is"
Turn to the group and model question:	H:	Ask (him) (child #1): "What's (his) (chiid #2) name?" (her)
Model response for child #1	:- :-	Tell them: "(His)name is "." "(Her)name is "
	C#1	"(His) name is (Her) name is
Ask for group repetition	ë	Everyone say: "(His) name is (Her) name is
Ask child #2 to approach another one. Model this question for him:	T:	Ask (him): "What's your name?". (her)
	C#2	"What's your name?"
Model response for child #3	Т:	Tell (him): "My name is (her)
	C∦3	"My name is"

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Teacher models question for #3	T:	Again: "My name is "What's yours?"
Model response if necessary for child #2	: EH	Tell (him): "My name is" (her)
	C#1	"My name is"
Turn to group as before and model question	H	Ask(him) (child #2) (her) "What's(his) (child #3) name?"
	GRP	"What's(his) name?" (her)
Model response for child #2	÷.	Tell them: "(His) name is "" "(Her) name is ""
	C#2	"(His) name is " "(Her) name is "
Ask for group repetition	 :-	Everyone say: "(His) name is "." "(Her) name is "."
Repear this drill as many times as needed, giving each child amper opportunity to practice using both statement and interrogative forms.		

PART II: REINFORCEMENT AND SECOND PRESENTATION	FATION	1486-7
IONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Quickly review the materials introduced earlier: Tap your name tag and tell the children:	т:	"My name is"
Ask a child:	: :	"What's yours?"
Model response only if necessary	: :	Tell me: "My name is"
	C#1	"My name is"
Turn to group and as you point at child #1, say:	F-I	"(His)name is " Repeat please: "(His)name is " "(His)name is " "(Her)name is "
	GRP:	"(His)name is " "(Her)name is "
Ask child #1 to turn to child beside him and model:	Ë	Say to (him): "My name is" (her) "What's yours?"
	C#1	"My name is ""
Model response only if necessary	ï	Tell(him): "My name is" (her)
	C#2	"My name is"

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
To the group	Т:	"(His) name is "(Her) name is Repeat please: "(His) name is "(Her) name is
	GRP:	"(His)name is " "(Her)name is "
ask child #2 to turn to child beside him and continue with the drill as given.		
As soon as you have completed the quick review, begin the second presentation.		
The children are seated before you. Bring yourself down to their eye level as before. Move from child to child as you go through this presentation.		
Begin with child #1. Tap yourself and say:	T:	"I'm a teacher."
Haip him tap himself and model:	T:	"I'm a(boy)" (girl)
Child repeats:	C#1	"I'm" a(boy)(girl)."
Point at him and say:	 H	"You're ''You're a(boy)(girl)."

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Help him point at you and model for him:	: .	Tell me: "You're Mrs.""You're a teacher."
	C#1	"You're Ars.
Point at child and say:	T:	"You're "You're a (boy)(girl)."
Help him tap self and model for him:	T:	Tell me: "I'm" "I'm a (boy)(girl)."
	C#1	"I'm" (Birl)."
Move on to next child and repeat this procedure. Move on to the next child until all of the children have had an opportunity to practice the drill.		
Begin the second presentation of review materials.		
Model this sequence as you		
Tap yourself	£4	"I'm Mrs.
Pointing at child #1		"You're (boy)(girl)."
Pointing at a boy as you look directly at #1		"She's a girl."

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Repeat the above sequence for the child		
Now help him tap himself and nod at him to give the appropriate response: (Help him if necessary):	C#1	"I'm" (boy) (girl)."
Help him point at you, again prompting him if needs it:	T:	"She's a girl."
	C#1	"She's
Repeat this for each of the girls:	T:	"She's sirl."
	C#1	"She's""."She's a girl."
Help him point at a boy and model:	Τ:	"He's boy."
Etc.,	C#1	"He's a boy."
Repeat this for each child, carefully following each step as described.	84	Etc.,
	4	

REVIEW PATTERNS: 1) Formation of Plurals:

Question Patterns:

What's This? What are These?

Noun + (S,Z)

Year 2
Week 1
Day 2
Page 1

3) (Demonstrative) + BE + (Noun Phrase)

NP + BE + NP

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REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: 1) Nominalized demonstrative forms: This, These

2) Forms of "B": is, am, are

That, Those

MATERIALS NEEDED: H-M Cards #1 through 20,

Balloons, toy cars, marbles, blocks, crayons, pencils, toy boats, little balls, etc., You'll need several of each item.

EXCHANGE **SPEAKER** REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Quickly review materials presented on day 1.		
Tell child #1:	T:	"My name is""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
	C#1	"My name is
To the others:	T.	"(His)name is "(Her)name is Repeat please: "(His)name is "(Her)name is
	GRP:	"(His)name is "" "(Her)name is "
Ask child #1 to approach another. Model this for him:	.:	Tell him (child #2): "My name is "What's yours?"
	C#1	"My name is" """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """
	C#2	"My name is"

Year Week	SPEAKER EXCHANGE Page 2 T: "(His) name is " "(Her) name is "	pleas name name	GRP: "(His) name is "" "(Her) name is "."	eat ed.		e. : T: "This is a Bat."	T: And this is a Bat."	ask T: "This is a Bat, and this is a Bat."	GRP: "This is a Bat." 'This is a Bat."	T: "These are Bats." Repeat please:	
	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER To the others:		GRP:	Ask child #2 to approach another and repeat this drill following the steps as outlined.	Begin presentation of new materials.	Hold up one of the H-M Cards listed above. Doint first at one of the objects saying:	And then at the other:	Xa .	GRP:	With a sweeping gesture to indicate both pictures, model:	

 Year
 2

 Week
 1

 Day
 2

 Page
 3

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Show the card to one of the children and say:	T:	"This is a Bat, and this is a Bat."
		"These are
Let the child fill in with plural form, if he's able to do so:	C#1	Bats."
If he needs help, repeat the pattern and try again.	H •	"This is a Bat, and this is a Bat."
		"These are
	C#1	Bats."
Then ask child to repeat the entire pattern.	T:	Repeat please: "This is a Bat." " <u>These</u> are Bat <u>s</u> ."
	C#1	"This is a Bat." "These are Bats."
Repeat this procedure for each of the cards listed above. Be careful in modeling the plural form:		
"Z" following voiced consonants "S" following voiceless consonants		
(Eg. dog + z. duck + s)		

Year 2 Week 1 Day 2 Page 4		" , What's this?"	Tell me: "That's a car."	"That's a car."	"And what's this?"	Tell me: "That's a car."	"That's a car."	"What are these?"	Tell me: "Those are cars."	" <u>Those</u> are cars."	Ask them: "What's this?"
SPEAKER		T:	T:	C#1	H:	T:	C#1	т: :	T:	C#1	:. H
PART II SECOND PRESENTATION TASTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	la. Tag	Hold up a little car. Ask a child:	*Model response, if necessary.		Hold up another car	Again, model response, if necessary:		Put the two cars together and with a sweeping gesture to indicate both cars ask the child:	Model the response:		* In this drill, the child is not so close to the objects that the demonstratives "this" or "those" can be correctly used. Ask child #1 to be "The Teacher". Let him hold one of the cars up and model this question for him:

Year Week Day

EXCHANGE	"What's this?"	Tell him: "That's a car."	"That's a car."	Ask them: "What's this?"	"What's this?"	Tell him: "That's a car."	"That's a car."	Ask them: "What are these?"	"What are these?"	Tell him: "Those are cars."	"Those are cars."	" What's this?"	Tell me: "That's a balloon."	"That's a balloon."	"And what's this?"	"That's a balloon."	" What are these?"	Tell me: "These are balloons."	"Those are balloons."
SPEAKER	C#1	T:	GRP:	H:	C#1	T:	GRP:	ī:	C#1	T:	GRP:	ij	ij	C#2	T:	C∯2	e. E-i	T:	C∯2
INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER		Model response for the group, if necessary:		Give the child the other car and model the question for him again:	Model response for group, if necessary:			Ask the child to hold up both cars and model the question for him:		Model the response for the group:		Hold up another toy and call on another child:	Model response, if necessary:		Hold up another and ask the child:	Model response, only if necessary:	Hold up both and ask:	Model response:	

each child to practice questions as well as statement patterns. Repeat this procedure for each set of objects, allowing Ask the child to play "teacher" as you did before.

REVIEW PATTERNS:

Regular plural formation of nouns Yes -- No questions and responses

Year Week Day Page

Negation

Nominalized demonstrative pronoun forms:

This, that, these, those Pattern: NP + BE + NP

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Yes, no, not -- Pronoun: IT

MATERIALS NEEDED:

H-M Picture cards 1 through 20, balloons, toy cars, marbles, blocks, crayons, pencils, toy boats, little balls, etc.,

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
A quick reinforcement of patterns reviewed earlier. Group the boys and girls separately.		
Model this for girl #1:	T:	Tell us: "I'm (name)" "I'm a girl."
	G#1:	"I'm (name)." "I'm & girl."
Repeat this for each of the girls:	ij	Tell us: "I'm (name) ." "I'm a girl."
	G#2:	"I'm (name) .: "I'm a girl." etc.,
Use hand signal to indicate group response:	T:	Tell me: "We're girls."
	Girls:	"We're girls."
Point at the boys and say:	H	"They're boys." Repeat:
	Girls:	"They're boys."
Turn to the boye and point at the girls:	T:	"They're girls." Repeat:
Model this for bc; #1:	T:	lell us: "I'm (name)." "I'm a boy."
Model this for bc; #1:	•	

Year Week

(a boat) Repeat please: "What's this?" "Is it a boat?" (Eg. a car) It's a car!" Page Day "We're boys." Etc., Repeat: "I'm (name)." "They're girls." "They're girls." "They're girls." "What's this?" "Is it a car?" "Is it a car?" "It's a car."
"Yes, it is." "Yes, it is." "Yes, it is. "We're boys." "I'm (name) "I'm a boy." "I'm (name)" Ask them: Tell me: Tell us: EXCHANGE Ë .. E .. [H GRP: Ξ: SPEAKER Boys: **∷** Ξ: Boys: B#2: B#1: Ë him one of the objects and model the question Repeat this entire drill at least once more. Use hand signal to indicate group response: Ask a child to help you "be teacher". Hold up one of the toys listed under materials. Ask the children: Point at the girls and say: INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER Repeat this for each boy: Ask the question again: Model the response: NEW REVIEW for them:

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INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
	C#1:	"What's this?" "Is it a boat?"
Model response for group:	T:	Tell him: "Yes, it is. It's a boat,"
	GRP:	"Yes, it is. It's a boat."
Call on another child. Give him one of the toys. Model the question for him:	T:	Ask them: "What's this?" (a bali) "Is it a boat?"
Model the response for the group with appropriate head-shaking, etc.:	T:	Tell him: "No, it isn't." "It isn't a boat."
	GRP:	"No, it isn't." "It isn't a boat."
Model the correct answer for the group:	T:	"It isn't a boat." Tell him: "It's a ball."
Call on another child to "be teacher" and give him a toy.	T:	Ask them: "What's this?" (a pencil) "Is it a balloon?"
	C#3:	"What's this?" "Is is a balloon?"
Model the response for the group with appropriate head-shaking gesture, as before:	T:	Tell him: "No, it isn't." "It isn't a balloon."
	GRP:	"No, it ins't!" "It isn't a balloon."
Model the correct answer for the group:	T:	"It isn't a balloon!" "It's a pencil."
	T:	Tell him: "It's a pencil."

Call on other children as before. Alternate situations so children will have practice with both "yes" and "no" response questions.		
Use H-M Cards 1 - 20 as before.		
Hold up a picture card and point at one of the pictures. Ask the children:	H:	"What is this?"
Model response, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: "That's a hat."
9	GRP:	"That's a hat."
Point at the other picture and ask:	T:	"And what's this?"
9	GRP:	"That's a car."
With a sweeping gesture to indicate both pictures, ask the children:	T:	"What are these?"
	T:	Tell me: "Those are cars."
9	GRP:	"Those are cars."
Ask a child to help you. Give him a picture card and model the questions for him:	T:	Ask them: "What's this?"
0	C#1:	"What's this?"
Model response for group:	T:	Tell him: "That's a bear."
Help child make a sweeping gesture to indicate both pictures:	T:	Ask them: "What are these?"
	C#1:	"What are these?"
Model the response:	T:	Tell him: "Those are bears."
	GRP:	"Those are bears."

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Year 2 Week 1 Day 3 Page 5		
	EXCHANGE	
	SPEAKER	
	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	Call on the other children to play "teacher". Repeat the entire procedure for each. It is important that every child has as many opportunities as possible to participate since drills such as this gives valuable practice in using question patterns.

REVIEW PATTERNS: 1) NP + BE + Adv.: Locative

Day Page

Year Week

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

1) Possessive pronouns: My, Your

Where? 2) Question word:

MATERIALS NEEDED: 1) A box, bag, can, and block

Several of each: balloons, toy cars, marbles, crayons, pencil, little balls, etc. 7)

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER:	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Have these objects on a table in front of the children:		
A block, a paper sack, a can, and a box.		,
*Review the name of each:	T:	"THIS IS A BAG." Repeat please:
Ask children to name each:	GRP:	"THIS IS A BAG." Etc.

^{*} Children have to be able to touch each object for use of demonstrative "THIS" to be correct.

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
	T:	"THIS IS A BLOCK." Repeat please:
Go over this naming procedure several times to insure the children's comprehension of the vocabulary items used in the following review.	GRP:	"THIS IS A BLOCK." "THIS IS A "THIS IS A
Hold one of the pencils over the bag and say to the children:	: .	"THIS IS A PENCIL."
Drop the pencil into the bag and say:	.:	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BAG."
Point into the bag and repeat:	÷	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BAG." Repeat please:
	GRP:	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BAG."
Take the pencil out and hold it over the box. Place it in the box and tell the group:	T:	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BOX." Repeat please:
	GRP:	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BOX."
Put the pencil in the bag again and ask the children:	. T:	"WHERE'S THE PENCIL?"
	GRP:	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BAG."

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Take the pencil out and hold it over the box. Place it in the box and tell the group:	Ĥ	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BOX." Repeat please:
	GRP:	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BOX."
Put the pencil in the bag again and ask the children:	T:	"WHERE'S THE PENCIL?"
Model the response, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: "THE PENCIL IS IN THE BAG."
	GRP:	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BAG."
Repeat again:	Ţ:	"WHERE'S THE PENCIL?"
	GRP:	"THE PENCIL IS IN THE BAG."
	Ţ:	"YES, IT IS! IT'S IN THE BAG."
Hold up a balloon. Tell the children:	T:	"THIS IS A BALLOON."
Place it on the block. Point at it and tell the children:	T:	"THE BALLOON IS ON THE BLOCK." "THE BALLOON IS ON THE BLOCK." Repeat please: "THE BALLOON IS ON THE BLOCK."
	GRP:	"THE BALLOON IS ON THE BLOCK."

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 Year
 2

 Week
 1

 Day
 4

 Page
 4

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Ask the children:	T:	"WHERE'S THE BALLOON?"
Model the response only if necessary:	T:	Tell me: "THE BALLOON IS ON THE BLOCK."
	GRP:	"THE BALLOON IS ON THE BLOCK."
Repeat the question again:	T:	"WHERE'S THE BALLOON?"
	GRP:	"THE BALLOON IS ON THE BLOCK."
Place the balloon in the can and tell the children:	Ţ.	"THE BALLOON IS IN THE CAN." Repeat please:
	GRP:	"THE BALLOON IS IN THE CAN."
Ask the children:	T:	"WHERE'S THE BALLOON?"
	GRP:	"THE BALLOON IS IN THE CAN."
Continue with the review as outlined, using various possible combinations.		etc.

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PART II: REINFORCEMENT

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Have containers set up as before. Hold up two cars. Tell the children:	T:	"THESE ARE MY CARS."
<pre>Indicate ownership by clutching the cars close to your chest:</pre>	H	"THESE ARE MY CARS." Tell me:
	GRP:	"THOSE ARE YOUR CARS."
Place both cars in the box and say:	Ţ:	"MY CARS ARE IN IN THE BOX."
To the group:	Ξ:	Tell him: "THOSE ARE YOUR MARBLES."
Tell the child to put the marbles in or on one of the containers. Then model the question for him.	Τ:	Ask them: "WHERE ARE MY MARBLES?"
	C#1:	"WHERE ARE MY MARBLES?"
Model the response for the group:	T:	Tell him: "YOUR MARBLES ARE IN THE BAG."
	GRP:	"YOUR MARBLES ARE IN THE BAG."
		"YES! HIS MARBLES ARE IN THE RAG."
Call on each child to help you "be teacher" and repeat the drill completely every time.		

Where + BE + NP? 125532 REVIEW PATTERNS:

Past tense forms of: BE

Year Week __ Day __ Page __

Yes - No questions NP + BE + Adv: Locative

Sequence statements Negation

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

25

Was Were

MATERIALS NEEDED: Several of each: Balls, books, pencils, balloons, crayons.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Place a ball on the floor and ask the children:	Τ:	"WHERE'S THE BALL?"
Model the response:	1:	Tell me: "IT'S ON THE FLOOR."
	GRP:	"IT'S ON THE FLOOR."
Place it on a chair and ask:	T:	"NOW, WHERE IS THE BALL?"
Model the response, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: "NOW, IT'S ON THE CHAIR."
	GRP:	"NOW, IT'S ON THE FLOOR."
Ask question:	:	"IS IT ON THE FLOOR?" "IS IT ON THE FLOOR?"
Shaking your head, model the response, if needed:	H:	"NO, IT ISN'T!" "IT ISN'T ON THE FLOOR."
		Repeat please: "NO, IT ISN'T"" "IT ISN'T ON THE FLOOR."
	GRP:	"NO, IT ISN'T!" "IT ISN'T ON THE FLOOR."

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Year	Week	Day	Page

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Model the pattern, pointing at the floor and then at the chair:	T:	"IT WAS ON THE FLOOR." NOW, IT'S ON THE CHAIR."
Repeat, asking for response:	T:	Tell me: "IT WAS ON THE FLOOR." "NOW, IT'S ON THE CHAIR."
	GRP:	"IT WAS ON THE FLOOR."
	H:	"NOW, IT'S ON THE CHAIR."
	GRP:	"NOW, IT'S ON THE CHAIR."
Place two books on the table. Ask the children:	:: H	"WHERE ARE THE BOOKS?"
S Wodel the response:	T:	"THEY'RE ON THE TABLE." Repeat please: "THEY'RE ON THE TABLE."
	. GRP:	"THEY'RE ON THE TABLE."
Place them on the floor and ask:		"NOW, WHERE ARE THE BOOKS?"
Model the response:	H	Tell me: "NOW, THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR."
	GRP:	"NOW, THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR."
	T:	"ARE THEY ON THE TABLE?"
Shaking your head, model the response, if necessary:	Τ:	"NO, THEY AREN'T!" "THEY AREN'T ON THE TABLE."
	T:	Repeat please: "NO, THEY AREN'T!"
	GRP:	"NO, THEY AREN'T!"
	T:	"THEY AREN'T ON THE TABLE."

Year 2
Week 1
Day 5

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
	GRP:	"THEY AREN'T ON THE TABLE."
Model pattern, pointing first at the table, and then at the floor:	:	"THEY WERE ON THE TABLE." "NOW, THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR."
	Т:	Repeat please: "THEY WERE ON THE TABLE."
	GRP:	"THEY WERE ON THE TABLE."
	T:	"NOW, THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR."
	GRP:	"NOW, THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR."
Continue with the drill as outlined above, alternating between singular and plural constructions by using first one object and then two in the exercise.		

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Year 2
Week 1
Day 5
Page 4

PART II: EVALUATION

Beside each item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is reviewed. You will want to repeat those with which the children have difficulty. The following instrument will help you assess the progress of the children during the first week of review and allow you to plan your Monday lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually.

INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	DIALOGUE	Mark "C" for Mark " " for	r correct	st rect
					1 1	S5
ITEM I	Ask the child:	ë	"WHAT'S YOUR NAME?"			
WEEK 1 DAY 1	Child must respond with his name.	ÿ	· m			
100 ITEM 2 WEEK 1	You'll need a pencil and a box. Place pencil in box. Ask child:	£.	"WHERE'S THE PENCIL?"			٠.
DAY 4	Alternate responses:	: 	"IT'S IN THE BOX." "THE PENCIL IS IN THE BOX." "IN THE BOX			
ITEM 3 WEEK 1	Give the child a crayon and have one for yourself.	T:	"THIS IS MY CRAYON, AND THIS IS YOURS."			
DAY 4	Acceptable responses:	:	"WHERE'S MY CRAYON?" "YOUR CRAYON IS ON THE FLOOR." "ON THE FLOOR" "IT'S ON THE FLOOR." "THERE"			

 Year
 2

 Week
 1

 Day
 5

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 5

TEM 4 Use two little cars. "THIS IS A CAR." WEEK 1 Hold one up and say: "THESE ARE ""THESE ARE ""THESE ARE ""THESE ARE ""THESE ARE ""THESE?" DAY 2 Alternate response: C: "THOSE ARE BLOCKS." WEEK 1 WEEK 1 "THOSE ARE BLOCKS." THEM 5 Hold a balloon up and ask T: "WHAT ARE THESE?" THEM 6 Hold a balloon up and ask T: "WHAT'S THIS?" THEM 7 Point to girls in the T: "NO, IT ISN'I!" WEEK 1 CONTECT RESPONSE: C: "NO, IT ISN'I!" WOTH 1 TOOM and ask: T: "WES, THEY GIRLS?" WEEK 1 TOOM and ask: T: "WES, THEY ARE." WEEK 2 WEEK 3 COTTECT RESPONSE: C: "WES, THEY ARE." WEEK 4 WEEK 1 W	INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	DIALOGUE	Mark "C"			correct	ן נו
4 Use two little cars. 1 Hold one up and say: 2 Hold both up and say: 3 Correct response: 3 Correct response: 4 Hold a balloon up and ask child question: 5 Hold a balloon up and ask child question: 6 Hold a balloon up and ask child question: 7 Phrase it so he must give negative response: 6 Correct responses: 7 Point to girls in the room and ask: 7 Point to girls in the room and ask: 8 Correct response: 9 Correct response: 1 Correct response: 9 Correct response: 1 Correct response: 2 Correct response: 3 Correct response:					Si S2	_	S3	S4 S5	SS
Hold both up and say: Correct response: Correct response: Hold two blocks up and ask the child: Alternate response: Child question: Phrase it so he must give negative response: Correct responses: Correct responses: 7 Point to girls in the 1 room and ask: 1 a Correct response: C: C: Correct response: C: C: C: C: C: C: C: C: C:	ITEM 4	Use two little cars. Hold one up and say:	Τ:	"THIS IS A CAR."					
Gorrect response: Hold two blocks up and ask the child: Alternate response: Hold a balloon up and ask child question: Phrase it so he must give negative response: Correct responses: Correct responses: 7 Point to girls in the room and ask: 1 room and ask: 3 Correct response: C: C: Correct responses: C: C: C: C: C: C: C: C: C:		Hold both up and say:	Т:	"THESE ARE					
Hold two blocks up and ask the child: Alternate response: Hold a balloon up and ask child question: Phrase it so he must give negative response: Correct responses: Point to girls in the room and ask: Correct response: Correct response	7 190	Correct response:	ö	"CARS"				-	
2 Alternate response: C: 6 Hold a balloon up and ask child question: 7 Phrase it so he must give negative response: C: 7 Point to girls in the room and ask: 8 Correct response: C:		Hold two blocks up and ask the child:	Ħ	"WHAT ARE THESE?"					· ·
6 Hold a balloon up and ask child question: 1 Phrase it so he must give negative response: 2 Correct responses: 3 Point to girls in the room and ask: 1 room and ask: 3 Correct response: 6 G:	DAY 2	Alternate response:	:0	"THOSE ARE BLOCKS."					
negative response: Correct responses: 7 Point to girls in the 1 room and ask: 3 Correct response:		Hold a balloon up and ask child question: Phrase it so he must give	ij	"WHAT'S THIS?" "IS IT A CRAYON?"					
7 Point to girls in the 1 room and ask: 3 Correct response: C:		negative response: Correct responses:	ü	"NO, IT ISN'I!"					;
7 Point to girls in the 1 room and ask: 3 Correct response: C:				II'S A BALLOON.					1
3 Correct response: C:	ITEM 7 WEEK 1	Point to girls in the room and ask:	ï.	"ARE THEY GIRLS?"		······································			:
	DAY 3	Correct response:	ü	"YES, THEY ARE."				· _	?

Tanomana	THE TENTOMETERS OF STREET	SPEAKER	DIALOGUE	Mark "	Mark "C" for correct	correc	11
TINSTRUCTT	ONO TO THE TENOMEN			Mark "	Mark" " for incorrect	incorr	ect
				SI S	S2 S3	84	S5
ITEN 8	Place a book on the table. Ask the child:	T:	"WHERE'S THE BOOK?"				
WEEK I DAY 5	Remove it, and place	່ວ	"(IT'S) ON THE TABLE."				
	it on the floor. Ask	ä	"IS THE BOOK ON THE TABLE, NOW?"	-			
	agarn: Required response:	ü	"NO, IT ISN'I."				
ITEM 8	Ask again:	ij	"WAS IT ON THE TABLE?"				
WEEK 1 DAY 5	Required:	:	"YES, (IT WAS)"				

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ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR II WEEK 2

OBJECTIVES

The major objective of the first four weeks of the second year is to offer a thorough The materials to be covered during the first week of review are these: review of the basic language patterns and operations which were taught during the first year.

Directional) Locative Manner Sentence Pattern: NP + (Aux) + Verb Intransitive + (Adverb

Verb Intransitive: walk, run, sit, stand, dance, skip, hop, jump, go, come, etc.

. Auxiliary Verb: Can

Question Construction: What can I do?
 Where can I (go?)
 (sit?)
 (stand?)
 etc.
 etc.

4. Present Participle Formation: Verb + ing

5. Aspect: Present Progressive
Be + Verb + ing

. Aspect: Progressive in Past - Be + Past + Verb + ing

7. Sequences of events in statements.

8. Conjunction of Sentences, and of Nouns in Noun Phrases

9. Plurals

REVIEW DAY

Year 2
Week 2
Day 1
Page 1

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK:

 Item 1
 Item 4
 Item 7

 Item 2
 Item 8

 Item 3
 Item 6

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each:

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

REVIEW PATTERNS: NP + (Aux) + Verb(int) + Adv: Locative

Jump, run, stand, come Skip, walk, sit, go VOCABULARY OR FORMS: 1)

Year Week Day Page

2) Present participle form of above verbs

Block, sheet of paper, pencil, can, book, box

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

MATERIALS NEEDED:

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
Quickly test the children to see if they remember the following verbs which were taught earlier:		
Jump, sit, come walk Run, stand, go, skip		
Ask each child to do as you say and give the following commands:	Τ:	" JUMP OVER THE BOOK."
		"HOP TO THE CHAIR." "WALK TO THE DOOR." "SIT ON THE FLOOR." "COME TO ME." "GO TO THE WINDOW." "STAND BY THE TABLE." "WALK AROUND THE TABLE."
If the children have difficulty with any of these, review in the following manner:		
Pair a child who is having difficulty with one who remembers. Tell them:	:	" (name) , and (name) , GO TO THE DOOR."
They do, and you model for them:	H:	Tell me: "WE'RE GOING TO THE DOOR."
	GRP:	"WE'RE GOING TO THE DOOR."
To the group:	H	" (name) , and (name) , ARE GOING TO THE DOOR." Please repeat: "THEY'RE GOING TO THE DOOR."

 Year
 2

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 2

 Day
 2

 Page
 2

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE
	GRP:	"THEY'RE GOING TO THE DOOR."
Tell the two children:	T:	"COME TO THE TABLE, (name), and (name)."
They do, and you model:	ij	Tell me: "WE'RE COMING TO THE TABLE."
	GRP:	"WE'RE COMING TO THE TABLE."
To the group:	ï	COMING TO THE TABLE." Repeat please: "THEY'RE COMING TO THE TABLE."
	GRP:	"THEY'RE COMING TO THE TABLE."
Call on other children, again pairing a child who is having difficulty with one who is not. Samples of sentences which might be used in this review are:	H .	(GO) (TO) THE (TABLE)" "(COME) (AROUND) (CHAIR)" "WALK) (WINDOW)" "RUN (HALL)" "SKIP (DOOR)" (CLOSET)" etc.
		"THEY'RE (GOING) TO THE 'THEY'RE (COMING) (WALKING) (RUNNING) (SKIPPING)
•) "JUMP OVER THE (BOOK)" (PENCIL) (BLOCK) etc.
		"(WE'RE) JUMPING OVER THE (THEY'RE)

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	EXCHANGE	-
	: H	3) "(SIT) (STAND)	ON THE (PAPER)". (FLOOR) (CHAIR)
		"(WE'RE) (THEY'RE)	SITTING ON THE

Include every child at least several times in your pairs. The child who knows the verb will provide the lead in demonstrating the action named, and everyone will have practice in saying the sentences.

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Year	Week	Day	Dage

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INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER SPEAKER DIALOGUE	PART II: REINFORCEMENT		Day 2 Page 4
T: SIMON DICE: (NOR (WALK) TO THE (DOOR (WIN) TO THE (DOOR (WIN) TO THE (DOOR (WIN) TO THE (DOOR (WIN) TO THE (DOOR) (TAB) (TAB)	TO THE	SPEAKER	DIALOGUE
(name)		H	SIMON DICE:
dain the game to the children. They are Owed to follow your command only if you cede it with "Simon Dice". Give each ld as many opportunities to participate possible. (name)	The commands you should use are these:	10	(name) YOU CAN (WALK) TO THE (SKIP) (RUN) (GO)
owed to follow your command only if you reach command only if you can do not your command only if you can title the cach cach cach cach possible. (name)	the game to the children.	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	E) (3
" (name) , JUMP OVER THE (BOX)". (CAN) (BLOCK) " (name) , (SIT) ON THE (SOFA)". (CHAIR) (CHAIR) (CHAIR) (FLOOR) (TABLE) T: Tell us: "I'M SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." Repeat	owed to follow your command only cede it with "Simon Dice". Give ld as many opportunities to part possible.	rando con compressionad in a finite sur con a	(name) , YOU CAN (WALK) AROUND THE (SKIP) (RUN)
" (name) (SIT) ON THE (SOFA)". (CHAIR) (CHAIR) (CHAIR) (PAPER) (FLOOR) (FLOOR) (TABLE) (TA			(name) , JUMP OVER THE
pattern: C: "I'M SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." T: "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR."			(name), (SIT) ON THE (STAND)
the others to repeat: T: "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." Repeat "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." GRP: "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR."	As the child performs the action, help him describe it by modeling the pattern:	T:	ns:
the others to repeat: "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." Repeat "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." GRP: "HE'S SKIPPING TO THE DOOR."		::	SKIPPING TO
"HE'S	the others	T:	SKIPPING TO THE DOOR." Repeat SKIPPING TO THE DOOR."
		GRP:	

REVIEW PATTERNS: INTERROGATIVES: What can I do?

Where can I walk?
run
sit
stand
jump etc.

Year 2
Week 2
Day 3

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:
ADVERBS -- LOCATIVE and DIRECTIONAL

on the chair to the door around the table etc.

MATERIALS NEEDED:

H.M. Cards #112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 283 M&M's Little colored tickets.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE		
<pre>Line these picture cards up so the chil- dren are able to see them: H-M # 112,113,114,115,116,117,283.</pre>		
Call on a child. Point at each picture card asking:	;; EH	WHAT'S HE DOING?
Model response if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: "HE'S RUNNING."
Repeat question:	: :	WHAT'S HE DOING?
When you have gone through the cards, ask the child to play teacher. Let him ask the group as he points at each of the cards:		ETC.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	ၓ	WHAT'S SHE DOING?
Model the response for the other, if necessary:	Ä	Tell him: SHE'S HOPPING.
	GRP	SHE'S HOPPING.
Go on with the next card:		Ask them: WHAT ARE THEY DOING?
	:5	WHAT ARE THEY DOING?
Model the response only if necessary:	ë	Tell him: THEY'RE SITTING.

Be certain that each child has an opportunity to help you by "playing teacher." This type of drill allows everyone an opportunity to practice using question patterns.

THEY'RE SITTING.

GRP

ETC.

SECOND REVIEW: PART II:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Explain to the children that you are going to play a game. (Explain in Spanish.) Tell them that you will call on each of them, and they must ask you: WHAT CAN I DO?	Ë	Vamos a jugar un juego. Voy a llamar a cada uno de ustedes. Cuando yo te llamo a tí, debes preguntarme: WHAT CAN I DO?
You will tell them: YOU CAN WALK, YOU CAN SIT, YOU CAN STAND, YOU CAN JUMP, etc., but they cannot do so until they have asked you:		Repitan: WHAT CAN I DO?
	GRP	WHAT CAN I DO?
WHERE CAN I WALK, etc., You will then tell them: You can WALK TO THE DOOR, YOU CAN SIT ON THE FLOOR, etc.	Ä	Entonces voy a decirles algo: YOU CAN WALK, o, YOU CAN SIT, o, YOU CAN STAND,o, YOU CAN JUMP, etc. Pero, ustedes ya no pueden hacer lo que yo diga.
Each time they do it correctly, you will give them a ticket which they can exchange for candy later.		Tienen que preguntarme primero: WHERE CAN I SIT, o, WHERE CAN I WALK, etc.
		Repitan: WHERE CAN I SIT?
	GRP	WHERE CAN I SIT?
	ë	Repitan: WHERE CAN I JUMP?
	GRP	WHERE CAN I JUMP?
	Ë	Repitan: WHERE CAN I STAND?
	GRP	WHERE CAN I STAND?
	Ë	Muy bien! Y cuando yo les diga, YOU CAN WALK AROUND THE TABLE, o, YOU CAN SIT ON THE CHAIR, o,

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
		YOU CAN STAND ON THE PAPER. Etc, Entonces ustedes pueden hacerlo.
		Entienden?
		Cada vez que ustedes hacen correctamente lo que yo les diga, voy a darles un vale y cuando termine la clase, ustedes pueden cambiar los vales que tengan por dulces aquí conmigo.
Begin the game. Call on a child:	T:	ask me: WHAT CAN I DO?
	ິບ	WHAT CAN I DO?
	ä	YOU CAN WALK.
Model the next question for the child:	ï	Ask me: WHERE CAN I WALK?
	ິວ	WHERE CAN I WALK?
	Ë	YOU CAN WALK TO THE TABLE.
Child does so. As he does, ask the others:	Ë	WHERE CAN WALK?
Model the response if necessary:	T:	Tell me: CAN WALK TO THE TABLE.
	GRP	CAN WALK TO THE TABLE.
Give the child a ticket if he has done as asked Call on another child:	H	Ask, me: WHAT CAN I DO?
	Ü	WHAT CAN I DO?
	Ħ	YOU CAN JUMP.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Model the next question for the child:	T:	Ask me: WHERE CAN I JUMP?
	ü	WHERE CAN I JUMP?
	Ţ:	YOU CAN JUMP OVER THE PENCIL.
Child does. As he does, ask the others:	Ţ	WHERE CAN JUMP?
Model the response only if necessary:	H	Tell me: CAN JUMP OVER THE PENCIL.
	GRP	CAN JUMP OVER THE PENCIL.
Call on each child as many times as possible. Use the following verbs in the game:		YOU CAN RUN AROUND THE TABLE, etc. WALK TO THE WINDOW, ETC.

When the game is over, exchange McM's for the tickets which the children have been given. You will have arranged for everyone to have won about in equal number of tickets; of course!

SIT ON THE CHAIR, ETC. STAND ON THE PAPER, ETC. SKIP TO THE TABLE., ETC.

SINGE BATTERNS:

PAST TENSE OF COPULA: BE
YES-NO QUESTIONS and RESPONSES
NECATION
SEQUENCES OF EVENTS: (E.g. He

He was walking, now he's sitting.)

Year 2
Week 2
Day 4
Page 1

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

WERE, WAS IN, ON NOT, NO

MATERIALS NEEDED: Box, bag, pencils, books, crayons, cars, trucks, etc.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Sit on the chair and tell the children:	 H	I'M SITTING ON THE CHAIR.
Stand up and then ask them:	 H	AM I SITTING?
Model the response for them if necessary:	 H	rell me: NO, YOU AREN'T. YOU AREN'T SITTING.
	GRP:	NO, YOU AREN'T. YOU AREN'T SITTING.
	ï	Tell me: YOU WERE SITTING, NOW YOU'RE STANDING. Repeat, please: YOU WERE SITTING. NOW YOU'RE STANDING.
	GRP:	YOU WERE SITTING. NOW YOU'RE STANDING.
Call on a child. Tell him:	ij	, WALK TO THE DOOR.
As he does, tell him:	ä	rell me: I'M WALKING TO THE TABLE.
		•

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	:	I'M WALKING TO THE TABLE.
Ask the child to sit on the table.	Ë	. SIT ON THE TABLE.
When he has done so, then ask him:	ë	are you walking?
Model the response if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: NO, I'M NOT. I'M NOT WALKING.
	:	NO, I'M NOT. I'M NOT WALKING.
Tell the child to ask the others:	ï	Ask them: AM I WALKING?
	ö	AM I WALKING?
Model the response if necessary:	T:	Tell him: NO, YOU'RE NOT. YOU'RE NOT WALKING.
	GRP:	NO, YOU'RE NOT. YOU'RE NOT WALKING.
To the group:	T.	Tell him: YOU WERE WALKING. NOW YOU'RE SITTING.
	GRP:	YOU WERE WALKING, NOW YOU'RE SITTING.
Call on another child. Tell him:	:	, RUN AROUND THE CHAIR.
As ne does, tell him:	ä	tell me: I'M RUNNING AROUND THE CHAIR.
	ះ	I'M RUNNING AROUND THE CHAIR.
Ask the child to stand on a sheet of paper on the floor.	ë	STAND ON THE PAPER.

Instructions to the teacher	Soeaker	Dialogue
As he does, ask him:	T:	, ARE YOU RUNNING?
Model the response if necessary:	 H	Tell me: NO, I'M NOT. I'M NOT RUNNING.
	ü	NO, I'M NOT. I'M NOT RUNNING.
Tell the child to ask the others:	;; [4	Ask them: AM I RUNNING?
	ຬ	AM I RUNNING?
Model the response for the group if necessary.		Tell him: NO, YOU'RE NOT. YOU'RE NOT RUNNING.
	GRP:	NO, YOU'RE NOT. YOU'RE NOT RUNNING.
To the group:	ä	Tell him: YOU WERE RUNNING. NOW YOU'RE STANDING.
Call on each child at least twice for this drill. Note that the second of the two actions should be one in which the child comes to a stop, otherwise the drill is not manageable. E.g.: You were jumping. Now you're standing. You were running. Now you're sitting.		Etc.

PART II. SECOND REVIEW LESSON

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
You will need a number of different articles a couple of books, some crayons, some pencils, some little cars, some trucks,etc.		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Place two books on the table. Then place them on the floor. Tell the children as you point at the table first:	ë	THE BOOKS WERE ON THE TABLE. THE BOOKS WERE
		ON THE TABLE. Repeat please, THE BOOKS WERE ON THE TABLE.
	GRP:	THE BOOKS WERE ON THE TABLE.
Point at the books on the floor:	•• [-•	NOW THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR. REPEAT PLEASE: NOW THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.
	GRP:	NOW THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.
Repeat the entire sequence, pointing at the appropriate place each time:	Ħ:	THE BOOKS WERE ON THE TABLE. NOW THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.
,		Repeat, please: THE BOOKS WERE ON THE TABLE.
	GRP:	THE BOOKS WERE ON THE TABLE.
	ä	NOW THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.
	GRP:	NOW THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.

7	2	4	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Pointing at the books, ask the children	ï	ARE THE BOOKS ON THE FLOOR?
Model the response, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: YES, THEY ARE. THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.
	GRP:	YES, THEY ARE. THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.
Place some pencils first on the chair, and then place them in a bag. Point first at the chair and tell the group:	Ë	THE PENCILS WERE ON THE CHAIR. Repeat, please: THE PENCILS WERE ON THE CHAIR.
	GRP:	THE PENCILS WERE ON THE CHAIR.
Point at the pencils which are in the bag and say:	 [+	THE PENCILS WERE ON THE CHAIR. NOW THEY'RE IN THE BAG.
		Repeat, please: NOW THEY'RE IN THE BAG.
	GRP:	NOW THEY'RE IN THE BAG.
Call on a child to help you be teacher. Tell him to ask the others:		Ask them: ARE THE PENCILS ON THE CHAIR?
	: 	ARE THE PENCILS ON THE CHAIR?
(Model the response if necessary.)	GRP:	NO, THEY'RE NOT. THEY'RE NOT ON THE CHAIR.
To (group:	ë	Tell him: THEY WERE ON THE CHAIR. NOW THEY'RE IN THE BAG.
	GRP:	THEY WERE ON THE CHAIR. NOW THEY'RE IN THE BAG.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialngue
To the child again: Model the question for him.	Ë	Ask them: ARE THE PENCILS IN THE BAG?
(Model the correct response for the group only if necessary:)	: 	ARE THE PENCILS IN THE BAG?
Place some other objects first in one place and then on another. Follow the procedure as given above, calling on a child to help you by playing teacher.	Ë	Tell them: YES THEY ARE. THE'RE IN THE BAG.
	GRP:	YES THEY ARE. THEY'RE IN THE BAG.

REVIEW PATTERNS: CONJUNCTION: Conjoined sentences, and conjoined nouns in noun phrases.

Year Week

Day _ Page_

SEQUENCE OF EVENTS (E.G. The pencil and book were on the table. Now they're on the floor.)

INTERROGATIVES: WHERE, WHAT

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

Forms of BE: Is, are Prepositions: On, in Conjunction: And

MATERIALS NEEDED: Pencils, crayons, books, blocks, box, bag, paper, boat, truck, car, H-M cards for Evaluation: 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 283.

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Place a pencil on the floor and a book on a chair. Point first at t'e pencil and say:	Ë	THE PENCIL IS ON THE FLOOR
Point at the book and say:		AND THE BOOK IS ON THE CHAIR.
Repeat the entire sequence, pointing at each article as you say:	ë	THE PENCIL IS ON THE FLOOR AND THE BOOK IS ON THE CHAIR.
Ask for repetition: (You may need to break it up for the children again.)	:	Repeat please: THE PENCIL IS ON THE FLOOR AND THE BOOK IS ON THE CHAIR.
Demonstrate once more:		
Place a truck on a block and a car in a box. Point at the truck first and say:	<u>;</u>	THE TRUCK IS ON THE BLOCK

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Then point at the car and say:	H.	AND THE CAR IS IN THE BOX.
		THE TRUCK IS ON THE BLOCK AND THE CAR IS IN THE BOX.
	•	Repeat please. THE TRUCK IS ON THE BLOCK
	GRP:	THE TRUCK IS ON THE BLOCK
	Ë	AND THE CAR IS IN THE BOX.
	GRP:	AND THE CAR IS IN THE BOX.
Repeat the entire sequence, breaking it up if necessary:	Ë	THE TRUCK IS ON THE BLOCK AND THE CAR IS IN THE BOX.
	GRP:	THE TRUCK IS ON THE BLOCK AND THE CAR IS IN THE BOX.
Ask a child to help you. Let him place a crayon in one place, and a block in another. Then help him ask the questions of the others.		Ask them: WHAI'S IN THE BOXAND WHAI'S ON THE TABLE.
Model response for the group:	H	Tell him: THE CRAYON IS IN THE BOX
	GRP:	THE CRAYON IS IN THE BOX
Model the second half of the answer for the group:	Ħ	Tell him: AND THE BLOCK IS ON THE TABLE.
	ü 	AND THE BLOCK IS ON THE TABLE.
To the group:		Repeat please: THE CRAYON IS IN THE BOX AND THE BLOCK IS ON THE TABLE.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	GRP:	THE CRAYON IS IN THE BOX AND THE BLOCK IS ON THE TABLE.:
Repeat the entire sequence for the group:	:	WHAT'S IN THE BOXAND WHAT'S ON THE TABLE?
Model the response if necessary:		Tell me: THE CRAYON IS ON THE BOX AND THE BLOCK IS ON THE TABLE.
	GRP:	THE CRAYON IS IN THE BOX AND THE BLOCK IS ON THE TABLE.
Call on others, letting them be teacher with your help, of course, in modeling the questions and responses.		•
Alternate placement of articles in different places with placement of two different articles in the same place:		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Place a pencil and some paper on the table. Point at these and tell the children.	:	THE PENCIL AND PAPER ARE ON THE TABLE.
		Repeat please: THE PENCIL AND PAPER ARE ON THE TABLE.
	GRP:	THE PENCIL AND PAPER ARE ON THE TABLE.
Place a box and a bag on the chair: Point at these and ask the children:	 E4	WHERE ARE THE BOX AND BAG?
Model the response if necessary:	ä	Tell me: THE BOX AND BAG ARE ON THE CHAIR.
	GRP:	THE BOX AND BAG ARE ON THE CHAIR.
•		

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Ask a child to help you be the teacher		
Let him place some articler in one place. (E.g. a truck and a car in the box.) Model question #1 for him.	ë	Ask them: WHERE ARE THE CAR AND TRUCK?
	ü	WHERE ARE THE CAR AND TRUCK?
Model the response for the group:	H	Tell him: THE CAR AND TRUCK ARE IN THE BOX.
	GRP:	THE CAR AND TRUCK ARE IN THE BOX.
Model question #2 for child:	ä	Ask them: WHAT'S IN THE BOX?
	ü	WHAT'S IN THE BOX?
Model response for the group:	ë	Tell him: THE CAR AND TRUCK ARE IN THE BOX.
	GRP:	THE CAR AND TRUCK ARE IN THE BOX.
Ask others to help you play teacher. This type of drill allows everyone opportunity to practice using question patterns in English as well as practice in giving appropriate responses.		

PART II. EVALUATION

English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty. help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of The following test will

Year 2 Week 2 Day 5 Page 5

IN	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE	Student:	Correct Incorrect	,-
ITEM I.	Ask the child to do the following	÷	JUMP OVER THE BLOCK.	*		 1
	actions. He is required only to demonstrate his comprehension in this item:			x a		
				۔ ن		1
ITEM II.	Use H-M Cards 1:sted below:	ä	WHAT'S HE DOING?	⋖		г
Day 3	Child is required to give a verbal response to your question for each of the following cards #112,114,115.	ü	WHAT ARE THEY DOING? [HE'S] [HE'S] [HE'S] [HE'S] [HE'S]	<u>l</u>		i
			WALKING	ပ		1
ITEM III. Week 2 Day 2	Ask the child to do the following actions. He is required only to demonstrate comprehension by follow-	ä	STAND BY THE TABLE.	≪		
·	ing your instructions.			ga .		

ear 2 Week 2 Day 5

				Mark Hollander
	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	Speaker	ITEM AND RESPONSE Student:	= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
ITEM IV. Week 2 Day 3	Use H-M Cards listed below: Child is required to give a verbal	,	WHAT'S HE DOING?	
	of the following H-M Cards: #113, 116, 117, 283.		or	
			WHAT ARE THEY DOING?	
		ü	& SITTING, H	
			THEY'RE SKIPPING, DANCING	
ITEM V.	Sit on a chair Than oat in Ask			
2 1	יווכוו פפר חלי	ë	AM I SITTING?	
	Child must respond:	ü	NO, YOU'RE NOT.	
			NO.	
			(Some other appropriate response.)	
ITEM VI.	Description of the Andrew	Ę-	WAS T STAPTING?	
7 u u u	ופוומדוו פרסוורדווף מוור מפצ רוום רוודים.	•		
	Child must respond:	ë	YES, YOU WERE.	
			or (Some other appropriate response.)	-

اد ت	2	2	•
Vear	Week	Day	

ITEM VII. Rei Week 2 Si				12345	2 3 4 5 6
•	Repeat the actions as in item 5. Sit on a chair, then stand. This time tell the child:	:	I WAS SITTING. NOW WHAT AM I DOING?	• · · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·
ਓ	Child must respond:	ü	(NOW YOU'RE) STANDING.		
ITEM VIII Week 2 P1 Th	Place two books on the table. Then place them on the floor. Tell the child:	Ë	THE BOOKS WERE ON THE TABLE. NOW THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.		
RE	REPEAT THE ENTIRE SEQUENCE:		THE BOOKS WERE ON THE TABLE. NOW THEY'RE ON THE FLOOR.		
As	Ask the child:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	WHERE WERE THE BOOKS?		
Ö	Child must respond:	ü	(THEY WERE) ON THE TABLE		1
ITEM IX PJ	Place a truck and a car on the floor. Point at them and ask the child:	ä	WHAT'S ON THE FLOOR?		
ច	Child must respond:	ü	THE TRUCK AND CAR (ARE ON THE FLOOR.)		
A	Ask the child:	H	WHERE ARE THE TRUCK AND CAR?		
υ	Child must respond:	ü	THEY'RE THE TRUCK AND CAR ARE		

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ENGLISH COMPONENT

OBJECTIVES

Year Week Day

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review of fist year materials. The structures and operations covered the third week are: The objective of the third weak of Second Year English instruction is to continue with the

Sentence Patterns:

VERB = feel, seem, look.

B. NP + VERB: transitive + NP VERB transitive = open, close, touch, have, want, take, feel.

$$\begin{bmatrix} C. & NP + BE + \begin{bmatrix} NP \\ ADJ \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$$

- 2. Use of Auxiliary "DO" in Yes-No questions.
- 3. Use of interrogative words: WHO? WHAT? HOW?
- . Negation.
- 5. ELSE/ALSO, TOO.
- 6. PLURAL formation.
- 7. Adjectives in attributive position.
- 8. Past tense: TAKE-TOOK.
- 9. Auxiliaries: CAN, DO, WILL.
- 10. Adjectives: Happy, sleepy, warm, sick, busy, cold, funny, thirsty, hungry, rough, smooth, cool, soft, hard, wet, dry.

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Year 2 Week 3

REVIEW DAY

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS SIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK:

Item 7	Item 8	Item 9
Item 4	Item 5	Item 6
Item 1	Item 2	Item 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

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REVIEW PATTERNS: PATTERN: NP + VERB: Transitive + NP

Year 2 Usek 3 Day 2 Page 1

Object Pronoun Replacement of Direct Object

Use of Auxiliary Verb DO in Yes-No Questions

Interrogative: WHO

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Transitive verbs: OPEN, CLOSE, TOUCH, HAVE

FORMS of DO: DOES, DO

ELSE - ALSO

FORMS of HAVE: HAS, HAVE

MATERIALS NEEDED: PUKSE, BOX, BOOK, BEANBAG, CLOTH SACK, PAPER BAG, LOTTO CARDS.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Name each of the articles above to make certain that the children remember the name of each.		
*Hold up each and tell the children:	: :	THIS IS A SACK. Tell me: THIS IS A SACK.
	GRP:	THIS IS A SACK.
Hold up another:	I	THIS IS A BEANBAG. Tell me: THIS IS A BEANBAG
Repeat this several times for each of the articles named above in the materials list.		

*Note: In order for the use of the demonstrative THIS to be semantically correct, the children must be close enough to the

article to be able to touch it.

Year 2 Week 3 Day 2 Page 2	Dialogue		I'M TOUCHING THE BEANBAG.	I'M TOUCHING THE SACK.	I'M TOUCHING THE BAG.	Etc.	I'M OPENING THE BAG.	I'M CLOSING IT.	I'M OPENING THE BOX.	I'M CLOSING IT.	I'M OPENING THE SACK.	I'M CLOSING II.	Etc.	(Name), TOUCH THE BOX.	WHAT'S (Name) DOING?	Tell me: (Name) IS TOUCHING THE BC	(Name) IS TOUCHING THE BOX.	(Name), OPEN IT.
	Speaker		H	: .			ä	Τ:						: H	T:	T:	GRP:	 ::
IC.	Instructions to the teacher	DEMONSTRATE:	Touch each of the articles, telling the children as you do:				\odot Open each of the articles, saying as you do:	And close it again, saying:						Call on a child. Tell him:	He does, and you ask the others:	Model the correct response:		Tell the child to:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
As the child does so, you ask the group:	T:	WHAT'S (Name) DOING?
Model the response only if necessary:	ä	Tell me: (Name) IS OPENING THE BOX.
	GRP:	(Name) IS OPENING THE BOX.
Substitute an object pronoun for the noun, and ask the group to repeat again:	T:	YES, (Name) IS OPENING IT. Repeat, please: (Name) IS OPENING IT.
7	GRP:	(Name) IS OPENING IT.
Ask the child to close the box:	:	CLOSE IT, (Name) .
As he does so, ask the group:	÷	WHAT'S (Name) DOING?
Model the response only if necessary:	ä	Tell me: HE'S CLOSING THE BOX.
	GRP:	HE'S CLOSING THE BOX.
Substitute an object pronoun for the noun and ask the group to repeat again:	ë	YES, HE'S CLOSING IT. Repeat, please: HE'S CLOSING IT.
	GRP:	HE'S CLOSING IT.
actions as given. TOUCH THE (Noun) OPEN THE (Noun) CLOSE THE (Noun) CLOSE TT.		

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REVIEW
SECOND
II:
PART

PART II: SECOND REVIEW		
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
You will need a Lotto Set for this drill. One with which the children are already familiar is best. Even then, be sure you go through the names of each thing pictured on the little cards before you begin.		
In order to do this, go through all of the little cards asking the children as you do:	L	WHAT'S THIS?
Model response if necessary:	ë	Tell me: THAT'S A COW.
	GRP:	THAT'S A COW.
	ï	WHAT'S THIS?
	GRP:	THAT'S A CHICKEN.
		Etc.
Take out all of those which the children do not know well. (You might save these and make sure that the children become familiar with them later.) For this drill, you want to use only those cards which the children are able to name easily.		
Procedure:		
Hand each child two cards. Keep two for yourself. Hold up one card. Tell the children:	: H	I HAVE A COW. I HAVE A COW.
Hold up the other card. Tell the children:	Ţ:	I HAVE A PIG.
Look over at the child beside you and ask:	ë	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Ask the question again:	Ţ.	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Díalogue
Model the response, if necessary:	H	Tell me: I HAVE A GOAT.
	ö	I HAVE A GOAT.
Ask the others:	T:	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
	GRP:	HE HAS A GOAT.
Ask the child as you glance at the other card:	. :	WHAT ELSE DO YOU HAVE?
Model the response if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: I HAVE A DUCK, ALSO.
	ü	I HAVE A DUCK, ALSO.
Ask the others:	ï.	(Name), HAS A GOAT. WHAT ELSE DOES HE HAVE?
Model the response if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: [HE] HAS A DUCK, ALSO. [SHE]
	GRP:	HE HAS A DUCK, ALSO
Ask the children:	ä	WHO HAS A COW?
response, if nece	ë	Tell me: YOU HAVE A COW.
(Showing the children your card)	GRP:	YOU HAVE A COW.
Point at your other card, asking:	ij	WHAT ELSE DO I HAVE?

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Model the correct response:	T:	Tell me: YOU HAVE A PIG, ALSO.
	GRP:	YOU HAVE A PIG, ALSO.
Look over at another child's cards. Point at one and ask him:	ï	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
	ö	I HAVE A HORSE.
Ask the others:	T:	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
Model the response if necessary:	T:	Tell me: HE HAS A HORSE.
	GRP:	HE HAS A HORSE.
Point at the child's other card and ask him:	T:	WHAT ELSE DO YOU HAVE?
Model the response:	Ħ	Tell me: I HAVE A BIRD, ALSO
	ບ	I HAVE A BIRD, ALSO.
Ask the others:	:	(Name) HAS A HORSE. WHAT ELSE DOES HE HAVE?
Model the response:	Ë	Tell me: HE HAS A BIRD, ALSO.
	GRP:	HE HAS A BIRD, ALSO.
Point at the first child's picture cards and ask:	ë	WHO HAS A DUCK?
Model the response:	ä	Tell me: HE HAS A DUCK.
	GRP:	HE HAS A DUCK.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Point at the child's other card and ask the group:	:	YES, HE HAS A DUCK: WHAT ELSE DOES HE HAVE?
Model the response only if necessary:	:	Tell me: HE HAS A GOAT, ALSO.
	GRP:	HE HAS A GOAT, ALSO.
Look at the next child's cards, asking as before. Continue with the drill as outlined above. Be certain that you go around the group several times at least. Many constructions are reviewed in this drill and it is important that the children have ample opportunity to practice all of them.		

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Week Day Page

QUESTIONS: WHO, WHAT

PLURALS

ADJECTIVES IN ATTRIBUTIVE POSITION PAST TENSE OF VERB: TAKE , TOOK

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: ADJECTIVES: Red, green, yellow, blue

TRANSITIVE VERBS: TAKE, HAVE, WANT

AUXILIARY VERBS: CAN, DO, MAY

A set of "Pick-up Sticks" MATERIALS NEEDED:

Position of adjectives in attributive relation to nouns is Adjective + Noun as Noun + Adjective as in Spanish. Form of Adjective is non-varying in English. In Spanish, adjective agrees in number and gender with noun which it modifies. GRAMMAR POINTS:

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Hold up a "pick-up stick" Tell the children:	H	THIS IS A STICK. Repeat, please: THAT'S A STICK.
	GRP:	THAT'S A STICK.
Hold up another, but of a different color. Tell the children again:	Ë	AND THIS IS A STICK, ALSO. Repeat, please: THAT'S A STICK, ALSO.
	GRP:	THAT'S A STICK, ALSO.
Continue doing this several times more. Then eather a number of the sticks	Ħ :	THESE ARE STICKS. THESE ARE STICKS. Repeat, please: THOSE ARE STICKS.

THOSE ARE STICKS.

GRP:

together and hold them up, saying:

EC

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Hold up a red stick. Tell the children:	T:	THIS STICK IS RED. IT'S A RED STICK.
Give each child a red stick. Tell them again:	T:	THIS STICK IS RED. IT'S A RED STICK. Repeat please: THIS STICK IS RED. IT'S A RED STICK.
Children holp up their sticks, saying:	GRP:	THIS STICK IS RED. IT'S A RED STICK.
Ask each child pointing at the stick in his hand as you do:	ë H	WHAT COLOR IS THAT STICK?
Model the response, if necessary:	•• E-i	Tell me: THIS STICK IS RED. IT'S A RED STICK.
	ü	THIS STICK IS RED. IT'S A RED STICK.
		ETC.
Gather all of the sticks from the children and hold them in a bunch for the children to see. Tell them:	Ę-i	THESE STICKS ARE RED. THEY'RE RED STICKS. Repeat please: THOSE STICKS ARE RED. THEY'RE RED STICKS.

THOSE STICKS ARE RED. THEY'RE RED STICKS.

ETC.

GR.P:

Year 2	•	Day 3	•

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat the procedure given above for each of the colors: red, green, blue and yellow.		EIC.
Give one child some red sticks:	H	HERE, (Name), YOU MAY HAVE SOME RED STICKS.
Give another child some blue ones:	Ë	(Name), YOU MAY HAVE SOME BLUE STICKS.
. And to another, some yellow sticks:	ë	(Name), YOU MAY HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS.
And to another child, some green sticks:	T:	(Name), YOU MAY HAVE SOME GREEN STICKS.
Keep some yellow sticks for yourself. Tell the children:	 H	I HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS. I WANT SOME BLUE STICKS.
Ask the child who has blue sticks:	ËH	DO YOU HAVE SOME BLUE STICKS?
Model the response, if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: YES, I DC, I HAVE SOME BLUE STICKS.
	ö	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME BLUE STICKS.
Ask the child:	Ë	MAY I HAVE SOME BLUE STICKS?
Model the response:	•• €⊶	Tell me: YES, YOU MAY. YOU MAY HAVE SOME BLUE STICKS
	ິບ	YES, YOU MAY. YOU MAY HAVE SOME BLUE STICKS.
the c	T:	Tell me: YOU MAY TAKE SOME BLUE STICKS.
model the sentence ior nim:	ö	YOU MAY TAKE SOME BLUE STICKS.

Year 2
Week 3
Day 3

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Hold up the sticks. Tell the children:	Ë	NOW I HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS AND SOME BLUE ONES.
Look around and say:	Ę-	I WANT SOME RED STICKS.
Ask the child who has the red sticks:	Ħ	DO YOU HAVE SOME RED STICKS?
Model the response, only if necessary:	;• [-1	Tell me: YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME RED STICKS.
	ö	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME RED STICKS.
Ask him:	ï	MAY I HAVE SOME RED STICKS?
Model the response:	Ĥ	Tell me: YES, YOU MAY. YOU MAY HAVE SOME RED STICKS.
	ö	YES, YOU MAY. YOU MAY HAVE SOME RED STICKS.
As the child offers you some, model this for him:	Ë	Tell me: YOU MAY TAKE SOME RED STICKS.
	ះ	YOU MAY TAKE SOME RED STICKS.
play teacher.	T:	Tell them: I HAVE SOME GREEN STICKS.
him to hold up his sticks: Model this for him:	:	I HAVE SOME GREEN STICKS.
	ä	Tell them: I WANT SOME YELLOW STICKS.
	ü	I WANT SOME YELLOW STICKS.
Point at the child who has the yellow sticks. Model the question for child #1:	Ë	Ask him: DO YOU HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS?

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Year 2
Week 3
Day 3

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	C#1	DO YOU HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS?
Model the response for child #2:	H	Tell him: YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS.
	C#2	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS.
Model the question for child #1:	:	Ask him: MAY I HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS?
	C#1	MAY I HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS?
Model the response for child #2	:. :	Tell him: YES, YOU MAY. YOU MAY HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS.
	C#2	YES, YOU MAY. YOU MAY HAVE SOME YELLOW STICKS.
<pre>As Child #2 offers Child #1 the sticks, model this:</pre>	÷ E	Tell him: YOU MAY TAKE SOME YELLOW STICKS.
	C#2	YOU MAY TAKE SOME YELLOW STICKS.
Repeat the procedure for each child, in both roles.		ETC.

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II: REINFORCEMENT		
Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Give each child a pick-up stick. Each stick should be of a different color. Put the remaining sticks on the table before the group.	•••	
Hold up a stick: Tell the group:	ï.	I HAVE A RED STICK.
Look around the group and ask:	: :	WHO ELSE HAS A RED STICK?
Nod at the child who has one, and model this for him:	: H	Tell us: I HAVE A RED STICK.
	ů	I HAVE A RED STICK.
Tell the others:	.:	I HAVE A RED STICK. (Name) HAS ONE, TOO. Tell me: YOU HAVE A RED STICK. (Name) HAS ONE TOO
	GRP:	YOU HAVE A RED STICK. (Name) HAS ONE, TOC.
Ask the child:	ë. EH	DO YOU WANT A BLUE STICK?
	ö	YES, I DO.
	ï	THEN TAKE ONE.
Child does, and then you tell the others:	T	(Name) TOOK A BLUE STICK. Repeat please: (Name) TOOK A BLUE STICK.
	GRP:	(Name), TOOK A BLUE STICK.
Tell the child:	ë	NOW YOU HAVE A BLUE STICK AND A RED ONE, TOO. Tell me: NOW I HAVE A BLUE STICK AND A RED ONE, TOO.

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I HAVE A GREEN STICK.

ij

Hold up another stick. Tell the children.

Year 2
Week 3
Day 7

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Look around the group and ask:	Τ:	WHO ELSE HAS A GREEN STICK?
Nod at the child who has one, and model this for him:	H	Tell us: I HAVE A GREEN STICK,
	ü	I HAVE A GREEN STICK.
Tell the others:	ï.	I HAVE A GREEN STICK? (Name) HAS ONE TOO. Repeat, please: YOU HAVE A GREEN STICK. (Name), HAS ONE, TOO.
	GRP:	YOU HAVE A GREEN STICK. HAS ONE, TOO.
Ask the child:	H	DO YOU WANT A RED STICK?
	ü	YES, I DO.
	Ë	THEN TAKE ONE.
Child does, and you tell the	E-1	(Name) TOOK A RED STICK. Repeat, please: (Name), TOOK A RED STICK.
	GRP:	(Name), TOOK A RED STICK.
	Ë	NOW YOU HAVE A GREEN STICK, AND A RED ONE, TOO. Tell us: NOW I HAVE A GREEN STICK AND A RED ONE, TOO.
	ij	NOW I HAVE A GREEN STICK AND A RED ONE, TOO.
Continue with this drill as presented above. Give every child a chance to participate. If the sentences are too long for the child to repeat without help, then break it up for him into logical segments: E.G., NOW I HAVE A GREEN STICK AND A RED ONE, TOO.		Etc.

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REVIEW PATTERNS:

WHO? NP + VERB + ADJECTIVE Questions with interrogative:

Week Day Page

Year

Verb in simple present tense

Negation

Questions with interrogative: HOW? NEW PATTERNS:

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Verb: Look, feel

Adjectives: Happy, sleepy, warm, sick, busy, cold, funny, thirsty, hungry.

MATERIALS NEEDED:

H-M PICTURE CARDS: #31 to 40 Pictures clipped from magazines which illustrate the above vocabulary items.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

	-	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Hold up card #31. Tell the children:	: H	THIS GIRL FEELS WARM. SHE FEELS WARM. SHE LOOKS WARM.
Place stress on the question word HOW as you ask this:	Ħ ::	HOW DOES SHE LOOK? HOW DOES SHE LOOK?
Model the response:	ë	Tell me: SHE LOOKS WARM.
	GRP:	SHE LOOKS WARM.
	ä	YES, THIS GIRL LOOKS WARM. SHE FEELS WARM:
Again with stress on "HOW" as you ask:	•• H	HOW DOES SHE FEEL?
Model the response:	ë	Tell me: SHE FEELS WARM.

Year 2
Week 3.
Day 4
Page 2

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Hold up card #32. Ask the children:	Ţ	DOES THIS BOY FEEL WARM?
Shake your head vigorously as you say:	T:	NO! HE DOESN'T. HE DOESN'T FEEL WARM!
Ask the question again:	T:	DOES HE FEEL WARM?
Model the response with appropriate	T:	Tell me: NO, HE DOESN'T! HE DOESN'T FEEL WARM.
gestures:	GRP:	NO, HE DOESN'T! HE DOESN'T FEEL WARM.
Hold up the card again. Tell the children:	ë	THIS BOT DOBSN'T FEEL WARM! HE FEELS COLD! HE LOOKS COLD.
Ask the question again with the stress on the interrogative word, HOW.	Ë	HOW DOES HE LOOK?
Model the response:	: .	Tell me: HE LOCKS COLD.
	GRP:	HE LOOKS COLD.
Pointing at the picture again:	ij	YES! HE LOOKS COLD. HE FEELS COLD.
Ask the children:	ë.	HOW DOES HE FEEL?
Model the response:	ë	Teil me: HE FEELS COLD.
	GRP:	HE FEELS COLD.
Point at picture #31 again. Ask the group:	 ∺	DOES THIS GIRL FEEL COLD?
Shaking your head as a cue, model the response, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: NO! SHE DOESN'T. SHE DOESN'T FEEL COLD.

Year 2
Week 3
Day 4
Page 3

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	GRP:	NO, SHE DOESN'T! SHE DOESN'T FEEL COLD.
Ask them:	Ë	HOW DOES SHE LOOK?
Model the response only if necessary:	ë	(Tell me: SHE LOOKS WARM.)
	GRP:	SHE LOOKS WARM.
Hold up picture card #33. Stre	ë	THIS GIRL FEELS SLEEPY. SHE FEELS SLEEPY. SHE LOOKS SLEEPY.
Ask the children:	 H	HOW DOES SHE FEEL?
Model the response:	ë	Tell me: SHE FEELS SLEEPY.
	GRP:	SHE FEELS SLEEPY.
	ë E	YES, THIS GIRL FEELS SLEEPY. SHE LOOKS SLEEPY.
Ask the question:		HOW DOES SHE LOOK?
Model the response:	ä	Tell me: SHE LOOKS SLEEPY.
Hold up card #40.	Ë	DOES THIS GIRL FEEL SLEEPY?
Shake your head as you say:	;• [H	NO! SHE DOESN'T. SHE DOESN'T FEEL SLEEPY. SHE DOESN'T LOOK SLEEPY!
Ask the question again:	Ë	DOES THIS GIRL FEEL SLEEPY?
Model the response:	 H	Tell me: NO! SHE DOESN'T. SHE DOESN'T FEEL SLEEPY.
	GRP:	NO! SHE DOESN'T. SHE DOESN'T FEEL SLEEPY.

Year 2
Week 3
Day 4
Page 4

nstruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
old up the card again. Tell the group:	Ė	THIS GIRL DOESN'T FEEL SLEEPY. SHE FEELS BUSY.
lace stress on LOOKS.		TOOKS
sk them:		HOW DOES SHE LOOK?
fodel the response:	T:	Tell me: SHE LOOKS BUSY.
	GRP:	SHE LOOKS BUSY.
	•• [H	YES, THIS GIRL LOOKS BUSY. SHE FEELS BUSY.
Ask the question:	H	TOW DOES SHE FEEL?
Model the response:	: H	Tell me: SHE FEELS BUSY.
	, GRP:	SHE FEELS BUSY.
Point at picture card #40 again. Ask:	Ë	DOES THIS GIRL FEEL BUSY?
Model the response, if necessary:	ë.	Tell me: NO, SHE DOESN'T. SHE DOESN'T FEEL BUSY.
	GRP:	NO, SHE DOESN'T. SHE DOESN'T FEEL BUSY.
Ask again:	:	HOW DOES SHE LOOK?
Model the response, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: SHE LOOKS SLEEPY.
	GRP:	SHE LOOKS SLEEFY.
	-	

•

Year 2 Week 3 Day 4 Page 5		THIRSTY UARM COLD SLEEPY SICK HUNGRY HAPPY FUNNY BUSY	·· ··	? Adjective		+ Adjective
	Dialogue	THIS BOY LOOKS THIS GIRL FEELS	HOW DOES HE LOOK SHE FEEL	DOES HE LOOK	YES, HE DOES.	HE DOESN'T LOOK SHE
	Speaker					

Continue with this review exercise as presented above. Use all of the cards listed above. The patterns you will be using are as follows:

Instruction to the teacher

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Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Line up the cards so the children can see them. You can supplement H-M cards with pictures from magazines. Ask children:	T:	WHO LOOKS WARM? WHO LOOKS WARM?
Call on a child:	\mathbf{T} :	(Name) WHO LOOKS WARM?
Child identifies w the correct picture. If he doesn't, help him. Model the response if necessary:	T:	Tell me: THIS GIRL LOOKS WARM.
	:	THIS GIRL LOOKS WARM.
Repeat the response, and ask the child:	T:	YES! SHE LOOKS WARM. SHE FEELS WARM. DO YOU FEEL WARM?
Help the child respond:	Τ:	Tell me: $[YES, IDO]$ (or) $[NO, IDON]$
	:	YES, I DO. I NO, I DON'T
Turn to the group and ask:	: :	DOES (Name) FEEL WARM?
	GRP:	YES, HE DOES. SHE DOESN'T.
Let the child play "teacher."	Τ:	Ask them: WHO LOOKS THIRSTY?
Model this question for him:	T:	WHO LOOKS THIRSTY?
Model the response: After the children have correctly identified the picture.	T: GRP:	Tell him: THIS GIRL LOCKS THIRSTY. THIS GIRL LOOKS THIRSTY.

+ ADJECTIVE NP + [VERB] REVIEW PATTERNS:

Year Week Day

Verb in simple present tense. Negation

Interrogatives: HOW? WHO? NP + VERB + NP

VERB: Feel, look, bel REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FURMS: Happy, sleepy, warm, sick, busy, cold, funny, thirsty, hungry. Rough, smooth, warm, cool, soft, hard, wet, dry. ADJECTIVES:

H-M PICTURE cards: #31 to 40 MATERIALS NEEDED: Sand paper, corduroy, cotton balls, a mirror, a wet cloth and a dry piece of the same, a rock, a bit of satin ribbon, if you have it, and something fluffy such as a bit of fur.

FOR TEST: Pick-up sticks and Animal Lotto Cards

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Using the H-M Cards listed above, quickly review the materials covered yesterday.		WHO LOOKS ADJECTIVE?
Use the Exercise found in Fail if of week 3, Day 4, Teacher's Guide. You might simply ask the children the questions yourself rather than calling on individuals to do so. The idea is to go over all of the adjectives reviewed yesterday before go-		THE BOY THE GIRL LOOKS Adjective. HE FEELS Adjective.
ing on to new materials.		HOW DOES [HE] LOOK:
		DOES HE LOOK Adjective?
		DO YOU FEEL ADJECTIVE? YES, I DO. NO, I DON'T

(3)	
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		Year 2 Week 3 Day 5 Page 2
PART II		
Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
You'll need all of the materials listed above (except for the H-M cards.) Hold up the sand-paper for the children to see. Feel it with your finger tips and tell the group:	T :	THIS SAND PAPER FEELS ROUGH. IT FEELS ROUGH.
Hand it to a child and tell him: (Note the difference in use of "FEEL").	: H	(Name), FEEL THE SANDPAPER.
Child does, and you ask him:	T:	HOW DOES IT FEEL?
Model the response for him:	T:	Tell me: IT FEELS ROUGH.
	ö	IT FEELS ROUGH.
Hand it to another child. Tell him:	: L	(Name), FEEL THE SANDPAPER.
He does, and you ask child #1 to ask	; . :	Ask him: HOW DOES IT FEEL?
child #2.	C#1:	HOW DOES IT FEEL?
Model the response for child $#2$.	:	Tell him: IT FEELS ROUGH.
	C#2:	IT FEELS ROUGH.
Ask child #2 to hand it to another, Ask this child to:	T:	(Name), FEEL THE SANDPAPER.
He does, and you model this question for child #2 to ask of child #3:	T:	Ask him: HOW DOES IT FEEL?
	C#2	HOW DOES IT FEEL?
Model the response for Child #3:	Ë	Tell him: IT FEELS ROUGH.
	C#3	IT FEELS ROUGH. ETC.

Year 2 Week 3 Day 5	Dialogue	This mirror feels smooth. It feels smooth. IT FEELS SMOOTH.	(Name), FEEL THE MIRROR.	HOW DOES IT FEEL?	Tell me: IT FEELS SMOOTH.	IT FEELS SMOOTH.	DOES IT FEEL ROUGH?	Tell me: NO! IT DOESN'T. IT DOESN'T FEEL ROUGH.	NO! IT DOESN'T. IT DOESN'T FEEL ROUGH.	A MIRROR ISN'T ROUGH. IT'S SMOOTH.	Repeat please: A MIRROR ISN'T ROUGH. IT'S SMOOTH.	A MIRROR ISN'T ROUGH IT'S SMOOTH.	(Name), FEEL THE MIRROR.
	Speaker	Ţ	Ţ:	ï.	T:	C#1	ï	Ë	C#1	ī.	Ħ	GRP:	Ţ.
	Instruction to the teacher	Now hold up the mirror for the children to see. Feel it with your finger tips and tell the group:	Hand it to a child and ask him to:	Child does, and you ask him:	Model the response:		Ask him:	Shake your head as you model the response for him:		Note change from "FEEL" to "BE".	To the group:		Ask child #1 to hand the mirror to child #2. Tell #2 to:

Year 2
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Day 5

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
He does and you model this for child #1 to ask of #2.	T:	Ask him: HOW DOES IT FEEL?
	C#1	HOW DOES IT FEEL?
Model response for #2, if necessary:	ä	Tell him: IT FEELS SMOOTH.
	C#2	IT FEELS SMOOTH.
Model another question for child #1:	ï	Ask him: DOES IT FEEL ROUGH?
	C#1	DOES IT FEEL ROUGH?
Model response for #2:	:	Tell him: NO! IT DOESN'T. IT DOESN'T FEEL ROUGH.
Tell the children:	T:	A MIRROR ISN'T ROUGH, IT'S SMOOTH.
		Repeat please: A MIRROR ISN'T ROUGH, IT'S SMOOTH.
	GRP:	A MIRROR ISN'T ROUGH, IT'S SMOOTH.
Hand the mirror to child #3. Tell him:	Ħ	(Name), FEEL THE MIRROR.
Ask child #2 to ask of #3.	ij	Ask him: HOW DOES IT FEEL? ETC.
Continue with this exercise as developed above. Pair these items of contrasting textures as Rough and Smooth were paired above in the examples given:		1. ROUGH (SANDPAPER), SMOOTH (MIRROR). 2. SOFT (COTTON BALLS), HARD (ROCKS OR MARBLES) 3. WET (WET CLOTH), DRY (DRY CLOTH). 4. WARM (FUR), COOL (SATIN).

basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty. week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past PART II. EVALUATION

2	3	5	5
Year	Week	Day	Page

"C" = Correct

> = Incorrect

			and Beenonse	Student:	2	3 4	5	9
Instructions	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker			-	_	_	
Item I Giv Week 3 sti Day 2	Give the child a blue pick-up stick. Ask him:		What do you have?					
Ch.	Child must respond:	່ວ	A BLUE STICK. I HAVE A BLUE STICK.					
Item II A)	Tell the child:	ï	You may take a red stick.					
week 3 Day 2	Child must take one of the correct color.							
B	Hold a green stick in your hand and ask him:	ë	Who has a green stick?				_	
	Child must respond:	ö	YOU HAVE, (or) YOU HAVE A GREEN STICK.	EEN				
			We do do the down of the same					
Item III Week 3 Day 2	Tell the child:	H H	a yellow one? Tell me: I WANT A YELLOW STICK.	it :ICK.				
	Child must successfully imitate:	ü	I WANT A YELLOW STICK.					
					······			

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Week 3
Day 5
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EVALUATION (continued)

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response	C= Correct = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Item IV. Give the child two animal Week 3 lotto cards. Keep two for Day 3 yourself. Hold up one of your cards and tell him: Then ask him: Child must respond:	T: T:	I have a COW PIG, etc. What do you have? I have an animal.	
Item V Hold up your other card and say: Week 3 Day 3 Point at the child's other card and ask: Child must respond:	H H:	I also have an animal. What else do you have? I also have an animal	
Item VI Use H-M Card #32 and ask the child: Week 3 Day 44 Child must respond:	T:	How does this girl look? WARM SHE LOOKS WARM	
Item VII Hold up cards #33 and #40. Ask: Week 3 Hold up cards #35 and #40. Ask: Day 4 Child must identify correct one:	T: C:	Who looks sleepy? (Correct identification required)	

Year __Week __Day __Page __

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response	= Correct = Incorrect 2 3 4 5 6
Item VIII Give the child a sheet of	ī.	Feel the sandpaper.	
sandpaper. Ask him to feel it.	; 	(Child does so).	
Then ask him:	T:	How does it feel?	
Child must respond:	ప	Rough It feels rough	
Item IX Give the child a mirror. Ask him to feel it.	Ţ	Feel the mirror.	
Then ask:	T:	Does it feel rough?	
Optional responses.	ິ່ວ	No, it doesn't. No, it doesn't feel rough	
		No. It feels smooth.	
			•
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ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR II WEEK IV

OBJECTIVES

The grammatical patterns, will be introduced. The objective of the fourth week is to cover these patterns instruction have been reviewed, and beginning with the fifth week, new materials processes, and vocabulary which were taught during the first year of English This is the fourth and final week of review materials. and processes:

L. Sentence pattern: NP + VERB + NP + ADVERB: Locative Directive Directive Directive Txample: "He rolled the ball under the table."

Verb: Put-in, drop-into, roll-finto take fout of from finder

+ VERB + NP: Accusative + Adverb: Directive. Sentence Pattern: NP

Verb: Roll, throw, bounce.

Example: "He threw the ball to Juan."

Benefactive NP: Dative + NP: Accusative + VERB Sentence pattern: NP

Perb: Give, make, draw.

Examples: I drew the cirle for Juan. Then I gave it to him. (or) Then I gave him the circle.

- 4. Pronoun replacement of direct and indirect objects.
- 5. Possession: Noun's Possessive pronouns
- 6. Past tense formation for all verbs used during this week of review.
- 7. Questions with interrogative words: WHERE? WHOSE? WHAT? WHO?

Year Week Day

REVIEW DAY

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK:

 Item 1
 Item 4
 Item 7

 Item 2
 Item 8

 Item 3
 Item 6

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

+ ADVERB: Locative Directive REVIEW PATTERNS: NP + VERB + NP

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Year 2 Week 4 Day 2 Page 1

VERB: Put, drop, throw, roll, take from.

VERBS: 'Put-put', 'drop-dropped', 'throw-threw',
 'roll-rolled', 'take-took'. PAST TENSE OF

MATERIALS NEEDED: A basket, box, bag, ball, beanbag, marble, sponge.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Before you begin this exercise, reviewthe names of all of the articles to be used:		
*Basket, box, bag, ball, beanbag, marble, sponge.		
*New words. You will need to teach these new vocabulary items in the customary way:		
Hold up each item. Say:	Ë	THIS IS A BASKET. MARBLE SPONGE

BEANBAG Etc.

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T.	ö	Ħ	: C:
Pass the item to each child in turn, and ask for individual repetition:	Child holds the article as he repeats:	He passes it on to the next child, and you model:	
	\mathbf{o}		

Repeat please: THIS IS A BASKET.

THIS IS A BASKET.

EIC.

THIS IS A BASKET.

		-
	:	H:
RATING:	Take the ball and hold it up for the children to see. Now slowly place it into the box. Tell them:	
BEGIN THE EXERCISE BY DEMONSTRATING:	it up slowly em:	nd say:
ISE BY	Take the ball and hold it children to see. Now slow into the box. Tell them:	Now point at the box and say
EXERC	ball a to see box.	at th
IN THE	te the [ldren :o the	v point
BEC	Tak chi int	Nov

Take the ball out of the box and say:	Hold the ball up for the children to see, and pointing at it and the box, say:	
e t	ld t I po	
Tak	Hol	

Now point at the box and say:

BOX.	
THE	-
Z	
BALL	
THE	
I'M PUTTING	

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Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Repeat the demonstration as given above:	H	I'M PUTTING THE BALL IN THE BOX.
		ETC.
BEGIN THE REVIEW EXERCISE:		
Hand a child the ball. Tell him:	ī.	(Name), PUT THE BALL IN THE BOX.
As he does so, model the sentence for him:	ä	Tell me: I'M PUTTING THE BALL IN THE BOX.
	ö	I'M PUTTING THE BALL IN THE BOX.
Point at the child and say to the others:	Ħ.	(Name), IS PUTTING THE BALL IN THE BOX. Repeat, please: (Name) IS PUTTING THE BALL IN THE BOX.
	GRP:	(Name), IS PUTTING THE BALL IN THE BOX.
After the child has done so, point at the box and ask him.	ij	WHAT DID YOU DO?
Model the response for him immediately:	T:	Tell me: I PUT THE BALL IN THE BOX.
	ະວ	I PUT THE BALL IN THE BOX.
Ask the others:	Ħ	WHAT DID (Name) DO?
Again, model the response immediately:	ä	Tell me: (Name), PUT THE BALL IN THE BOX.
	GRP:	(Name), PUT THE BALL IN THE BOX.

Year 2 Week 4 Day 2 Page 4

Point at the ball in the box and tell T: (Name), TAKE THE BALL FROM THE BOX. The child: As he does, model this sentence for him: C: I'M TAKING THE BALL FROM THE BOX. C: I'M TAKING THE BALL FROM THE BOX. Repeat, please: (Name), IS TAKING THE BALL FROM THE BOX. GRP: (Name), IS TAKING THE BALL FROM THE BOX. GRP: (Name), IS TAKING THE BALL FROM THE BOX. GRP: (Name), IS TAKING THE BALL FROM THE BOX. MANY DIN YOU DO? T: WHAT DIN YOU DO? T: WHAT DIN YOU DO? Foint at the child and ask the others: Point at the child and ask the others: Point at the child and ask the others: Point at the child and ask the others: T: WHAT DID (Name), DO? THE BALL FROM THE BOX. PROPOSETABLE ACAIN: Hold a sponge over the box. Tell me: (Name) TOOK THE BALL FROM THE BOX. DEMONSTRATE ACAIN: Hold a sponge over the box. Tell me: (Name) TOOK THE BALL FROM THE BOX. Now point at the action: Repeat the action: T: I'M DROPPING THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX. Now point at the box and as you partonine T: I DROPPED THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX. I I DROPPED THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX. TI I DROPPED THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX. THE ACCION. TI I DROPPED THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX. T		·	
T: T: C: C: T: T: T: T: T: T:	Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
T: C: C: C: C: C: C: C: C: C:	Point at the ball in the box and tell the child:	Ë	(Name), TAKE THE BALL FROM THE BOX.
i: T: T: GRP: GRP: GRP: C: T:	As he does, model this sentence for him:	::	Tell me: I'M TAKING THE BALL FROM THE BOX.
T: T		ü	I'M TAKING THE BALL FROM THE BOX.
the the trie T: The the trie T: The the T: The T: The T: The T: The T: The Tile Tile Tile Tile Tile Tile Tile Til	Point at the child and say to the others:	ë	IS TAKING THE BALL FROM THE please: IS TAKING THE BALL FROM THE
the trie T: The trie T: The T: The T: The T: The T: The Time T: The Time T: The Time T: The Time Time T: The Time Time Time Time Time Time Time Tim		GRP:	IS TAKING THE BALL FROM THE
T: T: T: the the T: T: T: T: T: T: T: T:	as done so, point at	H	WHAT DID YOU DO?
C: T: T: GRP: Tthe Triple Tithe Tithe Tithe Tithe	Model the response for him immediately:	Ħ	I TOOK THE BALL FROM THE
T: T: GRP: Tthe Tthe T: T: T: T:		ះ	
the response immediately: T: GRP: Tell the children as you perform the t the action: T: T: T: T: T: T: T: T: T:	Point at the child and ask the others:	Ħ	WHAT DID (Name), DO?
Hold a sponge over the ldren as you perform the T: T: T: T: X and as you pantomime T:		Ë	Tell me: (Name) TOOK THE BALL FROM THE BOX.
Hold a sponge over the ldren as you perform the T:		GRP:	(Name) TOOK THE BALL FROM THE BOX.
at the action: point at the box and as you pantomime action, say:	Hold a sponge over ldren as you perform	:: H	I'M DROPPING THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.
point at the box and as you pantomime action, say:	Repeat the action:	H.	I'M DROPPING THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.
	Now point at the box and as you pantomime the action, say:	ï.	I DROPPED THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.

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Year 2 Week 4 Day 2 Page 5	Speaker Dialogue	T: I'M TAKING THE SPONGE FROM THE BOX.	T: I'M DROPPING THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.	T: I'M TAKING THE SPONGE FROM THE BOX.	T: I TOOK THE SPONGE FROM THE BOX.	ETC.			T: (Name), DROP THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.	T: WHAT ARE YOU DOING?	T: Tell me: I'M DROPPING THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.	C: I'M DROPPING THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.	T: WHAT'S (Name), DOING?	T: Tell me: HE'S DROPPING THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.	GRP: HE'S DROPPING THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.	T: WHAT DID YOU DO?	T: Tell me: I DROPPED THE SPONGE INTO THE BOX.	AOG THE CHARL HOWCED THE CHARLES
	Instruction to the teacher	Take the sponge from the box and say:	Repeat the sequence:		Now point at the sponge, and pantomiming say:		Repeat the demonstration as given above.	BEGIN THE REVIEW EXERCISE:	Hand a child the sponge and tell him:	Before he does, stop him and ask:	Model the response:		Before you let the child do so, ask the group:	Model the response:		After the child has done so, ask him:	the response for hi	

the child:

progressive and the past tense:

the group

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Year	Week	Day	Page

	Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
		:0	I'M TAKING THE SPONGE FROM THE BAG.
		H:	WHAT DID YOU DO?
		ະ	I TOOK THE SPONGE FROM THE BAG.
	Give every child several opportunities to participate individually, and involve him in all group responses as well.		
94	This review exercise is carried out exactly as was the first drill given above. The actions are these: ROLL THROW.		
	Demonstrate the actions as before:		
	Roll the ball into the box and say:	T:	I'M ROLLING THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
	Take it out and repeat the action, saying:	T:	I'M ROLLING THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
	Point at the ball in the box, and pantomiming the action again, say:	T:	I ROLLED THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
	Give a child a ball and tell him:	.: T	(Name), ROLL THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
	Before child does, stop him and ask:	T:	WHAT ARE YOU DOING?
	Model the response for him:	T:	Tell me: I'M ROLLING THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
		:	I'M ROLLING THE BALL INTO THE BOX.

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Year	Week	Day _	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Ask the others:	ï	WHAT'S (Name), DOING?
Model the response:	Ë	Tell me: HE'S ROLLING THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
After the child has done so, ask him:	H	WHAT DID YOU DO?
Model the response for him:	H	Tell me: I ROLLED THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
	ü	I ROLLED THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
Ask the others:	Ħ	WHAT DID (Name), DO?
Model the response:	 E-1	Tell me: HE ROLLED THE BALL INTO THE BOX.
Repeat for others:		ETC.
DEMONSTRATE AGAIN:		
Hold the beambag and pantomiming a throwing action, say:	Ħ	I'M THROWING THE BEANBAG INTO THE BASKET.
After you have done so, point at the beanbag in the basket, and pantomiming say:	Ħ	I THREW THE BEANBAG INTO THE BASKET.
REPEAT:		
Hand a child the beanbag and tell him:	ë	(Name), THROW THE BEANBAG INTO THE BASKET.
Before he does, ask him:	 H	WHAT ARE YOU DOING.
Model response:	H	Tell me: I'M THROWING THE BEANBAG INTO THE BASKET.

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Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Child will need help with this. Break the sentence between 'Beanbag' and 'into'.	ÿ	I'M THROWING THE BEANBAG/ INTO THE BASKET.
		ETC.
Continue with this exercise following the steps outlined in Review Part I above. Cover these variations:		THROW THE MARBLE UNDER THE BOX BEANBAG SPONGE BASKET
		THROWING
		I'M ROLLED THE UNDER THE

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REVIEW PATTERNS: NP + VERB + NP + ADVERB (Directive)

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Questions with interrogative WHERE? WHOSE?

Pogsession:
a) NOUN + ' + S
b) Possessive pronouns: MY, YOUR, HIS, HER.

Past tense forms of 'put', 'roll', 'throw', 'drop', 'give'.

NP + VERB + NP: Accusative + NP: Dative
VERB= 'give'.

Auxiliary: CAN

PART I: Ball, sponge, beanbag, marble, basket, box, bag.

PART II: Several of each: Balls, beanbags, pencils, marbles.

Instructions to the teacher You will need a ball, a sponge, a beanbag, a marble, a basket, a box and a bag. Have the containers lined up on the floor before the children. Hold up the sponge. Ask the children: Repeat the question:	Speaker T:	Exchange WHERE CAN I PUT THE SPONGE? WRERE CAN I PUT THE SPONGE?
Model the response, if necessary:	T: GRP:	Tell me: YOU CAN PUT THE SPONGE IN THE YOU CAN PUT THE SPONGE IN THE
Place it in, and then ask the children: Model the response:	. :	WHERE DID I PUT THE SPONGE? Tell me: YOU PUT THE SPONGE IN THE

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Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Give the sponge to a child. Let him play	Ţ.	Ask them: WHERE CAN I THROW THE SPONGE?
	ü	WHERE CAN I THROW THE SPONGE?
Model the response for the group if necessary:	:I	Tell him: YOU CAN THROW THE SPONGE IN THE BASKET.
	GRP:	YOU CAN THROW THE SPONGE IN THE BASKET.
After the child has done so, model the question	T:	Ask them: WHERE DID I THROW THE SPONGE?
	ິວ	WHERE DID I THROW THE SPONGE?
Model the response for the group:	Ë	Tell him: YOU THREW THE SPONGE INTO THE BASKET.
	GRP:	YOU THREW THE SPONGE INTO THE BASKET.
Call on another child to halp you play teacher.	H.	Ask them: WHERE CAN I ROLL THE BALL?
	C#2	WHERE CAN I ROLL THE BALL?
Offer some suggestions to the group; $E.g.$, "under the table," into the box," "to Juan,"	ë H	Tell him: YOU CAN ROLL THE BALL UNDER THE TABLE.
etc. Model their response ior them: e.s.	GRP:	YOU CAN ROLL THE BALL UNDER THE TABLE.
After the child has done so, model this	.T	Ask them: WHERE DID I ROLL THE BALL?
for him:	C#2	WHERE DID I ROLL THE BALL?

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Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Model the response for the children:	T:	Tell him: YOU ROLLED THE BALL UNDER THE TABLE.
	GRP:	YOU ROLLED THE BALL UNDER THE TABLE.
Call on another child to play "teacher." Give	Example	THE
him an article as described above and Model one of these questions for him to ask of the others:		ROLL BEANBAG
And after he has done so, model the question co in the past tense for him:	Example	Ask them: WHERE DID I THROW THE? DROP ETC.
And model the response for the group:	Example	Tell him: YOU THREW THE INTO BE UNDER DROPPED PUT

allows practice using question constructions in meaningful situations and care should be Call on each child at least twice to play role of "teacher." This type of exercise taken to see that everyone participates.

EXERCISE
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Instruction to the teacher You will need several of each of the following: PENCILS MARBLES BALLS BALLS BEANBAGS Hold up one of the pencils. Tell the children: Clutch the pencil to your chest in a gesture of ownership as you say the possessive pronoun MY. Ask one of the children: Child indicates his wish, and you model the appropriate response for him, if necessary. E.g.,	Speaker T: T:	Dialogue THIS IS MY PENCIL. DO YOU WANT A PENCIL? Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT A PENCIL.
	ິວ	YES, I DO. I WANT A PENCIL.
Offer him one, and as you do, say:	 H	THEN I'LL GIVE YOU A PENCIL.
After you have done so, tell the others:	 H	I GAVE (Name) A PENCIL.
Point at the child, and pantomiming say:	ë	I GAVE (Name) A PENCIL
Ask the children:	ä	WHAT DID I GIVE (Name)?
Model the response for the children:	T:	Tell me: YOU GAVE (Name) A PENCIL.
	GRP:	YOU GAVE (Name) A PENCIL.

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Year 2
Week 4
Day 3
Page 5

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Ask the child:	.:	WHAT DID I GIVE YOU?
	ö	A PENCIL.
Expand his response into a full sentence:	 H	YES! I DID! I GAVE YOU A PENCIL. Repeat, please: YOU GAVE ME A PENCIL.
	:	YOU GAVE ME A PENCIL.
Hold up your pencil, and tell the children, again with a gesture of ownership as you pronounce the possessive:	Ħ:	THIS IS MY PENCIL IT'S MY PENCIL.
Point at the child's pencil and tell the others:	 	THIS IS MY PENCIL, AND THAT'S (Name's) PENCIL. THAT'S (Name's) PENCIL.
Hold up your pencil again and ask the children:	H	WHOSE PENCIL IS THIS?
Model the response:	 E	Tell me: THAT'S YOUR PENCIL.
	GRP:	THAT'S YOUR PENCIL.
Point at the child's pencil and ask the others:	 H	WHOSE PENCIL IS THAT?
Model the response:	 H	Tell me: THAT'S (Name's) PENCIL.

 Year
 2

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 4

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 3

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 6

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Repeat the children's response,	H:	YES! THAT'S (Name's) PENCIL.
		IT'S HIS PENCIL.
		Repeat, please: IT'S HIS PENCIL.
	GRP:	IT'S HIS PENCIL.
Turn to the child. Hold up your pencil and ask him:	H	WHOSE PENCIL IS THIS?
Model the response for him, if necessary:	: .	Tell me: THAT'S YOUR PENCIL.
	ö	THAT'S YOUR PENCIL.
Point at his pencil, and ask him:	: H	WHOSE PENCIL IS THAT?
Model the response for him, if necessary:	: .	Tell me: THIS IS MY PENCIL.
	ö	THIS IS MY PENCIL.
Ask him:	: H	WHO GAVE YOU THE PENCIL?
Model the response, if necessary:	 H	Tell me: YOU GAVE ME THE PENCIL.
	:	YOU GAVE ME THE PENCIL.
Turn to the group:	 H	WHO GAVE (Name) THE PENCIL?
Model the repsonse, if necessary:		Tell me: YOU GAVE (Name) THE PENCIL.

	Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
		GRP:	YOU GAVE (Name) THE PENCIL.
		, :	YES! I GAVE (Name) THE PENCIL. IT'S HIS PENCIL,
	Begin the exercise again with another item:		
***	Hold up one of the beanbags. Clutch it to yourself in a gesture of ownership as you tell the children:	Ë.	THIS IS $\frac{MY}{MY}$ BEANBAG.
40	Ask another child:	ij	DO YOU WANT A BEANBAG?
9	Child indicates whether he does or not, and you model the appropriate response for him, if necessary.	ë	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT A BEANBAG.
t z		ö	YES, I DO. I WANT A BEANBAG.
	Offer him one and as you do, say:	T:	THEN I'LL GIVE YOU A BEANBAG.
	Continue with this exercise as developed above. The steps are as follows:		
٠.	Use past tense of verb, give:		1. I GAVE (Name) A BEANBAG.
		_	

2. WHAT DID I GIVE (Name)?

Ask question in past tense:

* ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	
Dialogue	
Speaker	
Instruction to the teacher	

Day Page Week

> Ask the child question in past tense: Model the response:

Use (S) possession formation: Use possessive pronouns:

Ask the question with interrogative: WHOSE?

Model the response:

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Use question to elicit possessive form again:

Model response:

Substitute possessive pronouns:

items used in examples with others which are serving as focus of attention. Substitute suggested above or whatever is handy. Repeat this exercise with each child

WHAT DID I GIVE YOU?

YOU GAVE ME A BEANBAG.

6. THIS IS MY BEANBAG.

7. THAT'S (Name's) BEANBAG.

8. WHOSE BEANBAG IS THIS?

THAT'S YOUR BEANBAG.

10. WHOSE BEANBAG IS THAT?

THAT'S (Name's) BEANBAG. 11. 12.

THAT'S (Name's) BEANBAG.
HIS BEANBAG. YES! IT'S

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REVIEW PATTERNS: NP + VERB + NP: Accusative + NP: Dative Benefactive

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Year 2 Week 4 Day 4 Page 1

VERB: Give, Make, Draw.

Pronoun replacement of direct and indirect noun objects. Possession.

REVIEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Square, circle, triangle.

Two dimensional geometric shapes (E.g. "Playskool" shapes or pieces from inlaid geometric puzzle) MATERIALS NEEDED:

Color crayons.

Paper.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Remind the children of the names of the shapes.	·	TRIANGLE CIRCLE SQUARE
Hold up one of the shapes. Tell the children:	ë.	THIS IS MY CIRCLE. THIS IS MY CIRCLE.
Ask a child:	:	DO YOU WANT A CIRCLE?
Child indicates whether he does or not, and you model the appropriate response, if necessary:	: L	Tell me: YES, I DO.
	ິວ	YES, I DO.
	: .	THEN I'LL MAKE YOU ONE.

Year Week Day Page

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Place the circle on a sheet of paper and repeat.	H	I CAN MAKE YOU A CIRCLE.
Begin tracing around the circle and repeat:		I CAN MAKE YOU A CIRCLE.
Tell the others: Use the present progressive form:	ë	I CAN MAKE (Name) A CIRCLE. I'M MAKING (Name) A CIRCLE.
Ask the group to repeat:	:: E+	Tell me: YOU'RE MAKING (Name) A CIRCLE.
	GRP:	YOU'RE MAKING (Name) A CIRCLE.
Repeat the sentence, this time substituting the indirect object with a pronoun.	Ë	YES! I'M MAKING HIM A CIRCLE.
	Angles	Repeat, please: YOU'RE MAKING HIM A CIRCLE. HER
	GRP:	YOU'RE MAKING HIM A CIRCLE. HER
Hold up the circle. Tell the children: Substitute indirect object with pronoun:	 H	I MADE (Name) A CIRCLE. I MADE HIM A CIRCLE.
	Ħ	WHAT DID I DO?
Model the response:	:. E4	Tell me: YOU MADE (Name) A CIRCLE.
	GRP:	YOU MADE (Name) A CIRCLE.

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Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Reward the children for their response, and then repeat it, substituting a pronoun for the indirect object.	T:	YES! I MADE HIM A CIRCLE. HER Repeat please: YOU MADE HIM A CIRCLE.
	GRP:	YOU MADE HIM A CIRCLE.
Ask the child, substituting a pronoun for the direct object:	 H	WHO DID I MAKE IT FOR? WHO DID I MAKE IT FOR?
Model the response:	T:	Tell me: YOU MADE IT FOR ME.
	ö	YOU MADE IT FOR ME.
Ask the others:	: H	WHO DID I MAKE IT FOR?
Model the response:	ë.	Tell me: YOU MADE IT FOR (Name).
	GRP:	YOU MALE IT FOR (Name).
Offer the child the drawing, and tell him:	.: 	THEN I'LL GIVE YOU THE CIRCLE. I MADE IT FOR YOU.
	:. -	WHO GAVE IT TO YOU?
	ö	YOU.
Expand his response into a full sentence:	ë	YES! I DID. I GAVE YOU THE CIRCLE. Tell me: YOU GAVE ME THE CIRCLE.
	ö	YOU GAVE ME THE CIRCLE.
Ask the others:	Τ:	WHO GAVE HIM THE CIRCLE?

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	GRP:	xou.
Expand his response into a full sentence:	ë	YES! I DID. I GAVE HIM THE CIRCLE.
		Repeat, please: YOU GAVE HIM THE CIRCLE.
	GRP:	YOU GAVE HIM THE CIRCLE. HER
Continue with the exercise as outlined above.	H	1. THIS IS MY HOUSE.
Alternately use the verb DRAW. E.g.		2. DO YOU WANT A HOUSE?
		3. I CAN DRAW YOU A HOUSE.
		4. I'M DRAWING (Name) A HOUSE.
		5. I DREW (Name) A HOUSE.
		6. WHAT DID I DO?
	40 H-1, 40	7. YOU DREW (Name) A HOUSE.
		8. I DREW HIM A HOUSE.
		9. WHO DID I DRAW IT FOR?
		YOU DREW IT FOR
	,1,0	NAME HIM HER
		11. WHO GAVE IT TO YOU ? HER
		NAME
		12. YOU GAVE IT TO ME TETC.

Year Week Day Page

PART II: REINFORCEMENT

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Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Same drill essentially as part I, except individuals take your role.		
Give a child a shape. Tell him:	ë-i	THIS IS YOUR TRIANGER
Point at another child. Model the question:	T:	Ask him: DO YOU WANT A TRIANGLE?
	C#1	DO YOU WANT A TRIANGLE?
	C#2	YES, I DO.
Model this for Child #1:	: H	Tell him: I CAN MAKE YOU A TRIANGLE.
	C#1	I CAN MAKE YOU A TRIANGLE.
Ask the others:	Ë	WHAT CAN HE DO?
And model the response:	:. H	Tell me: HE CAN MAKE (Name) A TRIANGLE.
Child does, and then he holds it	GRP:	HE CAN MAKE (Name) A TRIANGLE.
Model this for him:	T:	Tell them: I MADE THIS TRIANGLE FOR (Name).
	C#1	I MADE THIS TRIANGLE FOR (Name).
to the group:	Ë H	YES! HE MADE IT FOR (Name). WHO PID HE MAKE IT FOR?
		Tell me: HE MADE IT FOR (Name).
	GRP:	HE MADE IT FOR (Name).

		REINFORCEMENT
		PART II:

Year Week Day Page

ans	
Dialogu	
Speaker	
Instruction to the teacher	

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Ask child #2:	T:	WHO DID HE MAKE IT FOR?
	ະ	ME.
Expand the response into a full sentence:	Ţ:	YES! HE MADE IT FOR Y(.U). Repeat, please: HE MADE IT FOR ME.

	C#2	HE MADE IT FOR ME.
To child #1:	Ħ ::	Tell him: YES! I MADE IT FOR YOU.
Tell the child to give it to the second child.	T:	THEN GIVE HIM THE TRIANGLE.
Child does, and you ask the recipient:	ë. E4	WHO GAVE YOU THE TRIANGLE?
	C#2	HE DID.
Expand the response:		YES, HE DID! Tell me: HE GAVE ME THE TRIANGLE.

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Expand the response:	•	Tell me: HE GAVE ME THE TRIANGLE.
	C#2	HE GAVE ME THE TRIANGLE.
To the group:	:	WHO GAVE HIM THE TRIANGLE?
Model the response only if necessary:	.: ::	Tell me: (Name) GAVE HIM THE TRIANGLE.
	GRP:	(Name) GAVE HIM THE TRIANGLE.

Call on others. Alternately use the verbs. MAKE and DRAW as in Part I.

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REVIEW PATTERNS: NP + VERB + NP: Accusative + Adverb: Directive

Year Week Day Page

VERB: Roll, throw, bounce.

PAST TENSE FORMS: Rolled, bounced

Pronoun Substitution for Direct object and for directive clause.

MATERIALS NEEDED: A ball.

PART II EVALUATION: Beanbag, ball, sheet of paper, crayon, basket, two pencils.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
-	Sit in a circle on the floor. Hold up the ball and say to the children:	 	WHO WANTS THE BALL?
111		T:	I CAN ROLL THE BALL TO (Name).
•	Do so, and say to them:	ë	I ROLLED THE BALL TO (Name). I ROLLED IT TO (Name).
			WHO DID I ROLL IT TO?
		GRP:	(Name).
	Expand response into full sentence:	Τ:	YES, I DID. I ROLLED IT TO HIM HER
			Repeat, plaease: YOU ROLLED IT TO HIM.
		GRP:	YOU ROLLED IT TO HIM.

Year 2
Week 4
Day 5

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Ask the child who has the ball:	T:	WHO CAN YOU ROLL THE BALL TO?
	ü	(Name).
Expand his response:	 H	GOOD: Tell me: I CAN ROLL THE BALL TO (Name).
	ü	I CAN ROLL THE BALL TO (Name).
He does. Then model this question for the group to ask of the child:	H	Ask him: WHO DID YOU ROLL THE BALL TO?
	GRP:	WHO DID YOU ROLL THE BALL TO?
Model the response for the child:		Tell them: I ROLLED IT TO (Name).
	C#1	I ROLLED IT TO (Name).
Model this question for the group to ask of the recipient of the ball:	H.	Ask him: WHO ROLLED YOU THE BALL?
	GRP:	WHO ROLLED YOU THE BALL?
	C#2	HE DID.
	H :	YES, HE DID. HE ROLLED YOU THE BALL. Tell them: HE ROLLED ME THE BALL.
	C#2	HE ROLLED ME THE BALL.
Ask the child who has the hall:	Ţ.	WHO CAN YOU ROLL THE BALL TO?

Year 2
Week 4
Day 5

Dialogue

Speaker

Instruction to the teacher	
Continue with the exercise as given above. After you have gone all around the group using the verb ROLL, then begin the exercise all over from the beginning, introducing the verbs THROW and BOUNCE in the same way that ROLL was introduced.	

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PART II: EVALUATION

number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty. The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the

2	4	5	4	
Year	Week	Day	Page _	

Control of the contro

Instructi	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and response Student:	C= Correct <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre>1 2 3 4 5 6</pre>
ITEM 1 WEEK 4 DAY 2,3	You will need a ball and a basket for this item. Place the ball in basket. Then point at the ball and pantomime the action as you ask:	Ħ:	WHAT DID I DO?	
	Child must respond in past:	Ü	PUT IT IN THE BASKET. PUT THE BALL THERE. PUT THE BALL IN THE BASKET.	
	Tell the child to take the ball from the basket.	Ë	TAKE THE BALL FROM THE BASKET.	
DAI 2,3	We does, and then you ask him:	T:	WHAT DID YOU DO?	
	Child must respond in the past:	ប ៉	I TOOK IT OUT. TOOK IT OUT. I TOOK THE BALL FROM THE BASKET. I TOOK IT FROM THE BASKET.	
1	You will need two pencils for this item.			
DAY 3	a) Give the child a pencil. Keep one for yourself. Ask him as you hold up	Ë	WHOSE PENCIL IS THIS?	
	yours:	ü	YOUR PENCIL. THAT'S YOUR PENCIL. (YOURS)	
	b) Point at his, and ask:	ï	WHO GAVE YOU THAT PENCIL?	
	Child must respond	ö	You DID.	

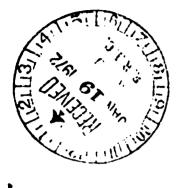
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VALUATION (continued) Instructions to the teacher ITEM IV Ask the child: WEEK 4 DAY 3 Child must respond:	Speaker T:	Item and response Student: WHAT DID I GIVE YOU? A PENCIL YOU GAVE ME A PENCIL.
	ë	
DAY 4 Draw a tree. Tell the child:	i ———	I CAN DRAW YOU A TREE.
When you have done so, hold it up and ask:		WHAT DID I DO?
Child should respond:	:	DREW A TREE. DREW A TREE.
1	ij	WHO DID I DRAW IT FOR? WHO DID I DRAW IT FOR?
DAY 4 Optional responses:	ü	FOR ME. ME. YOU DREW IT FOR ME.

2	4	5	9
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and response	C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
ITEM VII You will need a beanbag for this WEEK 4 item.			
DAY 5 Tell the child:	T:	I CAN THROW YOU THE BEANBAG.	
Do so, then ask:	H:	WHO DID I THROW IT TO?	
Optional responses:	ü	TO ME.	
		YOU THREW IT TO ME.	-
WEEK 4 DAY 5 a) Give the ball to the child. Tell him:	Ë	ROLL ME THE BALL.	
	ü	(Must do 2s asked.)	
b) Tell him:		ROLL THE BALL UNDER THE TABLE.	
	Ü	(Must do as asked.)	
ITEM IX Ask him when he has rolled the ball WEEK 4 under the table:	T:	WHAT DID YOU DO?	
S	ບ	ROLLED THE BALL. ROLLED THE BALL UNDER THE TABLE.	· · ·
Then ask him:		WHERE DID YOU ROLL IT?	
3/31/71 mac/150	ü	UNDER THE TABLE. I ROLLED IT UNDER THE TABLE.	





OBJECTIVES

The language patterns and processes which were taught during the first year of English instruction have been reviewed during the preceding four weeks. Beginning with this week, new materials are vocabulary and constructions which the children have already learned throughly. In addition to introduced. As always, each new pattern or new process is taught in the context of familiar new materials, a number of old patterns are reviewed.

+ Adverb: Instrumental Sentence pattern: NP + (Aux) Verb Transitive + NP

Verb transitive: paint, write, fill-in, draw.

2. Auxiliary verb: Can

3. Word questions: WHO? WHAT? Involving instrumental clauses:

What can you draw a circle with?
Who is drawing a circle with a pencil?
What can you do with a pencil?
What can you draw with a pencil?

. Instrumental clauses:

He can draw a circle with a crayon. He can fill in the square with a pencil. 5. Regular and irregular formation of past tense:

Paint-painted, draw-drew, write-wrote, fill-in-filled-in.

6. Expression of futurity with BE + GOING TO + VERB construction.

I'm going to draw a circle with the pencil. He's going to stand on the paper.

7. YES-NO questions and responses.

8. Adjective in attributive position in Noun phrase.

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Year Week ___ Day ___

REVIEW DAY

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INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 7	Item 8	Item 9
Item 4	Item 5	Item 6
Item 1	Item 2	Item 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

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NP + VP + NP REVIEW PATTERNS:

Vocabulary: pencil, pen, crayon, acissors, knife, circle, dot, paper, draw, cut.

Year 2
Week 5
Day 2
Page 1

Instrumental (with Adjective in attributive position.

NEW PATTERNS:

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Pill-in.

MATERIALS NEEDED: Colored pencils, crayons, pens, paper; toy scissors and knife.

Be sure to use toy scissors and knife for safety. NOTE:

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Have materials at hand. Hold up a pencil and say:	:	THIS IS A PENCIL.
Hold up a sheet of paper and say:	ä	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
Draw the circle and hold up the paper.	·· [-4	SEE THE CIRCLE? I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
Hold up a pen and say:	÷	THIS IS A PEN.
Hold up paper and say:	 H	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
Draw the circle and hold up the paper. Say:	Ä	SEE THE CIRCLE? I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
Hold up a crayon and say:	::	THIS IS A CRAYON.
Hold up paper and say:	T:	I CAN TRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
Draw the circle and hold up the paper.	ë	SEE THE CIRCLE? I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
Call on a child. Tell him:	Ä	(Name) YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have him say: (If the sentence must be broken up for repetition, break after "Circle",)	ë	'Yell me: I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
Have the group say: (Be sure the group says "THE" and not "THIS".)	ë	Tell me: HE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL. SHE
	GRP:	HE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL.
Have the child draw the circle. Then say:	ë	Tell me: I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
	រ ប	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
Call on another child. Say: (Use pen this time)	ë	(Name), YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
Have him say:	ë	Tell me: I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
	ü	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
Have the group say:	ë	Tell me: RE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PEN.
	GRP:	HE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PEN.
Have the child draw the circle. Then have him say:	ä	Tell me: I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
	5	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Call on another child. Use the crayon. Say:	H	(Name), YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
Have him say:	ä	Tell me: I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
	ü	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
Have the group say:	ë	Tell me: HE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.
	GB:	HE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.
Have the child draw the circle. Then have him say:	ä	Tell me: I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
	ü	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
DEMONSTRATE:	<u></u>	
Hold up one of the finished circles in one hand and a pencil in the other. Say:	ij.	I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
Fill in the circle. Hold up and say:	——	I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
Hold up another circle and a crayon. Say:	H	I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
Fill in the circle. Hold up and say:	H	I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.
Hold up another circle and a pen. Say:	ä	I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
Fill in the circle. Hold up and say:	ë	I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
Call on a child. Hand him a finished circle and a pencil. Tell him:		(Name), YOU CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.

		Week 5 Day 2 Page 4
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have him say:	÷	Tell me: I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
	;	I CAN PILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
Have the group say:	ë	Tell me: [HE] CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH SHE]
	GRP:	HE CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL.
Have the child fill in the circle. Then have him say:	ë	Tell me: I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
	ü	I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PENCIL.
Call on another child. Hand him a finished circle and a pon. Say:	ë	(Name), YOU CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
	ë	Tell me: I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.

Tell me: HE CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THE SHE	GRP: HE CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THE PEN.	: Tell me: I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN
Have the group say:	5	Have the child fill in the circle. Then have T: him say:

I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.

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Year 2
Week 5
Day 2
Page 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ü	I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS PEN.
Repeat with another child, using the crayon.		
Demonstrate:		
Hold up a pencil and a sheet of paper. Say:	ij	I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS PENCIL.
Make the dot. Hold up and say:	ä	SEE THE DOT? I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS PENCIL.
Next use the crayon. Say:	;; [-4	I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS CRAYON.
Make the jot. Hold up and say:	ë	SEE THE DOT? I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS CRAYON.
Repeat, using the pen.		
Call on a child. Say:	::	(Name), YOU CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS PENCIL.
have him say:	 E-1	Tell me: I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS PENCIL.
	ü	I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS PENCIL.
Have the group say:	ë H	Tell me: [HE] CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE PENCIL.
	: 255	HE CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE PENCIL
Have the child make the dot. Say:	ë	Tall me: I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS PENCIL.
Repeat with another child using the pen. Then repeat with a third child using the crayon.	ü	I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THIS PENCIL.

		Year 2 Week 5 Day 2 Page 6
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Take one of the finished circles and the scissors. Hold up the scissors and say:	į.	THESE ARE SCISSORS.
Hold up the paper and scissors. Say:	ij	I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.
Cut out the circle. Hold up and say:	::	SEE? I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.
Fold a blank sheet of paper.		
Hold up the knife. Say:	;; [4	I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THIS KNIFE.
Cut the fold. Hold up the paper and the knife and say:	ë	SEE? I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THIS KNIFE.
Call on a child. Say:	;; E4	(Name), YOU CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THIS SCISSORS.
Give him a finished circle and the scissors. Have him say:	H	Tell me: I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.
	ü	I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.
Have the group say:	H	Tell me: [HE] CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE SCISSORS.
	GRP:	HE CAN C'IT THE PAPER WITH THE SCISSORS.
Have the child cut out the circle. Have him say:	Ë	Tell me: I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.
	ບ	I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	່ວ	I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.
Call on another child. Say:	ë	(Name), YOU CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THIS KNIFE.
Give him a folded paper and a knife. Have him say:	ë	Tell me: I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THIS KNIFE.
	ü	I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THIS KNIFE.
Have the group say:	Ë	Tell me: [HE] CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE KNIFE.
	GRP:	HE CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE KNIFE.
Have the child cut the paper. Have him say:	ä	Tell me: I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THIS KNIFE.
	ü	I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THIS KNIFE.

PART II. REINFORCEMENT

Year 2 Week 5 Day 2 Page 8

•

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Have ready red, green, and blue pencils. Hold up a red pencil and a sheet of paper. Say:	;	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE RED PENCIL.
Draw the circle. Hold it up and say:	H H	IT'S A RED CIRCLE.
Hold up a green pencil and say:	ä	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE GREEN PENCIL.
Draw the circle. Hold it up and say:	ä	IT'S A GREEN CIRCLE.
Repeat with a blue pencil.	_	
Call on a child. Say:	 E4	(Name), YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE RED PENCIL.
Have him say:		Tell me: I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE RED PENCIL.

HE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE RED PENCIL. GRP:

Tell me: [HE] CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE RED PENCIL.

I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE RED PENCIL.

ပံ

H

Have the group say:

Tell me: IT'S A RED CIRCLE.

.. H

Have him draw the circle and hold it up. Say:

IT'S A RED CIRCLE.

;

Call on another child and use a green pencil; then call on another child and use a blue pencil.

Instructions oto the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE		
Hold up a green pencil. Say:	::	I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE GREEN PENCIL.
Make a large dot. Hold it up and say:	:-	IT'S A GREEN DOT.
Hold up a blue pencil. Say:		I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE BLUE PENCIL.
Make the dot. Hold it up and say:	ä	It's A Blue Dot.
Repeat with the red pencil.		
Call on a child. Say:	ä	(Name), YOU CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE BLUE PENCIL.
Have him say:	ë	Tell me: I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE BLUE PENCIL.
	ຮ	I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE BLUE PENCIL.
Have the group say:	ä	Tell me: [HE] CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE BLUE PENCIL.
	GRP:	HE CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE BLUE PENCIL.
Have him make the dot and hold it up. Have him say:	Ë	rell me: IT'S A BLUE DOT.
	ü	IT'S A BLUE DOT.
Repeat with other children using the red and green pencils.		



REVIEW PATTERNS: Instrumental Clauses

Past Tense of Verbs: DRAW-DREW, CUT-CUT, PAINT-PAINTED, WRITE-WROTE. What, Who questions

Year 2 Week 5 Day 3 Page 1

NEW PATTERNS: Expression of futurity with BE + GOING TO + VERB Construction

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Paint, write.

MATERIALS NEEDED: Red, green and blue crayons; red paint; paper; toy scissors and knife; pencils and pens; brushes for paint.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION		
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
en, ren	·· H	WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS PENCIL?
day's activities. If necessary, model the response:	T:	Tell me: YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL.
	GRP:	YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL MAKE A DOT
Get both responses from the children:		
Have a child play teacher. Tell him: (Give him a pair of toy scissors)	:	Ask them: WHAT CAN I DO WITH THESE SCISSORS?
	ö	WHAT CAN I DO WITH THESE SCISSORS?
If necessary, model the response:	H	Tell him: YOU CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE SCISSORS.
•	GRP:	YOU CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE SCISSORS.
Have the child cut the paper. Then say:	÷	Tell them: I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.
	ö	I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.

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Year 2
Week 5.
Day 3
Page 2

$_{\star}$ Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the group:	ij	WHAT CAN HE DO WITH THE SCISSORS?
If necessary, model the response:	ï	Tell me HE CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE SCISSORS.
	GRP:	HE CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE SCISSORS.
Call on another child. Give him a crayon.	 H	Ask them: WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS CRAYON?
If necessary, model the response:	T:	Tell him: YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.
	GRP:	YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON. MAKE A DOT
	<mark>ប</mark>	I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON. MAKE A DOT
Ask the group:	T:	WHAT CAN HE DO WITH THE CRAYON?
If necessary, model the response:	· H	Tell me: HE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.
	GRP:	HE CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON. SHE

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Repert the above drill with each instrument used the previous day: pen, knife, pencil, crayon, scissors. Be sure each child has a chance to "Play teacher".

Year 2
Week 5
Day 3
Page 3

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Take a sheet of paper and a green crayon. Hold up the crayon and say:	ij	I'M GOING TO DRAW A TREE WITH THE GREEN CRAYON.
Draw the tree. Then say:	Ħ	I DREW THE TREE WITH THE GREEN CRAYON.
Now say:	H	I'M GOING TO COLOR THE TREE WITH THE GREEN CRAYON.
Color the tree. Then say:	 H	I COLORED THE TREE WITH THE GREEN CRAYON.
Ask the children:	Ħ	WHAT DID I COLOR THE TREE WITH?
If necessary, model the response:	ä	Tell me: YOU COLORED THE TREE WITH THE GREEN CRAYON.
	GRP:	YOU COLORED THE TREE WITH THE GREEN CRAYON.
Now call on a child. Give him a red crayon. Say:	T.	YOU CAN DRAW A TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.
Before he begins, tell him:	:. [1	Tell them: I'M GOING TO DRAW A TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.
	ü	I'M GOING TO DRAW A TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.
Before he begins, say to the group:	T:	HE'S GOING TO DRAW A TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.
	H :	Repeat, please: HE'S GOING TO DRAW A TREE WITH SHE'S THE SED CRAYON.
	GRP:	HE'S GOING TO DRAW A TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.

S Ask the children Color the tree.

Year 2
Week 5
Day 3
Page 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
After the child finishes drawing the tree, ask him:	: H	WHAT DID YOU DRAW WITH THE RED CRAYON?
Model the response:	H.	Tell me: I DREW A TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.
	ö	I DREW A TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.
Ask the group:	•" E-1	WHAT DID HE DRAW THE TREE WITH?
Model the response:	Ë	Tell me: HE DREW THE TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.
	GRP:	HE DREW THE TREE WITH THE RED CRAYON.
Call on another child. Give him a blue crayon. Tell him:	Ţ	YOU CAN DRAW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON.
Before he begins, tell him:	T:	Tell them: I'M GOING TO DRAW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON.
	ö	I'M GOING TO DRAW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON.
Before he segins, say to the group:	T:	HE'S GOING TO DRAW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON.
	 E+	Repeat, please: HE'S GOING TO DRAW A HOUSE WITH SHE'S THE BLUE CRAYON.
	: dag	HE'S GOING TO DRAW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON.
After he finishes, ask him:	ë	WHAT DID YOU DRAW WITH THE BLUE CRAYON?

Year 2 Week 5 Day 3 Page 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
If necessary, model the response:	ï.	Tell me: I DREW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON
	່ວ	I DREW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON.
Ask the group::	:	WHAT DID HE DRAW WITH THE BLUE CRAYON?
If necessary, model the response:	: .	Tell me: HE DREW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON.
10	GRP:	HE DREW A HOUSE WITH THE BLUE CRAYON
DEMONSTRATE:		
Use paint and a brush. Hold up the brush and say:	:	I'M GOING TO PAINT AN APPLE WITH THIS BRUSH.
Paint the apple. Hold it up and say:	ï.	I PAINTED AN APPLE WITH THE BRUSH.
Now say:	H	I'M GOING TO PAINT A CAR WITH THIS BRUSH.
Paint the car. Hold it up and say:	ı:	I PAINTED A CAR WITH THE BRUSH.
Now say:	:• E=1	I'M GOING TO PAINT A FLOWER WITH THIS BRUSH.
Paint the flower. Hold it up and say:	 	I PAINTED A FLOWER WITH THE BRUSH.
Now give the brush to a child. Tell him:	T:	YOU CAN PAINT AN APPLE WITH THIS BRUSH.
Before he begins, tell him:	: H	Tell them: I'M GOING TO PAINT AN APPLE WITH THIS BRUSH.
	 :	I'M GOING TO PAINT AN APPLE WITH THIS BRUSH.

ERIC

Year 2
Week 6
Day 3
Page 6

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Before he begins, tell the group:	:I.	HE'S GOING TO PAINT AN APPLE WITH THE BRUSH.
	•• H	Repeat, please. HE'S GOING TO PAINT AN APPLE WITH SHE'S THE BRUSH.
	GRP:	HE'S GOING TO PAINT AN APPLE WITH THE BRUSH.
After he finishes, ask him:	: :	WHAT DID YOU PAINT WITH THE BRUSH?
Model the response if necessary:	T:	Tell me: I PAINTED AN APPLE WITH THE BRUSH.
	::0	I PAINTED AN APPLE WITH THE BRUSH.
	T	WHAT DID HE PAINT WITH THE BRUSH?
Model the response if necessary:	т :	Tell me: HE PAINTED AN APPLE WITH THE BRUSH.
	GRP:	HE PAINTED AN APPLE WITH THE BRUSH.
Repeat this drill with every child. Have them use either crayons or brushes and draw or paint a house, a car, a flower, a box, a tree, an apple, etc.		

REINFORCEMENT PART II.

Year Week Day Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Save the pictures that the children have drawn. As each child finishes, jot his name down on the back of the picture. Now hold up the first picture and say:	T.	WHO DREW THIS HOUSE?
If necessary, model the response:	Ë	Tell me: (Name) DREW THE HOUSE.
13	GRP:	(Name) DREW THE HOUSE.
Have the child come up. Ask him:	T:	WHO DREW THIS HOUSE?
If necessary, model the response:	Ţ	Tell me: I DREW THE HOUSE.
	ö	I DREW THE HOUSE.
Ask him:	T:	WHAT DID YOU DRAW THE HOUSE WITH?
If necessary, model the response:	H	Tell me: I DREW THE HOUSE WITH A CRAYON. THE BLUE CRAYON.
	:	I DREW THE HOUSE WITH A CRAYON. THE BLUE CRAYON.
Tell him:	Ħ	Ask them: WHAT DID I DRAW THE HOUSE WITH?
	ິວ	WHAT DID I DRAW THE HOUSE WITH?
Model the response:	Ħ ::	Tell him: YOU DREW THE HOUSE WITH A CRAYON. THE BLUE CRAYON.
	GRP:	YOU DREW THE HOUSE WITH A CRAYON. THE BLUE CRAYON.

Year 2
Week 5
Day 3

Instructions to the teacher	ASpeaker	Exchange
Tell the child:	: H	I'M GOING TO PUT YOUR NAME ON YOUR PICTURE.
Tell the group:		I CAN WRITE (Name) 'S NAME.
Write his name on the picture.		
Hold up another picture. Say:	T:	WHO PAINTED THIS APPLE?
If necessary, model the response:	ï.	Tell me: (Name) PAINTED THE APPLE.
	GRP:	(Name) PAINTED THE APPLE.
Have the child come up. Ask him:	: E	WHO PAINTED THIS APPLE?
If necessary, model the response:	:	Tell me: I PAINTED THE APPLE WITH A BRUSH.
	ü	I PAINTED THE APPLE WITH A BRUSH.
Tell him:	ij	Ask them: WHAT DID I PAINT THE APPLE WITH?
Model the response if necessary:	T:	Tell him: YOU PAINTED THE APPLE WITH A BRUSH.
	GRP:	YOU PAINTED THE APPLE WITH A BRUSH.
Tell him:	 E1	I'M GOING TO PUT YOUR NAME ON YOUR PICTURE.
Tell the group:	ë	I CAN WRITE (Name)'S NAME.
Write his name on the picture.		
Repeat with each child.		

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Possessive Pronouns: MY, YOUR, HIS, HER. Expression of Future with BE + GOING TO + VERB. construction. Past Tense: Irregualr and Regular Verb. REVIEW PATTERNS:

7 2 5 7 Day _ Page _ Year Week

NEW PATTERNS: Questions in Past Tense involving Instrumental Clauses.

Comb, brush, ïile, clip (Verbs) Comb, brush, file, clippers (Nouns) NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

Pencils and paper, hairbrush, toothbrush, clothes brush, fingernail brush; comb, fingernail file, nail clippers, manicure scissors. MATERIALS NEEDED:

NOTE: Be sure that the scissors, file and clippers are harmless "toy" instruments and that all actions with all the instruments are make believe actions.

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

	,	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Hold up a pencil and paper. Say:	Ţ:	I'M GOING TO WRITE MY NAME ON THE PAPER.
Print your name. Hold it up and say:	 :	THIS IS MY NAME.
	:	I WROTE MY NAME ON THE PAPER.
Give the pencil and paper to a child.	·	
Tell him:	ï.	(Name), YOU CAN WRITE YOUR NAME ON THE PAPER.
Before he begins, tell him:	 H	Tell them: I'M GOING TO WRITE MY NAME ON THE PAPER.
	;	I'M GOING TO WRITE MY NAME ON THE PAPER.
Before he begins, tell the group:	T.	Tell me: HE'S GOING TO WRITE HIS NAME ON THE PAPER.
	GRP:	HE'S GOING TO WRITE HIS NAME ON THE PAPER.

Year 2
Week 5
Day 4
Page 2

	-	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the child:	T.	WHAT DID YOU WRITE ON THE PAPER?
Model the response:	ij	Tell me: I WROTE MY NAME ON THE PAPER.
	ü	I WROTE MY NAME ON THE PAPER.
Tell him:	T:	Ask them: WHAI DID I WRITE ON THE PAPER?
	ິວ	WHAT DID I WRITE ON THE PAPER?
Model the response:	 	Tell him: YOU WROTE YOUR NAME ON THE PAPER.
Ask the group:	T:	WHAT DID HE WRITE ON THE PAPER?
If necessary, model the response:	T:	Tell me: HE WROTE HIS NAME ON THE PAPER.
	GRP:	HE WROTE HIS NAME ON THE PAPER.
Ask the group:	T:	WHAT DID HE WRITE HIS NAME WITH?
If necessary, model the response:	 • #	Tell me: HE WROTE HIS NAME WITH A PENCIL.
	GRP:	HE WROTE HIS NAME WITH A PENCIL.

Repeat this exercise with every child, helping each one to write his name and asking all the above questions.

Year 2 Week 5 Day 4 Page 3	er Exchange	THIS IS A COMB.	I'M GOING TO COMB MY HAIR WITH THE COMB.	I COMBED MY HAIR WITH THE COMB.		THIS IS A BRUSH.	I'M GOING TO BRUSH MY HAIR WITH THE BRUSH.	I BRUSHED MY HAIR WITH THE BRUSH.	THIS IS A BRUSH.	I'M GOING TO BRUSH MY NAILS WITH THE BRUSH.	I BRUSHED MY NAILS WITH THE BRUSH.		YOU CAN BRUEI YOUR NAILS WITH THE BRUSH.	Tell me: I'M GOING TO BRUSH MY NAILS WITH THE BRUSH.	I'M GOING TO BRUSH MY NAILS WITH THE BRUSH.
	Speaker	H	ä	 H		Ë	ı. L	ı.	H	H	Ë		∷ ⊢	H	:
	Instructions to the teacher	DEMONSTRATE: Hold up the comb. Tell the children:		Pantomime the action. Then say:	Point to your hair as you say "HAIR". and to the comb as you say "COMB."	Hold up the hairbrush. Tell them:		Pantomime the action. Then say:	Hold up the nailbrush. Tell them:		Pantomime the action. Then say:	Repeat with the clothesbrush and the toothbrush.	Give a child one of the brushes (for example, the fingernail brush). Tell him:	Before he begins, tell him:	Break up the sentence into logical pieces for repetition: I'm going to/ brush my nails/ with the brush.

H

Tell him:

Year 2 Week 5 Day 4 Page 5	Speaker Exchange	T: I FILED MY NAILS WITH THE FILE.	T: THESE ARE SCISSORS.	T: I'M GOING TO CUT MY NAILS WITH THE SCISSORS.	T: I CUT MY NAILS WITH THE SCISSORS.		T: YOU CAN FILE YOUR NAILS WITH THE FILE.	T: Tell me: I'M GOING TO FILE MY NAILS WITH THE FILE.	C: I'M GOING TO FILE MY NAILS WITH THE FILE.	T: WEAT DID YOU DO WITH THE FILE?	T: Tell me: I FILED MY NAILS WITH THE FILE.	C: I FILED MY NAILS WITH THE FILE.	T: Ask them: WHAT DID I DO WITH THE FILE?	C: WHAT DID I DO WITH THE FILE?	T: Tell him: YOU FILED YOUR NAILS WITH THE FILE.	GRP: YOU FILED YOUR NAILS WITH THE FILE.	
	Instructions to the teacher	Pantomime the action. Then say:	Hold up the manicure scissors. Say:		Pantomime the action. Then say:	Give a child one of the instruments.	L Tell him:	Before he begins, tell him:	•	After he finishes, ask him:	Model the response:		Tell him:		Model the response;		Repeat with the other instruments, giving each child a chance to use them.

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REVIEW PATTERNS: YES/NO Questions and Responses Instrumental Clauses

Year 2
Week 5
Day 5
Page 1

NEW PATTERNS: YES/NO Questions involving Instrumental Clauses

MATERIALS NEEDED: Pencils, paper, crayons, pens, scissors, knife; fingernail file, fingernail clippers.

FOR EVALUATION: Above materials plus paintbrush, nailbrush, toothbrush, clother brush, manicure scissors, and a doll.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Have all the objects on a table. Ask the children:	:	WHAT CAN I WRITE MY NAME WITH?
Let the children guess. Answer with:	T:	YES, I CAN WRITE MY NAME WITH THE PENCIL. PEN CRAYON
Then ask the children:	: :	CAN I WRITE MY NAME WITH A FILE?
Say as you shake your head:	: H	NO, I CAN'T. I CAN'T WRITE MY NAME WITH A FILE.
Tell them:	T:	Tell me: NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T WRITE YOUR NAME WITH A FILE.
	GRP:	NO, YOU CAN'I. YOU CAN'I WRITE YOUR NAME WITH A FILE.
Ask them:	ij.	CAN I WRITE MY NAME WITH THE SCISSORS?
Say:	£-1	NO, I CAN'T. I CAN'T WRITE MY NAME WITH THE SCISSORS.

Year 2 Week 5. Day 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model the response.	: :	Tell me: NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T WRITE YOUR NAME WITH THE SCISSORS.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GRP:	NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T WRITE YOUR NAME WITH THE SCISSORS.
Now call on a child. Tell him:	T:	Ask them: WHAT CAN I CUT THE PAPER WITH?
	ö	WHAT CAN I CUT THE PAPER WITH?
Let the children guess. Tell the child:	 H	Tell them: YES, I CAN GUT THE PAPER WITH THE SCISSORS. KNIFE.
	ະ	YES, I CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE SCISSORS.
Tell the child:	T:	Ask them: CAN I CUT THE PAPER WITH THE PENCIL?
	ပံ	CAN I CUT THE PAPER WITH THE PENCIL?
Model the response:	ï	Tell him: NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T GUT THE PAPER WITH THE PENCIL.
	GRP:	NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T CUT THE PAPER WITH THE PENCIL.
Tell the child:	ж	Ask them: CAN I CUT THE PAPER WITH THE KNIFE?
	ິວ	CAN I CUT THE PAPER WITH THE KNIFE?

Tell him: YES, YOU CAN. YOU CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE KNIFE.

YES, YOU CAN. YOU CAN CUT THE PAPER WITH THE KNIFE.

GRP:

ä

Model the response:

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Year 2 Week 5 Day 5 Page 3	

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Call on another child. Tell him:	T:	Ask them: WHAT CAN I DRAW A CIRCLE WITH?
	Again let the children guess. Tell him:	:: H	Tell them: YES I CAN CRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL PEN CRAYON.
		ü	YES, I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL PEN CRAYON.
14	Tell the child:	ï	Ask them: CAN I DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE BRUSH?
3		ü	CAN I DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE BRUSH?
	Model the response:	ä	Tell him: NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE BRUSH.
		GRP:	NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE BRUSH.
	Tell the child:	H	Ask them: CAN I DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE COMB?
		ü	CAN I DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE COMB?
	Model the response:	•• H	Tell him: NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE COMB.
		GRP	NO, YOU CAN'T. YOU CAN'T DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE COMB.
	Tell the child:	ij	Ask them: CAN I DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PEN?
		ö	CAN I DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PEN?
	Model the response:	ī.	Tell him: YES, YOU CAN. YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PEN.
		GRP:	YES, YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PEN.

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PART II. EVALUATION

English instruction , and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty. The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of

2	5	'n	4
Year	Week	Day	Page_

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	1 11 11	orrec
ITEM I Hand the child a pair of scissors WEEK 2 and some paper and tell him: DAY 2 DAY 3 He must demonstrate his comprehension DAY 5 by doing what you asked.	ë.	YOU CAN CUT TRE PAPER WITH THESE SCISSORS.	2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM II Hold up a paint brush and ask: WEEK 5 DAY 3 Minimal response:	G. T.	WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS BRUSH? PALNI. OI PAINT A HOUSE (AN APPLE, A CAR, ETC.)	
ITEM III Lay out 3 crayons, red, green and WEEK 5 blue. Tell the child: DAY 2 DAY 3 Child must make a dot. Then point to the dot and say: Minimal response: Child should name the correct color.	H H:	YOU CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE GREEN CRAYON. IS THIS A RED DOT? NO, IT'S GREEN. Or NO, IT'S A GREEN DOT.	

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EVALUATION (Continued)

 Year
 2

 Week
 5

 Day
 5

 Page
 5

Instruct	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student:	<pre>C = Correct</pre>
ر سا	Tell the child:	T:	I'M GOING TO DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PEN.	
DAY 3 Day 4	Then ask him:		WHAT AM I GOING TO DO?	
	Child must respon	ü	YOU'RE GOING TO DRAW A CIRCLE. or DRAW A CIRCLE.	
TEM V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	Give the child a crayon and a sheeet of paper. Tell him:	Ë	(Name), DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON	
	When he finishes, ask him:	T:	WHAT DID YOU DO WITH THE CRAYON?	
	Minimal response:	ü	DREW A CIRCLE.	
ITEM VI WEEK 5 DAY 2	Use the circie that the child drew in Item V. Hand him another crayon and say:	ë H	YOU CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THIS CRAYON.	
	Child must fill in the circle.			
	(Use this same paper for writing the child's name in Item X.)			
			•	

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Year 2 Week 5 Day 5 Page 6	acher Speaker Item and Response Student:	Use the doll and the 4 kinds of brushes brushes (nail, hair, tooth, clothes T: WHAT CAN YOU DO WITH THIS BRUSH?	brush and ask the C: BRUSH HER HAIR. NAILS. TEETH. CLOTHES.	ild perform each action T: SHOW ME.	e nail file. Ask: T: WHAT IS THIS?	ponse: C: A FILE.	CN
EVALUATION (Continued)	Instruction to the teacher	I VII ; 5	DAY 4 Pick up each brush and ask the question:	Have the child perform each action as he names it by saying:	II Hold up the nail file.	WEEK 5 DAY 5 Minimal response:	- 10 V

ITEM IX. Holp up the fingernail clippers. Ask	T:	WHAT ARE THESE?	
WEEK 5 DAY 5 Minimal response:	:	CLIPPERS.	
Ask:	 :	CAN I CLIP MY NAILS WITH THESE CLIPPERS?	
Minimal response:	ü	YES.or YES, YOU CAN. Or other appropriate response.	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

EVALUATION (Continued)

Year 2
Week 5.
Day 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response	Student:	C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 56 7
×ν		·		
DAY 3 used in Items V and VI. DAY 4 Ask him:	H	WHAT DID I DO WITH THIS PENCIL?	IS PENCIL?	
	ະ	WROTE. Or		,
		WROTE MY NAME.		
		YOU WROTE MY NAME. Or other appropriate response.	response.	
			·	

OBJECTIVES

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REVIEW PATTERNS:

- BE + GOING TO + V construction
- Else, Also
- Possession:
- a. Noun's b. Possessive Pronouns: my, your, his, her
- Adverbial clauses: Instrumental
- Past Tense
- a. Declarative statements b. Interrogative with WHAT

NEW PATTERNS:

- Future Aspect with WILL
- Questions involving BE + GOING TO + V construction: a. WHAT
- VERB = give, buy, sell. NP + VERB + NP (Dative) + NP (Accusative)

NEW VOCABULARY:

TOMORROW, BIRTHDAY, PARTY, PRESENT, CAKE, CANDY, ICE CREAM, BALLOONS, FLOWERS, COOKIES, MONEY, BUY/BOUGHT, SELL/SOLD.

MATERIALS NEEDED FOR THE WEEK:

H-M cards: 22, 286, 106, 109, 176.

Play money: Coins and bills

Small toy objects: cards, trucks, boats, balls, pens, pencils, etc. Empty box to serve as cash register.

Small paper sacks.

Pictures of candy and ice cream on cardboard backing.

Week Day

REVIEW DAY

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 7 Item 8 Item 9 Item 4 Item 5 Item 6 Item 1 Item 2 Item 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

EVIEW PATERNS: BE + GOING TO + V construction "GIVE" with dative

Year Week Day Page

NEW PATTERNS: Questions involving BE + GOING TO + V construction

Simple questions WHAT questions **.**

Future Aspect with "WILL"

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Tomorrow, birthday, party, present

MATERIALS NEEDED: None

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

FAKL 1: KEVLEW AND INIKODUCIION		
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Explain the situation in Spanish so the	T:	Vamos a pretender.
children understand what the dialogue means. They have learned what most of		Va a ser un cumpleaños mañana.
the vocabulary means in previous lessons, and are already familiar with all of the patterns, so they should have no trouble		Pretendan que ustedes quieren invitar a sus amigos a una fiesta de cumpleaños.
with this dialogue.*		En Español, pueden decir a sus amigos:
		MAÑANA VA A SER MI CUMPLEAÑOS.
*Note: Four vocabulary items are new:		Y sus amigos pueden preguntar:
birthday, party, friend and present. These will be taught through translations		VA A HACER UNA FIESTA DE CUMPLEAÑOS?
a departure from our standing rule of non- translation for convenience sake.		Y ustedes pueden responder:
		SI! ¿PUEDES VENIR A MI FIESTA?
	<u></u>	¿Que tienen que hacer antes de responder? Tienen que pedir permiso a su mamã, ¿verdad?

ERIC

Instructions to the teacher Spaaker Ustades responden: Teach meaning of 'party', 'birthday', and 'tennelation. See note T: En inglés, 'cumpleaños' se dice 'birthday'. Repitan: 'BIRTHDAY', 'BIRTHDAY'. GRP: 'BIRTHDAY', 'BIRTHDAY'. ETC. T: En inglés, 'mañana' se dice 'tenorrow'. T: En inglés, 'mañana' se dice 'tenorrow'. Todos repitan: TOMORROW. GRP: TOMORROW. T: (Name), ¿OMO SE DICE MARNA EN INGLÉS? C: SE DICE: 'IOMORROW!. T: (Name), ¿OMO SE DICE MARNA EN INGLÉS? C: SE DICE: 'IOMORROW!. ETC. T: Muy bien!			Page 2
party', 'birthday', translation. See note T: GRP: GRP: GRP: T: T: T: T: T: T: T: T:		Speaker	Exchang e
give you translation give you translation T: T: GRP: GR			Ustedes responden:
GRP:	of 'party', 'birthd' via translation.		PRIMERO, TENGO QUE PEDIR PERMISO A MI MAMA.
give you translation T: GRP: GRP: T: T: T: T: T: T:	one.	T:	En inglés, 'cumpleaños' se dice 'birthday'.
give you translation T: C: C: T: T: T: T: T: T:			
give you translation T: C: T: T: T: T: T: T:		GRP:	'BIRTHDAY.'
give you translation T: C: T: T: T: T: T:		-	ETC.
give you translation T: C: T: T: T: T:		Ħ:	En inglés, 'mañana' se dice 'tomorrow'.
give you translation T: C: T: T: T: T: T: T:			
give you translation T: C: T: T: T: T:		GRP:	TOMORROW.
		T:	(Name), ipuedes decirme lo que significa 'Birthday'?
		່ວ	SIGNIFICA 'CUMPLEAÑOS'.
		T.	MUY BIEN.
			ETC.
		T:	(Name), ¿CÓMO SE DICE MAÑANA EN INGLES?
		ö	SE DICE: 'TOMORROW'.
ETC.		ij	¡Muy bien!
			ETC.

Year 2 Week 6 Day 2 Page 3	
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	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
		Ţ:	En Inglés, 'fiesta' se dice 'party'.
			Todos repitan: 'PARTY'.
		GRP:	'PARTY'.
		:L	(Name), ;puedes decirme lo que significa 'party'?
			ETC.
1		T:	Ahora, vamos a pretender en inglés. Voy a decirles que es mi cumpleaños mañana.
52	Say to the children:	: H	II'S MY BIRTHDAY TOMORROW. IT'S MY BIRTHDAY TOMORROW.
	Model for the children:	. .	Entonces: Preguntenme: ¿Va a hacer una fiesta? Ask me: ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE A PARTY?
		GRP:	ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE A PARTY?
		ī.	Y yo les respondo: YES, I AM. CAN YOU COME? Pero ustedes tienen que pedir permiso a su mamâ primero,¿verdad?
	Model for the children:	H	Tell me: I'LL ASK MY MOTHER.
		GRP:	I'LL ASK MY MOTHER.
	Call on two of the children. Say to the first:	ï	Tell him: IT'S MY BIRTHDAY TOMORROW.
		C#1	IT'S MY BIRTHDAY TOMORROW.
	Say to the second child:	ï	Ask him: ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE A PARTY?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	C#2	ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE A PARTY?
Say to the first child:	:. H	Tell him: YES, I AM.
	C#1	YES, I AM.
Say to the first child again:	H.	Ask him: CAN YOU COME?
	C#1	CAN YOU COME?
Say to the second child:	ï	Tell him: I'LL ASK MY MOTHER.
Have these two children change parts and repeat the drill. Then call on two other children. Have them go through the drill and then change roles and repeat it. Then call on the last two children and then change roles and repeat it. Then call on the last two children and do the same the last two children and do the same thing. Be sure that all the children have a chance to go through the drill and the drill.	C#2	I'LL ASK MY MOTHER. ETC.
Now explain the new situation to the children in Spanish as before.	T:	Ahora, vamos a pretender que nosotros estamos pidiendo permiso a nuestra mamã.
		¿Cómo lo pedimos?
		Decimos:
		MI AMIGO VA A HACER UNA FIESTA DE CUMPLEAÑOS. ¿PUEDO IR?

2	9	2	5
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
		¿Y cômo responde?
		Ella responde:
		SI, TU PUEDES IR. VAS A DARLE UN REGALO?
		SI.
		Entonces ella pregunta:
		¿QUE VAS A DARLE?
		Y que dicen ustedes?
		Pueden decir:
		VOY A DARLE UN JUGUETE.
Give translation equivalent for the item "friend."	T:	En inglés, "amigo" se dice "friend." Repitan: FRIEND.
	GRP:	FRIEND.
	T.	¿Que significa "FRIEND"?
	GRP:	Significa amigo.
	H	¡Muy bien! Repitan: FRIEND.
	GRP:	FRIEND.
		Vamos a pretender en inglés. Voy a pretender que soy la madre.
		Diganme que su amigo va a hacer una fiesta de cumpleaños.

	to the teacher Exchange	Break this sentence up for repetition FRIEND" and " HAVE."	GRP: MY FRIE	T: Pidanme	GRP: CAN I GO?	T: YES, YOU C. A PRESENT?	Model the response: T: Tell me:	GRP: YES, I	T: WHAT A	Model the response: Tell me:	GRP: I'M GO	on two children. Say to the T: You ar	Say to the second: T: You ar
Year 2 Week 6 Day 2 Page 6	nge	me: MY FRIEND IS GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.	MY FRIEND IS GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.	Pídanme permiso: CAN I GO?	603	YES, YOU CAN. (Pause) ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM A PRESENT?	me: YES, I AM.	I AM.	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM?	me: I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A TOY.	I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A TOY.	You are the child.	You are the mother.

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Tell him: MY FRIEND IS GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY. Ξ:

MY FRIEND IS GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.

C#1

Ask him; CAN I GO?

I:

Say to the first child again.

Say to the first child:

Exchange CAN I GO? Tell him: YES, YOU CAN. YES, YOU CAN. Ask him: ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM A PRESENT? ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM A PRESENT? Tell him: YES, I AM. YES, I AM. Ask him: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM? WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM? Tell him: I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM? Tell him: I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A TOY. I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A TOY. Now you are the mother. Now you are the child. Tell him: MY FRIEND IS GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY. MY FRIEND IS GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.	Speaker C#1 T: C#2 C#2 C#1 T: C#1 T: C#1 C#1 C#1 C#1 C#1 C#1	Instructions to the teacher Say to the second child: Say to the first child: Say to the first: Say to the second: Say to the second: Say to the second: Say to the second:
	-	
	l 	
MY FRIEND IS GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.	C#2	
	 T	ay to the second child:
Now you are the child.	ï	y to the second:
Now you are the mother.	H	w have the children change roles. y to the first:
I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A TOY.	C#1	
	: I	y to the first child:
WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM?	C#2	
	ï	y to the second child:
YES, I AM.	C#1	
Tell him: YES, I AM.	T:	y to the first child:
ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM A PRESENT?	C#2	
	t;	, to the second child again:
YES, YOU CAN.	C#2	
	T:	to the second child:
CAN I GO?	C#1	
Exchange	Speaker	tructions to the teacher

C

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Say to the first child:	T:	Tell him: YES, YOU CAN.
	C#1	YES, YOU CAN.
Say to the first child again:	Ŧ:	Ask him: ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM A PRESENT?
	C#1	ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM A PRESENT?
Say to the second child:	: :	Tell him: YES, I AM.
	C#2	YES, I AM.

the drill, changing parts and repeating. Then call on the last two children and do Call on two other children and go through the same thing.

II. REINFORCEMENT

Repeat both of the above drills as many times as necessary until the children seem comfortable with them.

•	T:	C#1	T:	C#1	: H	C#2	T:	C#1	H:
	Say to the first child:		Say to the first child again:		Say to the second child:		Say to the first child:		Say to the second child:
	l w		S	•	ဟ		လ		Š

I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A TOY.	† { {
C#2	

Tell him: I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A TOY.

WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM?

Ask him: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM?

ETC.

Questions involving BE + GOING TO + V construction REVIEW PATTERNS: 1. 0

Else, also

"Who" questions involving BE + GOING TO + V construction.

Year Week Day Page

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Cake, candy, ice cream, balloons, cookies, flowers.

H-M 106 and 109 H-M pictures 22 and 286 for balloons and flowers; H-M 106 and 109 for cake, cookies, candy and ice cream pictures cut from magazines and pasted on stiff cardboard. MATERIALS NEEDED:

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE: Say to the group:	: :	I'M GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
Say to a child:	:	ARE YOU GOING TO COME TO MY PARTY?
Model the response:	: H	Tell me: YES, I AM.
	ö	YES, I AM.
Ask another child:	H	ARE YOU GOING TO COME TO MY PARTY?
Model the response if necessary:	••. [-	Tell me: YES, I AM.
	່ວ	YES, I AM.
Repeat with each child in the group. Then say to one child:	ï	Tell me: I'M GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
·	C#1	I'M GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
Say to the group as you point to child #1.	Ë	Tell me: [HE'S] GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
	GRP:	HE'S GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
Say to the group:	T:	Ask him: WHO'S GOING TO COME TO YOUR PARTY?

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2	9	3	2
Year	Week	Day	Page _

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
		GRP:	WHO'S GOING TO COME TO YOUR PARTY?
	Point at one of the other children as you say:	Ţ	Tell them: (Name) IS GOING TO COME.
		C#1	(Name) IS GOING TO COME.
٠	Say to the group:	ij.	Ask him: WHO ELSE IS GOING TO COME?
		GRP:	WHO ELSE IS GOING TO COME?
-	Point at another child as you say to child #1.	: H	Tell them: (Name) IS ALSO GOING TO CO
59		C#1	(Name) IS ALSO GOING TO COME.
)	Say to the group: (Break this up for repetition after "YOU" and "HAVE".)	:	Ask him: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE A
		GRP:	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE AT YOUR PART
	Give the child a picture of a cake. Model the response and have him point to the picture as he says "CAKE":	T:	Tell them: I'M GOING TO HAVE CAKE.
		C#1	I'M GOING TO HAVE CAKE.
	Say to the group:	ï.	Ask him: WHAT ELSE ARE YOU GOING TO HA
		GRP:	WHAT ELSE ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE?
	Give the child a picture of some candy. Model the response and have him point to the picture as he says "CANDY".		

Tell them: (Name) IS ALSO GOING TO COME.	(Name) IS ALSO GOING TO COME.	Ask him: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE AT YOUR	
H	C#1	Ë	noi
you say to			tion after "YOU"

PARTY?
YOUR
AT
HAVE
TO
GOING
YOU
ARE
WHAT
••
GRP

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Year	Week	Day	Page	

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	C#1	I'M ALSO GOING TO HAVE CANDY.
Call on another child. Say to him:	: H	Tell me: I'M GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
	C#2	I'M GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
Say to the group:	Ë	Tell me: HE'S GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
	GRP:	HE'S GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY PARTY.
Say to the group:	 H	Ask him: WHO'S GOING TO COME TO YOUR PARTY?
	GRP:	WHO'S GOING TO COME TO YOUR PARTY?
Point at one of the other children as you say to child #2:	ä	Tell them: (Name) IS GOING TO COME.
	C#2	(Name) IS GOING TO COME.
Say to the group:	ä	Ask him: WHO ELSE IS GOING TO COME?
	GRP:	WHO ELSE IS GOING TO COME?
Point at another child as you say to child #2:	Ë	Tell them: (Name) IS ALSO GOING TO COME.
	C#2	(Name) IS ALSO GOING TO COME.
Say to the group:	ï	Ask him: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE AT YOUR PARTY?
	GRP:	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE AT YOUR PARTY?

		Week 6 Day 3 Page 4
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Give the child a picture of balloons. Model the response and have him point to the		
ure as he says "BALLOONS".	H	Tell them: I'M GOING TO HAVE BALLOONS.
	C#2	I'M GOING TO HAVE BALLOONS.
Say to the group:	T:	Ask him: WHAT ELSE ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE?
	GRP:	WHAT ELSE ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE?
Give the the responding	. H	Tell them: I'M ALSO GOING TO HAVE ICE CREAM.
Repeat with the remaining children. Use the words "FLOWERS" and "COOKIES" and the accompanying pictures, as well as the pictures and words already used.		
	<u>r</u>	

II. REINFORCEMENT	O	Year 2 Week 6 Day 3 Page 5
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Say to the group:	ij	WHO'S GOING TO HAVE A PARTY?
Say to one child:	ï.	Tell me: I AM. I'M GOING TO HAVE A PARTY.
	ö	I AM. I'M GOING TO HAVE A PARTY.
Say to the group:	ı:	WHO'S GOING TO HAVE A PARTY?
Model:	ë.	Tell me: HE IS. HE'S GOING TO HAVE A PARTY.
162	GRP:	HE IS. HE'S GOING TO HAVE A PARTY. SHE
Say to the child:	Τ:	WHO'S GOING TO COME TO YOUR PARTY?
Point to the other children and model:	: :	Tell me: THEY ARE. THEY'RE GOING TO COME.
Say to the group:	ë :	WHO'S GOING TO COME TO HIS PARTY?
Mode1:	::	Tell me: WE ARE. WE'RE GOING TO COME.
	GRP:	WE ARE. WE'RE GOING TO COME.
Repeat with each child.		

WHAT Questions involving BE + GOING TO + V construction REVIEW PATTERNS:

Year Week Day Page

Instrumental Clauses
Possession: 1. N + apostrophe + s
2. Pronouns

NEW PATTERNS: Past tense questions with WHAT: Tense attachment on "DO"

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Money, buy/bought

MATERIALS NEEDED:

Play money: coins and bills
Small toy objects: cars, trucks, boats, balls, pencils, pens, crayons.
Empty box
Small paper sacks.

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Exchange			IT'S (Name);S BIRTHDAY TOMORROW. Repeat please.	IT'S (Name)'S BIRTHDAY TOMORROW.	HE'S GOING TO HAVE A PARTY. SHE'S Repeat, please.	HE'S GOING TO HAVE A PARTY.	WE'RE GOING TO GIVE HIM PRESENTS.
Speaker			ë	GRP:	 H	GRP:	 :
Instructions to the teacher	Have a table set up with the following objects on it: the toy objects listed above; an empty box for a "cash register"; and some small paper sacks.	REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION	Say to the group:				

2	9	4	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP:	WE'RE GOING TO GIVE HIM PRESENTS.
Say to the group:	T:	I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM PRESENTS.
Say to one of the children:	H :•	(Name), WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM, ?
Model, if necessary:	Ħ :	Tell me: I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A HER
(Let the child look at the table and name an object.)	ü	I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A HER
Say to another child:	T:	(Name), WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM?
Model, if necessary:	ë.	Tell me: I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A HER
(Agaîn, let the child name an object.)	ü	I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A HER
Repeat this with each child.		
Now explain in Spanish that we are going to give the child presents for his/her birthday and that we must somehow set	ë	isi! Vamos a darle muchos regalos, pero primero, tenemos que comprarlos.
		Vamos a comprarlos. ¿A donde debemos ir?
		¡Si' ¡A una tienda donde se venden juguetes!

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bills and say: GRP: THIS IS MONEY.
Now hold up your money and say:
y: THAT'
a clitte a money and say.

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Tell me: THIS IS MY MONEY.

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Say to him:

Model:

THIS IS MY MONEY.

SHOW ME YOUR MONEY.

Year 2 Week 6 Day 4 Page 4			2	HIS MONEY.	· .		Υ.	IS MY MONEY.		₹.	HIS MONEY	Y	NT A CAR?
	Exchange	THIS IS MY MONEY.	THAT'S HIS MONEY	Tell me: THAT'S	THAT'S HIS MONEY HER	THAI'S YOUR MONEY.	SHOW ME YOUR MONEY	Tell me: THIS IS	THIS IS MY MONEY.	THAT'S HIS MONEY.	Tell me: THAT'S	THAT'S HIS MONEY	(Name), DO YOU WANT A CAR?
\bigcirc	Speaker	:0	:	 H	GRP:	H	T:	ı:	ü	ë	ï	GRP:	 H
	Instructions to the teacher		Say to the group, pointing to the same child's money:	Model, and have them point with you:		Say to another child, pointing to his money:	Say to him:	Mode1:		Say to the group, pointing to the child's money:	Model:		Now go to the table. Stand behind it as if you were a storekeeper. Call a child to come up. Say to him:

ERIC

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ÿ	YES YES, I DO.
	.: H:	YOU CAN BUY A CAR WITH YOUR MONEY.
Before he begins any action, model for him:	:	Tell me: I CAN BUY A CAR WITH MY MONEY.
	ü	I CAN BUY A CAR WITH MY MONEY.
Put the car in a paper sack. Take the child's money at the same time that you give him the car. Say to the group:	Ë	Tell me: HE CAN BUY A CAR WITH HIS MONEY.
	GRP:	HE CAN BUY A CAR WITH HIS MONEY.
Call another child to the table. Say to him:	T:	(Name), DO YOU WANT A BALL?
	ü	YES. YES, I DO.
Before he begins, say:	: :	YOU CAN BUY A BALL WITH YOUR MONEY.
Model for him:	H:	Tell me: I CAN BUY A BALL WITH MY MONE
	ü	I CAN BUY A BALL WITH MY MONEY.
Put the ball in a paper sack. Take the child's money at the same time that you give him the ball. Say to the group:	:	Tell me: HE CAN BUY A BALL WITH HIS MONEY.
	GRP:	HE CAN BUY A BALL WITH HIS MONEY SHE

Year 2 Week 6 Day 4 Page 6

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	II. REINFORCEMENT		
•	Have the children hold their paper sacks on their laps. Ask one child:	 	(Name), WHAT DID YOU BUY WITH YOUR MONEY? SHOW ME.
	Child should open his sack and show the object. Then say to him:	Ţ.	Tell me: I BOUGHT A WITH MY MONEY.
		ö	I BOUGHT A WITH MY MONEY.
100	Say to another child:	ë.	(Name), WHAT DID YOU BUY WITH YOUR MONEY? SHOW ME.
	After he shows the object, say:	Ξ.	Tell me: I BOUGHT A WITH MY MONEY.
** *	Repeat with each child.	ပံ	I BOUGHT A WITH MY MONEY.

EVIEW FOERNS: Money, buy/bought

NEW PATTERNS: Buy and sell with Dative: "I can sell You a car."

Year Week Day

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Sell

Play money: Coins and bills Small toy objects: cars, tru MATERIALS NEEDED:

cars, trucks, boats, balls, pencils, pens, crayons

Empty box Small paper sacks

Pencil and paper MATERIALS FOR EVALUATION: Same as above, plus:

H-M CARDS 22, 286, 106, 109 plus pictures of candy Red pencil, red ball, red crayon

and ice cream on cardboard backing.

REVIEW AND INTEGRACTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Everyone should have play money, as on Day 4. The table is set up with the toy objects, the empty box, and the paper sacks on it.		
Stand behind the table. Call child #1 to you. Say to bim:	Ë	(Name), DO YOU HAVE MONEY?
	ü	YES. I DO.
	T:	SHOW ME YOUR MONEY.
Child does so. Then model:	:	Tell me: THIS IS MY MONEY.
	ដ	THIS IS MY MONEY.
Say to him (naming several items and pointing to each.)	 H	SELL
		I CAN SELL YOU A CRAYON.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the child:	T.	WHAT DO YOU WANT?
Let the child name an object:	ö	I WANT A (CAR).
	÷.	YOU HAVE MONEY. YOU CAN BUY A <u>(CAR)</u> FROM ME.
Model for him:	:	Tell me: I CAN BUY A (CAR) FROM YOU.
	ü	I CAN BUY A (CAR) FROM YOU.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT CAN [HE] BUY FROM ME?
Model the response:	•• E-i	Tell me: HE CAN BUY A (CAR) FROM YOU.
	GRP:	HE CAN BUY A (CAR) FROM YOU.
Put the object in a bag and give it to the child at the same time that you take his money.		
Then say to him:	ë	WHAT DID YOU BUY FROM ME?
Model:	ë H	Tell me: I BOUGHT A (CAR) FROM YOU.
	:	I BOUGHT A (CAR) FROM YOU.
Ask the group:	:	WHAT DID HE BUY FROM ME?
	GRP:	HE BOUGHT A (CAR) FROM YOU.

ERIC.

Speaker Exchange	C: WHAT DID I SELL YOU?	T: Tell me: YOU SOLD ME A (CAR).	C: YOU SOLD ME A (CAR).	T: WHAT DID I SELL HIM ?	T: Tell me: YOU SOLD HIM A (CAR).	GRP: YOU SOLD HIM A (CAR).	T: (Name), DO YOU HAVE MONEY?				T: (Name), ask him: DO YOU HAVE MONEY?	C#1 DO YOU HAVE MONEY?	T: Tell him: YES, I DO.
Instructions to the teacher Sp	Say to the child:	Model the response:		Say to the group:	Model the response:	171	Repeat this same drill with every child. Call each child to the table and start with.	Then continue as above from page 1 through page 2.	II. REINFORCEMENT	Now let the children take turns acting as storekeeper. Call on two children. Have one stand behind the table as "storekeeper" and the other stand in front of the table as "buyer."	Say to the first child (storekeeper):		Say to child #2

Year 2
Week 6
Day 5
Page 4

- '	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
		C#2	YES, I DO.
••,	Say to child #1:	:	Tell him: SHOW ME YOUR MONEY.
	Child #2 should do so. Then say to child #1:	T:	Tell him: I CAN SELL YOU A CAR.
	•	C#1	I CAN SELL YOU A CAR.
	To child #1:	Ħ	Tell him: I CAN SELL YOU A BOAT.
		C#1	I CAN SELL YOU A BOAT.
	To child #1:	 H	Tell him: I CAN SELL YOU A TRUCK.
72		C#1	I CAN SELL YOU A TRUCK.
	Now say to child #1:	•• [H	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU WANT?
		C#1:	WHAT DO YOU WANT?
	Let child #2 name an object:	C#2	I WANT A
	Say to child #1:	T:	Tell him: YOU HAVE MONEY.
		C#1	YOU HAVE MONEY.
	Say to child #1:	T:	Tell him: YOU CAN BUY A FROM ME.
		C#1	YOU CAN BUY A FROM M.F.
	Help the children complete the transaction if necessary. Child #1 should put the object in a paper sack and give it to child #2, at the same time taking his money. He puts the money in the box.		

j			
		Day 5	
	·		

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Say to child #1:	÷.	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU BUY FROM ME?
	C#1	WHAT DID YOU BUY FROM ME?
Say to child #2:	.: .:	Tell him: I BOUGHT A FROM YOU.
	C#2	I BOUGHT A FROM YOU.
Say to child #1, pointing to the group:	: H	Ask them: WHAT DID $ \overline{\text{HE}} $ BUY FROM ME? $ \underline{\text{SHE}} $
	C#1:	WHAT DID HE BUY FROM ME?
Model the response:	Ë	Tell him HE BOUGHT A FROM YOU.
	GRP:	HE BOUGHT A YOU.
Say to child #1:	 H	Ask him: WHAT DID I SELL YOU?
	C#1	WHAT DID I SELL YOU?
Say to child #2:	.: :	Tell him: YOU SOLD ME A
	C#2	YOU SOLD ME A
Say to child #1, pointing to group:	T:	Ask them: WHAT DID I SELL HIM ?
	C#1	WHAT DID I SELL HIM ?
Say to the group:	T:	Tell him: YOU SOLD HIM A HER

Year 2
Week 6
Day 5
Page 6 HIM Exchange YOU SOLD GRP: Speaker If there is time, allow the children to change roles and repeat the drill again. Repeat this drill with all the children, allowing one to play storekeeper and to play buyer, each time. Instructions to the teacher

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually, Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

2	9	5	7
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student	C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
! ~ ~	T:	YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE.	
	ï.	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO?	
_	ö	DRAW A CIRCLE.	
DAY 3 DAY 4 After he draws it, ask him:	ï.	WHAT DID YOU DO?	
Minimal response:	: :	DREW A CIRCLE.	
ITEM II. Have a pencil and paper in your WEEK 6	Ţ:	I'M GOING TO DRAW A CIRCLE.	
	ij	WHO'S GOING TO DRAW A CIRCLE?	
DAY Minimal response:	ü	YOU ARE. Or YOU'RE GOING TO DRAW A CIRCLE.	
ITEM III. Show the child H-M picture 176 (a birthday party). Point to one WEEK 6 of the children in the picture and DAY 2 say: DAY 3 Leave the sentence uncompleted. DAY 4 The child should say:	ë ë	IT'S HIS BIRTHDAY TODAY. HE'S HAVING A PARTY. Or BIRTHDAY PARTY.	

Year 2 Week 6 Day 5

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EVALUATION (continued)

Instructi	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response	Student:	C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
ITEM IV. WEEK 6 DAY 3	Show the child, one by one, the pictures of cake, cookies, flowers, balloons, cand, and ice cream. Ask him as you present each one:	T:	WHAT'S THIS? Or WHAT ARE THESE?		
00	Child should identify the pictures correctly.				
ITEM V.	Give the child play money coins and bills.				
	Ask him:	T:	WHAT IS THIS?		
i	Minimal response:	:	MONEY. Or THIS IS MONEY.		
ITEM VI. WEEK 6	Child has play money coins and bills. Show him some small objects and ask him:	: :	WHAT CAN YOU BUY WITH YOUR MONEY?	OUR MONEY?	
	Minimal response:	ប ៉	A CAR (TRUCK, BALL, ETC.). Or I CAN BUY A CAR (TRUCK,	.). ;, BALL, ETC.)	

ERIC.

EVALUATION (continued)

Year

Week Day

/= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 C= Correct Student: Tell me: I BOUGHT A CAR FROM YOU. Page YOU CAN SELL ME A PEN. (BALL, etc.) (Pause) THE Tell me: I SOLD YOU A PEN. YOU HAVE MONEY. YOU CAN BUY A CAR FROM ME. I BOUGHT A CAR FROM YOU. THE PENCIL IS ALSO RED. CRAYON IS ALSO RED. WHAT ELSE IS RED, Item and Response THE BALL IS RED. I SOLD YOU A PEN. I HAVE MONEY. THE PENCIL. Speaker : : Ë ij Ë Ë ပ ပံ objects and an empty box for "cash register." Have some money in your as a pair of scissors, a green car, and a white sheet of paper. Say to He should select the car and offer a red pencil on the table, as well Have a red ball, a red crayon, and you the money. Take it and give him the car. Then say to him: Change places with the child and give him the play money. Say to He should give you the object. On the table are some small Say to the child: Then say to him: Minimal response: Instructions to the teacher to the child: hand. him: ITEM VIII. ITEM VII. ITEM IX. WEEK 6 DAY 5 9 12 WEEK 6 DAY 3 WEEK DAY

OBJECTIVES

C

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help need want + dk ij NEW PATTERNS:

Eg. "I want you to stir the cake."
"I'll help you stir the cake." (to) + Sentence.

Verb Verb = Need. +

How much?

Here/there 4.

Dollar, cents

What color? 9

Wrap/wrapped, candles, store, plate, cup, napkin, fork, spoon, NEW VOCABULARY:

set the table, cake mix/mix, cake batter/batter, stir, egg, pan, oven, place mat, dollar, fifty cents, costs/cost, bring/brought.

REVIEW PATTERNS:

Past tense forms: Buy/bought, Put/put. Benefactives constructions

Money terms

2) Pronouns Possessives: 1) Noun + s

Color adjectives

Else/also

MATERIALS:

ļ

Day 2: Teddy Bear; small toys; box, 2 or 3 sheets wrapping paper, ribbon, ribbon bows.

Day 3: Play money (coins and bills); Bear; paper and pencil: H-M pictures 22, 106; magazine pictures of cake mix, candy

At store: muffin mix, candles, balloons, candy, cupcake papers.

stapler, paste, crayons; already cut triangles, squares, flowers, circles. Real money: \$2.00 Day 4: Bear; Materials for party hats: 12" by 16" construction paper. Materials for setting table: place mats, toy dishes, forks, spoons, knives, napkins.

Day 5: Muffin mix, eggs, water, cup, bowl, fork, muffin pan, cupcake papers.

Wrapped presents, balloons, candy, paper hats. Bear, set of toy dishes.

REVIEW DAY

Year Week Day

The state of the s

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 8 Item 7 Item 9 Item 4 Item 6 Item 5 Item 1 Item 2 Item 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

REVIEW PATTERNS: Benefactive Phrases (for + Noun/Proncun)
Re + coine to + Verh construction to express

Be + going to + Verb construction to express future

Year 2 Week 7 Day 2 PAGE 1

NEW PATTERNS: NP + help need

'help' + NP + Sentence H dN

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Past tense: Wrap/wrapped Ribbon

Bow

two or three pieces of paper cut to size of box, ribbon bows, ribbon A Teddy Bear (stuffed bear); smail toys (one for each child); box, cut to go around box. MATERIALS NEEDED:

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Children are seated in a circle. You have a table beside you with the following objects on it: stuffed bear; box, wrapping paper, ribbon bows and ribbon. Each child holds a small toy. You have one also.		
Let the children hold the bear and say:	::	THIS IS POOH BEAR.
	:	Repeat, please: THIS IS POOH BEAR.
	GRP:	THIS IS POOH BEAR.
Say to the group:	ij.	HE'S GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY. ARE YOU GOING TO COME TO HIS PARTY?
If necessary, model:	T:	Tell me: YES, WE ARE.
	GRP:	YES, WE APE.
	•	

CERC

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Hold up your toy object and say:	Ħ:	I BOUGHT THIS CAR. (BALL, BOAT, ETC.) I'M GOING TO GIVE IT TO POOH BEAR.
Point to the wrappings and say:	T:	BUT FIRST, I'M GOING TO WRAP IT.
Put the toy in the box, fold the wrapping paper around it, tie it with ribbon, and place a bow on it. While you are wrapping it say:	Ţ:	I CAN WRAP THE PRESENT.
Model:	T:	Tell me: YOU CAN WRAP THE PRESENT.
04	GRP:	YOU CAN WRAP THE PRESENT.
When you have finished, hold up the box and say:	Ë	I WRAPPED THE PRESENT.
Model:	T:	Tell me: YOU WRAPPED THE PRESENT.
	GRP:	YOU WRAPPED THE PRESENT.
Undo the wrappings and take the toy out of the box. Say to child #1:	T:	YOU CAN HELP ME. YOU CAN HELP ME WRAP THE PRESENT.
Ask him:	H:	CAN YOU HELP ME?
	T:	Tell me: YES, I CAN HELP YOU.
	C#1	YES, I CAN HELP YOU.
	ä	GOOD. YOU CAN HELP ME WRAP THE PRESENT.
Let the child help you put on the paper, tie the ribbon, put on a bow, etc.		

)	Year 2 Week 7 Day 2 Page 3
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
While he is helping you, say to him:	ij	Tell me: I CAN HELP YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
	C#1	I CAN HELP YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
Say to the group:	ä	Tell me: (Name), CAN HELP YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
	GRP:	(Name), CAN HELP YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
When you are finished, say to child #1:	Ë	THANK YOU. YOU HELPED ME WRAP THE PRESENT.
Ask him:	ü	WHAT DID YOU DO?
Model, if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: I HELPED YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
	C#1	I HELPED YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
Ask the group:	 H	WHAT DID HE DO?
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: [HE] HELPED YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
(NOTE: Be sure the child is helping you and that neither of you is doing all the wrapping.)		
Undo the wrappings again and remove the toy from the box. Say to child #2:	ë	YOU CAN HELP ME. YOU CAN HELP ME WRAP THE PRESENT.
Continue with the drill as above. Repeat with every child.		

Year 2
Week 7
Day 2
Page 4

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	When all children have helped you wrap the present, say to child #1:	Ţ:	WHAT DID YOU BUY FOR POOH BEAR?
	Model, if necessary:	ï	Tell me: I BOUGHT A FOR POOH BEAR.
		C#1	I BOUGHT A FOR POOH BEAR.
	Model for the child:	ï	Tell me: I'M GOING TO GIVE IT TO HIM.
		C#1	I'M GOING TO GIVE IT TO HIM.
18	Model:	ï:	Tell me: BUT FIRST, I'M GOING TO WRAP IT.
33		C#1	BUT FIRST, I'M GOING TO WRAP IT.
	Say to child #1:	: .	YOU'RE GOING TO WRAP THE PRESENT. WHAT DO YOU NEED?
	Point to the paper, ribbon, box, and bows on the table. Model:	. .	Tell me: I NEED A BOX.
		C#1	I NEED A BOX.
	Hand him the box and say:	:	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S A BOX.
	Ask him:	ï	WHAT ELSE DO YOU NEED?
	Model, if necessary:	ï	Tell me: I ALSO NEED SOME PAPER.
		C#1	I ALSO NEED SOME PAPER.
	Hand him the paper and say:	T:	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S SOME PAPER.
	Ask him:	T:	WHAT ELSE DO YOU NEED?

EXERCISE
2ND
OF
INTRODUCTION
AND
REINFORCEMENT
II.
PART

· ·	O	Year 2 O
PART II. REINFORCEMENT AND INTRODUCTION OF 2ND EX	EXERCISE	Day 2 Page 5
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model if necessary:	T:	Tell me: I ALSO NEED SOME RIBBON.
	C#1	I ALSO NEED SOME RIBBON.
Hand him some ribbon and say:	 H	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S SOME RIBBON.
Ask him:		WHAT ELSE DO YOU NEED?
Model if necessary:	÷	Tell me: I ALSO NEED A BOW.
When he has the materials assembled, say to him:	Ë	Tell me: I CAN WRAF THE PRESENT.
	C#1	I CAN WRAP THE PRESENT.
Say to the group:	Ë	Tell me: HE CAN WRAP THE PRESENT.
Let him wrap it, giving help where necessary. When he finishes, say to him:	.	WHAT DID YOU DO?
Model, if necessary:	:	Tell me: I WRAPPED THE PRESENT.
	C#1	I WRAPPED THE PRESENT.
Ask the group:	H	WHAT DID [HE] DO?
Model, if necessary:	:	Tell me: [HE] WRAPPED THE PRESENT.
Now undo the wrappings and have the same child ask another child to help him.	GRP:	HE WRAPPED THE PRESENT.

2	7	2	9
Year		Day	

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Say to child #1, pointing to C#2:	H	Ask him : CAN YOU HELP ME WRAP THE PRESENT?
C#1 says to C#2:	C#1	CAN YOU HELP ME WRAP THE PRESENT?
Model for C#2, if necessary:	ë	Tell him: YES, I CAN. Tell him: I CAN HELP YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
	C#2	YES, I CAN. I CAN HELP YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
While the two are wrapping the present, say to the group:	H	Tell him: HE CAN HELP YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
	GRP	HE CAN HELP YOU WRAP THE PRESENT.
When they are finished, say to C#1:	:	Tell him: THANK YOU. YOU HELPED ME WRAP THE PRESENT.
	C#1	THANK YOU. YOU HELPED ME WRAP THE PRESENT.
Ask C#2:	:	WHAT DID YOU DO?
Model, if necessary:	Ŧ.	I HELPED HIM WRAP THE PRESENT.
Ask another child: (C#3)	ä	WHAT DID YOU BUY FOR POOH BEAR?
Repeat the entire drill with him, first having him name the things he needs to		•.

Year Week Day Page

wrap the present, and then having him ask another child (C#4) to help him. Instructions to the teacher

Exchange

Speaker

Repeat the drill with every child. This means that every child in the group will have a chance to play the part of Child #1 and also of Child #2.

Year 2
Week 7
Day 3
Page A

C

ADDENDUM

For Week 7, Days 3, 4, and 5.

You will need a Polaroid camera, film, and flash bulbs to record the grocery store field trip, party preparations and party. These pictures will serve as your materials for review during Week 8.

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REVIEW PATTERNS: Need + NP
Money Terms

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Year} & 2 \\ \text{Week} & 7 \end{array}$

Day _ Page _

to + Sentence NEW PATTERNS: 1) NP + want 2) How much?

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Costs/cost

Candles

MATERIALS NEEDED:

Play money (coins and bills); Pooh Bear: pencil and paper. Real money for trip to store: about \$1.50-\$2.00.

Buy at the store: Muffin mix, candles, balloons, candy, cupcake papers. H-M pictures: 22, 106 (balloons, cake)

, 1 , · ·

Magazine pictures of candy and cake mix.

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Today the children will walk to the store and buy materials for the party on Friday. They will rehearse the trip to the store beforehand. During the walk to the store, they should rehearse what they will say to the storekeeper.		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Show the bear to the children. Say:	Ë	POOH BEAR'S GOING TO HAVE A BIRTHDAY. WE'RE GOING TO GIVE HIM A PARTY.
	ë	WHAT DO WE NEED? LET'S MAKE A LIST.
	 E4	I NEED A PENCIL.
Get the pencil.	ë	I NEED SOME PAPER.
Get the paper. Say to the group:	ë	WE'RE GOING TO GIVE POOH BEAR A PARIY.

 Year
 2

 Week
 7

 Day
 3

 Page
 2

Tell me: WE WE NEED A CAK WHAT ELSE DO WHAT ELSE DO WHAT ELSE DO WHAT ELSE DO Tell me: WE WE ALSO NEED WHAT ELSE DO Tell me: WE WE ALSO NEED WHERE CAN WE Tell me: WE	
on the list. Ask: candles on the cake. Model, correles the word "CANDLES" if it is unfamiliar.) LES". T: HHAT ELSE DO GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED OONS." Ask: T: WHAT ELSE DO GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED OONS." Ask: T: Tell me: WE GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED T: Tell me: WE GRP WE ALSO NEED T: Tell me: WE	WE NEED A CAKE.
T: WHAT ELSE DO candles on the cake. Model, r: reandles on the cake. Model, if it is unfamiliar.) if it is unfamiliar.) a of balloons. Model if (H-M 22). CRP WE ALSO NEED WHAT ELSE DO GRP WE ALSO NEED OONS." Ask: GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED T: WHERE CAN WE T: Tell me: WE GRP WE ALSO NEED T: WHERE CAN WE T: Tell me: WE	CAKE.
T: Tell me: WE GRP WE ALSO NEED co repeat the word "CANDLES" if it is unfamiliar.) if i	DO WE NEED?
GRP WE ALSO NEED if it is unfamiliar.) If it is unfamiliar.) IES". T: WHAT ELSE DO a of balloons. Model if (H-M 22). GRP WE ALSO NEED OONS." Ask: GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED T: Tell me: WE GRP WE ALSO NEED T: Tell me: WE	WE ALSO NEED SOME CANDLES.
if it is unfamiliar.) LES". a of balloons. Model if (H-M 22). T: WHAT ELSE DO GRP WE ALSO NEED OONS." Ask: GRP T: WHAT ELSE DO GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP T: Tell me: WE GRP WE ALSO NEED T: Tell me: WE TT: Tell me: WE	WE ALSO NEED SOME CANDLES.
balloons. Model if T: Tell me: WE GRP WE ALSO NEED " Ask: T = WHAT ELSE DO Tandy. Model, if necessary: GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED GRP WE ALSO NEED T: Tell me: WE T: WHERE CAN WE T: Tell me: WE	
Model if T: Tell me: WE GRP WE ALSO NEED T: WHAT ELSE DO T: Tell me: WE GRP THE GROUP: T: Tell me: WE T: Tell me: WE T: Tell me: WE	3 DO WE NEED?
Ask: Ask: MHAT ELSE T: WHAT ELSE GRP WE ALSO NE Hen ask the group: T: Tell me: T: Tell me:	WE ALSO NEED SOME BALLOONS.
Ask: WHAT ELSE WHAT ELSE To the tensory: GRP WHERE CAN T: Tell me: T: Tell me:	WE ALSO NEED SOME BALLOONS.
Then ask the group:	3 DO WE NEED?
Then ask the group: T: WHERE CAN T: Tell me:	WE ALSO NEED SOME CANDY.
Then ask the group: T: WHERE CAN	WEED SOME CANDY.
Tell me:	WHERE CAN WE BUY THE CAKE?
	WE CAN BUY THE CAKE AT THE STORE.
GRP GRP WE CAN BUY THE C.	WE CAN BUY THE CAKE AT THE STORE.
T: WHERE CAN WE BUY	WHERE CAN WE BUY THE CANDLES?

Year 2 Week 7 Day 3 Page 3	Speaker Exchange	T: Tell me: WE CAN BUY THE CANDLES AT THE STORE.	GRP WE CAN BUY THE CANDLES AT THE STORE.	T: Tell me: WE CAN BUY THE BALLOONS AT THE STORE.	GRP: WE CAN BUY THE BALLOONS AT THE STORE.	T: WHERE CAN WE BUY THE CANDY?	T: Tell me: WE CAN BUY THE CANDY AT THE STORE.	GRP WE CAN BUY THE CANDY AT THE STORE.	T: HOW ARE WE GOING TO BUY THE CAKE?	T: WE'RE GOING TO ASK THE MAN: DO YOU HAVE A CAKE MIX?	T: THIS IS A CAKE MIX. Repeat, please: THIS IS A CAKE MIX.	GRP THIS IS A CAKE MIX.	T: WE'RE GOING TO ASK THE MAN: DO YOU HAVE A Repeat, please: DO YOU HAVE A CAKE MIX?	GRP DO YOU HAVE A CAKE MIX?	T: WE'RE GOING TO TELL HIM: WE WANT A CAKE MIX. WE WANT TO BUY A CAKE MIX.	T: Repeat, please: WE WANT TO BUY A CAKE MIX.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Instructions to the teacher	Model if necessary:		Model, if necessary:			Model, if necessary;	0	Ask the group:	Show the picture of the cake mix. Say:	Say:		Say:		•	

WE WANT TO BUY A CAKE MIX.

GR

Year 2 Week 7 Day 3 Page 5	Exchange	IT COSTS A DOLLAR.	Tell him: HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S THE DOLLAR.	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S THE DOLLAR.	Tell him: HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S THE CAKE MIX.	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S THE CAKE MIX.	Tell him: THANK YOU.	TENK YOU.	WHAT DO YOU WANT?	I WANT SOME BALLOONS.	Tell him: I WANT TO BUY SOME BALLOONS.	I WANT TO BUY SOME BALLOONS.	Ask him: DO YOU MAVE SOME MONEY?	DO YOU HAVE SOME MONEY?	YES, I DO.	Ask him: HOW MUCH DO THEY COST?	HOW MUCH DO THEY COST?
C	Speaker	C#1	ä	C#2	Ħ	C#1	ë	C#2	ï	7#D	ï.	7#2	ä	C#3	7#2	ä	7#2
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Instructions to the teacher		Help C#2 choose one of his bills. Model for him:	C#2 hands the money to C#1:	Model for C#1:	C#1 hand the picture to C#2:	Model for C#2:	192	Call on two more children, one to be store- keeper and one to buy. Say to C#4 (the buyer).		Model for C#4:		Model for C#3:			Model for C#4:	

• ERÎC	C	Year Week 7 Day 3 Page 6
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ij	Tell him: THEY COST FIFTY CENTS.
	C#3	THEY COST FIFTY CENTS.
Help C#4 choose one or two of his coins. Model for him:	Ě	Tell him: HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S FIFTY CENTS.
C#4 gives C#3 the coin(s):	7#7	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S FIFTY CENTS.
Model for C#3:	ij	Tell him: HERE YOU ARE. HERE ARE THE BALLOONS.
C#3 hands the picture to C#4:	C#3	HERE YOU ARE. HERE ARE THE BALLOONS.
Model for C#4:	ä	Tell him: THANK YOU.
	740	

Repeat the drill with every child using both "a dollar" and "fifty cents" as prices for items.

THANK YOU.

C#4

REINFORCEMENT PART II.

the store. On the way to the store, the children should rehearse what they will say. Today's reinforcement is the actual trip to Ask them the following questions:

WHAT ARE WE GOING TO BUY? WHERE ARE WE COING? WHAT DO WE NEED? Etc. ä

WE'RE GOING TO ASK THE MAN: DO YOU HAVE SOME CANDY? (A cake mix, some balloons, etc.)

ä

Model the dialogue for the children:

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ERIC

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
		ä	WE'RE GOING TO TELL THE MAN: WE WANT TO BUY A CAKE MIX. (Some balloons, some candy, etc.)
	At the store, have the children ask in unison for the items they need. Example:	H	Ask him: DO YOU HAVE A CAKE MIX? (some candy, etc.)
	Model for them:	Ë	Tell him: WE WANT TO BUY SOME BALLOONS. (a cake mix, some candy, some candles).
10/	Model for them:	:	Ask him: HOW MUCH DOES IT COST? DO THEY
•	Model:	:-	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S THE MONEY. (a dollar, etc.)

194

Also buy cupcake papers at the store. Buy a muffin mix instead of a cake mix, because it does not need as much beating. (The children will do most of the stirring of the mix.)

Model any other responses and questions that are necessary.

ERIC THIS TOUR PROVIDED BY ERIC

O

Need + NP REVIEW PATTERNS:

Possessives: 1) Nouns 2) Possessive Pronoun Adjectives NP + help + NP + Sentence NP + help

Year 2
Week 7
Day 4
Page 1

NEW PATTERNS:

+ Sentence What color? NP + Need Here/there NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Bring/brought

Pooh Bear; Materials for party hats: 12" by 16" construction paper (colored), stapler, paste, scissors, crayons; have small triangles, squares, circles, MATERIALS NEEDED:

and flowers already cut out of colored paper.

Materials for setting table: toy dishes, plates and cups, saucers, forks, spoons, knives; napkins; place mats.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

•			
195	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Have materials for making party hats on a table		
	DEMONSTRATE:		
	Hold up Pooh Bear. Say to the group:	 H	IT"S POOH BEAR'S BIRTHDAY TOMORROW. WE'RE GOING TO HAVE A PARTY.
	Ask them:	 H	WHAT DO WE NEED? WE NEED A CAKE.
	Model for them:	ä	Tell me: WE HAVE A CAKE.
		ars .	WE HAVE A CAKE.
	Model:	ë	Tell me: WE BOUGHT A CAKE MIX AT THE STORE.
		GRP	WE BOUGHT A CAKE MIX AT THE STORE.
	Ask:	7:	WHAI ELSE DO WE NEED?
		GRP	WE ALSO NEED SOME CANDY.
	Model:		Tell me: WE HAVE SOME CANDY.

196

		Year 2 Week 7 Day 4 Page 2
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	Ţ	Tell me: WE BOUGHT THE CANDY AT THE STORE.
	GRP.	WE BOUGHT THE CANDY AT THE STORE.
Repeat for balloons and candles. Then ask:		KHAT ELSE DO WE NEED? WE ALSO NEED SOME PARTY HATS.
	ï.	DID WE BUY SOME PARTY HATS AT THE STORE? NO, WE DIDN'T.
	:	LET'S MAKE SOME PARTY HATS.
Ask the group:	Ä	WHAT DO WE NEED?
Model the responses, if necessary:	H	Tell me: WE NEED SOME PAPER.
	GRP.	WE NEED SOME PAPER.
	H	Tell me: WE NEED SOME PASTE.
	GRP	WE NEED SOME PASTE.
Repeat for scissors, crayons.		ETC.

overlap

cut

flowers, triangles, etc., on them. Then fold the hats according to the diagram and staple. Use the following

dialogue while making the hats:

Say to child #1:

Making party hats: Let the children

them with crayons, or paste circles, choose sheets of paper and draw on

overlap

WHAT ARE YOU DOING?

[-

C

Year 2 Week 7 Day 4 Page 4

Speaker	Instructions to the teacher Help him to draw or paste something on his hat. Say to him: Model for C#2: Boint to your own hat and model: Model: Let him name the color: Have him name the colors: Have him name the colors to fold the hats. Set up a dialogue. Say to C#1: C#1 syas to another child: Model for C#2:
C#1 WHAT COLOR IS (NAME)'S HAT?	C#1 says to C#2:
Ask him: WHAT COLOR IS	Model for C#1:
MY HAT IS	
Tell him: MY HAT	Model for C#2:
	C#1 syas to another child:
Ask him:	a dialogue.
hats.	Have him name the colors to fold the Staple them for the children.
(Name)'S HAT	Let him name the color:
Tell me:	Model:
Tell me:	
MY PARTY HAT IS ORANGE.	
Tell me: MY PARTY HAT IS ORANGE.	Model for C#2:
I CAN DRAW A SQUARE PASTE A CIRCLE	
Tell me: I CAN DRAW A SQUARE PASTE A CIRCLE etc.	draw or paste Say to him:
	Instructions to the teacher

C

2	7	4	5
Year	Week	Day	Page

				1
	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
	Model for C#2: (Let him name the color)	:	Tell him: HIS HAT IS	
		C#2	HIS HAT IS PURPLE.	e.
	Model for C#2:	: H	Ask him: WHAT COLOR IS (NAME)'S HAT?	
1	C#2 asks C#1:	C#2	WHAT COLOR IS (NAME)'S HAT?	
[99	Model for C#1, if necessary: (Let him name the color)	; H	Tell him: (NAME)'S HAT IS	
		C#1	(NAME)'S HAT IS YELLOW.	
	Repeat this drill with other pairs of children.			
	PART II. 2nd Exercise: SETTING THE TABLE			
	Set all the party hats out of the way. Have table-setting materials stacked on a table or counter nearby.	H .	IT'S POOH BEAR'S BIRTHDAY TOMORROW. WE'RE GOING TO HAVE A PARTY. WE WENT TO THE STORE. WE MADE PARTY HATS.	•
	Bear:			
	Move to the table where the dishes, etc., are stacked. Say:	Τ:	NOW, WHAT DO WE NEED TO DO? WE NEED TO SET THE TABLE. Repeat, please. WE NEED TO SET THE TABLE.	٠
		GRP	WE NEED TO SET THE TABLE.	

WE'RE GOING TO SET THE TABLE. Exchange Speaker GRP Ë : E

Instructions to the teacher

and say:

Repeat, please. WE'RE GOING TO SET THE TABLE. WE'RE GOING TO SET THE TABLE.

Day Page

Year Week

WE'RE GOING TO SET THE TABLE. WHAT DO WE NEED?

Repeat, please. WE NEED SOME PLATES. WE NEED SOME PLATES.

WE NEED SOME PLATES.

GRP

.. E

Hold up a plate and say:

::

Say:

Hold up a cup.

200

Repeat, please. WE NEED SOME CUPS. WE NEED SOME CUPS.

WE NEED SOME CUPS. GRP

T:

Say: Take one of each item needed for setting the table and walk to the empty table.

Repeat with all items: forks, knives,

spoons, napkins, place mats.

Hold up the place mat and put it in place, saying:

Point to it and say:

(Note: be sure to stand back from the table when you point to the mat, so that "THERE" will be semantically correct.)

Hold up the knife and put it in place,

FIRST, I'LL PUT THE PLACE MAT HERE.

Ë

Ë

I'M GOING TO SET THE TABLE.

I PUT THE PLACE MAT THERE

I'LL PUT THE KNIFE HERE.

Ë

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Year	Week _	Day _	Page_

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Stand back, point, and say:	T:	I PUT THE KNIFE THERE.
Repeat with the fork, spoon, napkin, and cup.		
Say to a child:	T:	WILL YOU HELP ME SET THE TABLE?
Model, if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL HELP YOU SET THE TABLE.
	C#1	YES, I WILL. I'LL HELP YOU SET THE TABLE.
Ask him:	:	WILL YOU BRING ME A PLACE MAT?
Model, if necessary:	ü	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A PLACE MAT.
	C#1	YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A PLACE MAT.
Say to the group:	ë. Ei	Tell me: HE'LL BRING YOU A PLACE MAT.
	GRP	HE'LL SHE'LL
When he brings it, say to him:	T:	WHAT DID YOU BRING ME?
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: I BROUGHT YOU A PLACE MAT.
Say to the group:	ï.	WHAT DID [HE] BRING YOU?
	GRP	HE BROUGHT YOU A PLACE MAT.

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Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the child:	T:	WHERE WILL YOU PUT THE PLACE MAT?
Model, if necessary:	Ŧ.	Tell me: I'LL PUT' IT HERE.
Help him to put it in place as he says:	C#1	I'LL PUT IT HERE.
Ask him:	Ħ	WHERE DID YOU PUT IT?
Model: (pointing)	:	Tell me: I PUT IT THERE.
Have the child stand back, point, and say:	C#1	I PUT IT THERE.
	∴	THANK YOU.
Call on another child. Say:	: .	(NAME), WILL YOU HELP ME SET THE TABLE?
Model, if necessary:	ë.	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL HELP YOU SET THE TABLE.
	C#2	YES, I WILL. I'LL HELP YOU SET THE TABLE.
Ask him:	. .	WILL YOU BRING ME A KNIFE?
Model, if necessary:	:	YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A KNIFE.
	C#2	YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A KNIFE.
Say to the group:	 H	Tell me: HE'LL BRING YOU A KNIFE.
	GRP	HE'LL BRING YOU A KNIFE.
When he brings it, say to him:	T.	WHAT DID YOU BRING ME?

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Year	Week	Day	Page_

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	T:	rell me: I BROUGHT YOU A KNIFE.
	C#2	I BROUGHT YOU A KNIFE.
Ask the group:	 H	WHAT DID HE BRING ME?
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: HE BROUGHT YOU A KNIFE.
	GRP:	HE BROUGHT YOU A KNIFE.
Ask the child:	÷	WHERE WILL YOU PUT THE KNIFE.
Model, if necessary:	ë	rell me: I'LL PUT IT HERE.
Help him to place it as he says:	C#2	I'LL PUT IT HERE.
Then ask him:	 ⊟	WHERE DID YOU PUT IT?
Model (standing back and pointing):	ä	Tell me: I PUT IT THERE.
Have him stand back, point, and say:	C#2	I PUT IT THERE.
Repeat this with every child for each of the place settings until the table is		

Note: After the first time, you need not ask the child "WILL YOU HELP ME SET THE TABLE?" Just ask him to bring you an item.

completely set.

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REVIEW PATTERNS: All new patterns introduced this week; EVALUATION

Week ...
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Year

NEW PATTERNS: None

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Batter/cake batter

stir/stirred bowl eggs Muffin mix, 2 eggs, water, cup, bowl, fork for mixing, muffin pan, MATERIALS NEEDED:

cupcake papers.

Wrapped presents (small toys)

Paper hats made on Day 4.

Materials for setting table: place mats, napkins, forks, spoons, knives, plates, cups.

Pooh Bear; Balloons, already blown up; Candy.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE: Have the children around the table. Have ready all the materials for mixing the cake. Hold up Pooh Bear and say:	H :	IT'S POOH BEAR'S BIRTHDAY TODAY. HE'S GOING TO HAVE A PARTY.
Hold up the cake mix.	į. E-	WE NEED A CAKE. LET'S MAKE A CAKE. WHAT DO WE NEED? WE NEED A CAKE MIX.
"Read" off the back of the box:		MHAT ELSE DO WE NEED? WE NEED A PAN.
		WE NEED A BOWL. WE NEED A FORK. WE NEED SOME WATER. WE NEED SOME EGGS.
Ask the group:	: H	DO WE HAVE A PAN?
Point to the pan and model:	T:	Tell me: YES, WE DO. WE HAVE A PAN.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	YES WE DO. WE HAVE A PAN.
Ask:	ï	DO WE HAVE A BOWL?
Point to the bowl. Model if necessary:	ï	Tell me: YES, WE DO. WE HAVE A BOWL.
	GRP	YES, WE DO. WE HAVE A BOW1.
	ï	DO WE HAVE A FORK? ETC
Continue with all the items needed.		
C) Ask the group:	H	WILL YOU HELP ME MAKE THE CAKE?
Model if necessary:		Tell me: YES, WE WILL. WE'LL HELP YOU MAKE THE CAKE.
	GRP	YES, WE WILL. WE'LL HELP YOU MAKE THE CAKE.
Say to one child:	Ä	WILL YOU GIVE ME THE WATER?
Model the response:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I WILL. HERE'S THE WATER.
	C#1	YES, I WILL. HERE'S THE WATER.
	H	THANK YOU.
Put the water in the bowl. Say to another child:	H	WILL YOU GIVE ME AN EGG?
Model, if necessary:	H	Tell me: YES, I WILL. HERE'S THE EGG.
	C#2	YES, I WILL. HERE'S THE EGG.
Say:	Ë	THANK YOU. I'LL PUT IT IN THE CUP.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Crack the egg into a cup. Then hand it to another child and say:	H	WILL YOU PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL?
Model the response:	H	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.
	C#3	YES, I WILL. I'LL PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.
After he does so, ask him:	H	WHAT DID YOU DO?
Model, if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: I PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.
	C#3	I PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.
Ask the group:	T.	WHAT DID HE DO?
Model, if necessary:	GRP	HE PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.
Say to another child:	T	WILL YOU GIVE ME THE OTHER EGG?
Model the response:	•• [-1	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL GIVE YOU THE OTHER EGG.
	C#4	YES, I WILL. I'LL GIVE YOU THE OTHER EGG.
	T:	THANK YOU. I'LL PUT IT IN THE CUP.
Crack the egg into the cup. Say to another child:	Ħ	WILL YOU PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL?
Model:	ı.	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.
	C#5	YES, I WILL. I'LL PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.
After he does so, ask him:	T.	WHAT DID YOU DO?

Year 2 Week 7 Day 5 Page 4	Speaker Exchange	T: Tell me: I PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.	C#5 I PUT THE EGG IN THE BOWL.	T: I'LL STIR THE EGGS.	T: I STIRRED THE EGGS.	T: WILL YOU HELP ME STIR THE EGGS?	T: Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL HELP YOU STIR THE EGGS.	C#6 YES, I WILL. I'LL HELP YOU STIR THE EGGS.	T: Tell me: HE'LL HELP YOU STIR THE EGGS.	GRP HE'LL HELP YOU STIR THE EGGS.	T: WHAT DID YOU DO?	T: Tell me: I STIRRED THE EGGS.	C#6 I STIRRED THE EGGS.	T: WHAT DID FE DO?	T: Tell me: [HE] STIRRED THE EGGS.
ic.	Instructions to the teacher	Model, if necessary:		DEMONSTRATE: Say, stirring as you say the word STIR:	After stirring, say:	Say to a child (child #6, if there are 6 in the group):	Model the response:	7	Say to the group:		Let the child stir, then ask him:	Model the response:		Ask the group:	Model, if necessary:

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THIS IS CAKE BATTER. LOOK AT THE BATTER. Tell me: YES, I DO. I SEE THE BATTER. YES, I DO. I SEE THE BATTER. WILL YOU HELP ME STIR THE BATTER? Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL HELP YOU STIR THE BATTER. WHAT DID YOU DO? Tell me: I STIRRED THE BATTER. I STIRRED THE BATTER. I STIRRED THE BATTER. I'LL PUT THE BATTER IN THE PAN. WILL YOU HELP ME PUT THE BATTER IN THE PAN? Tell me: YES, WE WILL. WILL YOU HELP YOU PUT THE BATTER IN THE PAN? Tell me: YES, WE WILL. WE'LL HELP YOU PUT THE BATTER IN THE PAN.	Speaker GRP T: T: T: T: T: T: T::	Instructions to the teacher Say to one child: Model, if necessary: Say to the first child: Model the response: Model, if necessary: Model, if necessary: Now get the pan, which is already lined with cupcake papers. Say: Say to the group: Model, if necessary: Say to the group: Model, if necessary: Put the batter in 6 or 7 of the cups; then let each child put batter in one of the remaining 5 or 6 cups. Then say:
	-	
NOW I'LL PUT THE PAN IN THE OVEN.		or 7 of the put batter or 6 cups.
YES, WE WILL. P YOU PUT THE BATTER IN	Ħ	Model, if necessary:
YOU HELP ME PUT THE BATTER IN	H	Say to the group:
I'LL PUT THE BATTER IN THE PAN.	Ħ	Repeat this with every child, letting each help stir. Now get the pan, which is already lined with cupcake papers. Say:
STIRRED THE	C#1	
me: I STIRRED THE	: H	Model, if necessary:
ne:	: H	
WILL YOU HELP ME STIR THE BATTER?	:. :	
		Repeat with every child.
I DO. I	ö	
me: YES, I DO. I SEE THE	:	Model, if necessary:
DO YOU SEE THE	ë	Say to one child:
THIS IS CAKE BATTER.	GRP	
Exchange	Speaker	Instructions to the teacher

C

Year 2 Week 7 Day 5 Page 7	Speaker Exchange	T: Tell me: YOU PUT THE PAN IN THE OVEN.	GRP YOU PUT THE PAN IN THE OVEN.			T: WILL YOU HELP ME SET THE TABLE?	T: Tell me: YES, WE WILL. WE'LL HELP YOU SET THE TABLE	GRP YES, WE WILL. WE'LL HELP YOU SET THE TABLE.	T: (NAME), WILL YOU BRING ME THE PLACE MATS?	C: YES, I WILL. (or other appropriate response)	T: WHAT DID YOU BRING ME?	C: I BROUGHT YOU THE PLACE MATS.	T: WILL YOU PUT THEM ON THE TABLE?	T: WHAT DID YOU DO?	C: I PUT THEM ON THE TABLE.	
C.	Instructions to the teacher	Model if necessary:		EVALUATION: TABLE-SETTING and TALK ABOUT PARTY. This week's evaluation is built into the table-setting exercise and into discussion of the party with the children.	EVALUATION:	S Ask the group:	Model, if necessary:		Ask one child:	The child should perform correctly to show comprehension. He may also say:	When he has brought them, ask him:	He should answer:	Ask him:	Again, he should perform correctly. Ask him:	He should answer:	Repeat this with each child, having each

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
one bring you an item for setting the table. While you are setting the table (or after-		
le waiting for the muffins: each child the following	Ė	IT'S POOH BEAR'S BIRTHDAY. ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM A PRESENT?
	ü	YES, I AM.
	:	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GIVE HIM?
The should answer:	ü	A or I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM A
Ask him:	 H	DID YOU WRAP THE PRESENT?
He should answer:	ະ	YES, I DID. I WRAPPED THE PRESENT.
	:	WHERE DID YOU BUY THE PRESENT?
He should answer:	:	I BOUGHT IT AT THE STORE. Or /AT THE STORE.
	H	HOW MUCH DID IT COST?
He should answer:	ü	FIFTY CENTS. or A DOLLAR.
		IT CGST FIFTY CENTS. A DOLLAR.
	H:	WHAT DID WE BUY FOR THE PARTY?

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
He should answer:	Ü	A CAKE. (cake mix, balloons, candy, etc) or WE BOUGHT A CAKE.(cake mix, balloons, candy, etc.)
	:	WHO HELPED ME MAKE THE CAKE?
He should answer:	ü	I DID. or we did or in Helped you (Make the Cake).
	Ë	DID YOU STIR THE BATTER?
He should answer:	_ບ	YES, I DID. I STIRRED THE BATTER.
Be sure to ask these questions of every child. They represent the evaluation of the week's work.		
When the muffins are done and the table is set, have the children put on their paper hats and have the party. Have the balloons on the table for decoration. Use the following dialogue (as well as other dialogue relating to the weel.'s activities):	:	WHO MADE THIS CAKE?
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: WE DID. WE MADE THIS CAKE.
	GRP	WE DID. WE MADE THIS CAKE.
Ask each of the children:	Ë	WHAT COLOR IS YOUR PARTY HAT?
	ü	IT'S BLUE.
	-	

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Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	:0	MY PARTY HAT IS BLUE.
	Ħ	WHAT COLOR IS (NAME)'S HAT?
	:	(NAME)'S HAT IS YELLOW.
Say to the group:	ï	LET'S GIVE POOH BEAR HIS PRESENTS. HERE YOU ARE, POOH BEAR. HERE ARE YOUR PRESENTS.
Unwrap the presents. Ask each child:	Ξ:	WHAT DID YOU GIVE POOH BEAR?
	ü	I GAVE HIM A
	Τ:	LET'S GIVE POOH BEAR SOME CAKE.
Model for the group:	T:	Tell him: HERE YOU ARE, POOH BEAR. HERE'S SOME CAKE.
	GRP	HERE YOU ARE, POOH BEAR. HERE'S SOME CAKE.
Use other dialogue of the same type.		EIC.

OBJECTIVES

REVIEW: PATTERNS

SENTENCE TYPES:

- 1. NP + VERB + NP VERB: HAVE (Possession) Take/took Want
- 2. NP + VERB + Amount of money

VERB: COST

- 3. NP + VERB + NP: Accusative + NP: Dative VERBS: Bring/brought
 Buy/bought
 Sell/sold
- 4. NP + WANT TO + S
- NP + WILL + VP To express volition.
- 6. How much?
- 7. Expression of sequence of events with "First--then". First/then.

NEW PATTERNS

Vocabulary: rice, beans, macaroni, raisins, tomato sauce, fruit, soup, grape juice, orange juice, soda pop, catsup, cereal brand names. Measures: (handful, cup, box, bag, glass, jar, bowl, package, bottle, can) + of

Verb: get (colloquial) + NP (Dative) + NP (Accusative) Measures: (cup, box, bag, glass, jar) + ful/full

MATERIALS:

3 pounds each of rice, beans, macaroni, raisins

6 each: cups, glasses, empty boxes (small), empty bags (small), baby-food jars.
* Canned goods: tomato sauce, fruit cocktail, soup, beans.
* Bottles of : grape Kool-Aid, orange Kool-Aid, catsup, soda pop.

Cereal 6-pack.

Play money: coins 1 each: empty jar (no label), empty bottle (no label), empty can (no label),

empty cereal package. *Have 6 cans and 6 botties in all; you will have to duplicate some of the contents.

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Year 2 Week 8

REVIEW DAY

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK:

 Item 1
 Item 4
 Item 7

 Item 2
 Item 5
 Item 8

 Item 3
 Item 6
 Item 9

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each:

to understand better after the review? Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear

REVIEW PATTERNS: All Week 7 patterns

First/then for expression of sequences of events. Past tense

()

(

Year Week ___ Day ___ Page ___

NEW PATTERNS: None

MATERIALS NEEDED: Polaroid pictures of party and preparations. Experience chart blanks.

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Today you should review all forms and vocabulary words used last week in connection with the birthday party.		
The pclaroid pictures should be pasted on heavy sheets of paper. One to a page, and arranged in sequence in a scrapbook or folder.		
Begin with a general discussion of the party and use the polaroid pictures to establish a sequence of actions. Example:	Ħ:	WHO HAD A BIRTHDAY? CAN YOU TELL ME?
	ü	POOH BEAR DID.
		POOH BEAR HAD A BIRTHDAY.
	€-i	WHAT DID WE DO?
	C: or GKP	WE HAD A PARTY.
	H.	WHAT DID WE DO FIRST?
	T:	Tell me: FIRST WE BOUGHT SOME PRESENTS.
	GRP	FIRST WE BOUGHT SOME PRESENTS.

Year 2 Week 8 Day 1

		Page 2
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	:I	Tell me: THEN WE WRAPPED THE PRESENTS.
	GRP	THEN WE WRAPPED THE PRESENTS.
As the activities shown in the pictures come up in sequence, show the pictures and ask:	Ë	WHAT DID WE DO HERE? CAN YOU TELL ME?
	ິວ	WE MADE THE CAKE.
NOTE: As the children respond to the questions, reword their responses to fit the patterns of week 7. Then write the responses on the experience chart. When you have listed all the activities connected with the party, drill, using the pictures and having the children pretend to read the sentences on the chart.		

REVIEW PATTERNS: First/then constructions Has/have (possession)

This/that; these/those

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NEW PAITERNS: Measures: (handful, bowl, cup, box, bag, glass +

of).

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Rice, beans, macaroni, raisins.

Abour three pounds each of: rice, beans, macaroni, raisins (cheapest brands) MATERIALS NEEDED:

4 large bowls (Six of each) cups, paper bags, small empty boxes, drinking glasses

(plastic preferable)
Scrapbook of polaroid pictures of party (Week 7)

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
I. REVIEW		
Use the scrapbook of pictures from yesterday. The responses of the children should now be written as captions under the appropriate pictures.		
Drill with the scrapbook.	Ħ:	WE HAD A PARTY. WE HAD A PARTY FOR POOH BEAR.
Show the first picture and say:	Ξ:	WHAT DID WE DO HERE? CAN YOU TELL ME?
Model, if necessary:	л:	Tell me: WE WRAPPED THE PRESENTS.
If there are activities not shown in the	GRP:	WE WRAPPED THE PRESENTS.
pictures, discuss those also. Use the patterns FIRST and THEN plus past tense.	•• E-1	AND WHAT DID WE DO HERE? ¡YES! WE WENT TO THE STORE. WHAT DID WE BUY? ¡YES! FIRST WE BOUGHT A CAKE MIX. THEN WE BOUGHT SOME CANDLES. ETC

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
II. INTRODUCTION		
Have a table with four large bowls on it, containing rice, beans, macaroni, and raisins. Also have at hand the cups, boxes,		
bags, and glasses. Have the children standing around the table. Put a handful of rice on the table. Say:	Ħ	THIS IS RICE.
Have the children examine the rice and repeat:	H :	Repeat, please: THIS IS RICE.
	GRP	THIS IS RICE
Put a handful of beans on the table. Say:	Ë	THESE ARE BEANS.
Have children examine and repeat:	ä	Repeat, please: THESE ARE BEANS.
	GRP	THESE ARE BEANS.
Put a handful of macaroni on the table. Say:	Ë	THIS IS MACARONI.
Have them examine and repeat:	ı:	Repeat, please: THIS IS MACARONI.
	GRP	THIS IS MACARONI.
Put a handful of raisins on the table. Say:	T:	THESE ARE RAISINS.
Have them examine and repeat:		Repeat, please: THESE ARE RAISINS.
	GRP	THESE ARE RAISINS.
NOTE: The children must be very close to the objects, or actually touching them, in order for "THIS" to be correct.		

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
bowl) or hold it where they can see it, and say:	T:	WHAT IS THIS?
Model:	T:	Tell me: THAT'S RICE.
	GRP	THAT'S RICE.
Point to or hold out the beans and say:	T:	WHAT ARE THESE?
2 Model:	: E	Tell me: THOSE ARE BEANS.
M	GRP	THOSE ARE BEANS.
Do the same with the raisins and macaroni. Drill until you are sure the children know the name of each thing.		ETC.
Now pick up the bowl of rice and say:	Ë	THIS IS A BOWL OF RICE.
Bring the bowl over to the children. Show it to child #1 and say:	H :	THIS IS A BOWL OF RICE.
Ask hîm:	ï	WHAT IS THIS?
Model, if necessary:	ï.	Tell me: THAT'S A BOWL OF RICE.
	C#1	THAT'S A BOWL OF RICE.
Show the bowl to the next child and say:	ï.	THIS IS A BOWL OF RICE.
	 H	WHAT IS THIS?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: THAT'S A BOWL OF RICE.
Repeat this with every child.	C#2	THAT'S A BOWL OF RICE.
Return the bowl of rice to the table. Pick up the bowl of beans and say:	T:	THIS IS A BOWL OF BEANS.
Bring the bowl to the children. Show it to child #1 and say:	ë	THIS IS A BOWL OF BEANS.
	H	WHAT IS THIS?
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: THAT'S A BOWL OF BEANS.
	C#1	THAT'S A BOWL OF BEANS.
Repeat this with every child.		
Return the bowl of beans to the table. Pick up the bowl of macaroni and say:	Ħ	THIS IS A BOWL OF MACARONI.
Bring the bowl to the children. Show it to child #1 and say:	Ħ	THIS IS A BOWL OF MACARONI.
	T:	WHAT IS THIS?
	:	THAT'S A BOWL OF MACARONI.
Repeat with every child.		
Return the bowl of macaroni to the table. Pick up the bowl of raisins and say:	H :	THIS IS A BOWL OF RAISINS.
Bring the bowl to the children. Show it		

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	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	to child #1 and say:	÷	THIS IS A BOWL OF RAISINS.
		T:	WHAT IS THIS?
		ü	THAT'S A BOWL OF RAISINS.
	Return the bowl of raisins to the table. Bring the bowl of rice to the children and say to them:	Ë	THIS IS A BOWL OF RICE.
	Take a handful of the rice, hold it up, and say:	%	THIS IS A HANDFUL OF RICE. THIS IS A HANDFUL OF RICE.
	Say to child #1:	T:	(NAME), TAKE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
	After he does so, say:	H:	Tell them: I HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
		C#1	I HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
	Have him show the rice to the child next to him. Say:	ë	SHOW HIM YOUR RICE.
	Say to child #2:	T:	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
		C#2	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
	Say to child #1:	H	rell him: I HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
		C#1	I HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
	Ask the group:	ë	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
4.4	Model:	•• E-1	Tell me: HE HAS A HANDFUL OF RICE.

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	O	Year 2 Week 8 Day 2 Page 6
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	HE HAS A HANDFUL OF RICE.
Have child #1 put the rice back in the bowl. Say to child #2:		(NAME), TAKE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
	C#2	I HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
Have him show the rice to child #3. Say:	ë	SHOW HIM YOUR RICE.
Say to child #3:	:	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
	C#3	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Say to child #2:	Ħ	Tell him: I HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
	C#2	I HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
Say to the group:	ä	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
Model:	ï	Tell me: HE HAS A HANDFUL OF RICE.
	GRP	HE HAS A HANDFUL OF RICE.
Have the child #2 put the rice back in the bowl. Continue the drill with every child.		
Now return the bowl of rice to the table. Bring the bowl of beans and say:	 H	THIS IS A BOWL OF BEANS.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Take a handful and say:	T:	THIS IS A HANDFUL OF BEANS. THIS IS A HANDFUL OF BEANS
Continue the drill exactly as with the rice, repeating it with every child.		ETC
Do the same exercise with the macaroni and the raisins, repeating it with every child with each item.		
Now hold up a cup and say:	:	THIS IS A CUP.
Dip the cup into the rice. Show the full cup to the children and say:	ï	THIS IS A CUP OF RICE. THIS IS A CUP OF RICE.
Bring the bowl to the children. Hand the cup to child #1 and say:	: H	TAKE A CUP OF RICE.
After he does so, say:	T:	Tell them: I HAVE A CUP OF RICE.
	C#1	I HAVE A CUP OF RICE.
Have him show the rice to child #2:		SHOW HIM YOUR RICE.
Say to child #2:	T.	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
	C#2	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Say to child #1:	ij	Tell him: I HAVE A CUP OF RICE.
	C#1	I HAVE A CUP OF RICE.
Say to the group:		WHAT DOES HE HAVE?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	T:	Tell me: HE HAS A CUP OF RICE.
	GRP	HE HAS A CUP OF RICE.
Repeat this drill with every child. Repeat the same drill using the cup with the beans, macaroni, and raisins, repeating it with every child with each item.		
Now hold up a box and say:		THIS IS A BOX.
	::	I'LL PUT SOME BEANS IN THE BOX.
Show the children the full box and say:	T:	THIS IS A BOX OF BEANS. THIS IS A BOX OF BEANS.
Bring an empty box and the bowl of beans to the children. Say to child #1:	 [H	PUT SOME BEANS IN THE BOX.
After he does so, say:	T:	Tell them: I HAVE A BOX OF BEANS.
	C#1	I HAVE A BOX OF BEANS.
Have him show them to child #2:	Ë	SHOW HIM YOUR BEANS.
Say to child #2:	T:	Ask him: I HAVE A BOX OF BEANS.
	C#1	I HAVE A BOX OF BEANS.
Say to the group:	ë	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
Mode1:	:	Tell me: HE HAS A BOX OF BEANS.

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Year 2 Week 8 Day 2 Page 9	Exchange	ETC		THIS IS A BAG.	I'LL PUT SOME MACARONI IN THE BAG.	THIS IS A BAG OF MACARONI. THIS IS A BAG OF MACARONI.	PUT SOME MACARONI IN THE BAG.	Tell them: I HAVE A BAG OF MACARONI.	I HAVE A BAG OF MACARONI.	SHOW HIM YOUR MACARONI.	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU HAVE?	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?	Tell him: I HAVE A BAG OF MACARONI.	I HAVE A BAG OF MACARONI.	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?	HE HAS A BAG OF MACARONI.
()	Speaker			T:	ä	ë	:	: .	C#1	 H	H:	C#2	H	C#1	ë	GRP
	Instructions to the teacher	Continue the drill with every child.	Do the same exercise using the box with the rice, macaroni, and raisins. Repeat the drill with every child with each item.	Now hold up a paper bag. Say:		Show the children the full bag and say:	Bring an empty bag and the bowl to the children. Say to child #1:	After he does so, say:		Have him show the macaroni to child #2:	Say to child #2:		Say to child #1:		Say to the group:	

	1	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
	GRP	HE HAS A CUP OF BEANS.
Point to another child's cup and ask child #1:	T.	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
Model, if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: HE HAS A CUP OF MACARONI.
	C#1	HE HAS A CUP OF MACARONI.
Point to another child's cup and ask child #1:	: H	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
	C#1	HE HAS A CUP OF RAISINS.
Ask child #2:	H:	(NAME), WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
	C#2	I HAVE A CUP OF RICE.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
	GRP	HE HAS A CUP OF RICE.
Point to another child's cup and ask		

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		Week 8
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
child #2:	T:	WHAT. DOES HE HAVE?
Model, if necessary:	ij	Tell me: HE HAS A CUP OF RAISINS.
	C#2	HE HAS A CUP OF RAISINS.
Point to another child's cup and ask child #2:	H	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
30	C#2	HE HAS A CUP OF BEANS.
Repeat this drill with every child.		
Now have the children empty their cups into the proper bowls. Say to each one:	 H	(NAME), YOU CAN PUT YOUR RICE IN THE BOWL. BEANS ETC.
Now give each child a bag. Call child #1 to the table and say:	Ħ	WHAT DO YOU WANT?
Model:	H	Tell me: I WANT A BAG OF
(Allow the child to choose.)	C#1	I WANT A BAG OF RAISINS.
	ij	YOU CAN HAVE A BAG OF RAISINS.
Have him take the raisins and sit down. Call on every child and repeat.		ETC
	_	

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Instructions to the teacher Speaker Exchange	When all are seated, say to one child: T: (NAME), WHAT DO YOU HAVE?	Repeat the same drill as above.	Have the children empty their bags into the proper bowls.	Now give each child a box. Call child #I to the table and say: T: WHAT DO YOU WANT?	T: Tell me: I WANT A BOX OF	C#1 I WANT A BOX OF MACARONI.	T: YOU CAN HAVE A BOX OF MACARONI.	Have each child choose something and sit down. When all are seated, say to one child: T: (NAME), WHAT DO YOU HAVE?	Repeat the same drill as above.	Have the children empty their boxes into the proper bowls.	Now give each child a glass and repeat the same drill.		
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REVIEW PATTERNS: Measures: handful, box, bag, cup (+ of) This/that; these/those.

Year Week Day Page

NEW PATTERNS: Measures: jar, bottle, can, package, (+ of)

sauce, fruit, soup, grape juice, orange juice, soda pop, Cereal brand names. catsup. Tomato NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

Large bowls of rice, beans, macaroni, raisins; 6 cups of each, empty MATERIALS NEEDED:

boxes, empty bags; cans of tomatoe sauce, fruit cocktail, soup, beans; bottles of soda pop, catsup, grape Kool-Aid, orange Kool-Aid; 6-pack of Kellogg's or Post cereals; baby-food jars containing rice, macaroni, beans, and raisins. (Have six of each container; you will have to duplicate the contents in some cases).

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Have the bowls of rice, beans, macaroni, and raisins and the boxes, bags, and cups on a table near you and the children. Have other materials on another table.		
Show the children the bowl of rice. Say:	T:	WHAT'S THIS?
Model, if necessary:	Ξ.	Tell me: THAT'S A BOWL OF RICE.
	GRP	THAT'S A BOWL OF RICE.
Show the bowl of macaroni. Say:	H:	WHAT'S THIS?
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: THAT'S A BOWL OF MACARONI.
	GRP	THAT'S A BOWL OF MACARONI.
Repeat with the beans and the raisins.		
Now take a handful of rice and show it to the group. Say:	Ħ	WHAT DO I HAVE?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: YOU HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
	GRP	YOU HAVE A HANDFUL OF RICE.
Take a handful of beans. Say:	:	WHAT DO I HAVE?
Model, if necessary:	H	Tell me: YOU HAVE A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
	GRP	YOU HAVE A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
Repeat with the macaroni and the raisins.		ETC.
Quickly review the other measures in the same way. Take a cup of rice and ask:	Ţ	WHAT DO I HAVE?
	GRP	YOU HAVE A CUP OF RICE.
Take a cup of beans:	ë	WHAT DO I HAVE?
	GRP	YOU HAVE A CUP OF PEANS.
Repeat for macaroni and raisins, and repeat the drill with boxes and bags.		ETC
Now mix the containers and the items. Say to the children:	H.	(NAME), YOU CAN TAKE A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
	ë.	(NAME), YOU CAN TAKE A CUP OF RICE.
	Ħ :	(NAME), YOU CAN TAKE A BAG OF MACARONI.
	Ë	(NAME), YOU CAN TAKE A BOX OF RAISINS.
	Ë	(NAME), YOU CAN TAKE A BAG OF BEANS.
•		

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Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
When each child has done as you have suggested, ask each one in turn:	Ë	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Model, if necessary:	ï	Tell me: I HAVE A BOX OF BEANS . BAG RICE ETC.
	C#1	I HAVE A BOX OF BEANS. BAG RICE ETC.
Ask child #1, pointing to child #2:	ë	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: HE HAS A BAG OF RICE. SHE BOX BEANS ETC.
	C#1	HE HAS A BAG OF RICE. BOX BEANS. ETC.
Ask child #2, pointing to child #3:	ij	WHAT DOES HE HAVE? SHE
Model, if necessary:	ï.	Tell me: HE HAS A HANDFUL OF MACARONI. SHE CUP ETC.
	C#2	HE HAS A HANDFUL OF MACARONI. SHE CUP RAISINS ETC.
Continue with every child.		

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		Year 2 Week 8 Day 3 Page 4
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the group:		WHAT DO I HAVE?
Model, if necessary:	I.	Tell me: YOU HAVE A HANDFUL OF MACARONI.
	GRP	YOU HAVE A HANDFUL OF MACARONI.
Ask the group, pointing to child #1:	ë	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
	GRP	HE HAS A BOX OF BEANS. SHE BAG ETC.
Ask the group this question about each child:		
Have the group empty their containers into the proper bowls or put them on the table.		
Have the group come to the second table. Hold up a can and say:	Ë	THIS IS A CAN.
Model:	H	Tell me: THAT'S A CAN.
	GRP	TEAT'S A CAN.
Hold up a jar and say:	:	THIS IS A JAR.
Model:	Η:	Tell me: THAT'S A JAR.
	GRP	THAT'S A JAR.
Do the same with a bottle, and with the		

Year Week

THIS IS A CAN OF FRUIT. THIS IS A CAN OF FRUIT. HERE. YOU CAN HAVE THE CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. HAS A CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. Tell him: I HAVE A CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. THAT'S A CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. HIM YOUR CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. Day Page THAT'S A CAN OF FRUIT. HAS A CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. THIS IS A CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. THIS IS A CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. I HAVE A CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. THAT'S A CAN OF TOMATO SAUCE. Ask him: WHAT DO YOU HAVE? HE HAVE? WHAT DO YOU HAVE? HE SHE WHAT DOES Tell me: Tell me: Tell me: Exchange SHOW HESHE Speaker GRP C#2 GRP C#1 Ë Ë Ë Ë Say: Now hold up a can of tomato sauce. Have him show the can to child #2: Instructions to the teacher Hold up the can of fruit. package of cereals. Say to one child: Say to the group: Say to child #1: Say to child #2: Model: Model: Model:

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Year .	Day Bage

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	THAT'S A CAN OF FRUIT.
Say to one child:	H	HERE. YOU CAN HAVE THE CAN OF FRUIT.
Have him show the can to another child:	T:	SHOW HIM YOUR CAN OF FRUIT.
Say to child #2:	T:	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
	C#2	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Say to child #1:	H	rell him: I HAVE A CAN OF FRUIT.
2	C#1	I HAVE A CAN OF FRUIT.
Say to the group:	H	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
Model:	H	Tell me: HE HAS A CAN OF FRUIT.
	GRP	HE HAS A CAN OF FRUIT.
Do the same with the can of soup and the can of beans. Then have the children put all the cans on the table.		
Now hold up a jar and say:	ij	THIS IS A JAR OF RICE. THIS IS A JAR OF RICE.
	ä	Tell me: THAT'S A JAR OF RICE.
	GRP	THAT'S A JAR OF RICE.
Say to one child:	H	HERE. YOU CAN HAVE THE JAR OF RICE.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat the drill as above.		
Do the same with the jar of macsroni, the jar of beans, and the jar of raisins. Then have the children put the jars on the table.		
Now hold up one of the packaged cereals and say:	T:	THIS IS A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES. THIS IS A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
Model:	T:	Tell me: THAT'S A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
	GRP	THAT'S A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
Say to one child:	T:	HERE. YOU CAN HAVE THE PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
Repeat the same drill as above.	_	
Hold up another of the cereals and say:	:	THIS IS A PACKAGE OF RICE KRISPIES. THIS IS A PACKAGE OF RICE KRISPIES.
Model:	H:	Tell me: THAT'S A PACKAGE OF RICE KRISPIES.
	GRP	THAT'S A PACKAGE OF RICE KRISPIES.
Say to one child:	T:	HERE. YOU CAN HAVE THE PACKAGE OF RICE KRISPIES.
Repeat the same drill as above.		
Repeat with each of the cereals. Then have the children put them on the table.		
Hold up a bottle of soda pop. Say:	Ţ	THIS IS A BOTTLE OF SODA POP. THIS IS A BOTTLE OF SODA POP.

HERE. YOU CAN HAVE THE BOTTLE OF SODA POP. Tell me: THAT'S A BOTTLE OF SODA POP. Year Week Day Page Tell me: I HAVE A CAN OF SOUP. THAT'S A BOTTLE OF SODA POP. YOU CAN HAVE A CAN OF SOUP. Tell me: I WANT A CAN OF (NAME), WHAT DO YOU HAVE? HE HAVE? I HAVE A CAN OF SOUP. I WANT A CAN OF SOUP. WHAT DO YOU WANT? WHAT DOES Exchange Speaker GRP C∯1 Ë Ξ: Ë ij : : I: Ë ပ Call on every other child and allow him to Have all the cans lined up on the table. Repeat for the ketchup, "grape juice," and "orange juice." Then have the children put the bottles on the table. Allow the child to choose; but if he Call up one child. Point to the cans has difficulty remembering "SOUP," When all are seated, ask child #1: Repeat the same drill as above. "FRUIT," etc., model for him. Instruction to the teacher choose a can of something. Model, if necessary: Say to one child: Ask the group: and say: Model: Model:

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REINFORCEMENT		Page 9
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: HE HAS A CAN OF SOUP.
	CKP.	HE HAS A CAN OF SOUP.
Repeat the same drill with each child.		
Have the children return the cans to the table. Now line up the bottles and ask child #1:	Ħ	WHAT DO YOU WANT?
Model:	H:	Tell me: I WANT A BOTTLE OF
Allow the child to choose if possible.	ິວ	I WANT A BOTTLE OF SODA POP.
Allow each child to choose a bottle of something.	H.	YOU CAN HAVE A BOTTLE OF SODA POP.
When all are seated, ask child #1:	ä	(NAME), WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Repeat the same drill as above, with every child.		
Have the children return the bottles to the table. Now line up the packages of cereal and ask child #1:	Ë	WHAT DO YOU WANT?
Model:	ë	Tell me: I WANT A PACKAGE OF
Allow the child to complete the sentence if possible; if not, model:	ö	I WANT A PACKAGE OF RICE KRISPIES.
	H	YOU CAN HAVE A PACKAGE OF RICE KRISPIES.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Let every child choose a package of cereal.		
When all are seated, ask child #1:	Ë	(NAME), WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Repeat the same drill as above, with every child.		
Now line up the jars and say to child #1:	ij	WHAT DO YOU WANT?
Model:	: :	Tell me: I WANT A JAR OF
	ö	I WANT A JAR OF MACARONI.

(NAME), WHAT DO YOU HAVE?

ä

Let every child choose a jar of something. When they are seated, ask child #1:

Repeat the same drill as above, with every child.

REVIEW PATTERNS: All measures so far: (cup, handful, box, bag, jar, bowl, package, bottle, can, and of).

Cost/costs, buy/bought, sell/sold

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> Want + embedded sentence Will (volition) Bring/brought Take/took How much

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: None

All materials from yesterday. MATERIALS NEEDED:

Play money: coins.

macaroni, beans and raisins, for use in the "store" situation. Have the boxes, bags, cups and jars already filled with rice,

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have all the containers and items on one table.		
Say to child #1:	:	(NAME), WALK TO THE TABLE.
	ä	TAKE A CAN OF BEANS.
After he does so, ask:	ı:	WHAT DID YOU TAKE?
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: I TOOK A CAN OF BEANS.
	C#1	I TOOK A CAN OF BEANS.
Ask the group:	: :	WHAT DID HE TAKE?
Model, if necessary:	T: n	Tell me: HE TOOK A CAN OF BEANS.
	GRP	HE TOOK A CAN OF BEANS.

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Week 8
Day 4
Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Say to another child:	H	(NAME), WALK TO THE TABLE.
	 H	TAKE A CUP OF RICE.
After he does so, ask:	 H	WHAT DID YOU TAKE?
	ü	I TOOK A CUP OF RICE.
Ask the group:	: H	WHAT DID HE TAKE?
	GRP	HE TOOK A CUP OF RICE.
Repeat this drill with all the children several times, so that each goes to the table about three times. Name as many different measures and items as possible, so as to review thoroughly.		
Have the children return all objects to the table. Then say to one child:	Ë	(NAME), WILL YOU BRING ME A BAG OF RAISINS?
Model:	T:	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A BAG OF RAISINS.
	ö	YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A BAG OF RAISINS.
When he brings it, ask:	ı.	WHAT DID YOU BRING ME?
Model, if necessary:	H:	Tell me: I BROUGHT YOU A BAG OF RAISINS.
	ö	I BROUGHT YOU A BAG OF RAISINS.
Say to the group:	 H	WHAT DID BEING ME?

7 8 4 6

Day Page

Year Week

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	ij	Tell me: HE BROUGT YOU A BAG OF RAISINS. SHE
	GRP	HE BROUGHT YOU A BAG OF RAISINS.
Ask another child:	ij	(NAME), WILL YOU BRING ME A HANDFUL OF BEANS?
	ë	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
When he brings it, ask:	Ë	WHAT DID YOU BRING ME?
Model, if necessary:	ï	Tell me: I BROUGHT YOU A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
	ö	I BROUGHT YOU A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
Ask the group:	T:	WHAT DIS HE BRING ME?
Model, if necessary:	: H	Tell me: HE BROUGHT YOU A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
	GRP	HE BROUGHT YOU A HANDFUL OF BEANS.

Again, repeat this drill several times, calling on each child two or three times. If a child has difficulty in choosing the right thing to bring, help him choose it.

second table: the jars, boxes, bags, packages of cereal, bottles, and cans.

Now remove the following objects to a

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have an empty box for cash register.		
Give each child play money, coins.		
II REINFORCEMENT		
Stand by the table on which you have all the grocery items arranged and say:	E4	THIS IS A STORE.
Call a child to help you. Tell the others:	ë.	(NAME) IS THE MAN AT THE STORE.
Call on another child, telling him:	ï	(NAME), YOU CAN GO TO THE STORE.
Say to this child:	T:	Ask him: DO YOU HAVE SOME RICE?
	C#2	DO YOU HAVE SOME RICE?
Say to child #1:	ï	Tell him: YES, I DO. I HAVE BAGS OF RICE.
	C#1	YES, I DO. I HAVE BAGS OF RICE.
Say to child #2:	T:	Tell him: I WANT TO BUY ONE.
	C#2	I WANT TO BUY ONE.
Say to child #1:	′ [→	Tell him: HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S A BAG OF RICE.
	C#1	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S A BAG OF RICE.
Say to child #2:	H	Ask him: HOW MUCH DOES IT COST?
	C#2	HOW MUCH DOES IT COST?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Say to child #1:	T:	Tell him: IT COSTS TEN TWENTY FIFTY ETC.
	C#1	IT COSTS TEN CENTS TWENTY FIFTY ETC.
Say to the group.	T:	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU BUY?
	GRP	WHAT DID YOU BUY?
Model for child #2:	÷	Tell them: I BOUGHT A BAG OF RICE.
	C#2	I BOUGHT A BAG OF RICE.
Point to child #1 and say to the group:	ï	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU SELL HIM ?
	GRP	WHAT DID YOU SELL HIM ?
Model for child #1:	: .	Tell them: I SOLD HIM A BAG OF RICE.
	C#1	I SOLD HIM A BAG OF RICE.
Call on two more children, one to be storekeeper. Say to him:		(NAME), YOU CAN BE THE MAN AT THE STORE.

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Year 2 Week 8 Day 4 Page 7	Exchange	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S TEN CENTS. TWENTY FIFTY ETC.	Tell them: WHAT DID YOU BUY?	WHAT DID YOU BUY?	Tell them: I BOUGHT A CAN OF SOUP.	I BOUGHT A CAN OF SOUP.	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU SELL HIM ?	WHAT DID YOU SELL HIM ? HER	Tell them: I SOLD HIM A CAN OF SOUP.	I SOLD HIM A CAN OF SOUP.		
	Speaker	C#2	Ħ	GRP	T:	C#2	Ħ	GRP	Ħ.	C#1		
	Instructions to the teacher		Have child #2 return to the group. Say to the group:		Model for child #2:	,	Point to child #1 and say to the group:		Model for child #1:		Repeat this drill many times. There is no reinforcement planned for today. Towards the end of the session, try to let the children respond on their own, but if they have any difficulty, immediately model the response for them.	NOTE: Remember that when the children make mistakes, you must repeat the sentence

TO THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY O

r Exchange	TOTI WO I BOHGUT A CAN OF REANS	TETT ME: I DOUGHT A CAN OF DEALS.	I BOUGHT A CAN OF BEANS.
Speaker	Ê	•	ö
Instructions to the teacher	correctly (That's right! I BOUGHT A CAN OF BEANS.") and then have the child say it	collectly alrer you.	

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Measures: (handful, cup, bowl, box, bag, jar, package, bottle, can and of)
Will (volition) REVIEW PATTERNS:

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Get /got/getting = "acquire" and "fetch".
Measures + ful (cupful, boxful, bagful, jarful) NEW PATTERNS:

MATERIALS NEEDED: All materials from yesterday (all containers and items; play money)

For evaluation: same materials, plus: 1 empty jar, no label

empty cereal package empty can, no label

1 empty bottle, no label

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have one table set up as a store with full boxes, bags, jars, bottles, packages, and cans. Also a second table with all the other items on it. Children seated in a circle. Have one child standing at the table as storekeeper.		
DEMONSTRATE:	T:	I'M GOING TO GO TO THE STORE.
Model for the group:	T:	Ask me: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GET?
i	GRP	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GET?
	T:	I'M GOING TO GET SOME RICE.
the storekeeper. Come back to the group and say:	ï	Ask me: WHAT DID YOU GET?
	GRP	WHAT DID YOU GET?
	ij	I GOT SOME RICE. WHAT DID I GET?

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Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model for the group:	H:	Tell me: YOU GOT SOME RICE.
	GRP	YOU GOT SOME RICE.
Now tell one of the children:	H	(NAME), YOU CAN GO TO THE STORE.
Before he goes, say to the group:	H	Ask him: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GET?
	GRP	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO GET?
Model the response:	ä	Tell them: I'M GOING TO GET SOME TOMATO SAUCE.
	ö	I'M GOING TO GET SOME TOMATO SAUCE.
Have him walk to the table, select a can of tomato sauce and pay the store-keeper.		
When he returns, say to the group:	.: H	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU GET?
	GRP	WHAT DID YOU GET?
Model the response:	T	Tell them: I GOT SOME TOMATO SAUCE.
	ပ	I GOT SOME TOMATO SAUCE.
Ask the group:	:	WHAT DID HE SHE SHE
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: HE GUT SOME TOMATO SAUCE.
	GRP	HE GOT SOME TOMATO SAUCE.

		Week 8 Day 5 Page 3
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat this drill several times, having each child "go to the store" at least twice. Vary the objects they are to get.		ETC.
PART II: REINFORCEMENT		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Point to the "store" table. (Have a child there as storekeeper.) Say:	II.	THERE ARE SOME CANS OF SOUP AT THE STORE. THERE ARE SOME CANS OF BEANS AT THE STORE.
Say to one child:	: :	WHAT DO YOU WANT?
Model, if necessary:	I:	Tell me: I WANT A CAN OF
Let child choose.	່ວ	I WANT A CAN OF SOUP.
	 	I'LL GET YOU ONE.
As you walk to the table, say:	: :	I'LL GET YOU ONE.
Pantomine buying the soup. When you return, say:	ij	I GOT YOU SOME RICE.
This time, ask the child:	H	WHAT DID I GET YOU?
Model:	H:	Tell me: YOU GOT ME SOME RICE.
	:	YOU GOT ME SOME RICE.
Ask the group:	 H	WHAT DID I GET HIM ?
Model the response:	Ħ	Tell me: YOU GOT HIM SOME RICE. HER

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	YOU GOT HIM SOME RICE.
Come back and sit with the children. Say to one child:	H.	THERE ARE SOME BEANS ON THE TABLE.
Point to him and say to the group:	ı.	Ask him: WILL YOU GET US A HANDFUL?
	GRP	WILL YOU GET US A HANDFUL?
Say to the child:	: H	Tell them: YES, I WILL. I'LL GET YOU A HANDFUL.
	ະ	YES, I WILL. I'LL GET YOU A HANDFUL.
S Ask the group:	ī.	WHAT WILL HE GET US? SHE
Model the response:	ij	Tell me: HE'LL GET US A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
	GRP	HE'LL GET US A HANDFUL OF BEANS. SHE'LL
While the child is getting the beans, ask him:	ï	WHAT ARE YOU GETTING?
Model the response:	ï	Tell me: I'M GETTING A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
	ຮ	I'M GETTING A HANDFUL OF BEANS.
Ask the group:	Ţ.	WHAT IS HE GETTING?
Model the response:	Ë	Tell me: HE'S GETTING A HANDFUL OF BEANS.



小文学的《1919年》,我们的《1919年,我们的是一个人的是一个人的,我们们的是一个人的,我们们们的是一个人的,我们们们们的一个人的,我们们们们们们们们们们们们

Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL GET YOU A CUPFUL. GET US A CUPFUL OF BEANS. Year 2
Week 8
Day 5
Page 5 HE GOT US A HANDFUL OF BEANS. Tell me: I GOT YOU A HANDFUL OF BEANS. THERE ARE SOME BEANS ON THE TABLE. HE'S GETTING A HANDFUL OF BEANS. GOT US A HANDFUL OF BEANS. I GOT YOU A HANDFUL OF BEANS. WILL YOU GET US A CUPFUL? HE GET US? GET US? WHAT ARE YOU GETTING? WHAT DID YOU GET US? HE'LL SHE'LL HE WHAT WILL Tell me: WHAT DID Exchange Tell me: HE Speaker GRP GRP I: Ë I: ij H: Ë Ë Ë ပ္ပ Repeat this drill with every child, always While the child is getting the beans, When the child returns, ask him: Next, use other measures. Say: Instructions to the teacher using the measure HANDFUL. Model the response: Model the response: Model the response: Model the response: Ask one child: Ask the group: Ask the group: ask him:

And the second s

	the teacher Speaker Exchange	T: Tell me: I'M GETTING A C	C: I'M GETTING A CUPFUL OF BI	NOTE: If the child does not understand the instruction, help him to carry it out.	T: WHAT IS HE GETTING?	T: Tell me: HE'S GETTING	C: HE'S GETTING A CUPFUL SHE'S	T: WHAT DID YOU GET US?	T: Tellme: I GOT YOU A CUP	C: I GOT YOU A CUPFUL OF BEANS	T: WHAT DID HE GET US?	T: Tell me: HE GOT US A C	GRP HE GOT US A CUPFUL OF B	Repeat this drill with every child, always using the measure CUPFUL. Next, use the same drill with BAGFUL, BOXFUL, and GLASSFUL.
Year 2 Week 8 Day 5 Page 6		I'M GETTING A CUPFUL OF BEANS.	UL OF BEANS.		TING?	GETTING A CUPFUL OF BEANS.	CUPFUL OF BEANS.	lS?	I GOT YOU A CUPFUL OF BEANS.	OF BEANS.	T us?	GOT US A CUPFUL OF BEANS.	TUL OF BEANS.	

of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty. The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week

Year Week Day Page

INSTRUCTI	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE Student	C=Correct V=Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
ITEM I.	Say to the child:	T:	TAKE A HANDFUL OF RICE.	
Day 2	He should show comprehension by doing the action. Then say:	 	TAKE A HANDFUL OF BEANS.	
4 nJ	Again, he is to demonstrate comprehension.			
	Repeat for macaroni and raisins.			
TEM II.	Give the child a cup. Say:	T:	YOU CAN PUT SOME RICE IN THE CUP.	
Day 2	After he does so, ask him:	: .	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?	
		ຮ	A CUP OF RICE.	
			OF I HAVE A CUP OF RICE.	
	Repeat with a box and then a bag.			
ITEM III.	. Show the child the empty jar (no label). Ask:	T:	WHAT IS THIS?	
Day 3		:	A JAR. or THAT'S A JAR.	
n	Repeat with the empty can, empty bottle, and empty cereal package.			

ERIC Training resident by the

EVALUATION (continued)

 Year
 2

 Week
 8

 Day
 5

 Page
 8

INSTRUC	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE Stu	Student $\sqrt{-1}$ Incorrect 12345	rect 4 5 6
ITEM IV Day 3 5	Show the child a can of fruit, calling his attention to the picture on the label. Ask:	ë ë	WHAT IS THIS? A CAN OF FRUIT. OF THAT'S A CAN OF FRUIT.		
<u>(</u>	Repeat with the can of tomato sauce, can of beans, and can of soup.				
22 ITEM V. Day 3 5	Show the child a bottle of grape Kool-Aid. Ask:	i i	WHAT IS THIS? A BOTTLE OF GRAPE JUICE. or THAT'S A BOTTLE OF GRAPE JUICE.		
	Repeat with the orange Kool-Aid, the soda pop, and the catsup.				
ITEM VI	I You and the child should be a short distance from the table. Say to the child:	Ţ:	THERE IS SOME RICE ON THE TABLE. YOU CAN GET A CUP OF RICE.		
	While he is at the table, say:	į ö	WHAT ARE YOU GETTING? (I'M GETTING) A CUP OF RICE.		
	When he brings it to you, ask:	G H	WHAT DID YOU GET? (I GOT) A CUP OF RICE.		

PART IN EVALUATION

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The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty. of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the

Year 2
Week 8
Day 5
Page 9 Day _ Page _

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE	Student	C=Correct V=Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
ITEM VII. Say to the child:	T:	WILL YOU GET ME A CAN OF BEANS?	F BEANS?	
	ü	YES, I WILL. (I'LL GET YOU A CAN OF BEANS.)	YOU A	
He should then get the beans for you.				
OF				
'n				

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ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR II WEEK 9

OBJECTIVES

REVIEW PATTERNS

- (Objective) + NP (Benefative) + NP get (Colloquial for bring) Bring/brought. Take/took. VERB VERB: Sentence Types: + È Ä
- WANT TO + Sentence + Š
- + ful (Bowl, cup, hand, box; bag, jar) (Can, bottle, package) Measures: æ.

- Drink/drank NEW PATTERNS AND FORMS: 1. VERBS: Like/liked Eat/ate
- egg, sausage, bacon, ham, toast, milk, cereal, sugar, orange juice, coffee, cream, chocolate, tea, pancakes, jam, butter, Crackers, milk, apple, fruit, breakfast, waffle, syrup, pepper, salt, tortillas. 2. Vocabulary items:

MATERIALS

- Large bowls of rice, macaroni, beans, raisins. Day II.
 - Two each: cups, bones, jars, glasses. Canned and packaged goods from week eight.
- Same as above plus: Day III.
- A package of graham crackers, one quart of milk, two or three sliced apples, some orange flavored Kool-Aid and small paper cups.
- H-M card #215 Day IV.
- Magazine pictures of breakfast foods listed on Day IV lesson plan pasted on tagboard. 7:
- Same as above for day IV Day V.
 - Bowl of rice
- Cup, bag, box, jar . . .
- Canned goods as above

H-M pictures #119, 121, 215

Year 2 Week 9 Day 1

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REVIEW DAY

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK:

Item 7	Item 8	Item 9
Item 4	Item 5	Item 6
Item 1	Item 2	Item 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each:

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

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(bowl, cup, hand, box, bag, jar, glass) (can, bottle, package) + of Bring + NP (Benefactive) + NP (Objective) (Objective) + NP (Benefactive) (Objective) Get + NP Measures: Want REVIEW PATTERNS:

Year Week Day Page

All material needed for measures in Week 8: MATERIALS NEEDED:

Large bowls of rice, macaroni, beans, raisins

Two each of cups, boxes, bags, jars, glasses All canned goods, bottles, and cereals from Week 8

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DENOWSTRATE:		
Have all materials on a table. Have the children seated in a semicircle at some distance from the table.		
There are two patterns to be reviewed: 1. There are some beans on the table. I'll get/bring you a cupful (handful, boxful, etc.). 2. There are some cans of fruit on the 1 table. I table.		
Say to a child:	H	THERE ARE SOME BEANS ON THE TABLE. DO YOU WANT SOME?
Model, if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT SOME BEANS.
	ü	YES, I DO. I WANT SOME BEANS.
	Ħ	I'LL GET YOU A CUPFUL.
Ask him:	ä	WHAT WILL I GET YOU?
Model:	ï.	Tell me: YOU'LL GET ME A CUPFUL OF BEANS.

)	Year 2 Week 9 Day 2 Page 2
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	:0	YOU'LL GET ME A CUPFUL OF BEANS.
Ask the group:	T:	WHAT WILL I GET HIM ?
Model:	 H	Tell me: YOU'LL GET HIM A CUPFUL OF BEANS. HER
Get the beans for the child. Then ask him:	ä	WHAT DID I GET YOU?
Model:	ä	Tell me: YOU GOT ME A CUPFUL OF BEANS.
	ü	YOU GOT ME A CUPFUL OF BEANS.
Ask the group:	H	WHAT DID I GET HIM ?
Model:	ë	Tell me: YOU GOT HIM A CUPFUL OF BEANS. HER
	GRP	YOU GOT HIM A CUPFUL OF BEANS. HER
Say to another child:	Ħ	THERE IS SOME RICE ON THE TABLE. DO YOU WANT SOME?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT SOME RICE.
	ö	YES, I DO. I WANT SOME RICE.
	Ŧ.	I'LL GET YOU A BOXFUL.
Ask him:	 T	WHAT WILL I GET YOU?

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Year 2
Week 9
Day 2
Page 3

•-		
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: YOU'LL GET ME A BOXFUL OF RICE.
	ຮ	YOU'LL GET ME A BOXFUL OF RICE.
Ask the group:	ï	WHAT WILL I GET HIM ?
Model, if necessary:	ä	Tell me: YOU'LL GET HIM A BOXFUL OF RICE. HER
	GRP	YOU'LL GET HIM A BOXFUL OF RICE.
Get the rice for the child. Ask him:	Ţ:	WHAT DID I GET YOU?
Model:	ä	Tell me: YOU GOT ME A BOXFUL OF RICE.
	_ບ	YOU GOT ME A BOXFUL OF RICE.
Ask the group:	ä	WHAT DID I GET HIM ?
Model:	ij	Tell me: YOU GOT HIM A BOXFUL OF RICE.
•	GRP	YOU GOT HIM A BOXFUL OF RICE. HER
Continue with the drill, using the rice, beans, macaroni, and raisins and the measures "bagful, handful, glassful, jarful, cupful, and boxful." Call on each child twice in order to review as many different measures and combinations as possible.		ETC.

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Year 2
Week 9
Day 2
Page 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Now say to one child:	T:	THERE ARE SOME CANS OF SOUP ON THE TABLE. DO YOU WANT ONE?
Model the response:	H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT A CAN OF SOUP.
	ະ :	YES, I DO. I WANT A CAN OF SOUP.
	;. E-1	I'LL GET YOU ONE.
Ask him:	H	WHAT WILL I GET YOU?
Model:	ë	Tell me: YOU'LL GET ME A CAN OF SOUP.
	ü	YOU'LL GET ME A CAN OF SOUP.
Ask the group:		WHAT WILL I GET HIM ?
Model:	ë	Tell me: YOU'LL GET HIM A CAN OF SOUP.
	GRP	YOU'LL GET HIM A CAN OF SOUP.
Get the soup for the child. Ask him:	T:	WHAT DID I GET YOU?
Model:	ä	Tell me: YOU GOT ME A CAN OF SOUP.
	ü	YOU GOT ME A CAN OF SOUP.
Ask the group:	H	WHAT DID, I GET HIM ? HER
Model:	Ä	Tell me: YOU GOT HIM A CAN OF SOUP.

		Year 2 Week 9 Day 2 Page 5
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	GRP	YOU GOT HIM A CAN OF SOUP.
Say to another child:	ë	THERE ARE SOME PACKAGES OF CORN FLAKES ON THE TABLE. DO YOU WANT ONE?
	H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
	ຮ	YES, I DO. I WANT A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
	ä	I'LL GET YOU ONE.
Ask him:	:- [-1	WHAT WILL I GET YOU?
Model:	ä	Tell me: YOU'LL GET ME A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
	ÿ	YOU'LL GET ME A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
Ask the group:	ä	WHAT WILL I GET HIM ?
Model:	ë	Tell me: YOU'LL GET HIM A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
	GRP	YOU'LL GET HIM A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES. HER
Get the corn flakes for the child. Ask bim:	H	WHAT DID I GET YOU?
Model:	 H	Tell me: YOU GOT ME A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
	ü	YOU GOT ME A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
Ask the group:	H ::	WHAT DID I GET RIM ?

	-	Year 2 Week 9 Day 2 Page 6
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	ë	Tell me: YOU GOT HIM A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES. HER
	CIR	YOU GOT HIM A PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES.
Continue the drill with BOTTLE OF, CAN OF, PACKAGE OF. Call on each child twice to insure a thorough review.	49.44	ETC
II. REINFORCEMENT		
Have one child stand at the table. The rest are seated at some distance from the table.		
Model for the group:	ä	rell him: (NAME), WE WANT SOME RICE.
	GRP	(NAME), WE WANT SOME RICE.
Model for the group:	H	Ask him: WILL YOU BRING US A CUPFUL?
	_ເ	YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A CUPPUL.
When the child brings it, model for the group:	H	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU BRING US?
	250	WHAT DID YOU BRING US?
Model, if necessary, for the child:	ë	Tell them: I BROUGHT YOU A CUPFUL OF RICE.
	ü	I BROUGHT YOU A CUPPUL OF RICE.
Ask the group:	ä	WHAT DID HE BRING YOU?

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		Year 2 Week 9 Day 2 Page 7
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: HE BROUGHT US A CUPFUL OF RICE.
Model for the group:	Ä	Tell him: (NAME), WE WANT A BOTTLE OF GRAPE JUICE.
	and the second	(NAME), WE WANT A BOTTLE OF GRAPE JUICE.
Model for the group:	ë	Ask him: WILL YOU BRING US ONE?
Model for the child:	;; [H	Tell them: YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU ONE.
	ü	YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU ONE.
When is brings it, model for the group:	ä	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU BRING US?
	ars cars	WHAT DID YOU BRING US?
Model, if necessary:	ı:	Tell them: I BROUGHT YOU A BOTTLE OF GRAPE JUICE.
	ຮ	I BROUGHT YOU A BOTTLE OF CRAPE JUICE.
Ask the group:	:	WHAT DID HE BRING YOU?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: HE BROUGHT US A BOTTLE OF GRAPE JUICE.
	8	HE BROUGHT US A BOTTLE OF GRAPE JUICE.

Continue in this way, calling on each child once and allowing each to bring two items:

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	•		Page_

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
(1) a handful, cupful, boxful, etc. of something; and (2) a can, bottle, or package of something. Follow the drill as outlined here.		

REVIEW TTERNS: Measures Bring +

(Object) NP + NP (Benefactive) + Embedded Sentence Want

Year Week Day

(Objective)

+ NP (Benefactive) (Objective) Take + NP Like + NP NEW PATTERNS:

(Objective) (Objective) + Drink + NP Eat + NP

Eat/ate Drink/drank NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

Like/liked

MATERIALS NEEDED; All materials pertaining to measures (see Day 2)

Package of graham crackers: one-quart carton of milk: 2 or 3 sliced apples; pitcher of orange Kool-Aid

Small paper cups For tasting experience:

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have all the materials pertaining to measures on a table. Have all but one of the children's chairs at a distance from the table; place the remaining chair at a distance both from the group and from the table.		
Have one of the children sit in the chair apart from the group. (child #2)	ë	(NAME), WILL YOU BRING ME A CUPFUL OF BEANS?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A CUPFUL OF BEANS.
	C#2	YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A CUPFUL OF BEANS.
When he brings it, ask him:	H	WHAT DID YOU BRING ME?
Model:	Ä	Tell me: I BROUGHT YOU A CUPFUL OF BEANS.
Point to child #1 and say:	Ħ	I'LL TAKE (NAME) THE CUPFUL OF BEANS.

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		Year 2 Week 9 Day 3 Page 2
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask group:	Ë	WHAT WILL I TAKE HIM ?
Model:	H	Tell me: YOU'LL TAKE HIM THE CUPFUL OF BEANS.
	GRP	YOU'LL TAKE HIM THE CUPFUL OF BEANS.
Take the beans to child #1. Go back and ask the group:	H	WHAT DID I TAKE HIM ?
Model:	Ħ	Tell me: YOU TOOK HIM THE CUPFUL OF BEANS.
	GRP	YOU TOOK HIM THE CUPFUL OF BEANS.
Now ask another child to bring you some- thing. This time, let him take it to child #1. Say:	Ħ	(NAME), WILL YOU BRING ME A CAN OF FRIIT?
	ï	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A CAN OF FRUIT.
	C#3	YES, I WILL. I'LL BRING YOU A CAN OF FRUIT.
When he brings it, ask him:	ë.	WHAT DID YOU BRING ME?
Mode1:		Tell me: I BROUGHT YOU A CAN OF FRUIT.
	່ວ	I BROUGHT YOU A CAN OF FRUIT.
Point to child #1 and ask:	Ţ	WILL YOU TAKE (NAME) THE CAN OF FRUIT?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	÷	Tell me: YES, I WILL. I'LL TAKE HIM THE CAN OF FRUIT.
	: :	YES, I WILL. I'LL TAKE HIM THE CAN OF FRUIT.
Ask the group:	 H	WHAT WILL HE TAKE HIM ?
Model:	H	Tell me: HE'LL TAKE HIM THE CAN OF FRUIT. SHE'LL HER
	GRP	HE'LL TAKE HIM THE CAN OF FRUIT.
After the child does so and returns, ask him:	T:	WHAT DID YOU TAKE HIM ? HER

HE: HE TOOK HIM THE CAN OF FRUIT.	TOOK HIM THE CAN OF FRUIT.
Tel1	HESHE
ï.	GRP

change one thing: instead of asking "WHAT DID YOU TAKE HIM/HER?" ask "WHO DID YOU On the second repetition of the drill,

_ TO?".

TAKE THE

from the group! Have each child take at least two turns bringing you objects and

then taking them to the distant child.

Repeat this drill several times, having different children stand at a distance

Model:

271

WHO DID YOU TAKE THE CAN OF SOUP TO?

Ë

Year Week Day Page

HE TOOK IT TO (NAME). TOOK IT TO (NAME). I'M GOING TO DRINK SOME MILK. HE TAKE IT TO? THIS IS MILK. I LIKE MILK. TOOK IT TO (NAME). I TOOK IT TO (NAME). UMMM, I LIKE MILK. Н Tell me: Tell me: Exchange WHO DID HE Speaker GRP : ;; Ξ: .. H :; :; :; ä on a table. Also have some very small paper crackers, and two or three apples, sliced, Pour yourself a small amount and drink it. The following is a tasting experience for Have a quart carton of milk, a pitcher of As you say "LIKE", smile, nod your head, and make other signs of approval. orange Kool-Aid, a package of graham Hold up the milk carton and say: Instructions to the teacher II. INTRODUCTION: Ask the group: the children. DEMONSTRATE: then say. Model: Model:

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Hold up the apple and say: (Again with signs of approval).	ë	THESE ARE APPLES. I LIKE APPLES.
	•• E	I'M GOING TO EAT SOME APPLE.
Eat a slice of apple. Then say:		UMMM, I LIKE APPLES.
Do the same with the crackers and Kool-Aid (Calling it "ORANGE JUICE").	e de la composición della comp	
Call a child to you. Ask him:	 H	(NAME), DO YOU LIKE CRACKERS?
Model:	: H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE CRACKERS.
	ິວ	YES, I DO. I LIKE CRACKERS.
Ask the group:	Ë	DOES (NAME) LIKE CRACKERS?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: YES, HE DOES. HE LIKES CRACKERS.
	GRP	YES, HE DOES. HE LIKES CRACKERS.
Say to the child:	••	DO YOU WANT TO EAT A CRACKER?
Model:	:	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO EAT A CRACKER.
	: :	YES, I DO. I WANT TO EAT A CRACKER.
Ask the group:	: H	WHAT DOES HE WANT TO EAT?
Model:	. :	Tell me: HE WANTS TO EAT A CRACKER.

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2	6	3	9
Year .	Week	Day	Page

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	HE WANTS TO EAT A CRACKER.
Give him a cracker. After he eats it, ask him:	T:	WHAT DID YOU EAT?
Model:	ë	Tell me: I ATE A CRACKER.
	ö	I <u>ATE</u> A CRACKER.
Ask the group:	ë	WHAT DID HE EAT?
Model:	 H	Tell me: HE ATE A CRACKER.
	GRP	HE ATE A CRACKER.
Say to the child:	Ë	Tell me: I LIKE CRACKERS.
	ö	I LIKE CRACKERS.
Now ask the child:	Ë	DO YOU LIKE APPLES?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE APPLES.
	ü	YES, I DO. I LIKE APPLES.
Ask the group:	•• E-I	DOES (NAME) LIKE APPLES?
Model:	 H	Tell me: YES, HE DOES. HE LIKES APPLES.

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Year 2
Week 9
Day 3
Page 7

Speaker Exchange	GRP YES, HE DOES. HE LIKES APPLES.	T: DO YOU WANT TO EAT SOME APPLE?	T: Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO EAT SOME APPLE.	C: YES, I DO. I WANT TO EAT SOME APPLE.	T: WHAT DOES HE WANT TO EAT?	T: Tell me: HE WANTS TO EAT SOME APPLE.	GRP HE WANTS TO EAT SOME APPLE.	T: WHAT DID YOU EAT?	T: Tell me: I ATE SOME APPLE.	C: I ATE SOME APPLE.	T: WHAT DID HE EAT?	T: Tell me: HE ATE SOME APPLE.	T: Tell me: I LIKE APPLES.	G: I LIKE APPLES.
Instructions to the teacher		Say to the child:	Model:		Ask the group:	Model:		Give him a slice of apple. After he eats it, ask him:	Mode1.:		Ask the group:	Model:	Say to the child:	

Year 2
Week 9
Day 3
Page 8

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat this same drill with every child, giving each a cracker and a slice of apple.		
Now call on the first child again. Ask him:	ë	(NAME), DO YOU LIKE MILK?
Model:	H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE MILK.
	ິວ	YES, I DO. I LIKE MILK.
Ask the group:	Ä	DOES (NAME) LIKE MILK?
Model:	:- EH	Tell me: YES, HE DOES. HE LIKES MILK. SHE
276	GRP	YES, HE DOES. HE LIKES MILK.
Ask the child:	ï	DO YOU WANT TO DRINK SOME MILK?
Model:	ï	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO DRINK SOME MILK.
	ü	YES, I DO. I WANT TO DRINK SOME HILK.
Ask the group:	ä	WHAT DOES HE WANT TO DRINK
Model:	ë	Tell me: [HE] WANTS TO DRINK SOME MILK.
	GRP	HE WANTS TO DRINK SOME MILK.

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)	Year 2 Week 9 Day 3 Page 10
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the child:	H	DO YOU WANT TO DRINK SOME ORANGE JUICE?
Model:	 E-l	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO DRINK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
	ö	YES, I DO. I WANT TO DRINK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DOES HE WANT TO DRINK?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: HE WANTS TO DRINK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
	GRP	HE WANTS TO DRINK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
Give the child a small cup of orange "juice". After he drinks it, ask him:	H	WHAT DID YOU DRINK?
Model:	:	Tell me: I DRANK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
	ö	I DRANK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
Ask the group:	H	WHAT DID HE DRINK?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: HE DRANK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
	GRP	HE DRANK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
Say to the child:	∷	Tell me: I LIKE ORANGE JUICE.
•	ö	I LIKE SORANGE JUICE.

) IC		Year 2 Week 9 Day 3 Page 11
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat this drill with every child giving each a small cup of milk and a small cup of orange juice.		
III. REINFORCEMENT		
Ask one child:	Ë	WHAT DID YOU EAT?
Model, if necessary:	H	Tell me: I ATE SOME APPLE.
	ö	I ATE SOME APPLE.
Ask him:	ë	DID YOU LIKE THE APPLE?
Model:	ë	Tell me: YES, I DID. I LIKED THE APPLE.
79	ö	YES, I DID. I LIKED THE APPLE.
Ask him:	ä	WHAT ELSE DID YOU EAT?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: I ALSO ATE A CRACKER.
	ö	I ALSO ATE A CRACKER.
Ask him:	Ë	DID YOU LIKE THE CRACKER?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I DID. I LIKED THE CRACKER.
	ö	YES, I DID. I LIKED THE CRACKER.
Repeat this with each child. Then ask the first child:	Ë	WHAT DID YOU DRINK?
Model, if necessary:	:	Tell me: I DRANK SOME MILK.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	:0	I DRANK SOME MILK.
Ask him:	T:	DID YOU LIKE THE MILK?
Model:	ij	Tell me: YES, I DID. I LIKED THE MILK.
	ះ	YES, I DID. I LIKED THE MILK.
Ask him:	Ë	WHAT ELSE DID YOU DRINK?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: I ALSO DRANK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
	ö	I ALSO DRANK SOME ORANGE JUICE.
Ask him:	T:	DID YOU LIKE THE ORANGE JUICE?
Model:	Ţ	Tell me: YES, I DID. I LIKED THE ORANGE JUICE.
	ö	YES, I DID. I LIKED THE ORANGE JUICE.
Repeat this with each child.	a. a was side	

REVIEW PATTERNS: Time phrase: "In the morning"

(___)

NP + Like + NP

Year Week Day Page

Breakfast NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS:

(Breakfast foods): waffles, syrup, eggs, sausage, bacon, ham, toast, milk, cereal, sugar, orange juice, coffee, cream, chocolate, tea, pancakes, butter, jam, peper salt, tortillas.

MATERIALS NEEDED:

H-M Card 214 (breakfast) Magazine pictures of breakfast foods listed above, pasted on sheets of

paper and arranged in a folder (one to a sheet). NOTE: For Week 10 you will need a duplicate set of these pictures.

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Use the folder of pictures of foods and H-M card 215.		
Show the card. Say:	Ë	THEY'RE EATING. Repeat, please: THEY'RE EATING.
	GRP	THEY'RE EATING.
Point to the food in the picture. Say:	H	THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST. Repeat, please: THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST.
	GRP	THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST.
Point to the sun in the picture: Say:	Ä	THEY EAT BREAKFAST IN THE MORNING.
Ask the group:	Ë	DO YOU EAT BREAKFAST IN THE MORNING?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: YES, WE DO. WE EAT BREAKFAST IN THE MORNING.
	GRP	YES, WE DO. WE EAT BREAKFAST IN THE MORNING.
Put away the card and get out the folder. Say:		WHAT DO WE EAT FOR BREAKFAST? LET'S LOOK.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Go through the folder, saying (for example):	ü	THIS IS BACON. Tell me: THAT'S BACON.
	GRP	THAT'S BACON.
	ë.	WE EAT BACON FOR BREAKFAST. Tell me: WE EAT BACON FOR BREAKFAST.
	GRP	WE EAT BACON FOR BREAKFAST.
NOTE: You will want to put certain pictures in sequence, so that you can say:	T :	THESE ARE WAFFLES. THESE ARE PANCAKES. THIS IS SYRUP. WE PUT SYRUP ON OUR WAFFLES. WE PUT SYRUP ON OUR PANCAKES.
Go through the folder until the children seem to have grasped the meanings of all the words. e.g.	ë.	THIS IS CEREAL. WE EAT CEREAL FOR BREAKFAST. THIS IS CREAM. WE PUT CREAM IN OUR CEREAL. THIS IS SUGAR. WE PUT SUGAR IN OUR CEREAL. ETC
II. REINFORCEMENT		
Show one child a picture. Ask him:	T:	WHAT IS THIS?
Model, if necessary:	∷	Tell me: THAT'S HAM.
	ບໍ	THAT'S HAM.

ERIC TRICE

Year 2 Week 9 Day 4 Page 3

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask him:	T:	DO YOU LIKE HAM?
He may say:	ະ	YES. NO.
Expand his response:	Ħ:	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE HAM. NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE HAM.
Show another child a picture, and so on. Go through the whole contents of the folder.		

Breakfast foods: "breakfast" REVIEW PATTERNS:

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Year Week Day Page

Get + NP (Benefactive) + NP (Object) Bring + NP (Object) + NP (Locative) Take + NP (Object) + NP (Locative)

Folder of breakfast food pictures. MATERIALS NEEDED:

Evaluation: Large bowl of rice

Cup, box, bag, glass, jar Canned goods, bottles; and packages of cereal from Week 8 H-M pictures 119, 121, 215

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Seat the children in a circle. Use the folder of pictures of breakfast foods. Review the foods in three groups: 1. foods (bacon, sausage, eggs, ham, pancakes, waffles, tortillas, cereal, toast) 2. drinks (coffee, tea, milk, orange juice, chocolate) 3. condiments (salt, pepper, jam, butter, syrup, cream, sugar, milk)		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT CAN WE EAT FOR BREAKFAST? Repeat, please: WHAT CAN WE EAT FOR BREAKFAST?
	GRP	WHAT CAN WE EAT FOR BREAKFAST?
	H	LET'S LOOK.
Show a picture in the first group. Say:	: H	WHAT IS THIS ?
Model, if necessary:	ë. H	Tell me: THAT'S (bacon, ham, etc). THOSE ARE (eggs, waffles, etc.).

FOR BREAKFAST. FOR BREAKFAST. (juice, tea, milk, etc.) Repeat, please: WHAT CAN WE DRINK FOR BREAKFAST? FOR BREAKFAST. P (bacon, ham, etc.). (eggs, waffles, etc.). JUICE (juice, tea, milk, etc.) MILK ETC. BACON EGGS ETC. JUICE FOR BREAKFAST?
MILK
ETC. Tell me: YES, WE CAN. WE CAN DRINK Year Week Day Page FOR BREAKFAST? YES, WE CAN. WE CAN EAT BACON WHAT CAN WE DRINK FOR BREAKFAST? WHAT CAN WE DRINK FOR BREAKFAST? EGGS ETC. YES, WE CAN. WE CAN EAT BACON EGGS ETC. Tell me: THAT'S WHAT IS THIS? CAN WE DRINK CAN WE EAT THAT'S THOSE ARE Tell me: Exchange THAT'S Speaker GRP GRP GRP GRP .. [H ä ä Ξ: ij ä Ë Review all the first group in this way. Instructions to the teacher Then go on to the drinks: Show a picture. Say: Model, if necessary: Model, if necessary: Model, if necessary:

ERIC

		. Day 5 Page 3
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	YES, WE ACAN. WE CAN DRINK JUICE FOR BREAKFAST. MILK ETC.
Review all the drinks in this way. Then go on to the condiments:	Ë	WHAT IS THIS?
Model, if necessary:	H	Tell me: THAT'S SUGAR.
	GRP	THAT'S SUGAR.
Ask:	ï.	WHAT CAN WE DO WITH SUGAR?
Model:	ë	Tell me: WE CAN PUT SUGAR IN OUR CEREAL
	GRP	WE CAN PUT SUGAR IN OUR CEREAL.
Show another picture:	Ë	WHAT IS THIS?
	GRP	THAT'S JAM.
	Ë	WHAT CAN WE DO WITH JAM?
Model:	•• E	Tell me: WE CAN PUT JAM ON OUR TOAST WAFFLES PANCAKES
	GRP	WE CAN PUT JAM ON OUR TOAST WAFFLES PANCAKES

Review all the condiments in this way.

PART II. EVALUATION

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented difficulty.

Year Week Day Page

INSTRUCTIC	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE Student:		
ITEM I. WEEK 8 (all days) Week 9 Days 2,3	Have the large bowl of rice on the table. Hold up a handful of rice.	T: C:	WHAT DO I HAVE? (YOU HAVE) A HANDFUL OF RICE.		
	Do the same with a cupful, boxful, glassful, and bagful. (NOTE: Child may say either CUP or CUP-FUL, either GLASS or GLASSFUL.				
ITEM II. Week 8 Days 3,4	Have the canned goods, bottles, and and packages of cereal on the table. Hold up each and ask:	;;	WHAT IS THIS?		
week y Days 2,3	,	ű	THAT'S A CAN OF BEANS BUTTLE OF GRAPE JUICE PACKAGE OF CORN FLAKES. ETC.		
ITEM III. Week 9 Day 2 Week 8	Both you and the child are stand- ing at a distance from the table. Ask him:	T:	WILL YOU GET ME A CUPFUL OF RICE?		
Day 4	He should respond:	:	<u> </u>		
	After he gets it, ask him:	T:	FUL OF RICE.) WHAT DID YOU GET ME?		**************************************
	He should respond:	ö	I GOT YOU A CUPFUL OF RICE.	e en la lace de la composition della composition	

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Year 2
Week 9
Day 5
Page 5 EVALUATION (continued)

INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE Student:	C= Correct
ITEM IV. WEEK 9 DAY 2,3	You stand at one table and the child at another. You have a jar on your table and he has a box on his.			
	Say:	Ë	BRING THE JAR TO THIS TABLE.	
	After he does so, say:	ë	TAKE THE BOX TO THAT TABLE.	
	(comprehension only)			
ITEM V.	Show the child H-M card 119. Ask:	Ë	WHAT IS HE DOING?	
DAY 3,4		ü	HE'S EATING (A COOKIE).	
	Show him H-M card 121. Ask:	ë	WHAT IS HE DOING?	
		Ü	HE'S DRINKING (MILK).	
ITEM VI.	Show the child H-M card 215. Ask:	H	WHAT ARE THEY DOING?	
Week y Day 4		Ü	THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST.	
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Year 2 Week 9 Day 5 Page 6

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INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE Student:	
ITEM VII. Select several of the breakfast WEEK 9 food pictures from the folder. Day 4,5 Ask for each:	ë ë	WHAT IS THIS ? THAT'S THOSE ARE	
ITEM VIII Show the child several of the WEEK 9 above pictures. Ask him for DAY 3,4 each:	ë ö	DO YOU LIKE WAFFLES? YES, I DO. I LIKE WAFFLES. or NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE WAFFLES.	

OBJECTIVES

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foods.	breakfast.
and luncheon	ood hres
s and 1	enn. fr
t foods	שמים שמים
of Breakfas	estaurant, waitress, menu, food,
of E	Irant
ames	Restar
NEW VOCABULARY: N	
NEW	

for lunch breakfast	to eat drink
eat	ordered
н	H
CONSTRUCTIONS:	
2.	

ive) NP (Object		
(Benefact:	NP (Object)	
N N	Z	
61		H
pour pass serve	need	order 1ike
NP pour pass	NP need want	orde 1ike
TYPE: NP pour pass		orde 1ike
3. SENTENCE TYPE: NP pour NP (Benefactive) NP (Object) pass serve		orde 1ike

NP want + S

- What can we do with a knife, etc? 4. Questions involving instrumentals:
- 5. Time phrases: Yesterday, tomorrow, in the morning, at noon.
- cardboard stand. Menus from Sambo's Pancake House with colored pictures Apron, pictures of restaurants, pictures of waitresses, pencil and pad, H-M card 215, pictures of breakfast foods pasted on paper plates or of breakfast. Toy dishes. MATERIALS: Day 2:
- Day 3. Same as above.
- Same as above, except you will need luncheon menus from Big Boy Diner with colored pictures of luncheon foods and pictures of luncheon foods pasted on paper plates. Day 4.
- Pictures of luncheon and breakfast foods in folders and on paper plates. Bowl of rice, spoon, small bowl, pitcher and cup, pencil and pad. Pictures of waitress and H-M cards 214, 215. Day 5.

Year 2 Week 10

ADDENDUM

visit to a restaurant for lunch or breakfast. If you plan such a trip, be sure to call A worthwhile field trip to plan in conjunction with this week's experiences would be a ahead to reserve tables, and to cue the waitress as to her "lines", namely those which the children have been learning in English:

What would you like to order?

What would you like to eat drink etc.

This trip might substitute for the day 5 lesson which is largely review.

REVIEW DAY

Year Week Day

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 7 Item 4 Item 1

Item 8 Item 5 Item 2

Item 9 Item 6 Item 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each:

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

NEW PATTERNS: Breakfast Vocabulary

Instrumental questions: What can you do with a

spoon ? knife etc.

 Year
 2

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 10

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NEW PATTERNS: "Want + for breakfast" construction

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Restaurant , waitress, menu/menus, food.

Set of pictures of breakfast foods pasted on paper plates, or on cardboard and stands. (For example, bacon on a plate, milk carton on a stand). Pictures of the interior and exterior of a restaurant; one picture of people White apron (small); pad and pencil, Picture of a waitress, H-M card 215. eating in a restaurant (all these pasted on one sheet of paper). MATERIALS NEEDED:

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Menus from Sambo's Pancake House

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have the group sitting around a table. Have all the pictures, on plates and on stands, displayed at one end in three groups: foods, drinks, and condiments.		
Say to the group:	:.	LET'S HAVE BREAKFAST.
Ask one child:	 H	WHAT DO YOU WANT FOR BREAKFAST?
Let him choose one of the foods. Expand his response:	ij	Tell me: I WANT SOME BACON PANCAKES CEREAL
	ü	I WANT SOME BACON PANCAKES CEREAL ETC.
	ë	ALL RIGHT, YOU CAN HAVE SOME BACON. (etc).

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Give the child the food he asked for. Ask the group:	Ħ	WHAT DOES HE HAVE?
	ä	Tell me: HE HAS SOME BACON. (etc)
Repeat this drill with every child, until each has a plate of food.		
Ask the first child:	:	WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DRINK?
Let him choose one of the drinks. Expand his response:	Ë	Tell me: I WANT SOME CHOCOLATE. (etc).
	ü	I WANT SOME CHOCOLATE.
	ï	ALL RIGHT, YOU CAN HAVE SOME CHOCOLATE.
Give it to him and ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DOES [HE] HAVE?
Model:	ī.	Tell me: HE HAS SOME CHOCOLATE.
	GRP	HE HAS SOME CHOCOLATE.
Repeat with every child until each has a drink.		
Indicate the condiments and ask the first child:		DO YOU NEED SOMETHING?
Let him name something; expand his response:	ï	Tell me: YES, I DO. I NEED SOME PEPPER.

Year 2 Week 10 Day 2 Page 2

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C	Instructions to the teacher Ask the group: Model, if necessary: Model: Give him the pepper and ask another child: Let him name something; expand his response: Ask the group: Model: Model:
T: Tell me: I'LL PUT IT	Model:
WHAT	Ask the child:
HE NEEDS SOME	
Tell me: HE SHE	Model:
WHAT DOES HE SHE	Ask the group:
YES, I DO.	
T: Tell me:	Let him name something; e
T:	Give him the pepper and a
I'LL PUT	25
Tell me:	
WHAT	Ask the child:
HESHE	
Tell me: HE SHE	
WHAT DOES HE SHE	Ask the group:
YES, I DO.	
Speaker	Instructions to the teach

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1 77 65 70 65 65 75
THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST IN THE RESTAURANT. TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. THAT DO WE NEED? TEll me: WE NEED SOME FOOD. WE NEED SOME FOOD.
TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. Repeat, please: TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. WHAT DO WE NEED? TEll me: WE NEED SOME FOOD. WE NEED SOME FOOD.
TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. WHAT DO WE NEED? Tell me: WE NEED SOME FOOD.
TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. WHAT DO WE NEED? Tell me: WE NEED SOME FOOD. WE NEED SOME FOOD.
Tell me: WE NEED SOME FOOD. WE NEED SOME FOOD.
WE NEED SOME FOOD.
WE HAVE SOME FOOD. WHAT ELSE DO WE NEED?
WHO IS SHE?
Tell me: SHE'S A WAITRESS.
SHE'S A WAITRESS.
rell me: WE NEED A WAITRESS.
WE NEED A WAITRESS.
I'LL BE THE WAITRESS. WHAT ELSE DO WE NEED?
WHAT IS THIS?
WE HAVE SOME FOUNDE WHAT ELSE DO WE WHO IS SHE? Tell me: SHE'S SHE'S A WAITRESS WE NEED A WAITRE I'LL BE THE WAIT WHAT ELSE DO WE WHAT IS THIS?

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		Year 2 Week 10 Day 2 Page 6
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	T:	Tell me: THAT'S A MENU.
(Have them repeat "MENU" several times, if necessary.)	GRP	THAT'S A MENU.
Model:	Ξ:	Tell me: WE NEED SOME MENUS.
	GRP	WE NEED SOME MENUS.
Show them all the menus. Say:	: L	WE HAVE SOME MENUS.
III. REINFORCEMENT		
Ask the group:	: H	WHAT ARE WE GOING TO PLAY TOMORROW?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT.
	GRP	TOMORROW WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT?
Show the picture of the waitress and ask:	H:	WHO'S GOING TO BE THE WAITRESS?
Model:	H	Tell me: YOU ARE. YOU'RE GOING TO BE THE WAITRESS.
	GRP	YOU ARE. YOU'RE GOING TO BE THE WAITRESS.
Ask:	ä	WHAT ARE WE GOING TO EAT?
Mode1:	ä	Tell me: WE'RE GOING TO EAT BREAKFAST.
	GRP	WE'RE GOING TO EAT BREAKFAST.
Give each child a menu. Ask each one:	Ħ	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: I HAVE A MENU.

Year 2 Week 10 Day 2 Page 7

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
After you have asked each one, say to the group:	T:	LET'S LOOK AT OUR MENUS.
Ask one child:	ï.	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO EAT FOR BREAKFAST?
Help him to choose something. Model:	ï	Tell me: I'M GOING TO EAT PANCAKES.
	ö	I'M GOING TO EAT PANCAKES.
Ask another:	Ë	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO EAT FOR BREAKFAST?
Help him choose; model:	T.	Tell me: I'M GOING TO EAT SAUSAGE.
	ü	I'M GOING TO EAT SAUSAGE.
Repeat this with each child. Then help each to choose something to drink.	Ë	WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DRINK FOR BREAKFAST?
	ö	I'M GOING TO DRINK MILK ORANGE JUICE

AN + POON + AN SNAW CA PAIN NP + Need + NP NEW PACERNS:

Names of breakfast foods; breakfast; restaurant

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 10

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 1

(Object) Ž Want + S Get + NP (Benefactive) + Like + NP

NEW PATTERNS:

Order Serve Pour + NP

(Object) (Benefactive) + NP

TIME PHRASE: This morning

Toy dishes: knives, forks, spoons, plates, cups, saucers, glasses; napkins. Pictures of food from Day 2, pasted to plates or on cardboard stands. Menus MATERIALS NEEDED:

White apron, pad, and pencil Pictures of restaurant

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have the table already set with the toy dishes. Have on a nearby table: menus, apron, pad and pencil, all food.		
Show the pictures of the restaurant to the group. Say:	H :	WHAT'S THIS?
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: THAT'S A RESTAURANT.
	GRP	THAT'S A RESTAURANT.
	Ë	THIS MORNING WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT. Please, repeat: THIS MORNING WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT.
	GRP	THIS MORNING WE'RE GOING TO PLAY RESTAURANT.
	H H	LET'S GO TO THE RESTAURANT.

 Year
 2

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 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Take the children to the table that is set for breakfast. Say:	Ţ:	NOW WE'RE IN THE RESTAURANT. YOU'RE GOING TO EAT BREAKFAST HERE. YOU CAN SIT DOWN.
Put on the apron and get the pad and pencil. Say:	ë	I'M THE WAITRESS. Tell me: YOU'RE THE WAITRESS.
	GRP	YOU'RE THE WAITRESS.
Hold up the menus and say:	ï	THESE ARE MENUS. Tell me: THOSE ARE MENUS.
	GRP	THOSE ARE MENUS.
Lay the menus down again. Come to the children's table and say to C #1:	ï.	Tell me: I WEED A MENU.
	C#1	I NEED A MENU.
Bring him the menu and say:	H	I'LL GET YOU ONE. HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S A MENU.
Repeat this with every child. Then say to the group:	ï	LOOK AT YOUR MENUS. WHAT DO YOU WANT FOR BREAKFAST?
Stand beside C#1. Ask him:	:. E4	DO YOU LIKE EGGS? (bacon, ham, etc.)
He responds "YES" or "NO" and you expand his response:	H	Tell me: NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE EGGS. (bacon, ham, etc)
	C#1	NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE EGGS. (bacon, ham, etc.)
		Or Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE PANCAKES. (waffles, etc.)

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Year	Week	Day	Page

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Ask him:	C#1	YES, I DO. I LIKE PANCAKES. (waffles, etc.)
	Ask him:	ë	DO YOU WANT TO ORDER SOME PANCAKES?
	Model the response:	÷ H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO ORDER SOME PANCAKES.
	On the pad, write the child's name and "PANCAKES".		
	Ask him:	ij	WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DRINK? DO YOU LIKE MILK? (coffee, etc.)
302	He responds yes or no, and you expand his response:	H :	Tell me: NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE MILK. (coffee, etc.)
2		C#1	NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE MILK. (coffee, etc.) Or.
		: H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE MILK. (chocolate, etc.)
		. C#1	YES, I DO. I LIKE MILK. (chocolate, etc.)
	Ask him:	. T	DO YOU WANT TO ORDER SOME MILK?
	Model the response:	H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO ORDER SOME MILK.
		C#1	YES, I DO. I WANT TO ORDER SOME MILK.
•	Write "MILK" on the pad.		
	Show the child the pad. Ask him:	:: H	WHAT DID YOU ORDER?
	Point to "PANCAKES." Model:	:	Tell me: I ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.
		:	I ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.

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 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the group:	T:	WHAT DID HE ORDER?
Model:	ij	Tell me: HE ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.
	GRP	HE ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.
Point to "MILK" and ask the child:	T:	WHAT ELSE DID YOU ORDER?
Model:	Ι:	Tell me: I ALSO ORDERED SOME MILK.
	ິວ	I ALSO ORDERED SOME MILK.
Ask the group:	ä	WHAT ELSE DID HE ORDER?
Model:	T:	Tell me: HE ALSO ORDERED SOME MILK.
	GIP	HE ALSO ORDERED SOME MILK.
Ask the next child:	T.	WHAT DO YOU WANT FOR BREAKFAST? DO YOU LIKE WAFFLES? (tortillas, etc.)
Let him respond "YES" or "NO", and you expand his response:	T:	Tell me: NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE WAFFLES.
	C#2	NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE WAFFLES.
	 :-	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE WAFFLES.

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		Week 10 Day 3 Page 5
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask him:	T:	DO YOU WANT TO ORDER SOME WAFFLES?
Model the response:	H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO ORDER SOME WAFFLES.
	C#2	YES, I DO. I WANT TO ORDER SOME WAFFLES.
Write the child's name and "WAFFLES" on another sheet of the pad.		
Ask him:	Ħ	WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DRINK? DO YOU LIKE CHOCOLATE? (tea, etc.)
Expand his response:	ä	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE CHOCOLATE.
	C#2	YES, I DO. I LIKE CHOCOLATE.
Ask him:	T.	DO YOU WANT TO ORDER SOME CHOCOLATE?
Model the response:	T:	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO ORDER SOME CHOCOLATE.
	C#2	YES, I DO. I WANT TO ORDER SOME CHOCOLATE.
On the pad, write "CHOCOLATE".		
Show the child the pad. Ask him:	Ħ	WHAT DID YOU ORDER?
Point to "WAFFLES", Model:	Ħ	Tell me: I ORDERED SOME WAFFLES.
	ü	I ORDERED SOME WAFFLES.
Ask the group:	ä	WHAT DID HE ORDER?
Model:	T.	Tell me: HE ORDERED SOME WAFFLES.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	HE ORDERED SOME WAFFLES.
Point to "CHOCOLATE" and ask the child:	 H	WHAT ELSE DID YOU ORDER?
Model:	T:	Tell me: I ALSO ORDERED SOME CHOCOLATE.
Ask the group	C#2	I ALSO ORDERED SOME CHOCOLATE.
Ask the group:	T:	WHAT ELSE DID HE ORDER?
Model:	ë	Tell me: HE SHE SORDERED SOME CHOCOLATE.
	GRP	HE ALSO ORDERED SOME CHOCOLATE.
Repeat the routine with every child. Make different suggestions to each child, so that they order a variety of things. This gives an opportunity to use more of the new vocabulary items.		
After the children have ordered, say to the group:	Ë	I'LL BRING YOU YOUR BREAKFAST.
Bring the paper plates with the pictures of pancakes pasted on it to Child #1:	ë	DID YOU ORDER SOME PANCAKES?
Model:	ï	Tell me: YES, I DID. I ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.
	C#1	YES, I DID. I ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.

I'LL SERVE YOU SOME PANCAKES.
WHAT WILL I SERVE YOU?

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Year 2 Week 10 Day 3

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model the response:	T:	Tell me: YOU'LL SERVE ME SOME PANCAKES.
	C#1	YOU'LL SERVE ME SOME PANCAKES.
Ask the group:	H	WHAT WILL I SERVE HIM ?
Model the response:	ï.	Tell me: YOU'LL SERVE HIM SOME PANCAKES. HER
Go through the retions of serving pancakes from the platter to the child's plate.		
Then ask him:	ä	WHAT DID I SERVE YOU?
Model the response:	 	Tell me: YOU SERVED ME SOME PANCAKES.
	C#1	YOU SERVED ME SOME PANCAKES.
Ask the group:	ij	WHAT DID I SERVE HIM ?
Model the response:	ë.	Tell me: YOU SERVED HIM SOME PANCAKES.
	GRP	YOU SERVED HIM SOME PANCAKES. HER
Continue this routine with every child, bringing the item he ordered and serving him a portion of it.	,	. 22
Next bring the drinks. Bring the teapot and say to child #1:	Ë	DID YOU ORDER SOME TEA?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	T:	Tell me: YES, I DID. I ORDERED SOME TEA.
	. C#1	YES, I DID. I ORDERED SOME TEA.
	T.	I'LL POUR YOU SOME TEA. WHAT WILL I POUR YOU?
Model the response:		Tell me: YOU'LL POUR ME SOME TEA.
	C#1	YOU'LL POUR ME SOME TEA.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT WILL I POUR HIM ?
Model:	÷ H	Tell me: YOU'LL POUR HIM SOME TEA.
	GRP	YOU'LL POUR HIM SOME TEA.
Go through the motions of pouring teainto the child's cup.		
Ask him:	 	WHAT DID I POUR YOU?
Model:	ï.	Tell me: YOU POURED ME SOME TEA.
	C#1	YOU POURED ME SOME TEA.
Ask the group:	H	WHAT DID I POUR HER ?
	GRP	YOU POURED HIM SOME TEA.

2	10	3	6
Year	Week _	Day	Page _

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Continue this routine with every child.		ETC.
After serving the drinks, bring the butter salt, pepper, jam, syrup, cream, sugar, and milk to the table.		
Choose a child who is too far from the condiments to reach them. Ask him:	ä	DO YOU NEED SOME SALT?
Model:	T:	Tell me: YES, I DO. I NEED SOME SALT.
	C#1	YES, I DO. I NEED SOME SALT.
Point to another child and say to C#1:	T:	Ask him: WILL YOU PASS ME THE SALT?
	C#1	WILL YOU PASS ME THE SALT?
Model for C#2:	T:	Tell him: YES, I WILL. I'LL PASS YOU THE SALT.
	C#2	YES, I WILL. I'LL PASS YOU THE SALT.
<pre>Help child #2 to pass the salt to child #1. Then ask child #2:</pre>	ë.	WHAT DID YOU PASS HIM ?
Model:	•• E4	Tell me: I PASSED HIM THE SALT.
	C#2	I PASSED HIM THE SALT.
Ask child #1:	ë H	WHAT DID HE SASS YOU?

Year 2 Week 10 Day 3 Page 10

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	ë	Tell me: HE PASSED ME THE SALT.
	C#1	HE PASSED ME THE SALT.
Go on to two other children. Ask the first:	Ħ	DO YOU NEED SOME SUGAR?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I DO. I NEED SOME SUGAR.
	C#3	YES, I DO. I NEED SOME SUGAR.
Point to another child and say to C#3:	H	Ask him: WILL YOU PASS ME THE SUGAR?
	C#3	WILL YOU PASS ME THE SUGAR?
Model for child #4:	ı.	Tell him: YES, I WILL. I'LL PASS YOU THE SUGAR.
	7#D	YES, I WILL. I'LL PASS YOU THE SUGAR.
Help child #4 to pass the sugar to child #3. Then ask child #4:	T.	Tell me: I PASSED HIM THE SUGAR
	7#P	I PASSED HIM THE SUGAR.
Ask child #3:	T:	WHAT DID HE PASS YOU?
Model:	ï	Tell me: HE PASSED ME THE SUGAR.
	C#3	HE PASSED ME THE SUGAR.

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 Year
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 Week
 10

 Day
 3

 Page
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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat this drill several times with all the children.		
III. REINFORCEMENT		
When the children have finished "eating", have them return to their original seats in the circle. Review the trip to the restaurant in past tense.		
Use the folder of pictures of breakfast foods.		
Say to the group:	 E	TODAY WE PLAYED RESTAURANT. YOU ATE BREAKFAST IN THE RESTAURANT. I WAS THE WAITRESS.
Ask child #1:	T:	WHAT DID YOU ORDER FOR BREAKFAST? SHOW ME.
Hand him the folder and help him find what he ordered. Then model for him:	Ë	Tell me: I ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.
	C#1	I ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.
Ask the group, showing them the picture:	II.	WHAT DID HE SHE SHEAKFAST?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: HE ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.
	GRP	HE ORDERED SOME PANCAKES.
Ask the child:	ë	WHAT DID YOU ORDER TO DRINK? SHOW ME.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Help him to find it; model for him:	Ħ:	Tell me: I ORDERED SOME TEA.
	C#1	I ORDERED SOME TEA.
Ask the group:	 .:	WHAT DID HE ORDER TO DRINK?
Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: HE ORDERED SOME TEA.
Repeat this with every child. NOTE: If there is no time for reinforcement on Day 3, use this as an opening review on Day 4.		

REVIEW PATTERNS:

(Benefactive) R + Serve Pass Pour + ď

+ NP (Object)

Year _ Day Page Week

NEW PATTERNS:

R S Want + Like | Order Need Want + Ŋ. R

Lunch. Hamburger, hot dog, french fries, salad, soup, sandwich, potato chips, tomatoes, lettuce, onion, mustard, ketchup, salt, pepper, milkshake, coke. Time Phrases: Yesterday, in the morning, at noon. NEW VOCABULARY:

H-M cards 215, 214 MATERIALS NEEDED:

Menus from a "Big Boy" diner Pictures of restaurant

Toy dishes as on Day 3

Small white apron, pad and pencil

Magazine pictures of luncheon foods, pasted on paper plates where appropriate, or on cardboard stands otherwise. Have a duplicate set: paste each picture on sheet of paper and arrange in a folder.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have the table set as on Day 3. Have menus, "food", apron, pad and pencil on a nearby table.		
Seat the group in a circle away from the table.		
Show them H-M card 215. Ask:	H :	WHAT ARE THEY DOING?
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST.
	GRP	THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST.
Show H-M card 214. Ask:	H	WHAT ARE THEY DOING?

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Year 2 Week 10 Day 4 Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model the response:	H:	Tell me: THEY'RE EATING LUNCH.
	GRP	THEY'RE EATING LUNCH.
Ask:	:i	WHEN DO WE EAT BREAKFAST?
Model, if necessary:	::	Tell me: WE EAT BREAKFAST IN THE MORNING.
	GRP	WE EAT BREAKFAST IN THE MORNING.
Ask the group:	:.	WHEN DO WE EAT LUNCH?
Model:	: H	Tell me: WE EAT LUNCH AT NOON.
	GRP	WE EAT LUNCH AT NOON.
Ask: Get out the folder of luncheon foods.	ë	WHAT CAN WE EAT FOR LUNCH? LET'S LOOK.
Go through the folder, naming each item and modeling a sentence for the children to repeat. For example:	 H	THIS IS A HAMBURGER. Tell me: THAT'S A HAMBURGER.
	GRP	THAT'S A HAMBURGER.
	:	WE CAN EAT HAMBURGERS FOR LUNCH. Repeat, please: WE CAN EAT HAMBURGERS FOR LUNCH.
	GRP	WE CAN EAT HAMBURGERS FOR LUNCH.
NOTE: Use the expression "for lunch" as many times as possible.	H :	THIS IS KETCHUP. Tell me: THAT'S KETCHUP.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	THAT'S KETCHUP.
	ä	WE CAN PUT KETCHUP ON OUR HAMBURGERS. Repeat, please: WE CAN PUT KETCHUP ON OUR HAMBURGERS.
	GRP	WE CAN PUT KETCHUP ON OUR HAMBURGERS.
When you have covered the material in the folder thoroughly, say to the group:	ä	Tell me: YESTERDAY WE PLAYED RESTAURANT.
	GRP	YESTERDAY WE PLAYED RESTAURANT.
Ask them:	Ë	WHAT DID WE EAT YESTERDAY?
Model, if necessary:	 H	Tell me: YESTERDAY WE ATE BREAKFAST.
÷	GRP	YESTERDAY WE ATE BREAKFAST.
	T:	YES, YESTERDAY WE ATE BREAKFAST.
Say:	H	TODAY, LET'S EAT LUNCH IN THE RESTAURANT.
Ask the group:	ä	WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO TODAY?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: TODAY, WE'RE GOING TO EAT LUNCH IN THE RESTAURANT.
	GRP	TODAY, WE ARE GOING TO EAT LUNCH IN THE RESTAURANT.
Repeat:	Ë	WHAT DID WE DO YESTERDAY?
Mode1:	ı:	Tell me: YESTERDAY, WE ATE BREAKFAST IN THE RESTAURANT.
	GRP	YESTERDAY, WE ATE BREAKFAST IN THE RESTAURANT.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask:	Ţ	WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO TODAY?
Model:	ï	Tell me: TODAY, WE'RE GOING TO EAT LUNCH IN THE RESTAURANT.
	GRP	TODAY, WE'RE GOING TO EAT LUNCH IN THE RESTAURANT.
	ï.	LET'S GO TO THE RESTAURANT.
Lead the children to the table which is already set. (NOTE: This will be similar to Day 3, but not identical.)	H .	NOW, WE'RE IN THE RESTAURANT. YOU'RE GOING TO EAT LUNCH HERE. YOU CAN SIT DOWN.
Put on the apron, get the pad and pencil:	Ë	I'M THE WAITRESS.
Model for the group:	ä	Tell me: YOU'RE THE WAITRESS.
	GRP	YOU'SE THE WAITRESS.
Say to child #1:	ï	Tell me: I NEED A MENU.
	C#1	I NEED A MENU.
	H	I'LL GET YOU ONE.
Bring him the menu and say:	 	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S A MENU.
Repeat this with every child.		
Then say to the group:	T:	LOOK AT YOUR MENUS. WELAT DO YOU WANT FOR LUNCH?

Year 2 Week 10 Day 4 Page 5	Exchange	DO YOU LIKE HAMBURGERS?	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE HAMBURGERS. Or NO, I DON'T. I DON'T LIKE HAMBURGERS.	Tell me: I WANT TO ORDER A HAMBURGER.	I WANT TO ORDER A HAMBURGER.	WHAT ELSE DO YOU LIKE?	Tell me: I ALSO LIKE FRENCH FRIES.	I ALSO LIKE FRENCH FRIES.	Tell me: I WANT TO ORDER SOME FRENCH FRIES.	I WANT TO ORDER SOME FRENCH FRIES.	WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DRINK? DO YOU LIKE COKES?	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE COKES. NO, I DON'T. Or I DON'T LIKE COKES.	Tell me: I WANT TO ORDER A COKE.	I WANT TO ORDER A COKE.	WHAT DID YOU ORDER?
O	Speaker	T:	ë.	ï.	ö	H		_ວ	ä	່ວ	Ħ	ä	I:	ö	ä
O	Instructions to the teacher	Stand beside C#1 and ask him:	Expand his response:	When he gives a "YES" response, model for him:		Write his name and "HAMBURGER" on the pad. Ask him:	Let him order one other food: (A salad, soup, french fries, etc.)		Model for him:		Now ask him:	Expand his response:	When he gives a "YES" response, Model:		Now show him the pad. Ask him:
ERIC.	Instruct	Stand be	Expand h	When he for him:		Write pad.	Let him (A salad		Model fo		Now ask	Expand h	When he		Now show

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 Year
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 Week
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 Day
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 Page
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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model: (point to HAMBURGER)	:	Tell me: I ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
	ຮ	I ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
Ask:	ij	WHAT ELSE DID YOU ORDER?
Point to FRENCH FRIES and model:	H	Tell me: I ALSO ORDERED SOME FRENCH FRIES.
	ບໍ	I ALSO ORDERED SOME FRENCH FRIES.
Point to COKE and ask him:	ä	WHAT DID YOU ORDER TO DRINK?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: I ORDERED A COKE.
	ü	I ORDERED A COKE.
Repeat this with every child: After all the children have ordered, say to the group:	ë	I'LL BRING YOUR LUNCH.
Bring a paper plate with a picture of a hamburger pasted on it. Say:	ä	WHO ORDERED A HAMBURGER?
Say to one child:	.: L	DID YOU ORDER A HAMBURGER?
Model:	ï.	Tell me: YES, I DID. I ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
	ü	YES, I DID. I ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
	ij	I'LL SERVE YOU A HAMBURGER.
Pantomime serving; then ask him:	H	WHAT DID I SERVE YOU?
Model:	ij	Tell me: YOU SERVED ME A HAMBURGER.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ü	YOU SERVED ME A HAMBURGER.
Ask the group:	ï	WHO ELSE ORDERED A HAMBURGER?
Model for whoever did:	Ħ	Tell me: I DID. I ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
	C#2	I DID. I ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
Say to him:	ï.	I'LL SERVE YOU A HAMBURGER.
Pantomime serving; then ask him:	T:	WHAT DID I SERVE YOU?
Model, if necessary:	Ħ	Tell me: YOU SERVED ME A HAMBURGER.
	ü	YOU SERVED ME A HAMBURGER.
Continue if there are other children who ordered hamburgers.		
Next bring the french fries (for example and serve them to everyone who ordered them.		
Continue with the other foods.		
Next serve the drinks. Bring a bottle of coke and say:	ä	WHO ORDERED A COKE?
Model for C#1:	H	rell me: I DID. I ORDERED A COKE.
	C#1	I DID. I ORDERED A COKE.
	ij	I'LL POUR YOU A COKE.
Pantomime pouring; then ask him:	ä	WHAT DID I POUR YOU?

 Year
 2

 Week
 10

 Day
 4

 Page
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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	ï.	Tell me: YOU POURED ME A COKE.
	C # 1	YOU POURED ME A COKE.
Ask the group:	ä	WHO ELSE ORDERED A COKE?
Model for whoever did:	ä	Tell me: I DID. I ORDERED A COKE.
	:	I DID. I ORDERED A COKE.
Say to him:	H	I'LL POUR YOU A COKE.
Pantomime pouring; then ask him:	ä	WHAT DID I POUR YOU?
Model:	ij	Tell me: YOU POURED ME A COKE.
	ដ	YOU POURED ME A COKE.
Continue with all children who ordered cokes.		
Continue with the other drinks.		
Now bring the mustard, ketchup, salt, pepper, lettuce, onion and tomatoes to the table.		
Ask a child who is too far from these things to reach them: (Point to them as you say this)	Ä	DO YOU NEED SOMETHING?
Model:	ī.	Tell me: YES, I DO. I NEED SOME MUSTARD.
	C #1	YES, I DO. I NEED SOME MUSTARD.

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Year 2 Week 10 Day 4 Page 9

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Point to another child and say to C#1:	T:	Ask him: WILL YOU PASS ME THE MUSTARD?
		C#1	WILL YOU PASS ME THE MUSTARD?
	Model for child #2:	ä	Tell him: YES, I WILL. I'LL PASS YOU THE MUSTARD.
		H	YES I WILL. I'LL PASS YOU THE MUSTARD.
	Help child #2 to pass the mustard to child #1. Then ask child #2:	H	WHAT DID YOU PASS HIM ?
200	Model:	E4	Tell me: I PASSED HIM THE MUSTARD.
		C#2	I PASSED HIM THE MUSTARD.
	Ask child #1:	ä	WHAT DID HE PASS YOU?
	Model:	•• [Tell me: HE PASSED ME THE MUSTARD.
		C#1	HE PASSED ME THE MUSTARD.
	Repeat this drill several times with pairs of children, asking the second to pass something to the first. Be sure all children have a chance to participate Also be sure to review all items by suggesting to the children things that		

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		Page 10
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
they need.		
II. REINFORCEMENT		
Have the children return to their original seats. Use the folder of pictures of luncheon foods.		
Say to the group:	ij	TODAY YOU ATE LUNCH IN A RESTAURANT.
Ask child #1:	H	WHAT DID YOU ORDER FOR LUNCH? SHOW ME.
Hand him the folder and help him find what he ordered. Model for him:	ä	Tell me: I ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
Ask the group (showing them the picture):	C#1	I ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
Ask the group (showing them the picture):	T:	WHAT DID HE ORDER?
Model:	H	Tell me: HE ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
	GRP:	HE ORDERED A HAMBURGER.
Ask the child:	T:	WHAT ELSE DID YOU ORDER?
Help him find it; model for him:	T:	Tell me: I ALSO ORDERED SOME FRENCH FRIES.
	C #1:	I ALSO ORDERED SOME FRENCH FRIES.
Ask the group (showing them the picture):	Ë	WHAT ELSE DID HE ORDER?

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Year 2 Week 10 Day 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: HE ALSO ORDERED SOME FRENCH FRIES.
	GRP:	HE ALSO ORDERED SOME FRENCH FRIES.
Ask the child:	ë	WHAT DID YOU ORDER TO DRINK?
Model:	ä	Tell me: I ORDERED A COKE.
	c #1:	I ORDERED A COKE.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DID HE ORDER TO DRINK?
Model:	Ë	HE ORDERED A COKE.
Continue with every child.	GRP:	HE ORDERED A COKE.

REVIEW PATTERNS:

Time phrases: In the morning; at noon Questions with: What can we do with sugar?

Names of all breakfast and lunch foods, drinks, and condiments.

Year Week Day Page

Waitress, menu, lunch, breakfast NP + Order + NP NP + Pass, Pour, Serve + NP (Benefactive) + NP

(Object)

Folders of pictures of breakfast and lunch foods. MATERIALS NEEDED:

Picture of waitress; H-M cards 214, 215

Menus

Large bowl of rice; spoon; small bowl; pitcher; glass; cup rencil and pad

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART I:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Mix and match the breakfast and lunch pictures, but keep them in the three groups of Foods, Drinks, and Condiments.		
Hold up H-M Card 215. Ask:	Ħ:	WHAT ARE THEY DOING?
Model, if necessary:	ï	Tell me: THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST.
	GRP	THEY'RE EATING BREAKFAST.
Hold up H-M Card 214. Ask:	ī:	WHAT ARE THEY DOING?
Model, if necessary:	ï.	Tell me: THEY'RE EATING LUNCH.
	GRP	THEY'RE EATING LUNCH.
Ask the group:	ï.	DO WE EAT BREAKFAST AT NOON?
Model the response:	T:	Tell me: NO, WE DON'T. WE DON'T EAT BREAKFAST AT NOON.
	GRP	NO, WE DON'T. WE DON'T EAT BREAKFAST AT NOON.
Ask them:	H:	WHEN DO WE EAT BREAKFAST?

Year 2
Week 10
Day 5
Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: WE EAT BREAKFAST IN THE MORNING.
	GRP	WE EAT BREAKFAST IN THE MORNING.
Ask them:	T:	DO WE EAT LUNCH IN THE MORNING?
Model, if necessary:	.: T	Tell me: NO, WE DON'T. WE DON'T EAT LUNCH IN THE MORNING.
	GRP	NO, WE DON'T. WE DON'T EAT LUNCH IN THE MORNING.
Ask them:	ä	WHEN DO WE EAT LUNCH?
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: WE EAT LUNCH AT NOON.
	GRP	WE EAT LUNCH AT NOON.
Now use the pictures of foods. Hold up a picture and ask:	Ţ	WHAT'S THIS?
Model, if necessary:	ä	Tell me: THAT'S A HAMBURGER.
	GRP	THAT'S A HAMBURGER.
Ask them:	ij	DO WE EAT HAMBURGERS FOR BREAKFAST?
Model if necessary:	ij	Tell me: NO, WE DON'T. WE DON'T EAT HAMBURGERS FOR BREAKFAST.
	GRP	NO, WE DON'T. WE DON'T EAT HAMBURGERS FOR BREAKFAST.
Hold up another picture. Ask:	ï.	WHAT ARE THESE?
	GRP	THOSE ARE WAFFLES.
	ï	DO WE EAT WAFFLES FOR LUNCH?

Year 2 Week 10 Day 5 Page 3

Exchange	NO, WE DON'T. WE DON'T EAT WAFFLES FOR LUNCH.	WHAT'S THIS?	THAT'S CEREAL.	DO WE EAT CEREAL FOR BREAKFAST?	YES, WE DO. WE EAT CEREAL FOR BREAKFAST.				,	WHAT'S THIS?	THAT'S SUGAR.	WHAT CAN WE DO WITH SUGAR?	Tell me: WE CAN PUT IT IN OUR COFFEE. TEA CEREAL ETC.	WHAT'S THIS?
Speaker	GRP	T:	GRP	T:	GRP:		_	·		.: -	GRP	 H	:	 H
Instructions to the teacher		Hold up another picture. Ask:				Continue with the rest of the foods; Cy your questions should have both "YES" and "NO" answers.	Review the drinks in the same way.	NOTE: Some of the items, of course, can be eaten and drunk both at breakfast and at lunch; e.g., ham, chocolate, milk, etc.	Review the condiments in this way:	Hold up a picture and ask:			Model:	Hold up another picture and ask:

Year 2 Week 10 Day 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
	aud	THAT'S JAM.	
1	Ħ	WHAT CAN WE DO WITH JAM?	
	GRP	WE CAN PUT IT ON OUR TOAST WAFFLES PANCAKES ETC.	
Review all the condiments in this way.			
	i -		

PART II. EVALUATION

the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on difficulty.

Year 2 Week 10 Day 5 Page 5

Instruct	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student	C=Correct V=Incorrect
ITEM 1. WEEK 10	Show the child the picture of a waitress. Ask:	T:	WHO IS SHE?	
		ü	SHE'S A WAITRESS.	
ŧ	Show him a menu and ask:	ä	WHAT'S THIS?	
		ü	THAT'S A MENU!	
ITEM 2 WEEK 10	Give the child a menu. Say:	Ŧ:	HERE'S A MENU. WHAT DO YOU WANT TO ORDER?	
4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		ö	(I WANT IO ORDER) SOME PANCAKES. etc.	
	Write down his order; then show it to him and ask:	 H	WHAT DID YOU ORDER?	
		ដ	(I ORDERED) SOME PANCAKES.	
ITEM 3. WEEK 10 DAYS 3	Have a large bowl of rite, a spoon, and a small bowl. Ask the child:	T:	WILL YOU SERVE ME SOME RICE?	
	He should do so.			
	Then ask him:	:: H	WHAT DID YOU SERVE ME?	
		ö	I SERVED YOU SOME RICE.	
	į			

Year 2 Week 10 Day 5 Page 6

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EVALUATION (continued)

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student:	C=Correct V=Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
ITEM 4 Have a pitcher partly full of water WEEK 10 and a glass. Ask the child: DAYS 3 4 He should do so.	T:	WILL YOU POUR ME SOME WATER?	
Then ask him:	: H	WHAT DID YOU POUR ME?	
	:	I POURED YOU SOME WATER.	
ITEM 5 Lay out on the table 3 pictures WEEK 10 of luncheon foods and 3 of DAYS 3 breakfast foods. Ask him:	ä	WHAT DO WE EAT FOR LUNCH?	
As he points to each item, ask him:	ë	WHAT IS THAT?	
	<u></u>	THAI'S A HAMBURGER. Etc.	

			┪
ITEM 6 Using the pictures above, ask the WEEK 10 child:	អ	WHAT DO WE EAT FOR BREAKFAST? SHOW ME.	
4 5 As he points to each item, ask him:	: .	WHAT IS THAT?	_
	່ວ	THAI'S CEREAL. (etc.)	

EVALUATION (continued)

Year 2 Week 10 Day 5 Page 7

Instruct	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student:	C= Correct = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5	ct 5 6
ITEM 7 WEEK 10 DAYS 2 3	Show the child pictures of the follow-ing: 1. sugar, cereal, coffee, tea 2. hot dog, hamburger, french fries ketchup. 3. butter, toast, pancakes waffles.				
	Ask him about each of the underlined words:	H :-	WHAT IS THIS?		
		ະວ	THAT'S (SUGAR, KETCHUP, BUTTER).		
ITEM 8 WEEK 10 DAY 5	Ask the child about each of the underlined words in Item VII:	Ħ	WHAT CAN WE DO WITH SUGAR RETCHUP BUTTER		
	The child should answer (e.g. for sugar):	ü	WE CAN PUT IT IN OUR COFFEE . IN OUR TEA		
	NOTE: To get all the answers, ask:		WHAT ELSE CAN WE DO WITH SUGAR? ETC.		
ITEM 9 WEEK 10 DAYS 3	Sit beside the child at the table. Place a cup, glass, etc. on the other side of the child.	Ħ	WILL YOU PASS ME THE CUP?		
•	He should do so. Then ask him:	ë	WHAT DID YOU PASS ME?		
	-	ü	I PASSED YOU THE CUP.		

ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR II WEEK XI ERIC

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OBJECTIVES

1. NEW VOCABULARY:

VERBS: Fill/filled Use/used MEASURE: Carton of

MONEY TERMS: Quarter, dime, nickle, penny, half-dollar.

NOUNS: Toothbrush, clothesbrush, hairbrush.

CONSTRUCTIONS: Instrumentality expressed as action: e.g. 'You can use the brush to brush your clothes." 2.

Instrumentality expressed as action: e.g. "You can fill the box with beans." CONSTRUCTION: ن

QUESTIONS INVOLVING ACTION OF INSTRUMENTATION:

e.g. "What can you use this brush for?" "What can you fill this box with?"

Pens, pencils, crayons, paper, toy scissors, brushes. Day 2: 5. MATERIALS:

As above plus: bowls of rice, beans, macaroni, raisins, Day 3:

large spoon, small bowl, bag, cup, jar, box, glass. Pictures of canned and packaged breakfast and lunch foods, Day 4:

play money (coins), three dozen small paper bags. Animal crackers, slices of apple, carton of milk, pitcher Day 5:

of grape flavored Kool-aid.

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REVIEW DAY

Year 2 Week 11 Day 1

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INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK:

 Item 1
 Item 4
 Item 7

 Item 2
 Item 8

 Item 3
 Item 6
 Item 9

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

REVIEW PATTERNS: Instrumentals

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Substitution: Pronouns for NP (Object)

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Year 2
Week 11
Day 2
Page 1

NEW CONSTRUCTIONS: NP + USE + NP (Instrument) to.... e.g. "You can use this brush to brush your hair."

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Use/used (Verb)

MATERIALS NEEDED: Pens, pencils, crayons, paper Toy scissors 3 brushes: toothbrush, clothesbrush, hairbrush

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Hold up a pencil and ask:	1 :	WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS PENCIL?
Expand children's response:	:	Tell me: YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL.
	GRP	YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL.
Draw the circle and show it. Say:	ë	YES, I CAN. I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE PENCIL. WHAT ELSE CAN I DO WITH THE PENCIL?
Model, if necessary:	ä	Tell me: YOU CAN ALSO MAKE A DOT WITH THE PENCIL.
	GRP	YOU CAN ALSO MAKE A DOT WITH THE PENCIL.
Make the dot and show it.	:	YES, I CAN. I CAN MAKE A DOT WITH THE PENCIL.
Continue to elicit all uses of the pencil that the children have had. (Draw a line, draw a square, fill in the circle).		
Give one of the children a crayon and a sheet of paper. Model for him:	:	Ask them: WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS CRAYON?
	ö	WHAT CAN I DO WITH THE CRAYON?

Year 2 Week 11 Day 2 Page 2	Exchange	Tell him: YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.	YOU CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THF CRAYON.	Tell them: YES? I CAN. I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.	YES, I CAN. I CAN DRAW A CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.	Ask them: WHAT ELSE CAN I DO WITH THE CRAYON?	WHAT ELSE CAN I DO WITH THE CRAYON?	Tell him: You CAN ALSO FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.	YOU CAN ALSO FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.	Tell them: YES, I CAN. I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.	YES, I CAN. I CAN FILL IN THE CIRCLE WITH THE CRAYON.	Ask them: WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS BRUSH?	WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS BRUSH?	Tell him: YOU CAN BRUSH YOUR HAIR WITH THE BRUSH.	YOU CAN BRUSH YOUR HAIR WITH THE BRUSH.	
	Speaker	ä	GRP	: H	ü	Ë	່ວ	 H	GRP	:: H	Ü	 H	_ບ	: .	GRP	
PIC.	Instructions to the teacher	Model for the group, if necessary:		Have the child draw the circle and show it. Model for him:		Model for him:	3	Model for the group, if necessary:		Have the child fill in the circle and show it. Model for him:		Continue to elicit more uses of the crayon. Give another child a hairbrush. Model for him:		Model for the group:		
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Exchange	Tell them: YES, I CAN. I CAN BRUSH MY HAIR WITH THE BRUSH.	Ask them: WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS BRUSH?	Tell him: YOU CAN BRUSH YOUR CLOTHES WITH THE BRUSH.	YOU CAN BRUSH YOUR CLOTHES WITH THE BRUSH. Tell them: YES, I CAN. I CAN BRUSH MY CLOTHES WITH THE BRUSH.	YES, I CAN. I CAN BRUSH MY CLOTHES WITH THE BRUSH.	Ask them: WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS BRUSH?	WHAT CAN I DO WITH THIS BRUSH?	Tell him: YOU CAN BRUSH YOUR TEETH WITH THE BRUSH.	YOU CAN BRUSH YOUR TEETH WITH THE BRUSH.	Tell them: YES, I CAN. I CAN BRUSH MY TEETH WITH THE BRUSH.	YES, I CAN. I CAN BRUSH MY TEETH WITH THE BRUSH.	
Speaker	Ħ	 H	 H	GRP T:	ü		ö	Ë	GRP	ë	ö	
Instructions to the teacher	Have him pantomime the action. Then model for him:	Give another child a clothesbrush. Model for him:	Model for the group, if necessary:	Have him pantomime the action. Then model	4	Give another child a toothbrush. Model for him:		Model for the group, if necessary:		Have the child pantomime the action. Then model for him:		Give another child a pen and a sheet of paper. Elicit all uses of the pen. (DRAW

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Year 2 Week 11 Day 2 Page 4	Speaker Exchange	RAW and		T: WHAT CAN I USE THIS PENCIL FOR? WHAT CAN I USE THIS PENCIL FOR?	T: THAT'S RIGHT. I CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A CIRCLE. Tell me: YOU CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A CIRCLE.	GRP YOU CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A CIRCLE.	T: Tell me: YOU CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A CIRCLE.	GRP YOU CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A CIRCLE.	T: WHAT ELSE CAN I USE THE PENCIL FOR?	T: THAT'S RIGHT. X CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A LINE. Tell me: YOU CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A LINE.	GRP YOU CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A LINE.	T: Tell ma: YOU CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A LINE.	
	Instructions to the teacher	A CIRCLE, MAKE A DOT, DRAW A SQUARE, DRAW A LINE, etc.) Give another child a pair of scissors and elicit use of scissors (CUT THE PAPER)	INTRODUCTION	Hold up a pencil. Ask:	Pantomime drawing a circle on a sheet of paper. Try to elicit the response "DRAWA CIRCLE." Then expand:		Draw the circle; show it; and repeat:		Ask:	Pantomime drawing a line. Expand the response.		Draw the line; show it; and repeat:	

Elicit the other uses of a pencil (MAKE

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		Year 2 Week 11 Day 2 Page 5
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
A DOT, FILL IN THE CIRCLE, etc.), using the same drill.		
Call on a child. Give him a crayon and a sheet of paper. Model for him:	:	Ask them: WHAT CAN I USE THIS CRAYON FOR?
	ິບ	WHAT CAN I USE THIS CRAYON FOR?
Leave off the pantomime, if possible. When the group makes a response expand it:	ä	THAI'S RIGHT. Tell him: You CAN USE THE CRAYON TO DRAW A CIRCLE.
	GRP	YOU CAN USE THE CRAYON TO DRAW A CLACLE.
Ask the child:	: .	WHAT CAN YOU USE THE CRAYON FOR?
Model for him:	:	Tell me: I CAN USE THE CRAYON TO DRAW A CIRCLE.

HE CAN USE THE CRAYON TO DRAW A CIRCLE. HE CAN USE THE CRAYON TO DRAW A CIRCLE. Tell me: 35 ä Model, if necessary:

I CAN USE THE CRAYON TO DRAW A CIRCLE.

;

HE USE THE CRAYON FOR?

WHAT CAN

Have him draw the circle and show it. Ask the group:

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T: Ask them: WHAT ELSE CAN I USE THE CRAYON FOR?

C: WHAT ELSE CAN I USE THE CRAYON FOR?

Again, leave off the pantomime if

Model for the child:

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Year 2 Week 11 Day 2 Page 6	
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	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	possible. Expand the group's response:	H	"ell him: You can use the crayon to make a dot.
		GRP.	YOU CAN USE THE CRAYON TO MAKE A DOT.
	Ask the child:	Ä	WHAT CAN YOU USE THE CRAYON FOR?
	Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: I CAN USE THE CRAYON TO MAKE A DOT.
		ü	I CAN USE THE CRAYON TO MAKE A DOT.
•	Have him make the dot and show it. Ask the group:	ë	WHAT CAN HE USE THE CRAYON FOR?
337	Model, if necessary:	ë	Tell me: [HR] CAN USE THE CRAYON TO MAKE A DOT.
		GRP	HE CAN USE THE CRAYON TO MAKE A DOT.
	Model for the child:	ë	Ask them: WHAT ELSE CAN I USE THE CRAYON FOR?
	Continue to elicit all the uses of the crayon, using the same drill.		
	Call on another child. Give him a hairbrush. Model for him:	Ë	Ask them: WHAT CAN I USE THIS BRUSH FOR?
		ü	WHAT CAN I USE THIS BRUSH FOR?
	Expand the group's response:	 E4	Tell him: YOU CAN USE THE BRUSH TO BRUSH YOUR HAIR.
	Ask the child:	ä	WHAT CAN YOU USE THE BRUSH FOR?
	Ask the child:	H	WHAT CAN YOU USE THI

C

Year Week Day Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model, if necessary:	T:	Tell me: I CAN USE THE BRUSH TO BRUSH MY HAIR.
	ö	I CAN USE THE BRUSH TO BRUSH MY HAIR.
Have him pantomime the action. Then ask the group:	ï	WHAT CAN HE USE THE BRUSH FOR?
Model, if necessary:	:	Tell me: HE CAN USE THE BRUSH TO BRUSH HIS HER

HAIR

HAIR.

HIS HER

HE CAN USE THE BRUSH TO BRUSH

GRP

Go Give another child the toothbrush and Go use the same drill.

Give another a pair of scissors and use the same drill.

Give another child the clothesbrush and

use the same drill

Give another child a pen and use the same drill, eliciting all the uses of a pen.

NOTE: You will observe that some items have only one use, (each kind of brush, several (pen, pencil, crayon). If an item has more than one use, elicit all and the scissors), while others have the uses.

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II. REINFORCEMENT

Year 2 Week 11 Day 2 Page 8

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Give each child a crayon, a sheet of paper, a pencil, and a pen. Each should have a place to work at the table.		
Point to child #1 and ask the group:	Ë	Ask him: WHAT CAN YOU USE THE PENCIL FOR?
	GRP	WHAT CAN YOU USE THE PENCIL FOR?
Model for the child:	:	Tell them: I CAN USE IT TO DRAW A HOUSE.
	ö	I CAN USE IT TO DRAW A HOUSE.
Have him draw the house. Say to the group:	: :	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU USE THE PENCIL FOR?
39	GRP	WHAT DID YOU USE THE PENCIL FOR?
Model for the child:	: H	Tell them: I USED IT TO DRAW A HOUSE.
	ö	I USED IT TO DRAW A HOUSE.
Model for the group:	: H	Ask him: WHAT CAN YOU USE THE CRAYON FOR?
	GRP	WHAT CAN YOU USE THE CRAYON FOR?
Model for the child:		Tell them: I CAN USE IT TO COLOR THE HOUSE.
	:	I CAN USE IT TO COLOR THE HOUSE.
Have him do so. Say to the group:	 H	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU USE THE CRAYON FOR?
	GRP	WHAT DID YOU USE THE CRAYON FOR?
Model for the child:	ë.	Tell them: I USED IT TO COLOR THE HOUSE.

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 11

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 2

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 9

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ပ	I USED IT TO COLOR THE HOUSE.
Model for the group:		Ask him: WHAT CAN YOU USE THE PEN FOR?
	GRP	WHAT CAN YOU USE THE PEN FOR?
Model for the child:	÷	Tell them: I CAN USE IT TO WRITE MY NAME.
	ü	I CAN USE IT TO WRITE MY NAME.
Help him write his name on his drawing. Say to the group:	:	Ask him: WHAT DID YOU USE THE PEN FOR?
	GRP	WHAT DID YOU USE THE PEN FOR?
Model for the child:	÷	Tell them: I USED IT TO WRITE MY NAME.
•0	ö	I USED IT TO WRITE MY NAME.
Repeat this drill with every child. (Have them draw different things, e.g., a tree, a car, a boy, a girl, etc.)		

REVIEW PATTERNS: 1. Again use

2. Use + NP + embedded S

3. Substitution: Pron for NP 4. Possessives: my/your (sir

Day Page

Year Week

. Possessives: my/your (singular)
 our/your (plural)

NEW CONSTRUCTION: 1. NP + fill + NP (Object) with...

ON: 1. NP + fill + NP (Object) with...

e.g. "You can fill this box with raisins."

2. Questions involving instrumentation.

e.g. "What can you use this brush for?"

"What can you fill this box with?"

MATERIALS NEEDED: Pens, pencils, crayons, paper
Large bowls of rice, beans, macaroni, raisins
Large spoon
Small bowl, bag, cup, jar, box, glass

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have children seated at the table. Each should have a pen, pencil, crayon, and several sheets of paper.		
REVIEW: my/your; our/your		
Say to the group: (Hold up your pencil).	T:	THIS IS MY PENCIL.
Say to one child:	.: :	THIS IS MY PENCIL. Tell me: THAT'S YOUR PENCIL.
	::	THAT'S YOUR PENCIL.
Have him hold up his pencil. Point to it and say:	ë.	THAT'S YOUR PENCIL.
	 E	Tell me: THIS IS MY PENCIL.
	:	THIS IS MY PENCIL.

Repeat this with each child.

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C

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Now say to the group: (Have them hold up their pencils).	H	THOSE ARE YOUR PENCILS.
Model:	H	Tell me: THESE ARE OUR PENCILS.
	GRP	THESE ARE OUR PENCILS.
Hold up your pencil. Say:	T:	THIS IS MY PENCIL.
Model:	ij	Tell me: THAT'S YOUR PENCIL.
	GRP	THAT'S YOUR FENCIL.
Repeat the same drill with the pens, crayons, and paper, drilling my/your with each child and the drilling our/your with the group.		
Ask one child:	ü	WHAT CAN YOU USE YOUR PENCIL FOR?
Expand his response:	 H	Tell me: I CAN USE MY PENCIL TO DRAW A CIRCLE HOUSE
	ü	I CAN USE MY PENCIL TO DRAW A CIRCLE HOUSE FITCE
Have him do it. Then say:	Ë	GOOD. (Etc.)
Ask another child:	 E-i	WHAT CAN YOU USE YOUR PENCIL FOR?
Use the same drill. Repeat with every child.		

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ker Exchange			Tell them: THIS IS MY PENCIL.	THIS IS MY PENCIL.	Ask them: WHAT CAN I USE IT FOR?	Tell him: YOU CAN USE IT TO DRAW A LINE.	P YOU CAN USE IT TO DRAW A LINE.	Ask them: WHAT DID I USE MY PENCIL FOR?	WHAT DID I USE MY PENCIL FOR?	rell him: YOU USED IT TO DRAW A LINE.	P YOU USED IT TO DRAW A LINE.	WHAT DID YOU USE IT FOR?
Speaker	CRAYON. iety They g and Some DRAW (CAR,		say T:	: 		: •	GRP	him: T:	Ü	ï	GRP	Ë
Instructions to the teacher	Repeat the same drill with PEN and CRAYON. Let the child name and perform a variety of actions with each instrument. (They need not use percils only for drawing and crayons only for filling in, etc.) Some of the actions can be: MAKE A DOT, DAAW A LINE, WRITE MY NAME, FILL IN THE (HOUSE, CIRCLE, ETC.), DRAW A TREE, BOY, GIRL, ETC.)	REVIEW - PART II (Substitution of IT for object of USE)	Have one child hold up his pencil and say to the group:		Model:	Expand the group's response:		Have the child do so. Then model for him:		Model for the group:		Ask the child:

Year 2 Week 11 Day 3 Page 4	Fxchange	Tell me: I USED IT TO DRAW A LINE.	I USED IT TO DRAW A LINE.					•	WHAT CAN I FILL THIS CUP WITH? I CAN FILL THIS CUP WITH RICE.	WHAT ELSE CAN I FILL THE CUP WITH? I CAN FILL THE CUP WITH BEANS.	WHAT ELSE CAN I FILL THE CUP WITH? I CAN FILL THE CUP WITH MACARONI.		WHAT CAN I FILL THIS BAG WITH?
C.	Instructions to the teacher	Model, if necessary:	:	Repeat this with every child. (Allow them to perform a variety of actions.)	Repeat with each child, using "PEN."	Repeat with each child, using "CRAYON."	II. INTRODUCTION	Use the large bowls of rice, beans, macaroni, and raisins from Week 8. Have them on a table along with a cup, a bowl, a glass, a box, a bag, a jar, and a large spoon.	Hold up a cup. Say:	Spoon rice into the cup until it is full. Show it to the group. Then empty the rice back into the large bowl and ask:	Use the spoon to fill the cup with beans. Show it to the group; then empty it and ask:	Fill the cup with raisins; show it to the group; empty it and put the cup aside.	Hold up a bag and ask:

2	11	3	5
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
This time let the group make responses. Expand:	:	Tell me: YOU CAN FILL THE BAG WITH BEANS.
	GRP	YOU CAN FILL THE BAG WITH BEANS.
Fill the bag; show it to the group; empty it and ask:	T:	WHAT ELSE CAN I FILL THE BAG WITH?
	GRP	YOU CAN FILL THE BAG WITH RICE.
Repeat until you have filled the bag with all four materials.		
Now call on a child. Give him the small bowl and the spoon. Model for him:	÷	Ask them: WHAT CAN I FILL THIS BOWL WITH?
15	ö	WHAT CAN I FILL THIS BOWL WITH?
Model, if necessary, for the group:	 H	Tell him: YOU CAN FILL THE BOWL WITH RAISINS.
	GRP	YOU CAN FILL THE BOWL WITH RAISINS.
Have the child fill the bowl and show it to the group. Then have him empty it and ask:	Ë	Ask them: WHAT ELSE CAN I FILL THE BOWL WITH?
	ö	WHAT ELSE CAN I FILL THE BOWL WITH?
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell him: YOU CAN FILL THE BOWL WITH RICE.
	GRP	YOU CAN FILL THE BOWL WITH RICE.
Have him fill it with rice. Continue with macaroni and beans.		

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Instructions to the teacher Call on every other child. Give each a container (box, bag, jar, etc.) and have each follow the drill outlined above. III. REINFORCEMENT Hold up a bowl. Say to the group: Fill the bowl with rice. (Make sure that the group can see what you are putting into the bowl.) Then ask: Let the group respond. Expand: Empty the bowl. Say: Again, make sure the group can see what you are putting into the bowl. Ask: Model, if necessary: Repeat the same drill, using the beans and the macaroni. Call on a child. Give him the spoon and a bag. Model for him:	Speaker T: T: T: T: T: T: T:	Year 2 Week 11 Day 3 Page 6 Excahng I'M GOING TO FILL THIS BOWL. WHAT DID I FILL THE BOWL WITH? Tell me: YOU FILLED THE BOWL WITH RICE. YOU FILLED THE BOWL WITH RICE. I'M GOING TO FILL THE BOWL WITH? Tell me: YOU FILLED THE BOWL WITH? Tell me: YOU FILLED THE BOWL WITH? Tell me: YOU FILLED THE BOWL WITH RAISINS. YOU FILLED THE BOWL WITH RAISINS.
Have him fill it; be sure that the group can see what he is putting into it. Model for him:	.: H	I'M GOING TO FILL THIS BAG. Ask them: WHAT DID I FILL THE BAG WITH?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	:5	WHAT DID I FILL THE BAG WITH?
Model, if necessary:	.:	Tell him: YOU FILLED THE BAG WITH MACARONI.
	GRP	YOU FILLED THE BAG WITH MACARONI.
Have him empty the bag. Model for him:	 H	Tell them: I'M GOING TO FILL THE BAG AGAIN.
	ö	I'M GOING TO FILL THE BAG AGAIN.
Have him do so. Then model for him:	T:	Ask them: WHAT DID I FILL THE BAG WITH?
	: :	WHAT DID I FILL THE BAG WITH?
Model, if necessary:	 :	Tell him: YOU FILLED THE BAG WITH BEANS.
7	GRP	YOU FILLED THE BAG WITH BEANS.
Have him repeat the drill using the other		

Repeat this entire drill with each child, giving each a container and letting him fill it four times.

two materials.

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Names of breakfast and lunch foods embedded S Want REVIEW PATTERNS:

Need

Werbs: buy-bought, sell-sold, cost/costs-cost

Day . Page

Year Week

How much?

(can, box, package, jar, bag) + of Measures:

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Money terms: A quarter, a dime, a nickel, a penny, a half dollar.

Measure: Carton of

pasted on sheets of paper. (e.g., jar of mustard, bag of potato chips, jar of coffee, Pictures of canned and packaged breakfast and lunch foods cut from magazines and MATERIALS NEEDED:

package of bacon, carton of milk, box of salt, etc.)

Play money: coins of different sizes About three dozen small paper bags.

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PAKT I: Speaker Today's lesson will be devoted to a play review of names of foods; of HOW MUCH; store situation. This will provide a of COST (Verb); of BUY, SELL; of NEED Instructions to the teacher and WANT; and of Measures.

Have a table set up as the store. All the pictures of foods should be displayed on

Also have an empty box on the table for cash register.

many different sizes as you have. These Give each child play money coins of as will be called A QUARTER, A DIME, A NICKEL, A PENNY, and A HALF DOLLAR.

as you have sizes (e.g., if you have only the coins. Use as many different names Before you begin, go over the names of three sizes, use the names quarter,

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Exchange

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Year 2 Week 11 Day 4 Page 2	Speaker Exchange		T: THAT'S A QUARTER. Repeat, please: THAT'S A QUARTER.	GRP THAT'S A QUARTER.	T: THAT'S A NICKEL. Repeat, please: THAT'S A NICKEL.	GRP THAT'S A NICKEL.	T: THAT'S A DIME. Repeat, please: THAT'S A DIME.	GRP THAT'S A DIME.	T: DO YOU HAVE A QUARTER?	C: YES, I DO. I HAVE A QUARTER.	T: SHOW ME YOUR QUARTER.	T: Tell me: THIS IS A QUARTER.	C: THIS IS A QUARTER.	T: DO YOU HAVE A QUARTER?	
	Instructions to the teacher	nickel, and dime. If you have four sizes, add penny; if five, add half dollar.)	Lay your coins out on the table, from largest to smallest. Point to the largest and say:		Point to the next largest and say:	3	Point to the smallest and say:		Ask one child:			Help the child to show you the correct coin. Model:		Ask another child:	Repeat the same drill with every child.

Year 2 Week 11 Day 4 Page 3	Speaker Exchange	ins.	s and	one: T: WHAT IS THIS?	T: Tell me: THAT'S A JAR OF MUSTARD.	GRP THAT'S A JAR OF MUSTARD.	
	Instructions to the teacher	Repeat the drill with the other coins.	Have a quick review of the measures and introduce CARTON OF.	Show the pictures of goods one by one:	Model, if necessary:		

ï	GRP	Ė
Introduce carton with carton of eggs. carton of milk, carton of cream.		

THIS IS A CARTON OF MILK. Repeat, please. THAT'S A CARTON OF MILK.	THAT'S A CARTON OF MILK.	THIS IS A CARTON OF CREAM.	THAT'S A CARTON OF CREAM.	THIS IS A CARTON OF EGGS.	THAT'S A CARTON OF EGGS.	
Ë	GRP	T:	GRP	T:	GRP	

Tell me: THAT'S A PACKAGE OF BACON.

WHAT IS THIS?

THAT'S A PACKAGE OF BACON.

GRP

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ructions to the teache	Speaker	Year 2 Week 11 Day 4 Page 4
Now set up the play store situation. Say to the group:	 H	LET'S PLAY STORE.
Name a child to be storekeeper:	T:	(NAME), YOU CAN BE THE MAN AT THE STORE.
Name another child to be the shopper:	T:	(NAME), YOU CAN GO TO THE STORE.
Here is a sample dialogue that covers all of the grammar points. You may allow the children more freedom as the play progresses.		
NOTE: Remember: whenever the children have any difficulty, immediately model the sentence for them.		
	C#1	HELLO. HOW ARE YOU?
	C#2	FINE, THANK YOU.
dialogue for the first few times it is used.	C#1	WHAT DO YOU NEED TODAY?
	C#2	I NEED SOME BEANS. DO YOU HAVE SOME BEANS?
	C#1	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME CANS OF BEANS.
	C#2	I WANT TO BUY ONE.
	C#1	HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S A CAN OF BEANS.
	C#2	HOW MUCH DOES IT COST?
	C#1	IT COSTS A QUARTER.

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Week 11 Day 4 Page 5	Speaker Exchange	C#2 HERE YOU ARE. HERE'S A QUARTER.	C#1 I'LL PUT THE BEANS IN A BAG.	C#2 THANK YOU.				T: Ask him: WHAT DID YOU BUY AT THE STORE?	GRP WHAT DID YOU BUY AT THE STORE?	T: Tell them: I BOUGHT A CAN OF BEANS.	C: I BOUGHT A CAN OF BEANS.	T: Ask him: EGW MUCH DID IT COST?	GRP HOW MUCH DID IT COST?	T: Tell them: IT COST A QUARTER.	C: IT COST A QUARTER.	T: Ask him: WHAT DID YOU SELL HIM ?
	Instructions to the teacher				NOTE: Have the storekeeper put each picture into a small paper bag as he sells it.	Help the children to choose the correct coins.	After the child returns from the store,	Model for the group:		Model for the child:		Model for the group:		Model for the child:		Have the group ask the storekeeper:

Year 2 Week 11 Day 4 Page 6

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	WHAT DID YOU SELL HIM ?
Model for the storekeeper:	T:	Tell them: I SOLD HIM A CAN
	C#1	I SOLD HIM A CAN OF BEANS.
Give each child an opportunity to be both shopper and storekeeper. Review as many measures and items as possible: PACKAGE OF CEREAL, JAR OF JAM, BOX OF SALT, EAG OF SUGAR, JAR OF MUSTARD, BOTTLE OF KETCHUP, CARTON OF MILK, CARTON OF EGGS, BAG OF CAPOTATO CHIPS, PACKAGE OF BACON, JAR OF		

A CAN OF BEANS.

Also use all the amounts of money learned in this lesson.

ERIC Translator unit

NEW PATTERNS: Like + embedded S

MATERIALS NEEDED: Animal crackers, slices of apple, carton of milk, pitcher of grape Kool-Aid.

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PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have the animal crackers, apple slices, milk, and grape Kool-Aid on the table in front of you.		
Hold up an animal cracker and say:	: :	I LIKE COOKIES. I LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
Eat the "cookie."	Т:	I LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
Ask the group:	Τ:	DO I LIKE TO EAT COOKIES?
Model:	T:	Tell me: YES, YOU DO. YOU LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
354	GRP	YES, YOU DO. YOU LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
Hold up a slice of apple. Say:	 H	I LIKE APPLES. I LIKE TO EAT APPLES.
Eat the apple slice. Say:	T:	I LIKE TO EAT APPLES.
Ask the group:	T:	DO I LIKE TO EAT APPLES?
Model:	H:	Tell me: YES, YOU DO. YOU LIKE TO EAT APPLES.
	GRP	YES, YOU DO. YOU LIKE TO EAT APPLES.
Call a child to the table. Ask him:	Η:	DO YOU LIKE COOKIES?
Model, if necessary:	:• H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE COCKIES.
	ິວ	YES, I DO. I LIKE COOKIES.

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Year 2	,	Day 5	Page 2	

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Ask him:	H:	GO YOU LIKE TO EAT COOKIES?
	Model:	.: :	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
		ü	YES, I DO. I LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
	Give him a cookie. Say:	:	YOU CAN EAT A COOKIE.
	After he eats it, say:	T:	Tell me: I LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
		 :	I LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
. 3	Ask the group:	 H	DOES HE LIKE TO EAT COOKIES?
55		GRP	YES, HE DOES. HE LIKE TO EAT COOKIES.
	Ask the child:	 T	DO YOU LIKE APPLES?
	Model, i£ necessary:	T:	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE APPLES.
		ü	YES, I DO. I LIKE APPLES.
	Ask him:		DO YOU LIKE TO EAT APPLES?
	Model, if necessary:	H:	Tell me: YES, I DO. I LIKE TO EAT APPLES.
		່ວ	YES, I DO. I LIKE TO EAT APPLES.
	Give him a slice of apple. Say:	H	YOU CAN EAT SOME APPLE.
	After he eats it, say:	H	Tell me: I LIKE TO EAT APPLES.
		ü	I LIKE TO EAT APPLES.

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	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Ask the group:	ı. L	DOES HE LIKE TO EAT APPLES?
	Model, if necessary:	: H	Tell me: YES, HE DOES. HE LIKES TO EAT APPLES.
		GRP	YES, HE DOES. HE LIKES TO EAT APPLES.
	Repeat this drill with every child.		
t	Next, hold up a small cup of milk. Say:		I LIKE TO DRINK MILK.
	Drink the milk. Say:	 	I LIKE TO DRINK MILK.
35	Ask the group:	.: H	DO I LIKE TO DRINK MILK?
6	Model:	ï	Tell me: YES, YOU DO. YOU LIKE TO DRINK MILK.
		GRP	YES, YOU DO. YOU LIKE TO DRINK MILK.
	Hold up a small cup of "grape juice." Say:	:	I LIKE GRAPE JUICE. I LIKE TO DRINK GRAPE JUICE.
	Drink the juice. Say:	 H	I LIKE TO DRINK GRAPE JUICE.
	Ask the group:	:. H	50 I LIKE TO DRINK GRAPE JUICE?
	Model:	 H	Tell me: YES, YOU DO. YOU LIKE TO DRINK GRAPE JUICE.
		GRP	YES, YOU DO. YOU LIKE TO DRINK GRAPE JUICE.
	Call on every child and go through the	- -	

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	Exchange					I LIKE TO EAT EGGS. I LIKE TO EAT EGGS.	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO EAT?	Tell me: I LIKE TO EAT BACON.	I LIKE TO EAT BACON.	WHAT DOES HE LIKE TO EAT?	Tell me: HE LIKES TO EAT BACON.	HE LIKES TO EAT BACON.	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO EAT?
i	Speaker					Ħ	T.	T:	ະ	Ë.	ë.	GRP	H :
	Instructions to the teacher	same routine as above.	II. REINFORCEMENT	Use the folders of pictures of breakfast and lunch foods. Take the pictures out of the folders and divide them into the three groups: foods, drinks, and condiments. Use only the foods and drinks.	Have the group seated around a table. Spread out the pictures of foods on the table.	Point to a picture and say:	Ask a child:	Let him choose; expand his response:		Ask the group:	Model, if necessary:		Ask another child:

· •		Year 2 Week 11 Day 5 Page 5
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Continue the drill in the same way.		
Repeat the drill with every child.	hada s adilgin albeid	
Take up the pictures of foods. Spread out the pictures of drinks.		
Point to a picture and say:	Ë	I LIKE TO DRINK COFFEE. I LIKE TO DRINK COFFEE.
Ask a child:	ë	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK?
Let him choose; expand his response:	ä	Tell me: I LIKE TO DRINK COKES.
	:	I LIKE TO DRINK COKES.

	Tell me: HE LIKES TO DRINK COKES.	HE LIKES TO DRINK COKES.	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK?
•	 H	GRP	 H
•			
	Model, if necessary:		Ask another child:
	Model,		Ask ar

Continue the drill in the same way.

Repeat the drill with every child.

HE LIKE TO DRINK?

WHAT DOES

Ask the group:

PART IN EVALUATION

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

Year 2 Week 5 Day 5 Page 6

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INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE Student	C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
ITEM I. WEEK 11	Give the child a pencil and a sheet of paper. Ask him:	T:	WHAT CAN YOU USE THE PENCIL FOR?	
33,		ü	TO DRAW A CIRCLE, ETC. OR I CAN USE THE PENCIL TO DRAW A CIRCLE.	
	Have him perform the action he names. Repeat with a crayon.			
ITEM II WEEK 11 DAY 3	Have the large bowls of rice, macaroni, raisins, and beans.	 E1	WHAT CAN I FILL THE BAG WITH?	
		ü	YOU CAN FILL THE BAG WITH RICE, ETC.	
ZTEM III WEEK 11 DAV 3	[Give the child a cup.	Ţ:	HERE'S A CUP. YOU CAN FILL THE CUP WITH RAISINS.	
	The child shows his comprehension by doing as you ask.			
	Ask him:	 H	WHAT DID YOU FILL THE CUP WITH?	
		ü	I FILLED THE CUP WITH RAISINS.	

Year 2
Week 5
Day 5
Page 7

INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE	Student: C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM IV WEEK 11 DAY 4 5	Lay these pictures on the table; carton of milk, bottle of milk, glass of milk. Ask the child: He demonstrates comprehension by doing as you ask.	ë	SHOW ME A CARTON OF MILK. SHOW ME A GLASS OF MILK. SHOW ME A GLASS OF MILK.	
ITEM V WEEK 11 DAY 4	Give the child 3 play money coins, saying; (Give him the largest coin.) Then say: (Give him the next largest coin.) Say: (Give him the smallest coin.)	ëë	I'LL GIVE YOU A QUARTER. I'LL GIVE YOU A NICKEL. I'LL GIVE YOU A DIME.	
	Now ask him:	ë.	SHOW ME YOUR QUARTER. SHOW ME YOUR DIME.	
ITEM VI WEEK 11 DAY 4	Lay out on the table the pictures of canned and packaged goods from Day 4. Have an empty box for cash register.	,		
	Say:	ë	YOU CAN BE THE MAN AT THE STORI I WANT TO BUY A JAR OF MUSTARD	STORE.
	The child must give you the correct item.	ë	HOW MUCH DOES IT COST?	
	Give him the correct coin.	ö	(IT COSTS) A QUARTER. (DIM	(DIME, NICKEL.)

Year 2
Week 11
Day 5
Page 8

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INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	FACIENCE	<pre>/= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7</pre>
ITEM VII Repeat Item VI several times, naming WEEK 11 different items (e.g., PACKAGE OF DAY 4 BACON, CARTON OF EGGS, BOX OF SALT, BAG OF POTATO CHIPS, CARTON OF MILK, JAR OF COFFEE, ETC.)	naming OF SALT,		
ITEM VIII Now say to the child: WEEK 11	÷	I'LL BE THE MAN AT THE STORE. WHAT DO YOU WANT TO BUY?	
DAY 4	ö	I WANT TO BUY A CAN OF BEANS. ETC.	
	Ë	IT COSTS A QUARTER. (DIME, NICKEL)	
Take the money. Ask:	ï	WHAT DID I SELL YOU?	
	ຮ	YOU SOLD ME A CAN OF BEANS, ETC.	
ITEM IX. Repeat ITEM VIII WEEK 11 Ask the child:	Ħ	WHAT ELSE DO YOU WANT TO BUY?	
DAY 4	ü	I (ALSO) WANT TO BUY A BOX OF SALT.	
	T.	IT COSTS A DIME.	
Take the money. Ask:	T:	WHAT DID I SELL YOU?	
	ö	YOU SOLD ME A BOX OF SALT, ETC.	

Year 2
Week 11
Day 5
Page 9

EVALUATION (continued)

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE Student:	<pre>C = Correct /= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7</pre>
ITEM X Lay out pictures of foods on the WEEK 11 table. Ask:	Ţ	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO EAT?	
DAY 5	ü	I LIKE TO EAT PANCAKES, ETC.	
ITEM XI Lay out pictures of drinks. Ask:	i.	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK?	
WEEK 11 DAY 5	ü	I LIKE TO DRINK MILKSHAKES, ETC.	

ENGLISH COMPONENT WEEK XII

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OBJECTIVES

(dative) Sentence 4 H Pass Bring + REVIEW: SE SE

Take

Restaurant, waitress, menu, order, names of breakfast and lunch foods from weeks nine and ten. 3. Review Vocabulary:

(objective)

+ NP

Sentence LIKE + NEW:

Conditional "would" used in polite requests. e.g. " I would like to have some milk".

would —→ We'd $would \longrightarrow I^{\dagger}d$ Contractions: I Could I...?
Would you...? "Softened" requests:

5. Embedded sentence realized as infinitive clause.

MATERIALS:

Folders containing pictures of breakfast and lunch foods (from weeks nine and ten), toy knife, toy spoon. Day 2:

Toy trucks, cars, boats, ball. Empty milk carton, paper cups, magazine pictures of cookies pasted on paper Same as Day 2, plus: H-M cards #112, 114, 115, 118, 121, 123. Day 3:

plates, book, drawing paper, pencils, crayons.

Napkins, cups, saucers, forks, spoons, knives, plates. Pictures of breakfast foods pasted on paper plates and pasted on stands (from week ten). Day 4:

H-M cards #112, 114, 115, 123. Day 5:

Toy cars, balls, trucks, boats, pencils, crayons, paper.

REVIEW DAY

Year Week _ Day _

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 7 Item 8 Item 9 Item 4 Item 5 Item 6 Item 1 Item 2 Item 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

REVIEW VOCABULARY AND FORMS: Want + embedded sentence Vocabulary: All breakfast and lunch foods (see weeks 9 and 10). Like + noun phrase Like + prepositional phrase

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NEW PATTERNS: Like + embedded sentence

Magazine pictures of breakfast and lunch foods, pasted on sheets of paper and mounted in a folder. (See week 9, day 4; Week 10, day 4).
Toy knife, toy spoon. MATERIALS NEEDED:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Use the folders of pictures of foods. Sear children in a circle and sit opposite them.		
Pick up the folder of breakfast-food pictures. Say:	ï	I WANT TO EAT SOME BREAKFAST.
Model: (for the group)	Ë	Ask me: WHAT DO YOU WANT TO EAT?
	GRP	WHAT DO YOU WANT TO EAT?
Turn the pages: point to a picture. Say:	H	I WANT TO EAT SOME HAM.
Model for the group:	Ä	Ask me: WHAT ELSE DO YOU WANT TO EAT?
	GRP	WHAT ELSE DO YOU WANT TO EAT?
Point to another picture. Say:	Ħ	I ALSO WANT TO EAT SOME EGGS.
Continue, pointing to several pictures, Then model for the group:	Ä	Ask me: WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DRINK?
	GRP	WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DRINK?
Point to a picture. Say:	Į.	I WANT TO DRINK SOME ORANGE JUICE.

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2	12	2	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

	ļ-	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	: H	Ask me: WHAT ELSE DO YOU WANT TO DRINK?
	GRP	WHAT ELSE DO YOU WANT TO DRINK?
Point to another picture. Say:	H	I ALSO WANT TO DRINK SOME COFFEE.
Now call on a child. Ask him:	÷	(NAME), DO YOU WANT TO EAT BREAKFAST?
Model:	: H	Tell me: YES, I DO. I WANT TO EAT BREAKFAST.
Ç	ü	YES, I DO. I WANT TO EAT BREAKFAST.
Model for the group:	H	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU WANT TO EAT?
	GRP	WHAT DO YOU WANT TO EAT?
Model for the child after he makes a choice:	ë	Tell them: I WANT TO EAT SOME BACON.
	ü	I WANT TO EAT SOME BACON.
Have the group ask him "WHAT ELSE DO YOU WANT TO EAT?" as above, and then "WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DRINK?" as above.		
Repeat this drill with each child in the group: INTRODUCTION:		
Again using the pictures, show several pictures of foods to the children and say (rub your stomach as you do so):	ř.	I LIKE EGGS WAFFLES ETC.

2	12	2	3
Year	Week	Day	Page

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Then expand the sentences (as you do so, pantomime eating with a fork):	Ë	I LIKE TO EAT EGGS HAMBURGERS WAFFLES ETC.
Now point to several pictures of drinks. Rubbing your stomach, say:	ë.	I LIKE MILKSHAKES COKES COFFEE ETC.
Again, expand the sentences (as you do so, pantomime drinking):	ij.	I LIKE TO DRINK MILKSHAKES COKES COFFEE ETC.
Now hand the folder to a child. Ask him:	H H	(NAME), WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO EAT?
As he points to or names foods, model:	 H	Tell me: I LIKE TO EAT CEREAL PANCAKES FRENCH FRIES ETC.
	ü	I LIKE TO EAT CEREAL PANCAKES FRENCH FRIES ETC.
Ask the group:	Ħ	WHAT DOES HE LIKE TO EAT?
Model for them:	#	Tell me: HE LIKES TO EAT CEREAL SHE SHE FRENCH FRIES

2	12	2	4
Year	Week	Day	Page

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Repeat this drill with each child. II. REINFORCEMENT Use the following pictures. Take them cut of the folders and put them into stacks as	Continue exactly as above. Repeat this drill with each child.	the same pattern, have the everal drinks. Ask him:	se, you will model each sentence t all together as they are	ETC	GRP HE LIKES TO EAT CEREAL SHE SHE FRENCH FRIES	Instructions to the teacher Speaker Dialogue	LIKES TO EAT 1 me: I LIKE TO 1 TO DRINK 1 TO DRINK	GRP T: T:
tly as above.	1)	T: Tell me: I LIKE TO DRINK	T: WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK? T: Tell me: I LIKE TO DRINK	he T: WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK? T: Tell me: I LIKE TO DRINK	entence he T: WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK? T: Tell me: I LIKE TO DRINK	u will model each sentence together as they are tame pattern, have the drinks. Ask him: T: WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK? T: Tell me: I LIKE TO DRINK	TO DRINK	ü
C: I LIKE TO DRINK	I LIKE TO DRINK		the T: WHAT DO YOU LIKE	sentence ire the T: WHAT DO YOU LIKE	sentence ire the T: WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO	Sentence Ire T: WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO	I LIKE TO DRINK	ë.

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Year 2 Week 12 Day 2 Page 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
DEMONSTRATE:		
Hold up the picture of toast. Say:	Τ:	I LIKE TO EAT TOAST.
Show the picture of butter; say:	Т:	I LIKE BUTTER ON MY TOAST.
With the knife, pretend to take some butter and spread it on the toast. As you do so, say:	T:	I LIKE TO PUT BUTTER ON MY TOAST.
Now show the picture of jam and do the exact same thing.		
Show the hamburger and say:	Τ:	I LIKE TO EAT HAMBURGERS.
Show the mustard and say:	T:	I LIKE MUSTARD ON MY HAMBURGERS.
Pantomime spreading mustard on the hamburger with the knife. Say:	H:	I LIKE TO PUT MUSTARD ON MY HAMBURGERS.
Do the same thing with the mayonnaise.		
Now ask a child:	Ξ:	(NAME), WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO EAT?
Let him choose one of the foods. Model for him:		Tell me: I LIKE TO EAT WAFFLES.
	:	I LIKE TO EAT WAFFLES.
Model for the group:	ï.	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU LIKE ON YOUR WAFFLES?
	GRP	WHAT DO YOU LIKE ON YOUR WAFFLES?

		-	
	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
·.	Model for the child (after he chooses):	T:	Tell them: I LIKE SYRUP ON MY WAFFLES.
		ິວ	I LIKE SYRUP ON MY WAFFLES.
	Give the child the picture of syrup and say:	ï	YOU CAN PUT SOME SYRUP ON YOUR WAFFLES.
**	As he does so, model:	ï	Tell me: I LIKE TO PUT SYRUP ON MY WAFFLES.
		ö	I LIKE TO PUT SYRUP ON MY WAFFLES.
3	Ask the group:	T:	WHAT DOES HE LIKE TO PUT ON HIS WAFFLES?
70	Model:	. :	Tell me: HE LIKES TO PUT SYRUP ON HIS WAFFLES.
		GRP	HE LIKES TO PUT SYRUP ON HIS WAFFLES.
;	Repeat this with every child, having each one choose something to eat and some condiment to put on it.		
	Now return to the first child. You will repeat the above drill, except that he is to choose something to drink and some condiments to put in it.	Ä	(NAME), WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK?
	(He must choose coffee or tea.) Model:	T:	Tell me: I LIKE TO DRINK COFFEE.
		ິວ	I LIKE TO DRINK COFFEE.
	Model for the group:	ï	Ask him: WHAT DO YOU LIKE IN YOUR COFFEE?

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 Year
 2

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	WHAT DO YOU LIKE IN YOUR COFFEE?
Let him choose. Model:	ï.	Tell them: I LIKE CREAM IN MY COFFEE.
	ü	I LIKE CREAM IN MY COFFEE.
Give him the picture of the cream and say:	ï.	YOU CAN PUT SOME CREAM IN YOUR COFFEE.
As he does so, model:	T:	Tell me: I LIKE TO PUT CREAM IN MY COFFEE.
	ິວ	I LIKE TO PUT CREAM IN MY COFFEE.
Ask the group:	Ħ.	WHAT DOES HE LIKE TO PUT IN HIS COFFEE?
Complete the drill as above (for EAT). Repeat exactly as outlined, with every child.		

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REVIEW PATTERNS: Like + prepositional phrase embedded sentence

Year Week Day Page

NEW PATTERNS: Would like + noun phrase

e + noun phrase + embedded sentence

Softened request: Could I...?
Softened request: Would you...?
Contraction: I + would I'd

Empty milk carton, paper cups, picture of cookies cut out and pasted on a plate; book, several sheets of drawing paper, pencils, crayons, toy knife, toy spoon. Pictures of foods and drinks from yesterday. H-M cards #112, 114, 115, 118, 121, 123. Objects (for Reinforcement): toy cars, trucks, boats, pencils, crayons, balls. MATERIALS NEEDED:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Review yesterday's lesson by repeating the Reinforcement section from Day 2.		
Use the pictures listed in that section, in four stacks, and follow the drill exactly. Here are the sentences:	Ë	(NAME) WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO EAT?
	ü	I LIKE TO EAT HAMBURGERS.
	GRP	WHAT DO YOU LIKE ON YOUR HAMBURGERS?
	ິວ	I LIKE MUSTARD ON MY HAMBURGERS.
As you give him the toy knife and the picture of the mustard, say:	ï	YOU CAN PUT SOME MUSTARD ON YOUR HAMBURGER.
As he pretends to spread it:	ö	I LIKE TO PUT MUSTARD ON MY HAMBURGERS.
To the group:	H	WHAT DOES HE LIKE TO PUT ON HIS HAMBURGERS?
	GRP	HE LIKES TO PUT MUSTARD ON HIS HAMBURGERS.
	-	

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat the same thing with each child.		
Repeat the same drill with DRINK, changing ON to IN ("WHAT DO YOU LIKE IN YOUR TEA?" "WHAT DOES HE LIKE TO PUT IN HIS TEA?" etc.)		
Repeat both parts of the drill (both EAT and DRINK) with each child.		
INTRODUCTION:		
Use the H-M cards listed above, depicting the actions JUMPING, WALKING, RUNNING, EATING, DRINKING, DRAWING. Also use the milk carton, paper cups, book, cookies, and drawing materials. Have them ready on a table.		
Show the first picture (H-M 112) to the children, giving the boy in the picture a name and saying:	T:	THIS IS JUAN. HE'S JUMPING. HE LIKES TO JUMP.
Ask one of the children:	ï:	WOULD YOU LIKE TO JUMP?
Model for him (put stress on WOULD):	ij	Tell me: YES, I WOULD. I WOULD LIKE TO JUMP.
	ö	YES, I WOULD. I WOULD LIKE TO JUMP.
Ask the group:	:-	WOULD HE LIKE TO JUMP?

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 2

7	12	3	3
Year	Weel	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model for them:	Ë	Tell me: YES, HE WOULD. HE SHE SHE
	GRP	YES, HE WOULD. HE WOULD LIKE TO JUMP. SHE
Say to the child:	. .	Ask me: COULD I JUMP?
	່ວ	COULD I JUMP?
Place the book on the floor, saying:	: .	YES, YOU CAN JUMP. YOU CAN JUMP OVER THE BOOK.
Have the child do so.		
Continue with the other pictures and objects giving each child a turn and using the drill exactly as outlined above. Here are the sentences you will need for the various actions	ë	YES, YOU CAN WALK. YOU CAN WALK TO THE DOOR. YES, YOU CAN RUN. YOU CAN RUN TO THE TABLE. YES, YOU CAN EAT. YOU CAN EAT A COOKIE. YES, YOU CAN DRINK. YOU CAN DRINK SOME MILK. YES, YOU CAN DRAW. YOU CAN DRAW A HOUSE.
The eating and drinking will be in pantomime, of course; use the objects listed and let the child act out the action. When you have gone through all the pictures, go through them once more, giving each child a different action to perform. This will help to establish the new patterns.		

II. REINFORCEMENT		
Today's reinforcement will introduce a second "softened request" form: WOULD YOU? Have a number of small objects on a table at a distance from you and the children. Work with the children in pairs. Call one child to stand beside you. Say to another child as you point to the table:		WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE (NAME) ?
Let him name something, then model for him:	T:	Tell me: I'D LIKE A CAR.
NOTE: Be very careful in the pronunciation of I'D. Model the sentence several times if necessary, if the child does not repeat it correctly the first time.	C#1	I'D LIKE A CAR.
Model for him:	: H	Ask me: COULD I HAVE A CAR?
	C#1	COULD I HAVE A CAR?
	: H	YES, YOU CAN HAVE A CAR.
Model for him (pointing to child #2):	:	Ask him: WOULD YOU BRING ME
	C#1	WOULD YOU BRING ME A CAR?
Model for child #2;	: H	Tell him: YES, I'LL BRING YOU
After child #2 brings him the car, have him sit down. Repeat the drill with two other children, then with the last two. Repeat the entire drill again, switching the pairs		

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 Year
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Exchange

Speaker

Instructions to the teacher

BRING ME A CAR?

L BRING YOU A CAR.

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Year 2 Week 12 Day 3 Page 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
so that child #1 takes child #2's part and vice versa.		
Continue to repeat until the children seem comfortable with the new patterns.		

REVIEW PATTERNS: Softened requests:

Could I...?
Would you...?

Year 2 Week 12 Day 4 Page 1

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

Restaurant, waitress, order; names of breakfast foods Pass + dative + noun phrase REVIEW VOCABULARY AND FORMS:

Table set for a meal (napkins, cups and saucers, plates, forks, spoons, knives) Pictures of breakfast foods, drinks, and condiments pasted to plates and pasted MATERIALS NEEDED:

on stands (from week ten) Breakfast menus

I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Today's lesson will be a review of the "LET'S PLAY RESTAURANT" experience of Week X. The dialogue will be slightly different, as follows:		
Tell the children:	Ë	LET'S PLAY RESTAURANT. YOU CAN EAT BREAKFAST IN THE RESTAURANT. I'LL BE THE WAITRESS.
Put on the apron; have the children sit at the table.		
Have each child ask you:	ä	Ask me: WOULD YOU BRING ME A MENU?
	ຍ	WOULD YOU BRING ME A MENU?
	ä	YES, I'LL BRING YOU A MENU.
When all the children have menus, take their orders. Ask each one:	Ë	WOULD YOU LIKE TO ORDER SOME BREAKFAST?
For the response, have the child use the form "I WOULD."	່ວ່	YES, I WOULD. I WOULD LIKE TO ORDER SOME BREAKFAST.
	Ţ	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO EAT?

2	12	4	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
When the child makes a choice, model:	ij.	- Ask me: COULD I HAVE SOME WAFFLES?
	ö	COULD I HAVE SOME WAFFLES?
	Ħ	YES, YOU CAN HAVE SOME WAFFLES.
	H	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO DRINK?
When he makes a choice, model:	T.	Ask me: COULD I HAVE SOME CHOCOLATE?
	:	COULD I HAVE SOME CHOCOLATE?
378	ä	YES, YOU CAN HAVE SOME CHOCOLATE.
Take each child's order; then bring the food to the table. Now have the children ask for condiments:	H:	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ON YOUR WAFFLES?
Model (use the form "I'D", pronouncing it carefully):	Ħ	Tell me: I'D LIKE SOME SYRUP ON MY WAFFLES.
	: 	I'D LIKE SOME SYRUP ON MY WAFFLES.
Have him ask another child for it:		Ask him: WOULD YOU PASS ME THE SYRUP?
	C#1	WOULD YOU PASS ME THE SYRUP?
Model for the other child:	H	Tell him: YES, I'LL PASS YOU THE SYRUP.
	C#2	YES, I'LL PASS YOU THE SYRUP.
Repeat this with each child, having each one ask for some condiment to put on his food.	:	

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
. • * *	Then have each one ask for some condiment to put in his drink (if appropriateif no one has ordered tea or coffee, this will not be applicable). Use the same drill as above.			
	Here is a list of things the children can order to eat: HAM, BACON, PANCAKES, TOAST, EGGS, SAUSAGE, WAFFLES, CEREAL.			
2	To drink: ORANGE JUICE, MILK, COFFEE, TEA, CHOCOLATE.		SALT PEPPER BITTER	CEREAL PANCAKES WAFFLES
79	Sample sentences in asking for condiments for food:	:	I'D LIKE SOME MILK SUGAR SYRUP	ON MY SAUSAGE HAM EGGS
	Sample sentences in asking for condiments for drinks:	ü	I'D LIKE SOME LEMON SUGAR CREAM	IN MY TEA COFFEE
	II. REINFORCEMENT			
	Let children take turns being the WAITRESS (WAITER for boys). To introduce the distinction, have a boy and a girl stand up. Put the apron on the girl, give her the pad, and say:	Ĥ	SHE'S A WAITRESS. Repeat, please, SHE'S	SHE'S A WAITRESS.

SHE'S A WAITRESS.

GRP.

Year 2 Week 12 Day 4 Page 3

2	12	4	4
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
Take the apron off her and put it on the boy. Give him the pad and say:	T:	HE'S A WAITER. Repeat, please:	HE'S A WAITER.
	GRP	HE'S A WAITER.	
Repeat several times, if necessary.			
Once a waiter or waitress is chosen, repeat the entire above drill, modeling his lines for him and the other children's for them.			

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+ NP (dative) + NP (objective) REVIEW PATTERNS: Bring

 $p_iI = plnom + I$

Year Week Day Page

Would like + embedded sentence as infinitive clause. We + would= we'd NEW PATTERNS:

H-M Cards #112, 114, 115, 123 MATERIALS NEEDED:

Table with small objects: toy cars, balls, trucks, boats; pencils, crayons. Drawing paper

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

	I CAN JUMP. RUN WALK DRAW WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO DO Tell me: WE WOULD LIKE YOU WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO JUMP. OH, YOU WANT ME TO JUMP. WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE HIM	teacher Hold up each one putting stress Then call on a
	Tell me:	Model for them:
T: Tell me:		Ask them: Enunciate carefully, putting stress on ME.
ully, putting stress on ME. T: WHAT WOULI	I CAN	DEMONSTRATE: Use the H-M cards. Hold up each one and say to the children:
Hold up each one and T: I CAN JI WA WHAT WOULI Putting stress on ME. T: Tell me:		Instructions to the teacher

2	12	5	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	WE WOULD LIKE HIM TO DRAW.
	ï.	OH, YOU WANT HIM TO DRAW.
Say to the child:	ï.	THEY WANT YOU TO DRAW.
Give him a crayon and a piece of paper and let him draw something.		
Repeat this simple drill with each child.		
Above. Have on a table the objects listed above. Have one child seated at a distance from the group and the table teacher of group of child		
Ask one child (in the group):	 H	(NAME) WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO BRING YOU?
Model:		Tell me: I'D LIKE YOU TO BRING ME A TRUCK.
	ິວ	I'D LIKE YOU TO BRING ME A TRUCK.
	Ħ	I'LL BRING YOU A RED TRUCK.
Now ask the group (point to the child sitting alone):	 H	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO TAKE (NAME)?
Model:	ï.	Tell me: WE'D LIKE YOU TO TAKE HIM A BOAT.

2	12	5	3
Year	Week	Day	Page

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Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	WE'D LIKE YOU TO TAKE HIM A BOAT.
	H	I'LL TAKE HIM A BLUE BOAT.
Now call on a child (#1). Have him ask another child (#2):	C#1	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO BRING YOU?
Model for child #2:	H	Tell him: I'D LIKE YOU TO BRING ME A CRAYON.
	C#2	I'D LIKE YOU TO BRING ME A CRAYON.
Model for child #1:	ë	Tell him: I'LL BRING YOU A GREEN CRAYON.
3,6	C#1	I'LL BRING YOU A GREEN CRAYON.
After he does so, model for him. (Have him ask the group):	ë	Ask them: WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO TAKE (NAME)?
	C#1	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO TAKE (NAME)?
Model for the group:	Ë	Tell me: WE'D LIKE YOU TO TAKE HIM A BALL.
	GRP	WE'D LIKE YOU TO TAKE HIM A BALL.
Model for the child:	ı:	Tell them: I'LL TAKE HIM A YELLOW BALL.
	C#1	I'LL TAKE HIM A YELLOW BALL.
Repeat this drill with every other child (select different children to sit by themselves).	-	

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PART II, EVALUATION

week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

2	12	2	4	
Year	Week	Day	Page _	

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and response S	Student:	C= Correct '= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM I Show the child pictures of foods. Ask:	T:	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO EAT?		
	ü	I LIKE TO EAT BACON EGGS HAMBURGERS ETC.		
Repeat with pictures of drinks.	T:	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DRINK?		
	ö	I LIKE TO DRINK MILK COKES ETC.		
ITEM II Show child pictures of pancakes, WEEK 12 butter, jam, syrup. Say:	Ţ:	WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO PUT ON YOUR PANCAKES?		
S TAU	ü	I LIKE TO PUT BUTTER ON MY PANCAKES. JAM SYRUP	PANCAKES.	
ITEM III Show the child a lunch menu.	T:	I'D LIKE A HAMBURGER. WOULD YOU LIKE A HAMBURGER?		
	ü	YES, I WOULD. I'D LIKE A HAMBURGER. OR YES, I'D LIKE A HAMBURGER.	BURGER.	
Show him (in folder) pictures of condiments.	H ::	KE ON ISE	YOUR HAMBURGER?	
		KEICHUF		

C

 Year
 2

 Week
 12

 Day
 5

 Page
 5

Instruct	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student:	c = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM IV WEEK 12 DAY 3 DAY 4	Say to the child (have a book on the floor):	ä	YOU CAN RUN TO THE DOOR. YOU CAN WALK TO THE TABLE YOU CAN JUMP OVER THE BOOK.	
		Ë	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO DO?	
		ö	I'D LIKE TO	
ITEM V	Have a book on the sofa. Ask the child:	Ţ:	(NAME), WOULD YOU BRING ME THAT BOOK?	K2
	Child may merely bring book or may also say:	ü	YES, I'LL BRING YOU THE BOOK.	
	When he does so, ask:	Ħ :	WOULD YOU TAKE THE BOOK TO THE TABLE?	면 2
	Again, he may merely do as you ask or he may also say:	ü	YES, I'LL TAKE THE BOOK TO THE TABLE.	ы
ITEM VI WEEK 12	Give the child two or three small toys. Ask him:	Ë	COULD I HAVE A BOAT?	
DAY 4	He may merely give it to you, or he may also say:	Ü	YES, YOU CAN. OR	
			IES, IOU CAN HAVE A BOAL.	

Year 2
Week 12
Day 5

C

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student	C= Correct /= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM VII Place a book on the floor. WEEK 12 Stand up and ask the child:	T:	COULD I JUMP OVER THE BOOK?	
•	ິວ	YES, YOU CAN.	
After he gives his permission, jump over the book.		YES, YOU CAN JUMP OVER THE BOOK.	
ITEM VIII Use the H-M cards #112, 114, 115,			
	Ë	I CAN JUMP .	
		WALK	
	ä	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO DO?	
	ü	I'D LIKE YOU TO JUMP .	
		WALK	
Perform the action that the child names.			

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ENGLISH COMPONENT WEEK 13 YEAR 11

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OBJECTIVES

- Polite requests with 'would" and "could": a. What would you like me to bring you? b. Could von not it it Could you put it in a bag for me? Would REVIEW:
- Future expressed with 'will" + Verb: What will you tell him? Get/got; bring/brought
- Sentence type:
- NP + Verb + NP (Objective) + NP (Benefactive) bring (Dative) get
- Suppletion of indefinite quantifier "some" to "any" in negative and in questions: NEW:
- b. I have some blue sticks.
 I don't have any blue sticks.
- Sentence a. Do you have any money? b. I
 Yes, I do. I have some.
 Indirect discourse with verb tell/told:
 NP + tell + NP (Objective) +
 - You told me to touch my head. What did I tell you?
- Indirect discourse with verb ask/asked: NP + will ask + NP (Objective) + Question asked 'n
 - (Present) | | | | ask him where the book is. (Pres a sked him where the book was. (Past)
 - - Change of tense in reported information.
- toy cars, trucks, boats, balls, crayons; empty box; play money coins; small paper bags. Day 2: MATERIALS:
 - pick-up sticks; cars, trucks, marbles, pencils, crayons.
- toy cars, trucks, boats; marbles, pencils, crayons. toy cars, trucks, marbles, boats, balls; book; large ball; box Day 3: Day 4: Day 5:
 - large enough to contain the ball.

REVIEW DAY

Year Week Day

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 7 Item 8 Item 9 Item 4 Item 5 Item 6 Item 1 Item 2 Item 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

(X) (X) (X) (X) List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each:

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

E.G., "What would you like me to bring you?"

"Could you put it in a bag?" Polite requests with 'would" and "could" SIZE PATTERNS:

Vould

Year 2 Week 13 Day 2

Suppletion of indefinite quantifier "some" to "any" in negative and NEW PATTERNS:

in questions.
E.g., "Do you have any money?"
'Yes, I do. I have some."

"I have some blue sticks."
"I don't have any blue sticks."

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Could

Any

MATERIALS NEEDED: Toy cars, trucks, boats, balls, crayons; box; play money coins; small paper bags.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Set up a table at a distance from the children. This will be the store. Have toy cars, trucks, boats, balls, and crayons on the table; also a box to serve as cash register, and about two dozen small paper bags. Give each child some play money coins. Choose one child to be storekeeper.		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Say to the group:	<u></u>	THERE ARE SOME TOYS AT THE STORE.
Say to one child:	Ë	I HAVE SOME MONEY. I CAN BUY YOU A TOY. WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO BUY YOU?
Model for him (after he names an item):	Ë	Tell me: I'D LIKE YOU TO BUY ME A TRUCK CAR BALL BOAT CRAYON

C

•		Year 2 Week 13 Day 2 Page 2
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	C#1	I'D LIKE YOU TO BUY ME A TRUCK CAR BALL ETC.
Model for him:	Ë	Ask me: WOULD YOU BUY ME ONE?
	C#1	WOULD YOU BUY ME ONE?
390	Ë	YES, I WILL. I'LL BUY YOU A TRUCK CAR BOAT ETC.
Now go to the "store." Model for the child who is storekeeper:	Ë	ASK me: WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO BUY?
	C#2	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO BUY?
	Ë	I'D LIKE TO BUY A TRUCK CAR CAR BOAT ETC.
	j sa	HOW MUCH DOES IT COST?
Model for him:	ï	Tell me: IT COSTS FIFTY CENTS.
	C#2	IT COSTS FIFTY CENTS.
Give him the money.	:	HERE YOU ARE. COULD YOU PUT IT IN A BAG FOR ME?
Model for him:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I'LL PUT IT IN A BAG FOR YOU.

Dialogue

Year Week Day Page

Speaker parts so that each child in the group gets to play all three parts: buyer, storekeeper, and the child for whom the toy is bought. using three children each time and switching Now repeat this entire drill several times, Instructions to the teacher After he does so:

THANK YOU.

Here is the dialogue (of course, you will have to model the children's parts for them).

C#1

I HAVE SOME MONEY. I CAN BUY YOU A TOY. WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO BUY YOU? BALL BOAT CRAYON CAR I'D LIKE YOU TO BUY ME A

C#2

WOULD YOU BUY ME ONE?

C#2

YES, I WILL. I'LL BUY YOU A CAR TRUCK BALL ETC' C#1

WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO BUY? CAR TRUCK ETC. I'D LIKE TO BUY A C#3 C#1

At the store, Child #3 says to #1:

HOW MUCH DOES IT COST?

C#1

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Year 2 Week 13 Day 2 Page 4	Dialogue	IT COSTS FIFTY CENTS. HERE YOU ARE. COULD YOU PUT IT IN A BAG FOR ME?	YES, I'LL PUT IT IN A BAG FOR YOU.	THANK YOU.				THERE ARE SOME CARS ON THE TABLE. THERE ARE SOME PAPERS ON THE TABLE. THERE ARE SOME BALLS ON THE TABLE. THERE ARE SOME CRAYONS ON THE TABLE. THERE ARE SOME BOATS ON THE TABLE.	ARE THERE ANY TRUCKS ON THE TABLE?	Tell me: NO, THERE AREN'T. THERE AREN'T ANY.	NO, THERE AREN'T. THERE AREN'T ANY.
	Speaker	C#3	C#3	C#1				Ë	Ë	Ë	GRP
	Instructions to the teacher				INTRODUCTION:	Be sure the children are sitting where they can all see what is on the table.	DEMONSTRATE:	Say to the group:	Ask them:	Model:	

ARE THERE ANY BOOKS ON THE TABLE? GRP Ë

Continue in this way; ALTERNATE between yes and no questions in order to give the

NO, THERE AREM'T. THERE AREN'T ANY.

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2	13	2	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
children practice with both forms: SOME and ANY.		
Now take the cars and the crayons; give half the children cars (at least 3 per child), and half the children crayons (at least 3 per child). Keep at least 3 cars for yourself.		
Say to the group:	Ë	I HAVE SOME CARS.
Say to a child who has cars:	Ë	(NAME), DO YOU HAVE ANY CARS?
Carol for him:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME CARS.
23	C#1	YES; I DO. I HAVE SOME CARS.
Ask another child who has cars:	Ë	(NAME), DO YOU HAVE ANY CARS?
	C#2	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME CARS.
Ask a child who has crayons:	ï	(NAME), DO YOU HAVE ANY CARS?
Model for him:	Ë	Tell me: NO, I DON'T. I DON'T HAVE ANY CARS.
	T:	WHAT DO YOU HAVE?
Continue asking each child, "DO YOU HAVE ANY CARS?" If he doesn't, ask: 'WHAT DO YOU HAVE?"	C#3	I HAVE SOME CRAYONS.
Then say to the group:	Ë	I DON'T HAVE ANY CRAYONS.
Ask a child who has crayons:	Ë	(NAME), DO YOU HAVE ANY CRAYONS?

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Year 2
Week 13
Day 2
Page 6

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Model:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME CRAYONS.
	ပ	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME CRAYONS.
Continue, asking each child: ''Do YOU HAVE ANY CRAYONS?'' If he doesn't, ask him: ''WHAT DO YOU HAVE?''	,	
394		

REVIEW PATTERNS: Would like Suppletion of indefinite quantifiers: some ----> any

Year 2
Week 13
Day 3
Page 1

Pick-up sticks Cars, trucks, marbles, pencils, crayons; lots of each.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Divide the pickup sticks into the 4 colors: red, blue, green, and yellow. Give each child 3 or more of each of 2 colors (e.g., 3 reds and 3 blues, etc.)		
Ask a child who has blue and red sticks:	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY BLUE STICKS?
Constant if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME.
	ت ت	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME.
Ask him:	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY RED STICKS?
	ü	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME.
Ask him:	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW STICKS?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: NO, I DON'T. I DON'T HAVE ANY.
	<u></u>	NO, I DON'T. I DON'T HAVE ANY.
Ask a child who has green and red sticks:	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY GREEN STICKS?
	<u></u>	YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME.
Then ask him:	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY BLUE STICKS?
	ິວ	NO, I DON'T. I DON'T HAVE ANY.

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Year 2 Week 13 Day 3 Page 2	teacher Speaker Dialogue	T: DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW STICKS?	C: NO, I DON'T. I DON'T HAVE ANY.	T: DO YOU HAVE ANY RED STICKS?	C: YES, I DO. I HAVE SOME.	child, varying the		the table: cars, icils, crayons, pickup		T: THERE ARE SOME CARS ON THE TABLE. WOULD YOU LIKE SOME?	T: Tell me: YES, I'D LIKE SOME CARS.	T: 1'LL GET YOU SOME.	to him, say: T: HERE YOU ARE. HERE ARE SOME CARS.	c#1 THERE ARE SOME MARBLES ON THE TABLE. WOULD YOU LIKE SOME?
	instructions to the teacher	Ask him:		Ask him:		Continue with every child, varying the questions that you ask.	RE INFORCEMENT:	Dut these objects on the table: cars, trucks, marbles, pencils, crayons, pickup sticks.	DEMONSTRATE:	Say to a child:	Model for him:		Get them, give them to him,	Then work with the children in pairs. one say to another:

YES, I'D LIKE SOME MARBLES.

C#2

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		Year 2 Week 13 Day 3 Page 3
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	C#1	I'LL GET YOU SOME.
When he returns, he gives C#2 the marbles.	C#1	HERE YOU ARE. HERE ARE SOME MARBLES.
Go through this drill several times, giving each child a chance to play both parts.		
Wher all of one object (all the cars, all the marbles, etc.) have been given out, say to a child:	 F	(NAME), WOULD YOU LIKE SOME CARS MARBLES
Topog 1:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I'D LIKE SOME CARS MARBLES ETC.

ARE THERE ANY CARS ON THE TABLE? MARBLES ETC.	Tell me: NO, THERE AREN'T. THERE AREN'T ANY.	NO, THERE AREN'T. THERE AREN'T ANY.	(NAME), WOULD YOU LIKE SOME CARS 7 MARBLES PENCILS ETC.
Ë	Ë	GRP	C
When you get to the table, ask the group:	Model:		Remove all but 2 kinds of objects from the table. Have children take the two parts. Here is the dialogue:

CARS MARBLES ETC.

YES, I'D LIKE SOME

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I'LL GET YOU SOME.

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Year 2 Week 13 Day 3

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REVIEW PATTERNS: 1.

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Suppletion of indefinite quantifier: some ---> any Sentence type:

NP + Verb + NP (Objective) + NP Benefactive Bring/brought, get/got

Bring/brought, get/got
Future expressed with 'will" + Verb: 'What will you tell him?"

Year 2 Week 13 Day 4 Page 1

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NP + tell + NP (Object) + Sentence NEW PATTERNS: indirect discourse: Verb tell/told: NP + E.g., "What did I tell you?" ''You told me to touch my head."

MATERIALS NEEDED: Toy cars, trucks, boats; marbles, pencils, crayons; books.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

•	ü	When he returns, the group asks: GRP DID YOU BRING US SOME CARS?	e is the dialogue: GRP WILL YOU BRING US SOME CARS?	Have a number of objects on the table. Choose one child to bring objects to the group will ask for some objects that are on the table and for others that are not.)	REVIEW:	Instructions to the teacher Speaker Exchange		EW: a number of objects on the table. se one child to bring objects to the p. (The group will ask for some objects are on the table and for others that not.) is the dialogue: he gets to the table, the teacher asks: he returns, the group asks: they ask for something not on the
t on the	G A P		; <u>;</u> ;	able, the teacher asks: T:	g. : : 6	g :: :: 6	TES, IMENE ANE.	
the can the	&	TES, IMERE ARE.	j j	able, the teacher asks: T:	۾ :: :	ر: وچ ۲:		
the Cr.	S GR	YES, THERE ARE.		œ	cts on the table. ring objects to the li ask for some objects and for others that GRP	ر چ د:		he gets to the table, the teacher asks:
cacher asks: T: C: C: C: C: C:	. : & &	j ü		GRAP	G & S	g G		

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
When he gets there, the teacher asks:	Ë	(NAME), ARE THERE ANY APPLES ON THE TABLE?
	ü	NO, THERE AREN'T. THERE AREN'T ANY.
When he returns, the group asks:	GRP	DID YOU BRING US SOME APPLES?
	ü	NO, I DIDN'T. THERE WEREN'T ANY.
Repeat several times, giving each child a chance to bring objects to the group. ALTERNATE asking for objects that are on the table and objects that are table.		
INTRODUCTION:		
DEMONSTRATE: Call on a child. Tell him:	Ë	(NAME), TOUCH YOUR HEAD.
Before he does it, ask him:	Ë	WHAT DID I TELL YOU?
Mode 1:	Ë	Repeat: YOU TOLD ME TO TOUCH MY HEAD.
	ິວ	YOU TOLD ME TO TOUCH MY HEAD.
Ask the group:	ë.	WHAT DID I TELL HIM ? HER
Model:	Ë	Repeat: YOU TOLD HIM TO TOUCH HIS HEAD.
	G A G	YOU TOLD HIM TO TOUCH HIS HEAD. HER

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Year 2 Week 13 Day 4 Page 3	Dialogue	(NAME), SIT ON THE FLOOR. WALK TO THE KITCHEN. TOUCH YOUR TOES. JUMP OVER THE BOOK. RUN TO THE TABLE.		(Juan), WHAT WILL YOU TELL (Maria)? TO WALK TO THE TABLE? TO JUMP OVER THE BOOK? TO SIT ON THE FLOOR? TO TOUCH HIS TOES?	Repeat: I'LL TELL HIM TO WALK TO THE TABLE.	1'LL TELL HIM TO WALK TO THE TABLE.	WHAT WILL HE TELL (Haria)?	Repeat: HE'LL TELL (Maria) TO WALK TO THE TABLE.	HE'LL TELL (Maria) TO WALK TO THE TABLE.	OKAY, TELL HIM .	
:	Speaker			Ë	Ë	C#1	+ :	Ë	GRP	=	
RIC.	Instructions to the teacher	Call on each child and give him a command. Follow the drill as outlined here. Here are some commands:	Now call on the children in pairs. Set up a dialogue for them as follows. (Sample names are used here to make the dialogue easier to follow.)	Say to child #1:	Let him make a choice. Then model:		Ask the group:	Mode 1:		Say to child #1:	

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Year Week Day Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
	ï	Tell him WALK TO THE TABLE.
	C#1	WALK TO THE TABLE.
Before child #2 does so, ask him:	Ë	WHAT DID HE TELL YOU?
Mode 1:	Ë	Repeat: HE TOLD ME TO WALK TO THE TABLE.
	C#2	. HE TOLD ME TO WALK TO THE TABLE.

Repeat: HE TOLD (Maria) TO WALK TO THE TABLE. HE TOLD (Maria) TO WALK TO THE TABLE. GRP

Repeat this entire dialogue several times,

switching roles so that each child has one or more chances to play each part.

dialogue easier and less confusing for the children. (e.g., HE TOLD MARIA rather than HE TOLD HER).

proper noun, in order to make the

We have used one pronoun and one

2

dialogue is REPEAT, instead of TELL ME. TELL ME would be confusing in this situation.

The teacher's instruction in this

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Then have child #2 perform the action.

Ask the group:

Model:

WHAT DID HE TELL (Maria)?

REVIEW PATTERNS: 1.

+ Sentence Indirect discourse with tell/told
 NP + tell + NP (Object) + Seni
Future expressed with 'Will" + Verb:
 'What will you tell him?"

Year 2 Week 13 Day 5

NEW PATTERNS: 1. Indirect discourse with ask/asked: NP + will ask + NP (Objective) + Question

E.g., "!! "] ask him where the book is." (Present) "! asked him where the book was." (Past) asked

;

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Asked

MATERIALS NEEDED: Large ball; box large enough to contain the ball; toy cars, trucks, marbles, boats, balls; book.

PART 1: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
REVIEW: Seview yesterday's dialogue with tell/ told. It is outlined here.	7:	(x), WHAT WILL YOU TELL (Y)?
	C #	I'LL TELL HIM TO TOUCH HIS TOES WALK TO THE TABLE SIT ON THE FLOOR ETC.
Say to the group:	 F	WHAT WILL HE TELL (Y)?
	9. P	HE'LL TELL (Y) TO TOUCH HIS TOES WALK TO THE TABLE SIT ON THE FLOOR ETC.
Say to child #1 (X):	Ë	Tell him : TOUCH YOUR TOES her walk to the Table sit on the Floor ETC.

Week 13 Day 5 Page 2	Dialogue	TOUCH YOUR TOES WALK TO THE TABLE SIT ON THE FLOOR ETC.	WHAT DID HE TELL YOU?	HE TOLD ME TO TOUCH MY TOES SHE SHE SIT ON THE FLOOR ETC.	WHAT DID HE TELL (Y)?	HE TOLD (Y) TO TOUCH HIS TOES SHE SHE SIT ON THE FLOOR ETC.		WHAT'S YOUR NAME?	(NAME) .	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	Repeat: YOU ASKED HE WHAT MY NAME WAS.	YOU ASKED HE WHAT MY NAME WAS.	WHAT DID YOU TELL ME?	
	Speaker	C#1	• • •	C#2	<u></u>	GRP		Ë	;	Ë	Ë	ü	Ë	
	Instruction to the teacher		Say to child #2 (Y):		Say to the group:	4 04	INTRODUCTION	DEMONSTRATE: Ask a child:			Model:		Ask him:	

Year 2
Week 13
Day 5

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Instructions to the teacher Speaker Speaker Dialogue	Model: T: Repeat: 1 TOLD YOU MY NAME WAS (NAME). C: 1 TOLD YOU MY NAME WAS (NAME).	Then ask other questions, following the T: HOW OLD ARE YOU? WHERE ARE YOU? HOW OLD IS HE I (point) SHE IS NAME? (point) WHAT'S HERIS NAME? (point)	Each time the pattern is: C: FIVE. WHAT DID I ASK YOU? C: YOU ASKED ME HOW OLD I WAS. T: WHAT DID YOU TELL ME? I TOLD YOU I WAS FIVE.	Next, call on the children in pairs. Say $ T: $	Ask child #1: T: WHAT DID YOU ASK HIM 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Model: T: Repeat: I ASKED HIM WHAT HIS NAME WAS.
--	--	--	--	--	--	--

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Ask child #2:	7:	WHAT DID YOU TELL HIM ?
Mode]:	Ë	Repeat: 1 TOLD HIM MY NAME WAS (NAME).
	C#2	I TOLD HIM MY NAME WAS (NAME).
Repeat this with the other pairs of children; then switch parts and repeat again.		
Now divide the group into 2 smaller groups. Put a bail on the table (under a chair, in a box, etc.). Be sure the children watch you do this and know where the ball is.		
Tell group 1:	 	ASK THEM WHERE THE BALL IS. WHAT WILL YOU ASK THEM?
Model:	Ë	Repeat: WE'LL ASK THEM WHERE THE BALL IS.
	GRP 1	WHERE'S THE BALL?
	Ë	WHAT DID YOU ASK THEM?
Model:	-	Repeat: WE ASKED THEM WHERE THE BALL WAS.
	GRP 1	WE ASKED THEM WHERE THE BALL WAS.
Ask group 2:	Ë	WHAT DID THFY ASK YOU?
Mode 1:	Ë	Repeat: THEY ASKED US WHERE THE BALL WAS.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Díalogue
	T:	WHAT WILL YOU TELL THEM?
Model:	Ë	Repeat: WE'LL TELL THEM, "THE BALL IS ON THE TABLE."
	GRP	WE'LL TELL THEM, "THE BALL IS ON THE TABLE."
	Ë	Tell them: THE BALL IS ON THE TABLE.
	GRP 2	THE BALL IS ON THE TABLE.
Ask group 2:	Ë	WHAT DID YOU TELL THEM?
Model:	Ë	Repeat: WE TOLD THEM, "THE BALL WAS ON THE TABLE."
	GRP 2	WE TOLD THEM, "THE BALL WAS ON THE TABLE."
Ask group 1:	Ë	WHAT DID THEY TELL YOU?
Hodel:	Ë	Repeat: THEY TOLD US, "THE BALL WAS ON THE TABLE."
7	GRP 1	THEY TOLD US, "THE BALL WAS ON THE TABLE."
Try to repeat this at least twice more before today's evaluation period. Change the position of the ball; ρut it under a chair, in a box, etc. Also, switch roles; let group 2 ask where the ball is and let group 1 tell them.		

ELIC EVALUATION

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2	13	2	9
Year	Week	Day	Page

The following test will help you assess the progress of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Mo of their needs. Each child must be tested individual number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar will want to repeat those lessons with which the chil	ogress of the childre your Monday review le lividually. Beside ea grammar point is pres the children have had	ogress of the children during this past week Day 5 your Monday review lesson plan on the basis Page 6 lividually. Beside each test item is the sgrammar point is presented or reviewed. You the children have had difficulty.	
INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT: C = V =	= Correct = Incorrect 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM Put 4 or 5 different toys on the WEEK 12 table. Say to the child: DAYS 2 3 4	ت ت	HERE ARE SOME TOYS. WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE? I'D LIKE A CAR BOAT ETC.	
ITEM Stand with the child at a distance WEEK 12 from the table. Say to hຳພ: DAYS 3 4 Week 13 Day 2	T: C:	I'LL BRING YOU A TOY. WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO BRING YOU? I'D LIKE YOU TO BRING ME A TRUCK BALL ETC.	
ITEM III Give the child some blue cars. WEEK 13 Ask him: DAYS 2 3	T: c:	(NAME), DO YOU HAVE ANY BLUE CARS? YES, 1 DO. 1 HAVE SOME. or YES, 1 HAVE SOME, Etc.	
Ask him:	ë ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY GREEN STICKS? NO, I DON'T, I DON'T HAVE ANY, Or NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.	

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	Correct Incorrect 3 4 5 6 7			
	C = Corr V = Inco 1 2 3 4			
222	0×-	The state of the s		
Year 2 Week 1 Day 5 Page 7	STUDENT:	CARS ON THE E ARE SOME. ON THE TABLE? ON THE TABLE?	OOR. THE FLOOR.	BOOK. ABLE. 4E TO DO? THE BOOK 1E TABLE.
;	ITEM AND RESPONSE	(NAME), ARE THERE ANY CARS ON THE TABLE? YES, THERE ARE. THERE ARE SOME. ARE THERE ANY PENCILS ON THE TABLE? NO, THERE AREN'T. THERE AREN'T ANY. ÉTC.	(NAME), SIT ON THE FLOOR. WHAT DID I TELL YOU? YOU TOLD ME TO SIT ON THE FLOOR.	JUMP OVER THE WALK TO THE TAILL YOU TELL YOU TO TO THE TAILL YOU TO WALK TO THE
	ITEM	(NAME), TABLE? YES, THE ARE THER ARE THER ETC.	(NAME WHAT YOU T	I CAN I CAN WHAT W
	SPEAKER	. T: T: C: T:	: : : :	Ë ü
	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	ITEM IV Put some cars, trucks, and marbles WEEK 13 on the table. Ask the child: DAYS 2 3 4	ITEM V Say to the child: WEEK 13 DAYS 4 5	ITEM VI Lay a book on the floor. Say: WEEK 13 DAYS 4 5

Year 2 Week 13 Day 5 Page 8

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT:	C= Correct /= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM VII Ask the child:	:1	WHAT'S YOUR NAME?	
WEEK 13 DAY 5	ິວ	(NAME) .	
	:: -	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
A	ະ	YOU ASKED ME WHAT MY NAME WAS.	
	Ë	WHERE'S THE BALL?	-
	ະ	ON THE FLOOR.	
	Ë	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
	ü	YOU ASKED ME WHERE THE BALL WAS.	
	ï	WHAT DID YOU TELL ME?	
	ؾ	! TOLD YOU THE BALL WAS ON THE FLOOR.	

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ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR II WEEK 14

OBJECTIVES

REVIEW PATTERNS

- + Sentence ask/asked: (Objective) Indirect discourse with tell/told, Sentence-type: NP + Tell + NP ask
- Future expressed with will + Verb
- Change of tense in reported information
 - who, which, whose
 - Possessives:
- a. Pronouns: our, your, his, her, my, their b. Ncuns: Proper Noun + 's: JUAN'S
- Suppletion of indefinite quantifiers: some --- any in the environment of Negative Interrogative 9

NEW PATTERNS:

- this was. Noun + Noun Indirect discourse with who, which, whose: whose which мно Sentence-type: I asked you
- Noun Verb any Past + have + þe Past Sentence-type: I asked you if you Indirect discourse with if:

2.

Nominalized possessives:

- Pronouns: ours, yours, his, hers, mine, theirs Nouns: Proper Noun + 's: JUAN'S ъ ф

- ball; bag and box, each large enough to contain the ball Day 2:
- toy cars, trucks, boats; pencils, crayons
- toy cars of various colors; parquetry blocks of various colors 3 pictures drawn by each child: 1 of himself, 1 of his house, 1 of his mother (Teacher draws same 3 pictures for use on Day 5) Day 3: Day 4:
- H-M pictures 112, 114, 115, 118, 121, 123, 283, toy cars; crayons ion: H-M pictures 38, 119, 272, 273
 Pictures from Day 4 (including teacher's) Evaluation: Day 5:
 - Toy cars

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REVIEW DAY

Year 2 Week 14 Day 1

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 8 Item 9 Item 7 Item 4 Item 5 Item 6 Item 3 Item 2 Item 1

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

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Sentence Indirect discourse with tell/told, ask/asked Sentence-type: NP + [tell] + NP (Objective) Sentence-type: NP REVIEW PATTERNS:

Sentence-type: NP + [tel] + NP (Objection to be a sentence type: NP + [tel] + NP (Objection to be a sentence to be a sentence

Question

Year 2 Week 14 Day 2

> Ball, cups, toy cars, toy trucks; toy boat, pencils, crayons box large enough to contain ball. MATERIALS NEEDED:

PAR; 1: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
To review indirect discourse with tell/told and ask/asked, have the children play a game of hiding objects and guessing where they are.		
First review the words behind, under, in.		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Hold up the ball. Put it in the box and say: Put it under the table and say:	Ë	THE BALL IS IN THE BOX. THE BALL IS UNDER THE TABLE.
Put it behind the chair (the chair must be facing the group) and say:		THE BALL IS BEHIND THE CHAIR.
Put it in various other places; say:	Ë	THE BALL IS IN THE KITCHEN UNDER THE SOFA BEHIND THE DOOR
	,	UNDER THE CHAIR ETC.

Now the children will take turns hiding the ball and asking others where it is.

Call on one child; have the others close their eyes.

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Year 2 Week 14 Day 2 Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Whisper to child #1 to put the ball some- where. Have the others open their eyes.		
Say to child #1 (the names Juan and Maria will be used as examples) child #1 is		
Juan)	Ë	(Juan), ASK (Maria): WHERE IS THE BALL? WHAT WILL YOU ASK HER?
Model for him:	Ë	Repeat: I'LL ASK HER WHERE THE BALL IS.
	C#1	I'LL ASK HER WHERE THE BALL IS.
Have him do so:	C#1	(Maria), WHERE IS THE BALL?
Ask child #2:	Τ:	WHAT DID HE ASK YOU?
Mode1:	:	Repeat: HE ASKED ME WHERE THE BALL WAS.
	C#2	HE ASKED ME WHERE THE BALL WAS.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DID HE ASK (Maria)?
Model for them:	Ë	Repeat: HE ASKED (Maria) WHERE THE BALL WAS.
	GRP	HE ASKED (Maria) WHERE THE BALL WAS.
Ask child #2:		WHAT WILL YOU TELL HIM?
If he needs prompting, ask:	Ë	WHERE IS THE BALL?
Urge him to make a guess; then model:	Ë	Repeat: 'LL TELL HIM THE BALL IS IN THE BOX.
	C#2	I'LL TELL HIM THE BALL IS IN THE BOX.

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		Year 2 Week 14 Day 2 Page 2b
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have her do so:	C#2	THE BALL IS IN THE BOX.
Ask child #1:	T:	WHAT DID SHE TELL YOU?
Model:	Т:	Repeat: SHE TOLD ME THE BALL WAS IN THE BOX.
	C#1	SHE TOLD ME THE BALL WAS IN THE BOX.
Ask the group:	T:	WHAT DID SHE TELL JUAN ?
	GRP	SHE TOLD HIM THE BALL WAS IN THE BOX.
Call on other pairs of children and repeat entire drill for each pair.		ETC.

Set up a table with the items of toys listed above. Call on 2 children.

PART II.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Have one child stand at the table. Say to another child (child #2) the names Juan and Maria will be used again for examples:	Ë	CUP CAR (Maria), TELL (Juan) TO GIVE YOU A TRUCK BOAT CRAYON PENCIL
Ask child #2:	:	WHAT WILL YOU TELL HIM?
Model for child #2:	:	Repeat: I'LL TELL HIM TO GIVE ME A BOAT CAR CUP TRUCK
41		PENCIL
6	C#2	I'LL TELL HIM TO GIVE ME A BOAT, ETC.
Have him do so; C#2 says to C#1:	C#2	(Juan), GIVE ME A BOAT, ETC.
Ask child #1:	:	WHAT DID SHE TELL YOU?
Model:	:	Repeat: SHE TOLD ME TO GIVE HER A BOAT, ETC.
	C#1	SHE TOLD ME TO GIVE HER A BOAT, ETC.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DID SHE TELL (Juan)?
Model:	Ë	Repeat: SHE TOLD (Juan) TO GIVE HER A BOAT, ETC.
	GRP	SHE TOLD (Juan) TO GIVE HER A BOAT, ETC.
Have child #1 give child #2 the boat. Then ask child #1:	Ë	WHAT DID YOU GIVE HER?

REVIEW PATTERNS: Possessives:

Pronouns: our, your, his, her, my, their Nouns: Proper Noun + 's (Juan's, etc.) Who, which, whose (in questions)

Year 2
Week 14
Day 3

NEW PATTERNS: Nominalized Possessives: ours, yours, his, hers, mine, theirs, Juan's etc.

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Ours, yours, his, hers, mine, theirs.

MATERIALS NEEDED: Toy cars of various colors; parquetry blocks of various colors.

PART 1: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

ange		MY CAR IS RED. HIS CAR IS GREEN. HER CAR IS YELLOW	THEIR CARS ARE BLUE. OUR CARS ARE RED. (Name) 'S CAR IS YELLOW. (Name) 'S CAR IS GREEN.		CAR IS GREEN. CARS ARE BLUE.
Exchange		MY C HIS	THE IR OUR CA (Name)		YOUR
Speaker	,	Ë			Ë
Instructions to the teacher	Give each child a toy car. Arrange it so that two of the children have the same color, (e.g. blue), also, you and one of the children have the same color. (e.g., red).	Point to each car and say:	(Pointing to 2 children's cars)	Note: Alternate HIS and HER with the proper Noun + 's form (Juan's, Maria's).	(Speaking directly to a child) (Speaking to 2 children)

Year 2 Week 14 Day 3 Page 2	Instructions to the teacher Speaker Exchange	Then call on each child and ask him ALL the following questions, one by one, and having him answer each: T: (NAME), WHAT COLOR IS MY CAR? IS YOUR CAR? ARE THEIR CARS? IS HIS CAR? IS HER CAR? ARE OUR CARS? IS HER CAR? IS (Name)'S CAR?	If he and another child have the same color Car, ask: T: WHAT COLOR ARE YOUR CARS?	He should respond: C: OUR CARS ARE GREEN , ETC.	If he and you have the same color, ask: T: WHAT COLOR ARE OUR CARS?	C: OUR CARS ARE RED.	If you and another child (child #2) have the same color car, point to the two cars and ask child #1: T: WHAT COLOR ARE OUR CARS?	C: YOUR CARS ARE RED.	The responses to the other questions C: YOUR CAR IS RED. THEIR CARS ARE BLUE. HIS CAR IS YELLOW. HER CAR IS GREEN. (NAME)'S CAR IS BLUE. ETC.	NOTE: Remember to use pointing and eye
	Inst	Then the and	_	8.18 Fe s	If h		If y the and		The are	NOTE

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2	14	3	3
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
contact to help the child understand what you are asking.		
Now review who, which, and whose.		
Review each of these words with two different objects: cars, then parquetry blocks. Follow this procedure: review who, which and whose using cars; then take up the cars and give out parquetry blocks, and repeat the drills.		
Here are the drills you will use:	Ë	WHO HAS A BLUE CAR SQUARE ETC. TRIANGLE RECTANGLE
When a child answers, model:	Ë	Tell me: 1 DO. 1 HAVE A BLUE CAR SQUARE ETC. TRIANGLE RECTANGLE
	ٿ	I DO. I HAVE A BLUE CAR RED SQUARE ETC. TRIANGLE RECTANGLE
Ask the group:	Ë	WHO HAS A BLUE CAR ? RED SQUARE ETC.
Model:	Ë.	Tell me: HE DOES. HE HAS A BLUE CAR SQUARE SHE ETC ETC.

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Year 2 Week 14 Day 3

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	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Model for the child who answers:	1 :	Tell me: MY CAR IS BLUE . SQUARE RED TRIANGLE GREEN ETC.
		ပ ံ	MY CAR IS BLUE . SQUARE RED TRIANGLE GREEN ETC.
421	Ask the group:	Ë	WHOSE CAR IS BLUE ? TRIANGLE RED ETC.
	Model:	Ë	Tell me: HIS CAR IS BLUE . HER TRIANGLE ETC.
		GRP	HER TRIANGLE RED. ETC.
	INTRODUCTION:		
	When you have thoroughly reviewed all the above forms, introduce the nominalized possessives (mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs, NAME'S).		
	Stand in front of the children. Point to your eyes and ask the group:	Ë	WHOSE EYES ARE THESE?

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2	14	3	9
Year	Week	Day	Page

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	T:	Tell me: THOSE ARE YOURS.
	GRP	THOSE ARE YOURS.
	ï	YES, THESE ARE MINE.
Point to your hair and ask the group:	Ë	WHOSE HAIR IS THIS?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: THAT'S YOURS.
	GRP	THAT'S YOURS.
	Ë	YES, THIS IS MINE.
Call on a boy. Point to his hand and Cask him:	Ë	WHOSE HAND IS THAT?
Model for him:	Ë	Tell me: THIS IS MINE.
	ິ:	THIS IS MINE.
	; <u>.</u>	YES, THAT'S YOURS.
Point to his hand again and ask the group:	ï	WHOSE HAND IS THAT?
Model for them:	Ë	Tell me: THAT'S HIS.
	GRP	THAT'S HIS.
	: :	YES, THAT'S HIS.
Point to a-child's feet and ask him:	T:	(NAME), WHOSE FEET ARE THESE?

Year 2 Week 14 Day 3 Page 7	
,	Exchange
	Speaker
	le teacher

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	Ë	Tell me: THEY'RE MINE.
		THEY'RE MINE.
	Ë	YES, THOSE ARE YOURS.
Point again and ask the group:	Ë	WHOSE FEET ARE THOSE?
Model:	÷	Tell me: THEY'RE HIS.
	GRP	THEY'RE HIS.
4	Ë	YES, THEY'RE HIS.
Point to a girl's nose and ask her:	:	(NAME), WHOSE NOSE IS THAT?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: THIS IS MINE.
	:	THIS IS MINE.
	ï	YES, THAT'S YOURS.
Point again and ask the group:	Ë	WHOSE NOSE IS THAT?
Mode 1:	: :	Tell me: THAT'S HERS.
•	GRP	THAT'S HERS.
	T:	YES, THAT'S HERS.
Now call on the children one by one. Ask the following questions and model the responses. First, point to the child's		(NAME), WHOSE EYES ARE THOSE?
eyes:		

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		Year 2 Week 14 Day 3 Page 8	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
	::	THESE ARE MINE.	
Point to a girl's dress and ask child #1:	Ë	WHOSE DRESS IS THAT?	
	ؾ	THAT'S HERS.	
Point to a boy's shirt and ask:	Ë	WHOSE SHIRT IS THAT?	
	ن	THAT'S HIS.	
Point to 2 children's shoes and ask:	-	WHOSE SHOES ARE THOSE?	
•	ؾ	THOSE ARE THEIRS.	
Point to his feet and ask:	 -	WHOSE FEET ARE THESE?	
4	ະ	THEY'RE MINE.	
Point to your hand and ask:	Ë	WHOSE HAND IS THIS?	
	::	THAT'S YOURS.	
Repeat this drill with each child.		ETC. ETC.	

2	14	3	6
Year	Week	Day	Page

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
II. REINFORCEMENT		
Now give out toy cars again. As before, make sure that you and one of the children have the same color (e.g., red) and that 2 other children have the same color (e.g., green).		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Point to the cars one by one or in pairs, and say to the group:	;	MY CAR IS RED. HIS IS BLUE. HERS IS YELLOW.
(Speaking to one child): (Speaking to 2 children):		THEIRS ARE GREEN. OURS ARE RED. YOURS IS YELLOW. YOURS ARE GREEN.
Call on a child. Say:	:	(NAME), MY CAR IS RED. WHAT COLOR IS YOURS?
Model:	:	Tell me: MINE IS RED.
	ن	MINE IS RED.
Point to a boy's car. Ask:	:	WHAT COLOR IS HIS?

2	14	3	10
Year	Week	Day	Page

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:•	÷	Tell me: HIS IS BLUE.
	ü	HIS IS BLUE.
Point to a girl's. Ask:	Ë	WHAT COLOR IS HERS?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: HERS IS YELLOW.
	ິ:	HERS IS YELLOW.
If you and the child have the same color, point to both your cars and ask:	Ë	WHAT COLOR ARE OURS?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: OURS ARE RED.
26	::	OURS ARE RED.
Point to the 2 children who have the same color cars; ask:	Ë	WHAT COLOR ARE THEIRS?
Model:	ï	Tell me: THEIRS ARE GREEN.
	::	THEIRS ARE GREEN.
If the child and another child have the same color, point to their cars and ask:	Ë	WHAT COLOR ARE YOURS?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: OURS ARE GREEN.
	ິ່ນ	OURS ARE GREEN.
If you and another child have the same color, point to both your cars and ask		

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Year $\frac{2}{14}$ Week $\frac{3}{11}$ Page $\frac{3}{11}$

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
the child you are questioning:	T:	WHAT COLOR ARE OURS?
Model:	· •	Tell me: YOURS ARE RED.
	ະ	YOURS ARE RED.
Repeat this drill with every child, altering it as outlined above according to the color of car that each child has.		

REVIEW PATTERNS: Nominalized Possessives: mine, his, hers, (Name)'s who, which, whose

NEW PATTERNS: Indirect discourse with who, which, whose:

I asked you who this was.

which + Noun

Year Week Day Page

(

MATERIALS NEEDED: Three pictures drawn by each child: one of himself, one of his mother, one of his house.

Instructions to the teacher Speaker Exchange	Earlier in the day, before the ESL lesson, have the children draw some pictures. First have everyone draw a picture of himself. Write on each picture: "(NAME)'s PICTURE." Then go through the drill outores. Write on each pictures: "(NAME)'s HOUSE." Again, go through the drill. Then have them draw pictures of their mothers. Write on each pictures of their mothers. Write on each pictures: "(NAME)'s MOTHER" and repeat the drill.	Here is the drill. Hold up each picture T: THIS IS (NAME)'S PICTURE HOUSE MOTHER	T: WHOSE PICTURE IS THIS? HOUSE MOTHER	GRP THAT'S (NAME) 'S PICTURE.
Instructions to th	Earlier in the day have the children First have everyon self. Write on eaself. Write of their houses. "(NAME)'S HOUSE." drill. Then have their mothers. Writheir mothers. Writheir mothers. Writheir mothers. Writheir mothers. Writheir mothers.	Here is the drill. and say:	Ask the group:	

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
For the pictures of the children and of their mothers, ask (pointing to the face):	Ë	WHO IS THIS?
	GRP	THAT'S (NAME) MOTHER .
For the pictures of houses, ask:	Ë	WHICH PICTURE IS (NAME) 'S? HOUSE MOTHER
Have the group point and respond:	GRP	THAT PICTURE IS (NAME)'S. HOUSE MOTHER
D PART II. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION		ETC.
Use the pictures again for the ESL lesson.		
Hold up a picture and ask the group:	Ë	WHOSE PICTURE IS THIS? HOUSE MOTHER
Before they can answer, ask:		WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
Model:	Ë	Repeat: YOU ASKED US WHOSE PICTURE THAT WAS. HOUSE MOTHER
	GRP	YOU ASKED US WHOSE HOUSE HOUSE MOTHER
Repeat the question:	:	WHOSE PICTURE IS THIS?

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Year 2 Week 14 Day 4 Page 2 Year 2 Week 14 Day 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	THAT'S (NAME)'S PICTURE HOUSE MOTHER
Repeat this with 3 or 4 pictures. Then call on a child. Have him hold up a picture.		
Model for him:	Ë	Ask them: WHOSE PICTURE IS THIS? HOUSE MOTHER
4	ü	WHOSE PICTURE IS THIS? HOUSE MOTHER
30	Ë	WHAT DID YOU ASK THEM?
Model:	:	Repeat: I ASKED THEM WHOSE PICTURE THIS WAS. HOUSE MOTHER
	:	I ASKED THEM WHOSE PICTURE THIS WAS. HOUSE MOTHER
Ask the group:	ij	WHAT DID HE ASK YOU?
Model:	Ë	Repeat: HE ASKED US WHOSE PICTURE THAT WAS. SHE SHE MOTHER
	GRP	HE ASKED US WHOSE PICTURE THAT WAS. SHE MOTHER

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Year	Day
Week	Page

Have them respond with: Call on every child to be the "teacher" DEMONSTRATE: Hold up two pictures. Ask: Hold up two pictures. Ask: T: WHICH PICTURE HOUSE Hou	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
T: WHICH FICTURE IS (NAME)'S? Hold up two pictures. Ask: Hold up two pictures. Ask: T: WHICH FICTURE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE T: Ask them: WHICH FICTURE IS (NAME)'S? To the child: C: WHICH FICTURE IS (NAME)'S? To the child: C: WHICH FICTURE IS (NAME)'S? To the child: C: WHAT DID YOU ASK THEM? C: I ASKED THEM WHICH PICTURE WAS (NAME)'S.	Have them respond with:	GRP	
Hold up two pictures. Ask: Hold up two pictures. Ask: Holds House Ho	Call on every child to be the "teacher" with this drill.		
Hold up two pictures. Ask: House MoTHER T: WHAT DID I ASK YOU? THEN have every child play teacher, as above: To the child: To the child: To the child: T: WHICH PICTURE HOUSE	DEMONSTRATE:		
T: WHAT DID 1 ASK YOU? Repeat: YOU ASKED US WHICH PICTURE HOUSE HOUSE HOUSE T: Ask them: WHICH PICTURE HOUSE HOUSE TO the child: C: WHAT DID YOU ASK THEM? C: I ASKED THEM WHICH PICTURE WAS (NAME)!S?		Ë	PICTURE HOUSE MOTHER
T: Repeat: YOU ASKED US WHICH PICTURE HOUSE HOUS	Before they can answer, ask:	Ë	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
T: Ask them: WHICH PICTURE HOUSE HOU	Model:	·· -	YOU ASKED US WHICH
ü <u>+</u> ü		Ë	WHICH PICTURE HOUSE MOTHER
;; ;;		ü	PICTURE HOUSE MOTHER
	To the child:	Ë	WHAT DID YOU ASK THEM?
		ü	I ASKED THEM WHICH PICTURE WAS (NAME) 'S.

Year 2 Week 14 Day 4 Page 5	

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	To the group:	Ë	WHAT DID HE ASK YOU?
		GRP	HE ASKED US WHICH PICTURE WAS (NAME)'S. SHE MOTHER
	Have them respond (pointing):	GRP:	THAT PICTURE IS (NAME) 'S. HOUSE MOTHER
	DEMONSTRATE:		
43	Hold up a picture either of a child or a mother; ask the group:	ï	WHO IS THIS?
ດ	Before they answer:	<u> </u>	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
	Model:	-	Repeat: YOU ASKED US WHO THAT WAS.
		GRP	YOU ASKED US WHO THAT WAS.
	Then they respond:	GRP	THAT'S (NAME) .
	Then call on every child and repeat:	:	Ask them: WHO IS THIS?
		ن	WHO IS THIS?
er er		Ë	WHAT DID YOU ASK THEM?
		<u>း</u>	I ASKED THEM WHO THIS WAS.

. –	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
, -	To the group:	Ë	WHAT DID HE ASK YOU?
		GRP	HE ASKED US WHO THAT WAS.
	Then they respond:	G & B	THAT'S (NAME) . (NAME)'S MOTHER
	111. REINFORCEMENT		
4	Go through the pictures. Hold up two of them and ask a child:	Ë	WHICH PICTURE IS YOURS? HOUSE MOTHER
133	Ask him:	Ë	WHAT DID & ASK YOU?
	Model:	Ë	Repeat: YOU ASKED ME WHICH PICTURE WAS MINE. HOUSE MOTHER
		:	YOU ASKED ME WHICH PICTURE WAS MINE. HOUSE MOTHER
	Model:	Ë	Tell me: THAT ONE IS MINE.
•	He points and responds:	ت	THAT ONE IS MINE.
	Repeat this with every child.		

Year 2
Week 14
Day 4
Page 7

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Then hold up a picture and ask a child:	Ë	WHOSE PICTURE IS THIS? HOUSE MOTHER
Ask him:	Ë	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
	ü	YOU ASKED ME WHOSE PICTURE THAT WAS. HOUSE MOTHER
Model his response:	Ë	Tell me: THAT'S MINE (NAME)'S
434	ü	THAT'S MINE (NAME)'S

REVIEW PATTERNS:

Suppletion of indefinite quantifiers: Indirect discourse with asked, told I asked you + Sentence

some -→ any in env. Negative Interrogative

Year 2 Week 14 Day 5

Indirect discourse with if: NEW PATTERNS:

told

asked you if you

had any cars were running etc.

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: if

H-M pictures 112,114,115,118, 121, 123,183 MATERIALS NEEDED:

toy cars

crayons Evaluation:

Pictures from Day 4 (drawn by the children) H-M pictures 38,119, 272, 273 Three pictures drawn by the teacher: of herself, her house, her mother.

PART I: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

4		
Unstructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Use the H-M cards listed above. Hold up each one and ask questions (make them all Yes questions).	Ë	IS HE BRAVING SHE RUNNING EATING WALKING JUMPING SITTING DRINKING
The group responds to each:	G R	YES, HE'S DRAWING . SHE'S RUNNING EATING WALKING ETC.
After each response, ask:	:	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?

	Instructions to the teacher Speaker Exchange	Model:: T: Repeat: YOU ASKED	GRP YOU ASKED US 1F	T: WHAT DID YOU TELL ME?	Repeat: WE TOLD YOU	Next, mix Yes and No questions. Give 2 or 3 cars each to some of the children, 2 or 3 crayons each to the others.	Ask each child: T: DO YOU HAVE ANY	Before he answers: T: WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	Model: T: Repeat: YOU ASKED ME	T. DO YOU HAVE ANY?
Year 2 Week 14 Day 5 Page 2		KED US IF HE WAS DRAWING SHE RUNNING EATING WALKING ETC.	HE WAS DRAWING SHE RUNNING EATING WALKING ETC.	LL ME?	D YOU HE WAS DRAWING SHE EATING ETC.		CARS 7	You?	SKED ME IF I HAD ANY CAFS CRAYONS	2,

2	14	-5	
Year	Week	Day	ם ס ט

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ü	YES, I HAVE SOME. NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.
After repeating this drill with each child, ask each one the following:	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY RED CARS ? BLUE CRAYONS ETC.
Before he answers ask:	Ë	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
Continue exactly as above.		
Next, give the children commands. Then ask them about what they are doing (make some Yes-questions, some No-questions).		
To a child:	Ë	(NAME), WALK TO THE DOOR SIT ON THE FLOOR STAND ON YOUR CHAIR ETC.
As he does so, ask:	ï.	ARE YOU STANDING ON YOUR CHAIR ? WALKING TO THE DOOR SITTING ON THE FLOOR ETC.
Defend he anewers ask:	ï	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
Model:	ï	Repeat: YOU ASKED ME IF I WAS STANDING ON MY CHAIR. WALKING TO THE DOOR. SITTING ON THE FLOOR. ETC.

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Year 2
Week 14
Day 5
Page 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ü	YOU ASKED ME IF I WAS STANDING ON MY CHAIR WALKING TO THE DOOR SITTING ON THE FLOOR ETC.
Repeat the question; have him respond:	ü	YES, I'M STANDING ON MY CHAIR . WALKING TO THE DOOR
		OR ETC.
		NO, I'M NOT STANDING ON MY CHAIR . I'M (he tells what WALKING TO THE DOOR he is doing)
Repeat with every child.		ETC.

PART 11. EVALUATION

number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty. The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the

2	2 2 2	
Year	Week Day Page	

- 4	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE	STUDENT:	<pre></pre>
14	Point to your shoe. Say:	Ë	THIS SHOE IS MINE.		
DAYS 3,4 Ask:	::	Ë	IS THIS SHOE MINE?		
		ü	YES, IT'S YOURS.		
Po	Point to the child's hand. Say:	Ë	IS THIS YOUR HAND?		
		ن	YES, IT'S MINE.		
	Point to your nose. Ask:	Ë	IS THIS YOUR NOSE? NO, IT'S MINE.		·
DAYS 3,4	Point to the child's shoe. Ask:	 -	IS THAT MY SHOE?		
		ن ن	NO, IT'S MINE.		
Po	Point to your hand. Ask:	:	IS THIS YOUR HAND?		
		::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	NO, IT'S YOURS.		
ITEM III. Po WEEK 14 (H DAYS 3,4 on	Point to one of your pictures. (Have one of the child's pictures on the table, also, along with others.) Say:	••••	THIS PICTURE IS MINE. WHICH PICTURE IS YOURS?		
He	He points and says:	ü	THAT'S MINE.		
Æ	Ask him:	. : :	WHICH PICTURES ARE OURS? THESE ARE OURS.		

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Year 2 Week 14 Day 5

INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT	C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM IV. WEEK 14	Use of H-M cards 38, 119, 272, 273. Show H-M #38 and ask:	Ë	WHOSE BOOK IS THAT?	- - - - -
DAYS 3,4		.	THAT'S HERS. (or) HERS.	
	Show H-M #119 and ask:	Ë	WHOSE COOKIE IS THAT?	
		ü	THAT'S HIS. (or) HIS.	
	Show 272 and 273 and ask: (One at a time)	Ë	WHOSE BOXES ARE THOSE?	
ITEM V.	Sive the child a toy car. Ask him:	Ë	WHOSE CAR 1S THAT? WHAT DID 1 ASK YOU?	
· ·		ü	YOU ASKED ME WHOSE CAR THIS WAS.	
	Take a car for yourself. Ask:	Ë	WHOSE CAR IS THIS? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
		ن. ت	YOU ASKED ME WHOSE CAR THAT WAS.	
ITEM VI. WEEK 14 DAY 4	Show the child the picture of himself.	Ë	WHO IS THIS? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
		ິ່	YOU ASKED ME WHO THAT WAS.	
	Show him the picture of his mother. Ask:	·	WHO IS THIS? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
		ü	YOU ASKED ME WHO THAT WAS.	

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2	14	5	7
Year	Week	Day	Page

C

	•		r = Correct
INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT	11 7
ITEM VII. Show the child a red car and a WEEK 14 blue car. Ask: DAY 4	 	WHICH CAR IS RED? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
	::	YOU ASKED ME WHICH CAR WAS RED.	.= ,
Ask:	Ë	WHICH CAR IS BLUE? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
	ij	YOU ASKED ME WHICH CAR WAS BLUE.	
ITEM VIII. Tell the child: WEEK 14 DAY 5	Ë	(NAME) , STAND UP. ARE YOU STANDING? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	<u>-</u> .
	ÿ	YOU ASKED ME IF I WAS STANDING.	
Tell him: After he does so:	Ë	SIT DOWN. ARE YOU SITTING? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
	:	YOU ASKED ME IF I WAS SITTING.	
ITEM IX. Give the child some cars. Say:	:- -:	HERE ARE SOME CARS.	
Ask him:	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY BLUE CARS? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
	:3	YOU ASKED ME IF I HAD ANY BLUE CARS.	
Ask him:	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY RED CARS? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	/ 54.5
	: :	YOU ASKED ME IF I HAD ANY RED CARS.	

ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR 11 WEEK 15

OBJECT I VES

- Nominalized Possessives: REVIEW:
- Pronouns: mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs Nouns: Proper Noun + 's: (Name)'s
- Indirect discourse: 2.
- Sentence + Sentence + to + + who whose where which what å **₩** + tell + ask ౼
- NEW:
- Sentence with open condition clauses.
- Past: When you touched your head, I stamped my feet. Present: When I touch my head, you stamp your feet.
- Questions involving sentences with open condition clauses When I touched my head, what did you do?
- Sentence: + to + 물 Indirect commands: Tell +
 - Tell John to stand up.
- Sentence Sentence which what where whose what wh i ch where whose who w Pho + + ջ Š + Indirect commands with Tell Indirect questions with Ask
- crayons, drawing paper, toy cars MATER! ALS:
- ball; pictures from Day 4 , Week 1 4 (of children, their houses, their mothers) Day 2: Day 3: Day 4: Day 5:
 - ball, box large enough to contain ball, book, doll
 - ball, toy cars, pictures from Day 4, Week 14. EVA.:

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WIO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 8 Item 9 Item 7 Item 6 Item 4 Item 5 Item 2 Item 3 Item 1

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

REVIEW PATTERNS: Nominalized Possessives: mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs, (Name)'s

NEW PATTERNS: Sentence-type: Sentences with open condition clause: Ex. When I touch my head, you stamp your foot.

Year 2 Week 15 Day 2 Page 1

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: When

MATERIALS NEEDED: Crayons, drawing paper Toy cars

PART 1: REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Give each child a toy car. Also keep one yourself. Say to the group:	Ë	THIS IS MY CAR.
Pointing to 2 cars and 2children:		THAT'S (NAME)'S. THOSE ARE THEIRS.
Pointing to all the children's cars and all the children: Pointing to all the cars and all of you:	Ë	THOSE ARE YOURS. THESE ARE OURS. ETC.
Now repeat this drill with each child:	ï	(NAME), WHOSE CAR IS THAT?
	ؾ	THIS IS MINE.
Point to several cars one by one and ask:	Ë	WHOSE CAR IS THAT?
	ؾ	THAT'S HIS HEPS
		(NAME) 'S
Point to 2 or 3 cars:	Ë	WHOSE ARE THOSE?

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Year 2 Week 15 Day 2 Page 2

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ن ن	THOSE ARE THEIRS.
Point to yours and his:	:	WHOSE ARE THESE?
	ິວ	THESE ARE OURS.
Next, give out drawing paper and crayons. Give each child one crayon, as follows: give out 1 blue, 2 greens, 2 reds, 1 yellow.	·	ETC:
Tell them:	Ë	I WANT YOU TO DRAW SOME PICTURES FOR ME. FIRST, YOU CAN ALL DRAW A TREE.
Have them leave room on the paper for other objects. If they don't, however, give out new paper.		
When they have drawn trees, ask <u>each child</u> all of the following questions:	Ë	(NAME), WHOSE TREE IS YELLOW? WHOSE TREES ARE GREEN? WHOSE TREE IS BLUE?
The proper responses (depending on what color tree the child has) are:	ؾ	MINE 1S. HIS 1S. THEIRS ARE. OURS ARE.
Now have the children change crayons so that each one has a new color. Say:	Ë	NOW, YOU CAN ALL DRAW A HOUSE.

2	15	2	~
Year	Week	Day	Page
t			

Instruction to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
After they have done so, repeat the above questions. Ask each child all the questions. Once again, have them change crayons and draw cars. Repeat the drill.	·	
INTRODUCTION:	•• •• • •	
Put away the crayons and drawings. Seat the children in front of you. Say:	:	LET'S PLAY A GAME.
DEMONSTRATE:	:	I'LL CLAP MY HANDS. (do so) I'LL CLAP MY HANDS. (do so) I'LL CLAP MY HANDS. (do so)
5	::	i'LL STAMP MY FOOT. (do so) i'LL STAMP MY FOOT. (do so) i'LL STAMP MY FOOT. (do so)
	::	I'LL TOUCH MY HEAD. (as above - 3 times)
Repeat with other actions:	Ë	i'LL SIT ON THE FLOOR. I'LL STAND UP. ETC.
Now drill the children in each action:	;	EVERYONE. CLAP YOUR HANDS! STAMP YOUR FEET! TOUCH YOUR HEADS! SIT ON THE FLOOR! STAND UP!
When you are sure that they understand each command, say:	<u> </u>	NOW, LET'S PLAY A GAME.

Year 2 Week 15 Day 2 Page 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Hold your hand poised over your head. Say:	≓	WHEN I TOUCH MY HEAD
On the word YOU, touch your head:	: :	YOUSTAMP YOUR FEET!
Next, hold your hands poised to clap:	Ξ.	WHEN I CLAP MY HANDS
On YOU, clap your hands:	Ë	YOU STAND UP!
Repeat with different actions:	Ë	nox · · ·
. 4		CLAP MY HANDS CLAP MY HANDS TOUCH MY HEADS STAND UP
Now give each child a chance to lead the drill. Here is the procedure: Ask him:	Ë	WHAT DO YOU WANT THEM TO DO?
	Ü	SIT DOWN. STAND UP. STAMP THEIR FEET.
Model for him:	ï.	Tell them: WHEN I CLAP MY HANDS , YOU STAMP YOUR FEET. TOUCH MY HEAD STAND UP ETC.
Have him give the entire direction before he gives the signal:	ؾ	WHEN I CLAP MY AHANDS ,YOU STAMP YOUR FEET. TOUCH MY HEAD STAND UP ETC.
Now have him give the signal. If necessary, say to him:	Ë	CLAP YOUR HANDS! TOUCH YOUR HEAD!

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Year Week Day

Exchange Speaker Instructions to the teacher

the action he told them to do.

When he does so, the group should carry out

Then ask the gro

., WHAT DID YOU DO?		, WE STOOD UP.	ָּבְּרַנְ פּבָּרָנָ
, WHAT		HANDS	неар
	TOUCHED HIS HEAD HER HEAD ETC.	Tell me: WHEN HE CLAPPED HIS SHE	TOUCHED HIS HER HER
ï		Ë	
: dno	,		

STOOD UP SAT DOWN ETC. , WE HIS HANDS HEAD HER HER ETC. CLAPPED **TOUCHED** HESHE WHEN GRP

> Repeat this entire drill with each child Let each child give at least 3 commands. playing leader.

- II. REINFORCEMENT
- Tell him: Call on one child.

Touch your head and wait for him to touch his. Ask him:

A THE PARTY OF THE

- (NAME), WHEN I TOUCH MY HEAD, YOU TOUCH YOURS.
- WHEN I TOUCHED MY HEAD, WHAT DID YOU DO?

Ë

Model for them:

Year 2 Week 15 Day 2 Page 6

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	Ë	Tell me: WHEN YOU TOUCHED YOUR HEAD, I TOUCHED MINE .
	ؾ	WHEN YOU TOUCHED YOUR HEAD, I TOUCHED MINE.
Call on every other child and repeat the above drill. Other commands are:	Ë	WHEN I CLAP MY HANDS , YOU CLAP YOURS STAMP WY FEET STAMP YOURS
Ť		

REVIEW PATTERNS: Nominalized Possessives: mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs, (Name)'s When + Sentence + Sentence: When I touch my head, you touch yours.

Year Week Day

Sentence Indirect with to NEW PATTERNS:

to + Sentence Sentence-type: Tell

MATERIALS NEEDED: None

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION PART 1:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
Sit in a circle with the children. Say to a child:	Ë	(NAME) , WHEN I TOUCH YOU, YOU TOUCH (NAME).
Touch him on the arm and wait for him to touch the second child.		
Say to another child:	 +-	WHEN I TOUCH YOU, YOU TOUCH (NAME).
Repeat with each child.		
The se a property of the second second times		

After he obeys the command, ask:

,WHAT DID YOU DO? ARM HEAD SHOE ETC. WHEN I TOUCHED YOUR

HERS MINE THE IRS OURS (NAME) 'S

, YOU TOUCH

(NAME), WHEN I TOUCH YOUR ARM HEAD SHOE SHOE

Then go around the group several times, giving commands and following this drill:

Year 2 Week 15 Day 3 Page 2

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model for him:	: L	Tell me: WHEN YOU TOUCHED MY ARM I TOUCHED HIS HERS
	ü	I TOUCHED
		SHOE MINE THEIRS YOURS
TFollow this drill with each child.		(NAME) 'S
INTRODUCTION:		
Tell the group:	Ë	LET'S PLAY A GAME. I'M GOING TO TELL YOU WHAT TO DO.
(Repeat)	Ë	:'LL TELL (NAME) TO TOUCH HIS HEAD.
Say to that child:	ï	(NAME), TOUCH YOUR HEAD.
After he does so, ask him:	: :	WHAT DID I TELL YOU TO DO?
Model:	ï	Repeat: YOU TOLD ME TO TOUCH MY HEAD.
	ij	YOU TOLD ME TO TOUCH MY HEAD.
Give every child a command in the same way:	Ë	I'LL TELL (NAME) TO STAND UP SIT ON THE FLOOR. ETC.

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Year 2
Week 15
Day 3
Page 3

C

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
To the child:	. .	(NAME), STAND UP SIT ON THE FLOOR STAMP YOUR FOOT CLAP YOUR HANDS TOUCH YOUR HEAD ETC.
•	;; ;; ;;	WHAT DID I TELL YOU TO DO? YOU TOLD ME TO STAND UP SIT ON THE FLOOR ETC.
Now call on a child to be teacher. Tell him: Point to another child. Say to child #1:	ë ë	(NAME), YOU CAN TELL THEM WHAT TO DO. TELL HIM TO CLAP HIS HANDS. HER
If necessary, model: After child #2 does so, ask child #1:	ë ë	Tell him : CLAP YOUR HANDS! iher WHAT DID YOU TELL HIM TO DO?
Model, if necessary:	ï	Repeat: TOLD HIM TO CLAP HIS HANDS.
Let him give each child a command, following this outline.	C#1	I TOLD HIM TO CLAP HIS HANDS. HER
Call on each child in the group to be teacher. Repeat this drill as many times as possible. Other commands:	Ë	WALK TO THE DOOR. TOUCH (NAME)'S HAND, ARM, ETC.

Sentence ₽ C Imperative construction with Tell + NP
Example: Tell them to clap their hands. REVIEW PATTERNS:

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Sentence whose which who where A P NEW PATTERNS: Imperative construction with Ask +

Year 2 Week 15 Day 4

> Ball; pictures from Day 4, Week 14 (Children's pictures of themselves, their mothers). MATERIALS NEEDED:

PART I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat the drill from yesterday with "TELL". Call on a child to be teacher. Tell him:	Ë	(NAME), TELL THEM TO CLAP THEIR HANDS STAMP THEIR FEET TOUCH THEIR HEADS STAND UP SIT ON THE FLOOR ETC.
If he needs help, model:	Ë	Tell them: CLAP YOUR HANDS. STAMP YOUR FEET. ETC.
	<mark>រ</mark> ៉	CLAP YOUR HANDS. STAMP YOUR FEET.
After they do so, ask the child:	Ë	WHAT DID YOU TELL THEM TO DO?
Model:	Ë	Repeat: I TOLD THEM TO CLAP THEIR HANDS . STAMP THEIR FEET ETC.
	ن بسر	I TOLD THEM TO CLAP THEIR HANDS . STAMP THEIR FEET ETC.

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Year Week Day Page

			ļ
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	۲
Ask the group:		WHAT DID HE TELL YOU TO DO?	l
Model:	Ë	Repeat: HE TOLD US TO CLAP OUR HANDS. SHE STAMP OUR FEET ETC.	
	GRP	HE TOLD US TO CLAP OUR HANDS . STAMP OUR FEET ETC.	

Let the child give 1 or 2 more commands.

Call on every child to be teacher. The important thing is for you to give the command: "TELL THEM TO..." and for the child to unscramble this.

INTRODUCTION:

Tell the children:

Ask the child:

THEN ASK THE GROUP:

Mode]:

WHAT DID I ASK HIM ?

I'LL ASK (NAME) WHAT HIS NAME IS.

LET'S PLAY A GAME.

Repeat: YOU ASKED HIM WHAT HIS NAME WAS.

YOU ASKED HIM WHAT HIS NAME WAS.

GRP

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2	15	4	3
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Repeat this with every child in the group.		
Now put a ball on the table. Say to the group: (Repeat)	Ë	I'LL ASK (NAME) WHERE THE BALL IS.
Then ask that child:	:	(NAME), WHERE'S THE BALL?
Ask the group:		WHAT DID I ASK HIM ?
Mode]:	:	Repeat: YOU ASKED HIM WHERE THE BALL WAS.
45	GRP	YOU ASKED HIM WHERE THE BALL WAS. HER
Repeat with 1 or 2 other children. Then call on a child to be teacher. Say to him:	Ë	(NAME), ASK (NAME) WHERE THE BALL IS.
lf necessary, model:	;	Ask him: WHERE'S THE BALL?
	ن	WHERE'S THE BALL?
After the response, ask him:	;	WHAT DID YOU ASK HIM ?
	ؾ	I ASKED HIM WHERE THE BALL WAS.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DID HE ASK HIM ?

ERIC Prolitical Provided by Ellic Year 2 Week 15 Day 4

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	ï	Repeat: HE ASKED HIM WHERE THE BALL WAS.
	GRP	HE ASKED HIM WHERE THE BALL WAS.
We now want to repeat this very same drill with WHO, WHOSE, and WHICH. Take them one at a time, as you did with WHAT and WHERE.		
To do this, use the pictures from Day 4 of Week 14 of each child, his house, and so mother.		
Do just as you did for WHAT and WHERE: first demonstrate each form by saying:	:	I'LL ASK (NAME) WHO THIS IS WHOSE HOUSE THIS IS
		WHICH HOUSE IS HIS PICTURE HERS
Then ask the child:		(NAME), WHO IS THIS? WHOSE HOUSE IS THIS? MOTHER PICTURE WHICH HOUSE IS YOURS?
NOTE: Don't use the question "WHICH MOTHER IS YOURS?" This is not "normal" English usage.		

Year 2
Week 15
Day 4
Page 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
After the child responds, ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DID I ASK HIM ?
The group response is:	8	YOU ASKED HIM WHO THAT WAS HER WHOSE HOUSE THAT WAS. PICTURE WAS HIS PICTURE PICTURE
After drilling the questions with several children, call on a child to be teacher. Again, the drill is exactly with WHAT and WHERE.		
Here is the drill:	:	ASK (NAME) WHO THAT IS WHOSE HOUSE THAT IS. MOTHER PICTURE IS YOURS. WHICH HOUSE IS YOURS.
	ن 	(NAME), WHO IS THIS WAS MHOSE HOUSE THIS WAS MAS HIS WAS HIS PICTURE HERS
Here is a change: instead of asking the	Ļ	MUAT DIN THE ACK VOIIS

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Here is a change: instead of group, ask the second child:

WHAT DID

HE ASK YOU?

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Year 2 Week 15 Day 4 Page 6

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	C#2	HAT WAS HOUSE TO HOTHER
		WHICH HOUSE WAS MINE .
Of course, you will have to model the children's responses and questions for the most part.		
REMEMBER that WHO, WHICH, and WHOSE are to be drilled one by one. They are presented together here only for the typist's convenience.		
CTII. REINFORCEMENT COIN the INTRODUCTION, each WH-question was drilled separately. Now you can mix them. Call on the children one by one, and give each one a different WH-question (WHAT, WHERE, WHO, WHOSE, WHICH) to ask		
	Ë	(NAME), ASK (NAME) WHAT HIS NAME IS.
	C#1	WHAT'S YOUR NAME?
Say to another, giving him a picture:	Ë	(NAME), ASK (NAME) WHERE THE BALL IS.
	C#2	WHERE'S THE BALL?
Say to another, giving him a picture:	Ë	(NAME), ASK (NAME) WHO THIS IS.
	C#3	WHO IS THIS?
Drill WHOSE and WHICH in the same way. Repeat several times, mixing the questions.		
(Again, you will have to model the children's questions and responses to some degree).		

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Year 2 Week 15 Day 5	A
Imperative construction with Ask + NP + who what where whose which	Imperative construction with Tell + NP + who + Sentence. what where whose which
REVIEW PATTERNS:	NEW PATTERNS: Im

MATERIALS: Ball; box large enough to contain ball; book; doll; toy cars.

PART I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE:		
* Ask each child the following 2 questions:	 H	TELL ME WHAT YOUR NAME IS.
if necessary, model:	 -	Tell me: MY NAME IS
59	ت ن	MY NAME IS (NAME).
Then ask him pointing to another child:	Ë	TELL ME WHAT HIS NAME IS.
This time, don't model unless you have to:	ິວ	HIS NAME IS (NAME).
Do this with each child.		
Now put the doll on a chair, the ball in the box, and the book on the table.		
Say to a child:	; -	(NAME), ASK (NAME) WHERE THE BALL 1S. BOOK

Year 2 Week 15 Day 5

same way. Use pictures from Day 4, Week 14. Here is the drill: To the drill: To the drill #1 (give him a picture): To the drill #1 (give him a picture):	Instructions to the teacher If necessary, model: Say to the 2nd child: Olf necessary, model: Have the first child ask the second child another question. Then go on to another pair of children, then to the last pair of children, then to the last pair. Switch roles and repeat again, with all 3 pairs.	Speaker T: C#1 C#2	Ask him: WHERE'S THE BALL POOLL TELL HIM WHERE THE BALL POOLL TELL HER BALL IS IN THE BOX. THE BALL IS IN THE BOX. THE BOOK IS ON THE CHAIR. THE BOOK IS ON THE CHAIR. THE BOOK IS ON THE CHAIR. THE BOOK IS ON THE CHAIR.
C#1 WHO	me way. Use pictures from Day 4, Week Here is the drill:	Τ:	(NAME) WHO THAT
	child #1	C#1	WHO IS THIS?

Year 2 Week 15 Day 5

Instructions to the teacher Say to child #2: Tell child #1: Tell child #2: For WHICH, the drill is: Tell child #1:	Speaker T: C#2 C#2 T:	Dialogue TELL HIM WHO THAT IS. THAT'S (NAME) WHOSE HOUSE HERS (NAME) WHICH HOUSE IS HIS (NAME):
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		Year 2 Week 15 Day 5 Page 4
instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Dialogue
Tel. child #2:	1:	TELL HIM WHOSE HOUSE THAT IS. HER MOTHER PICTURE
	C#2	THAT'S (NAME)'S HOUSE . MY MOTHER PICTURE
For WHICH, the drill is:		

3 SIOH	PICTURE (NAME)'S	-	HER PICTURE (NAME)'S
HOLHA		TELL	
[#]		ï	

Again, remember not to use the form "WHICH MOTHER IS YOURS/(NAME)'S." This is not acceptable English usage.

Tell child #2:

Repeat each of these drills many times. Model questions and responses whenever

necessary.

<u>s</u>

HOUSE PICTURE

ASK (NAME) WHICH

Ë

Tell child #1:

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PART 11. EVALUATION

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

2	15	2	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

-	Instru	uction	instructions to the teacher	Speaker	ltem and Response Student:	<pre>C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7</pre>	
	ITEM I	15.	Tell the child:	÷	WHEN I TOUCH MY HEAD,		
	DAY 3	<u>.</u> w	Then touch your head. He should touch his.				
			Now say:	ï	WHEN I CLAP MY HANDS, YOU CLAP YOURS.		
46			Then clap yours; he should clap his.				
3	ITEM I	- 5	Tell the child:	T:	WHEN YOU CLAP YOUR HANDS,		i
	DAY 2	7	(If necessary, say:)		CLAP YOUR HANDS!		
			When he claps, stand up. Then ask:	ï	WHEN YOU CLAPPED YOUR HANDS, WHAT DID YOU DO?		
				ن	WHEN I CLAPPED MY HANDS, YOU STOOD UP.	A. 649 4 9 4 4	
					90		
				***	YOU STOOD UP.	*****	
	I TEM I	=	Say to him:	:1 -	TELL ME TO STAND UP.		l .
		15 2 4		ؾ	STAND UP.		
			Stand up; then say:	ï	TELL ME TO SIT DOWN.	4	
				<u>ن</u>	SIT DOWN.		
			Do so.				

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Year 2 Week 15 Day 5 Page 6

Instructi	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student:	C= Correct V= Incorrect
ITEM IV	Say to him:	ï	TELL ME TO CLAP MY HANDS.	
	(He has to change MY to YOUR.)	ü	CLAP YOUR HANDS.	
•	Clap your hands. Then say:	Ë	TELL ME TO TOUCH MY HEAD.	
		ü	TOUCH YOUR HEAD.	
ITEM V	Say to him:	Ë	ASK ME WHAT MY NAME IS.	
164		_ບ	WHAT'S YOUR NAME?	
n	Tell him your name. Then say:	Ë	ASK ME WHERE THE BALL IS.	
		ü	WHERE'S THE BALL?	31165 43011
	Tell him where it is. NOTE: Have him watch you put the ball somewhere before you tell him to ask you where it is.			
ITEM VI.	Show him a picture. Say:	ï	ASK ME WHO THIS IS.	
DAYS 4		ÿ	WHO IS THAT?	
n	Answer him. Then show him another picture and say again:	<u>:</u>	ASK ME WHO THIS IS.	
		ü	WHO IS THAT?	
	Again, answer the question.			

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		Year Week Day Page	15 5 7
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student:	C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM VII. Give the child a toy car and take WEEK 15 one for yourself. Say to him: DAYS 4	:	ASK ME WHOSE CAR THIS IS.	
•	ن	WHOSE CAR IS THIS ?	
Answer the question. Then say:	:	ASK ME WHICH CAR IS RED BLUE ETC.	
	ü	WHICH CAR IS RED (BLUE, ETC.)?	
JITEM VIII. Say to the child:	ï	TELL ME WHAT YOUR NAME IS.	
	تا	MY NAME IS (NAME).	and the second of the second o
Say to him:	Ë	TELL ME WHERE THE BALL IS.	
	ن	THE BALL IS ON THE TABLE. IN THE BOX. ETC.	gr - c - 1, 90 de c - 1 de c -

<pre>ITEM IX. Show the child his mother's WEEK 15 picture. Say: Day 5 C: THAT'S MY MOTHER. Point to his car and say: C: THAT'S MY CAR. C: THAT'S MY CAR. Say: He points and says: C: THAT IS. C: THAT'S MY CAR. TELL ME WHICH CAR IS RED (BLUE, ETC.)</pre> C: THAT CAR IS RED (BLUE, ETC.)				
Point to his car and say: Say: He points and says: C: C:		Ţ	TELL ME WHO THIS IS.	
d say: T: C:	Day 5	ت	THAT'S MY MOTHER.	.
; ;	Point to his car and say:	Ë	TELL ME WHOSE CAR THAT 1S.	
: :		ÿ	THAT'S MY CAR.	
: 	Say:	Ë	TELL ME WHICH CAR IS RED (BLUE, ETC.)	
	He points and says:	ت 	THAT CAR IS RED (BLUE, ETC.)	

OBJECTIVES

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ENGL (SH COMPONENT

YEAR 11 WEEK 16

NMSU

eg: "Who wants to be the Wolf?" NP + WANT + Sentence REVIEW:

" the other one" one.: this = 7

Indirect discourse with WHERE, WHICH, WHAT, WHO, WHOSE. <u>ښ</u>

WHERE WHICH Ask a. Statement type: Tell

Questions with question NEV:

b. Interrogative type:

WHERE ETC.

embedded: WHO WHERE WHAT eg: Will you tell us

WHO REMEMBERS? 2.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Woodcutter, grandmother, ax, wolf, woods, basket, "little lady", HIDE, CHASE, CUT-OPEN. Verbs: Nouns:

business, pajamas, voice. ions: Through Prepositions:

Small balls in a different colors, 1 red box, 1 blue box. MATERIALS NEEDED:

Little Red Riding Hood, story book (Little Golden Books) Story book, Little Red Ridding Hood. Costume. Costume for the story of Little Red Ridding Hood. Day 2: Day 3: Day 5:

C

Some suggestions:

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C

Basket and red sweater worn around the Little Red Riding Hood

shoulders as a cape and a red scarf.

A mask of a wolf's face cut out of brown construction paper.

Big Bad Wolf:

A nightgown, flannel; granny type. Shower cap for a night cap. Grandmother:

An ax - blade cut from stiff card board, stapled to wood handle.

Woodcutter:

An apron Mother: Toy cars, balls and boxes used in Day 2 lesson.

For Evaluation:

Year 2 Week 16 Day 1

REVIEW DAY

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item	tem	Item
I tem 4	Item 5	Item 6
Item 1	Item 2	I tem 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

Indirect discourse with: WHERE, WHOSE, WHICH, AND IMPERATIVE.

Sentence-type: Ask + NP + Sentence: WHOSE...

Tell REVIEW PATTERNS:

C

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one/the other one

This

Year 2 Week 16 Day 2 Page 1

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Hide

MATERIALS:

Small balls of different colors. One red box, one blue box (painted or covered with colored paper) Book

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION EART 1.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Put two boxes on the table, one red,one blue. Give the children small balls, one per child, of different colors. Take a ball for yourself.		
DEMONSTRATE: Hold up your ball and say:	 -	THIS BALL IS MINE.
Point to a child's: ask the group:	. .	WHOSE IS THAT?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: THAT'S (NAME)'S.
	GRP	THAT'S (NAME)'S.
Repeat this for each child's ball.		
Now ask a child, pointing to someone else's ball:	Ë	IS THAT YOURS?
Model:	•• 	Tell me: NO, IT'S HIS.
	ü	NO, IT'S HIS. HERS.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Point to several other balls and repeat the question.		
Then point to the child's ball; ask:	Ë	IS THAT YOURS?
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Tell me: YES, IT'S MINE.
Repeat these questions with each child.		
DEMONSTRATE:		
Go to the table. Hold up your ball and say:	 -	I'M GOING TO PUT MY BALL IN A BOX. WHICH BOX WILL I PUT MY BALL IN?
Hold up the ball over box #1; say: Point to the other box #2; say:)- 	THIS ONE? OR THE OTHER ONE?
box.	Ë	I'LL PUT IT IN THIS ONE.
Stand back from the table and say:	Ë	WHICH BOX IS MY BALL IN?
Point to the second box; say:	Ë	IS IT IN THAT ONE?
Point to the first box; say:	Ë	OR THE OTHER ONE?
Go and look in the first box; say:	Ë	IT'S IN THIS ONE.
Go back to the group and ask them:	Ë	ASK ME WHICH BOX THE BALL IS IN.
Model:	1	ASK me: WHICH BOX IS THE BALL IN?
	GRP	WHICH BOX IS THE BALL IN?

C

Year 2 Week 16 Day 2 Page 3	Exchange	IT'S IN THAT ONE.	Tell them: I'M GOING TO PUT MY BALL IN A BOX.	I'M GOING TO PUT MY BALL IN A BOX.	Ask him: WHICH BOX WILL YOU PUT YOUR BALL IN?	WHICH BOX WILL YOU PUT YOUR BALL IN?	Ask him: WILL YOU PUT IT IN THAT ONE?	WILL YOU PUT IT IN THAT ONE?	OR THE OTHER ONE?	OR THE OTHER ONE?	Tell them: I'LL PUT IT IN THIS ONE.	I'LL PUT IT IN THIS ONE.	Tell them: ASK ME WHERE THE BALL IS.	ASK ME WHERE THE BALL IS.	Ask him: WHERE'S THE BALL?	WHERE'S THE BALL?	Ask him: 15 IT IN THAT ONE? OR THE OTHER ONE?	
	Speaker	T:		ິວ	Ë	GRP	Ë	GRP :	Ë	GRP	Ë	ដ	Ë	;	Ë	GRP	-	
	Instructions to the teacher	Point and respond:	Now call on a child. Have him take his ball to the table. Model for him:		Model for the group:		Model for them (pointing):		Model (pointing):		Model for the child:		Have him return to the group; model for him:		Model for the group:		Model (pointing):	

Year 2 Week 16 Day 2 Page 4	Exchange	IS IT IN THAT ONE? OR THE OTHER ONE?		IT'S IN THAT ONE.			TELL ME WHOSE BALL THAT IS.	Tell me: THAT'S	THAT'S (NAME)'S.	•				I'M GOING TO HIDE THIS BALL.
	Speaker	GRP		ü			; •	Ë	ü					Ë
	Instructions to the teacher		NOTE: The question marks are inserted to show that you should pause after "THAT ONE." Point to each box in turn.	Have the child point to the correct box:	Repeat this drill with every child playing teacher.	Now have the children put their balls on the table in a line. Go through the following quick drill:	Ask one child (point to a ball):	Model, if necessary:		Point to other balls and repeat the question.	Repeat with every child.	INTRODUCTION:	DEMONSTRATE:	Give everyone their balls again. Seat the children. Hold up your ball and say:

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Year 2 Week 16 Day 2 Page 5	Exchange	I'M GOING TO HIDE THE BALLBEHIND MY CHAIR!	I'M GOING TO HIDE THE BALL UNDER THE BOOK!	I'M GOING TO HIDE THE BALL IN THE BOX!	NOW, CLOSE YOUR EYES. I'M GOING TO HIDE THE BALL.	NOW YOU CAN OPEN YOUR EYES.	ASK ME WHERE THE BALL 1S.	Ask me: WHERE'S THE BALL?	WHERE'S THE BALL?	ASK ME IF THE BALL IS UNDER THE SOFA BEHIND THE DOOR IN THE KITCHEN IN THE BOX	
	Speaker	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	GRP	:	G & G
	Instructions to the teacher	Go through the pantomime of hiding the ball behind your chair, saying:	Bring the ball out again; hold it up and say: (Pantomime hiding it under a book)	Repeat, hiding it in a box:	Now bring the ball out again and hold it up. Tell the group:	Hide it; then say:	73	Model if necessary:		Name a number of places where the ball	Model this:

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	-	NO, IT'S NOT. IT'S NOT UNDER THE SOFA BEHIND THE DOOR IN THE KITCHEN IN THE BOX UNDER THE TABLE ETC.
Finally, let them guess the right answer:	ï	ASK ME IF THE BALL IS UNDER THE BOOK.
	GRP	IS THE BALL UNDER THE BOOK?
	Ë	YES, IT IS. IT'S UNDER THE BOOK.
Now repeat this same drill with every child as teacher in turn. Here is the procedure:	Ë	Tell them: CLOSE YOUR EYES. I'M GOING TO HIDE THE BALL.
	ິວ	CLOSE YOUR EYES. I'M GOING TO HIDE THE BALL.
After he hides it:	Ë	Tell them: ASK ME WHERE THE BALL IS.
	;	ASK ME WHERE THE BALL IS.
	GRP	WHERE'S THE BALL?
	Ë	Tell them: ASK ME IF THE BALL IS UNDER THE SOFA . IN THE BOX ETC.
	ü	ASK ME IF THE BALL IS UNDER THE SOFA . ETC.

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Year 2 Week 16 Day 2 Page 7		
	Exchange	
	Speaker	
	Instructions to the teacher	

IS THE BALL UNDER THE SOFA ? IN THE BOX ETC.	NO, IT'S NOT. IT'S NOT UNDER THE SOFA. IN THE BOX ETC.	Tell them: ASK ME IF THE BALL IS BEHIND THE DOOR.	ASK ME IF THE BALL IS BEHIND THE DOOR.	IS THE BALL BEHIND THE DOOR?	YES, IT IS. IT'S BEHIND THE DOOR.	
GRP	រ ៉		ິບ	GRP	ü	
						Repeat this with every child.

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REVIEW PATTERNS: Indirect discourse with who, what, where.

NEW PATTERNS: Question form (indirect discourse)
Will you tell us who this is?
Where she's going?

Year 2 Week 16 Day 3

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Woodcutter, grandmother; axe, wolf, woods, basket, lady, business.

MATERIALS: Little Red Riding Hood storybook (Little Golden Book)

PART I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
DEMONSTRATE			
Seat the children in a circle. Hold the book so that they can see the	·		
pictures. Introduce the story by pointing to the pictures and saying:	Ë	I'LL TELL YOU WHO THIS IS. SHE'S THE MOTHER.	15 15.
	•• }	I'LL TELL YOU WHO THIS IS. SHE'S LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.	IIS IS. ING HOOD.
	}	1'LL TELL YOU WHERE THEY	WHERE THEY LIVE. THEY LIVE IN THIS HOUSE
		WHO T	WHO THIS IS. HE'S THE BIG BAD WOLF!
		WHERE HE LI	WHERE HE LIVES. HE LIVES IN THE WOODS.
	 -	I'LL TELL YOU WHERE LEND HOUSE	WHERE SHE LIVES. SHE LIVES IN A HOUSE IN THE WOODS. WHO HE IS. HE'S THE WOODCUTTER.

Year 2
Week 16
Day 3
Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Ë	I'LL TELL YOU WHAT HE DOES. HE CUTS WOOD.
		WHAT HE HAS. HE HAS AN AXE.
Now stop and have a child retell the story so far.		
Model for the group (pointing to the pictures):	Ë	Ask him: WILL YOU TELL US WHO THAT IS? WHO THAT IS?
		S2 S
The child answers:	ن	S THE MOTHER. S LITTLE RED RIDING LIVE IN THAT HOUSE. THE BIG BAD WOLF. LIVES IN THE WOODS. S THE GRANDMOTHER.
		HE IS THE WOODCUTTER. HE CUTS WOOD. HE HAS AN AXE.
Have each child retell the story. Now continue as above.	Ë	1'LL TELL YOU WHERE LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD IS GOING. SHE'S GOING TO HER GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE.

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Year 2 Week 16 Day 3

T: I'LL TELL YOU WHAT HER MOTHER S "DON'T TALK TO ST "WAT HER MOTHER S "BASKET WHERE SHE'S TAKING INT WHERE SHE'S TAKING INT WHERE SHE'S TAKING INT WHERE SHE'S WALKING INT WHERE SHE'S WALKING INT WHERE SHE'S WALKING INT WHAT HE SEES. SHE'S TAKING INT WHAT SHE SKYS. "I'TH NOT GOING TO WHAT HE SEES. "I'TH NOT GOING TO "I				
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL U	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker		
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL ubove.		Ë	I'LL TELL YOU	WHAT HER MOTHER SAYS.
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL of GIVES ANSWERS				WHAT LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD HAS. SHE HAS A BASKET OF CAKE AND FRUIT.
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL Labove.				WHERE SHE'S TAKING IT. SHE'S TAKING IT TO GRANDMOTHER.
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL unabove.				WHERE SHE'S WALKING. SHE'S WALKING INTO THE WOODS.
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL uabove. C: (GIVES ANSWERS				WHO SHE SEES. SHE SEES THE BIG BAD WOLF!
and have each child retell the above. C: (GIVES ANSWERS)				WHAT HE ASKS HER.
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL US GIVES ANSWERS A				WHAT SHE SAYS.
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL US GIVES ANSWERS A				WHAT HE DOES. HE LOOKS IN HER BASKET.
and have each child retell the GRP WILL YOU TELL US GIVES ANSWERS A				WHAT HE SEES. HE SEES THE CAKE FOR GRANDMOTHER.
and have each child retell the GRP above.				WHAT HE SAYS. "AHA! I'LL GO TO GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE!"
	and have each child retell above.	GRP	WILL YOU TELL U	IS(etc)?
		:	(GIVES ANSWERS	AS ABOVE).

REVIEW PATTERNS: Indirect discourse with who, what, where Indirect discourse with future: I'll tell you + Sentence Will you tell us

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Year 2 Week 16 Day 4

NEW PATTERNS: Who remembers?

NEW VOCABULARY OR FORMS: Through, pajamas, voice, chase, cut open.

MATERIALS: Little Red Riding Hood, Story book

PART I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
Review yesterday's story. Use the			
HAND REMEMBERS?"	 -	WHO REMEMBERS	WHO THIS IS?
			WHO HIS 1S? WHERE THEY LIVE?
			WHO THIS IS?
			WHERE HE LIVES?
			WHO THIS IS?
			WHERE SHE LIVES?
			WHO HE 1S?
			WHAT HE HAS?
			WHERE LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD IS GOING?
			WHAT HER MOTHER SAID?
			WHAT LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD HAS?
			WHERE SHE'S TAKING IT?
			WHERE SHE'S WALKING?
	Ë	WHO REMEMBERS	WHO SHE SEES?
			WHAT HE DOES?
			WHAT HE SEES?
			WHAT HE SAYS?
	•		

2	16	4	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

t 1

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
The responses should be group responses:	GRP	SHE'S THE MOTHER. SHE'S LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD. ETC.
(The other answers are in Day 3 lesson.)		
Now continue with the story:	 ⊢	I'LL TELL YOU WHAT THE BIG BAD WOLF DOES. HE RUNS THROUGH THE WOODS TO GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE.
		WHAT HE DOES. HE KNOCKS ON GRANDMOTHER'S DOOR.
		WHAT HE SAYS. "HULLO, GRANDMOTHER! THIS IS LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD. i'VE COME TO SEE YOU."
		WHAT GRANDMOTHER DOES. SHE OPENS THE DOOR.
		WHAT THE BIG BAD WOLF DOES. HE EATS HER!!
Stop; turn back to the first picture in this series and have each child retell		
Set	GRP	WILL YOU TELL US WHAT THE BIG BAD WOLF DOES? ETC.
	ÿ	(Gives answers).

Year 2 Week 16 Day 4 Page 3

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
Continue, after each child has retold the story.	ï	I'LL TELL YOU	WHAT THE WOLF DOES NOW.
			WHAT HE DOES. HE GETS INTO GRANDMOTHER'S BED.
			WHO COMES TO GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE. LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD COMES TO GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE.
ΆΩ 1			WHAT SHE DOES. SHE KNOCKS ON THE DOOR.
1			WHAT THE BIG BAD WOLF SAYS:
			WHAT LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD SAYS: "WHAT A BIG VOICE YOU HAVE, GRANDMOTHER!"
	Ë	I'LL TELL YOU	WHAT THE BIG BAD WOLF SAYS:
		,	WHAT LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD SAYS:
			WHAT THE BIG BAD WOLF SAYS: "THE BETTER TO EAT YOU WITH!"
Stop again; turn back to the first picture in this series and drill exactly as above, having each child retell the story.	GRP	WILL YOU TELL US ETC.	IS WHAT THE WOLF DOES NOW?

Year Week

Daγ Page

Institutions to the teacher

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J. Dealer

(Giver amawers).

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Lze hange

11, LL FILL YOU

WILAT LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD SAYS: "OII, NO! YOU'RE NOT GRANDMOTHER! YOU'RE THE BIG BAD WOLF!"

IIE JUMPS OUT OF BED AND CHASES HER! WIINT THE BIG BAD WOLF DOES.

WHO RUNS OUT OF THE HOUSE. LITTLL RED RIDING HOOD RUNS OUT OF THE HOUSE.

WHO SHE SEES. SHE SEES THE WOODCUTTER.

WHAT SHE SAYS:

1'LL ILLL YOU

<u>··</u>

WINT HE DOES. HE CUTS THE WOLF OPEN WITH HIS AXE.

GRANDMOTHER COMES OUT. WHO COMES OUT.

WHAT SHE SAYS:

WHAT THEY DO. THEY HAVE A PARTY.

THEY EAT LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD'S CAKE. WHAT THEY EAT.

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	Speaker Exchange	T: I'LL TELL YOU THEY'RE HAPPY!	Again, turn back to the first picture in this series and have each child retell the story	C: (Gives answers).
Year 2 Week 16 Day 4 Page 5		THEY'RE HAPPY!	US WHAT LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD SAYS? ETC.	· (s.

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Imperative: Tell + NP + S (Indirect discourse): Tell me who Want + S: Who wants to be the Mother?

Indirect discourse with who, what, where: Tell me who ... REVIEW PATTERNS:

where what

Year 2 Week 16 Day 5

MATERIALS: Little Red Riding Hood story book. Costumes: basket

PART I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Today the children will act out the story of Little Red Riding Hood. (Use a chair to mark Little Red Riding Hood's house, and use the sofa as Grandmother's bed.)		
48		Ë	LET'S PLAY A GAME. LET'S PLAY LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.
4		Ë	WHO WANTS TO BE THE MOTHER LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD THE WOLF THE GRANDMOTHER THE MODDCUTTER
	Once the parts are chosen, act out the story as follows:		
	Here are the questions you will ask. The answers are given in parentheses.	·	
	NOTE: Have the children answer in complete sentences. Ask each character:	ï	TELL ME WHO YOU ARE.
	Ask the Wolf, then the Grandmother:	Τ:	TELL ME WHERE YOU LIVE.
	Ask the Woodcutter:	Ë	TELL ME WHAT YOU DO. (Cut wood) TELL ME WHAT YOU HAVE. (An ax)

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2.	2
Year	Day
¥eek	Раgе

485	Instructions to the teacher Ask Little Red Riding Hood: Ask the Wolf: Ask the Wolf: Ask the Wolf: Ask the Wolf: Ask the Wolf:	Speaker T: T: T: T: T: T: T:	Exchange TELL ME WHERE YOU'RE GOING. TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY TO LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD. ("DON'T TALK TO STRANGERS!") TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY TO LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD. WHERE YOU'RE TAKING IT. WHERE YOU'RE WALKING. ("Into the woods) WHO YOU SE. ("WHERE ARE YOU GOING LITTLE LADY?") TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY TO HIM. ("I'M NOT GOING TO TELL YOU.") TELL ME WHAT YOU SE. ("Haha!" I'll go to Grandmother's house.) ("Aha!" I'll go to Grandmother's house.) ("Aha!" I'll go to Grandmother's house.) ("Maha!" I'll go to Grandmother's house.) ("Maha!" I'll go to Grandmother's House.) ("Hullo, Grandmother's Hoor.) SAY. ("Hullo, Grandmother' This is Little Red Riging Hood. I've
	Ask the Grandmother: Ask the Wolf;	ë ë	TELL ME WHAT YOU DO. (Open the door) TELL ME WHAT YOU DO. (Eat her) WHAT YOU DO NOW.(Put on her pajamas)

Year 2
Week 16
Day 5

TELL ME WHAT YOU DO. (Get into her bed) WHO COMES TO GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE. (Little Red Riding Hood.) TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. ('Mhat a big voice you have grandmother.') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. ('What better to talk to you, Dearie.'') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''What big teeth you have, Grandmother.') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''The better to eat you with'') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''The better to eat you with'') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''The better to eat you with'') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''The better to eat you with'') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''Dh, no! You're not Grandmother!') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''Dh, no! You're not Grandmother!) TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''Help, help!'') WHAT YOU SEE. (The woodcutter) WHAT YOU SAY. (''Help, help!'') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''Help, help!'') TELL ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''How nice to see you!'')	Speaker T:	Ask Little Red Riding Hood: Ask the Wolf: Ask Little Red Riding Hood: Ask Little Red Riding Hood: Ask the Wolf: Ask the Woodcutter:
TELL ME WHAT YOU DO. ("Have a party"!) WHAT YOU EAT. (Little Red Riding Hood's cake.)	"	Ask them all:
된	<u>;</u> .	Ask Grandmother:
ME WHAT YOU DO. (Cut the wolf open with the WHO COMES OUT. (Grandmother)	·····································	Ask the Woodcutter:
ME WHAT YOU DO. WHO YOU SEE. WHAT YOU SAY.	Ë	Ask Little Riding Hood:
ME WHAT YOU DO. (Jump out of bed and	ï	Ask the Wolf:
ME WHAT YOU SAY. (''Oh, no! You're not You're the Big Bad	Ë	
ME WHAT YOU SAY. ("The better to eat	Ë	Ask the Wolf:
ME WHAT YOU SAY. ("What big teeth you have,	Ë	Ask Little Red Riding Hood:
ME WHAT YOU SAY.	Ľ	S Ask the Wolf:
ME WHAT YOU SAY. ("	;	Little Red
ME WHAT YOU SAY. (Come in,	Ë	Ask the Wolf:
ME WHAT YOU DO. (Knock on the	 -	Ask Little Red Riding Hood:
ME WHAT YOU DO. (Get into her WHO COMES TO GRANDMOTHER'S (Little Red Riding Hood.)	Ë	
Exchange	Speaker	

· 「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、「中の大きな、

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Year 2 Week 16 Day 5 Page 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
NOTE: Model speeches for children wherever necessary. Be sure to model <u>Complete</u> Sentences		
If there is one child not helping to act out the story, address some of the questions to him. Change characters and repeat the story several times.		*
AOM		
•		

のできた。 これでは、これでは、これでは、これでは、これできた。 これできた。 これできんできた。 これできんできんできんできんできんできんできんできん

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PART 1

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which children have had difficulty.

Year 2 Week 16 Day 5 Page 5

Instruct	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	ltem and Response Student:	C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
I 🕶 🗸	Comprehension: Give the child a ball and say:	:1	I'LL CLOSE MY EYES. YOU HIDE THE BALL.	
DAY 2	Close your eyes; wait; then ask:	ï	CAN I OPEN MY EYES?	
		ت	YES.	
		ï	WHERE'S THE BALL?	
488		ü	IT'S IN THE BOX. BEHIND THE CHAIR. ETC.	
ITEM 2 WEEK 16 DAY 2	Put two boxes on the table, one red one blue. Put the ball in the red box. Stand back and point to the red box. Ask:	: :	WHICH BOX IS THE BALL IN? THAT ONE, OR THE OTHER ONE?	
	Continue to point to the red box.	<u>ن</u>	THAT ONE.	-
	Now put it in the blue box. Point to the red and ask:	Ë	WHICH BOX IS THE BALL IN? THAT ONE, OR THE OTHER ONE?	
	Continue to point to red bcx.	:	THE OTHER ONE.	
	_	Ξ.	DO YOU HAVE ANY RED CARS?	
WEEK 16	Take 2 red cars and 2 blue. Ask:	<u>ت</u>	YES, 1 DO.	
		Ë	ASK ME IF I HAVE ANY RED CARS.	
		<u>ن</u>	DO YOU HAVE ANY RED CARS?	
		<u>:</u>	YES, 1 BO, 1 HAVE SOME. ASK ME IF I HAVE ANY GREEN CARS.	
		ິວ	DO YOU HAVE ANY GREEN CARS?	
		ï —	NO, I DON'T. I DON'T HAVE ANY.	

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Year 2
Week 16
Day 5
Page 6

WEEK 15 boxes. Say: DAY 2 POINT TO PUT THE BALL IN A BOX. WEEK 16 boxes, Say: There is no so; then say: C: WHICH BOX THE BALL IS IN. THE WICH BOX THE BALL IS IN. THEY RED ONE. C: WHICH BOX THE BALL IS IN. WHICH BOX THE BALL IN? THEY IS SET SOME. POINT TO YOUR and ask: C: THEY IS WICH TO YOUR CAFS AND THOSE ARE THOSE? THEY IS WICH TO YOUR CAFS AND ASK: C: THEY IS WICH TO YOUR CAFS AND ASK: C: WHOSE CARS ARE THOSE? C: WHOSE CARS ARE THOSE? THEY IS HIVE.	Instruct	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	ltem and Response Student:	C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6
DAY 2 WEEK 16 Do so; then say: ITEM V Give the child some cars and your- WEEK 15 self some. Point to his and ask. Point to yours and ask: T: Point to your cars and ask: C: C: DAY 2 Point to your cars and ask: T: WEEK 15 WEEK 15 DAY 2 T: T: T: T: T: T: T: T: T: T	1	he child the ball Say:	Ë	V	
T: IT'S IN ITEM V Give the child some cars and your— WEEK 15 self some. Point to his and ask. Point to yours and ask: Point to your cars and ask: T: WHOSE C THEY'RE C: THEY'RE C: THEY'RE C: WHOSE DAY 2 THEY'RE DAY 2 T: THEY'RE		Do so; then say:	Ë	ASK ME WHICH BOX THE BALL IS IN.	
ITEM V Give the child some cars and your— WEEK 15 self some. Point to his and ask. DAY 2 Point to yours and ask: T: WHOSE C THEY'RE THEY'RE DAY 2 THEY'RE THEY'RE DAY 2 THEY'RE THEY'RE THEY'RE THEY'RE THEY'RE			::	WHICH BOX IS THE BALL IN?	
WHOSE C WEEK 15 self some. Point to his and ask. T: WHOSE C THEY'RE DAY 2 Point to yours and ask: T: WHOSE C THEY'RE C: THEY'RE C: THEY'RE WEEK 15 WEEK 15 DAY 2 T: THEY'RE T: WHOSE DAY 2 T: THEY'RE			ï	RED BLUE	
Point to yours and ask: Point to your cars and ask: They're	I TEM VEEK	the child some cars and some. Point to his and	ï	WHOSE CARS ARE THOSE?	
Point to yours and ask: VI Point to your cars and ask: T: ASK ME 15 16 2 THEY'RE 2 THEY'RE			ن	(THEY'RE) MINE.	
VI Point to your cars and ask: T: ASK ME 15 16 2 T: THEY'RE 2		Point to yours and ask:	Ë	WHOSE CARS ARE THESE?	
VI Point to your cars and ask: 15 16 2 THEY'RE			ڹۣ	THEY'RE YOURS.	
15 16 2 T: THEY'RE		Point to your cars and ask:	Ţ.	ASK ME WHOSE CARS THOSE ARE.	
Ţ.			ü		
			Ë	THEY'RE MINE.	dito us utuan

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C= Correct
/= Incorrect
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Year 2 Week 16 Day 5 Student: WILL YOU TELL ME WHO THIS IS? (For each character) WILL YOU TELL ME WHAT HE HAS? Item and Response Speaker Be sure you ask who the Woodcutter is. Point to his ax and ask: Ask other questions with the same form. Show the child various pictures from the story and ask questions about them. Instructions totthe teacher ITEM VII WEEK 16 DAYS 3

4			
TEM VIII Again, show pictures. This time WEEK 16 say, "TELL ME." Ask at least DAY 5 these three questions.	:1	TELL ME WHERE SHE'S GOING.	
	: 	SHE'S GOING TO GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE.	
	Ë	TELL ME WHO SHE SEES.	
	ິວ	SHE SEES THE BIG BAD WOLF.	
	:	TELL ME WHAT HE ASKS HER.	
	<u>ن</u>	"WHERE ARE YOU GOING, LITTLE LADY?"	
			 _

ENGLISH COMPONENT: YEAR 11 WEEK 17

OBJECT I VES

= REVIEW PATTERNS:

Sentence coordination with "AND". e.g. 'There's a box on the floor and there's one on the floor".

Pronominalization of second mention of an item. e.g., (See above) 7

Relative clause construction with "that" relative 3

e.g. "Give me the one that's on the floor". "Show me the one who's standing".

Sentence embedded in infinitive clause. e.g. "Paul wants to wear this shirt". 7

Indirect discourse 3

"Wh-question word" when reporting questions. e.g. "He asked me where I put the car. "If" when reporting Yes-No questions.

NEW PATTERNS:

Relative clauses with "that" as object of embedded sentence. "This is the shirt that Paul wants to wear."

Names of articles of clothing: NEW VOCABULARY:

Pajamas, nightgown, shirt, jacket, skirt, pants, sweater, shorts, drass, blouse jumper, playsuit, cap, bonnet.

REVIEW DAY

Year 2 Week 17 Day 1

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK:

 Item 1
 Item 4

 Item 2
 Item 5

 Item 3
 Item 6

 Item 9
 Item 9

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each:

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

REVIEW PATTERNS:

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Co-ordination of sentences with and: There's a box on the table and there's one on the floor. There's a box on the table and there's one on the floor. Pronominalization of second mention of an item:

Year 2
Week 17
Day 2
Page 1

NEW PATTERNS:

Relative clause construction with that:
Give me the one that's on the floor.
Relative clause construction with who: Show me the one who's standing. Small objects: box, book, ball, crayon, pencil, car, truck (at least 2 of each), H-M pictures 280, 119, 121, 135, 136, 114, 115, 112, 138, 142. MATERIALS:

I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Pair by pair, place the objects listed above on various surfaces around the room. (e.g., a pencil on the floor and another pencil on the table; next, a ball on the chair and another on the sofa; etc.)		
Each time, after placing the objects, say to the children as you point at first one object, and then at the other in order of mention.	Ë	THERE'S A PENCIL ON THE FLOOR AND A PENCIL ON THE TABLE CRAYON SOFA BOX CHAIR BOOK CAR TRUCK
Then say to one of the children (a different child each time):	<u>:</u>	GIVE ME THE ONE THAT'S ON THE FLOOR. TABLE SOFA CHAIR

children seem to comprehend easily, let After drilling this enough so that the one of them play teacher.

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Year 2 Week 17 Day 2 Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Tell him:	Ë	(NAME), PUT A PENCIL ON THE FLOOR AND A PENCIL ON THE TABLE. CRAYON SOFA SOFA BOX BOOK CAR TRUCK
After he does so, say to him: Break the sentence into 2 halves at the 'and' conjunction as you model.	:i	Tell them: THERE'S A PENCIL ON THE FLOOR AND A PENCIL ON THE FLOO CRAYON BALL BALL BOX BOOK CAR CAR TRUCK
	ü	THERE'S A PENCIL ON THE FLOOR AND A PENCIL ON THE TABLE. SOFA CHAIR ETC. TABLE FLOOR FLOOR FLOOR FLOOR FLOOR
Model for him:	Ë	Tell them: SHOW ME THE ONE THAT'S ON THE FLOOR. TABLE CHAIR SOFA
	ü	SHOW ME THE ONE THAT'S ON THE FLOOR. TABLE CHAIR SOFA
Have the group point; model for them:	 F	Tell him: THIS IS THE ONE THAT'S ON THE TABLE. FLOOR CHAIR SOFA

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2	17	2	3
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	THIS IS THE ONE THAT'S ON THE TABLE. FLOOR CHAIR SOFA
Repeat this with every child playing teacher.		
II. REINFORCEMENT		
Use H-M pictures 280, 119, 121, 135, 136, 114, 115, 112, 138, 142.		
DEMONSTRATE: Show two pictures at a time and say:	:	THE DOOR
		JUMPING THE BOX CLOSING THE BOX BOX
NOTE: These need not be in the pairs stated above (excepi for 280, which has two pictures).		
Say to a child (a different child each time):	Ë	SHOW ME THE ONE WHO'S STANDING RUNNING EATING OPENING THE DOOR WALKING ETC.

Year 2 Week 17 Day 2 Page 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Now let each child play teacher, as above. Let him select 2 pictures, Model:	Τ:	Tell them: THIS BOY IS RUNNING. OPENING THE DOOR EATING
		WALKING OPENING THE BOX JUMPING
7106		AND THIS BOY IS STANDING OPENING THE WINDOW DRINKING RUNNING CLOSING THE BOX RUNNING
	ü	THIS BOY IS RUNNING OPENING THE DOOR ETC.
Model for him:	ï	Tell them: SHOW ME THE ONE WHO'S RUNNING. EATING ETC.
	;	SHOW ME THE ONE WHO'S RUNNING. EATING ETC.
Have the group point; model for them:	Ë	HE'S THE ONE WHO'S RUNNING. EATING ETC.
	GRP	HE'S THE ONE WHO'S RUNNING. EATING ETC.

Nominalized possessives: Name + REVIEW PATTERNS:

Relative clause constructions with that, who:

(1) Show me the skirt that's Anita's (2) Show me the one who's wearing a dress Want + S: He wants to wear shorts.

ENGLISH COMPONENT

Week Year

Day Page

NEW PATTERNS:

jacket, suit, pants, sweater, skirt, dress, blouse, jumper, NEW VOCABULARY: Names of articles of clothing: pajamas, nightgown, shirt, shorts, playsuit, cap, bonnet.

cut out. Following directions in lesson plan, paste a flannel playsuit on each doll; then paste a strip of sandpaper on the back of the doll and on the back of each garment. MATERIALS: Paper dolls: 2 boy dolls and clothes, 2 girl dolls and clothes. Have all dolls and clothes already

REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
in the usual way. Hold up a garment and say:	Ë	THIS IS A SHIRT THESE ARE PAJAMAS NIGHTGOWN SHORTS DRESS BLOUSE JUMPER PLAYSUIT CAP BONNET JACKET SUIT PANTS SWEATER SKIRT THOSE ARE DRESS ETC.

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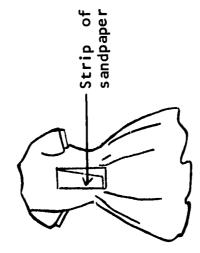
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Year 2 Week 17 Day 3 Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
ŀ	GRP	THAT'S A SHORT SHORTS DRESS JUMPER ETC.
Drill thoroughly. Then ask each child in turn:	::	(NAME), WHAT ARE YOU WEARING?
Model:	"	Tell me: I'M WEARING A SHIRT. PANTS A DRESS ETC.
	;	I'M WEARING A SHIRT PANTS A DRESS ETC.
	Ë	WHAT ELSE ARE YOU WEARING?
	ü	I'M WEARING A SWEATER. A BLOUSE ETC.
When he has named everything he is wearing, ask the group:	Ë	WHAT IS (NAME) WEARING?
	GRP	HE'S WEARING A SHIRT. SHE'S ETC.
Continue asking "WHAT ELSE IS HE/SHE WEARING?" until the group has named everything that the child is wearing.		,

Year 2
Week 17
Day 3
Page 3

Exchange Speaker Here are the Now use the paper dolls. Here are tinstructions for preparing them for flannel board use: Instructions to the teacher



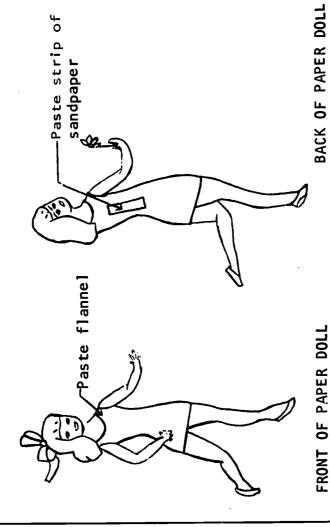
BACK OF DOLL CLOTHES

Place the dolls on the flannel board, each with all his clothes arranged around him.

Names for the dolls: Paul, Benjy, Sarah, Anita.

DEMONSTRATE: Using a pointer, say:

(1),



THAT'S BENJY.
THAT'S PAUL.
THAT'S ANITA.
THAT'S SARAH.

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Year 2 Week 17 Day 3 Page 4	Exchange	THAT'S SARAH'S DRESS THOSE ARE ANITA'S BLOUSE SUIT JACKET PAUL'S JACKET PANTS PANTS PANAS ETC.	Tell me: THAT'S	THOSE ARE PAUL'S SHORTS SARAH'S PAJAMAS BENJY'S PLAYSUIT ETC.	WHAT DOES (NAME) WANT TO WEAR?	HE WANTS TO WEAR PANTS . SHE A DRESS . PAJAMAS ETC.	ANITA IS WEARING A DRESS AND SARAH IS WEARING SHORTS PAJAMAS A SKIRT A NIGHTGOWN ETC.	
	Speaker	Ë	Ë	GRP	Ë	GRP	Ë	
	Instructions to the teacher		Now elicit group responses: Point to one of the garments and say:	If necessary, help them say:	Now dress the two girls differently and the two boys differently. (Let the children help decide what the dolls are to wear.)	When they are dressed moint to the time	girls:	

7	17	3	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ï	SHOW ME THE ONE WHO'S WEARING A DRESS. SHORTS A SWEATER
Have them point; model:	 -	Tell me: THAT'S THE ONE WHO'S WEARING A DRESS. SHORTS
	,	PAJAMAS A SKIRT ETC.
		SHORTS SHOWN
	· .	ETC.
Point to the two boys and repeat, substituting names of boys' clothes.		
Change the dolls' clothes several times and repeat the above drills.		

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REVIEW PATTERNS: Want + S: Paul wants to wear pajamas.

NEW PATTERNS: Relative clause constructions with that as object of clause verb.

E.g., "This is the shirt that Paul wants to wear."

"This is the girl that I dressed."

ENGLISH COMPONENT

Year 2
Week 17
Day 4
Page 1

Paper dolls: 2 boys, 2 girls, and clothes for each. Flannel board and pointer MATER! ALS:

I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	DEMONSTRATE:	·	
502	Place the 4 dolls on the flannel board. Hold up a garment for each and say: Put the garment on the doll as you name it.	Ë	WHAT DO THE DOLLS WANT TO WEAR? BENJY WANTS TO WEAR PAJAMAS. PAUL WANTS TO WEAR A SUIT. SARAH WANTS TO WEAR A DRESS. ANITA WANTS TO WEAR A PLAYSUIT.
	Then point to each doll and say:	Ë	THESE ARE THE PAJAMAS THAT BENJY IS WEARING. THIS IS THE SUIT THAT PAUL IS WEARING. THIS IS THE DRESS THAT SARAH IS WEARING. THIS IS THE PLAYSUIT THAT ANITA IS WEARING.
	Undress the dolls; ask the group:	ï	NOW WHAT DO THE DOLLS WANT TO WEAR?
	As they name garments, put the garments on the flannel board next to the dolls. Then call on a child and say:	Ë	SHOW ME THE NIGHTGOWN THAT ANITA WANTS TO WEAR. PAUL PAUL BENJY DRESS SARAH ETC.
·	As he points, model:	ï	Tell me: THAT'S THE NIGHTGOWNS THAT ANITA WANTS TO WEAR. SHIRT BENJY ETC.
	£.	_	

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Year 2 Week 17 Day 4

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ü	THAT'S THE NIGHTGOWN THAT ANITA WANTS TO WEAR. THOSE ARE PAJAMAS SHIRT BENJY DRESS SARAH ETC.
Say to the group:	ï.	Repeat: THAT'S THE NIGHTGOWN THAT ANITA WANTS TO WEAR. THOSE ARE SHIRT BENJY DRESS SARAH
- 00	GRP	THOSE ARE PAJAMAS BENJY SARAH ETC.
Call on every other child and repeat this drill.		
Next, dress the dolls. Call on each child and say:	Ë	SHOW ME THE DRESS THAT (NAME) IS WEARING.
Model:	Ë	Tell me: THAT'S THE DRESS THAT (NAME) IS WEARING. SUIT ETC.
	ü	THAT'S THE DRESS THAT (NAME) IS WEARING. SUIT ETC.

Year $\frac{2}{17}$ Week $\frac{17}{4}$ Page $\frac{3}{3}$

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Say to the group:	:	Repeat: THAT'S THE DRESS THAT (NAME) IS WEARING. SUIT ETC.
	GRP	THAT'S THE DRESS THAT (NAME) IS WEARING.
Repeat these two drills several times, first 'THAT'S THE (garment) THAT (name) WANTS TO WEAR?" and then 'THAT'S THE (garment) THAT (name) IS WEARING."		
II. REINFORCEMENT AND INTRODUCTION #2 DEMONSTRATE:		
Give one of the children a doll. Say:	Ë	I'M GOING TO DRESS (NAME) AND YOU CAN DRESS (NAME).
After the dolls are dressed, say:	Ë	SHOW ME THE BOY THAT YOU DRESSED.
Model:	·-	Tell me: THIS IS THE BOY THAT I DRESSED.
	ö	THIS IS THE BOY THAT I DRESSED.
Say to the group:	Ë	SHOW ME THE BOY THAT HE DRESSED.

Year 2
Week 17
Day 4
Page 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model for them:	T:	Tell me: THAT'S THE BOY THAT HE DRESSED.
	GRP	THAT'S THE BOY THAT HE DRESSED.
NOTE: The form THAT is used here to refer to terms for human beings. We use THAT instead of WHOM, which is said to be more "correct", because THAT is the form that is most often found in actual speech.		
Repeat this drill with every child.		

REVIEW PATTERNS:

REVIEW PATTERNS: Indirect discourse with if, where: (1) Ask him if he needs a horse. (2) Show me where you're going to Relative construction with that: Show me the horse that he gave you.		ENGLISH COMPONENT Year 2 Week 17 Day 5 Page 1
MATERIALS: Lotto game: animal Lotto or farmyard Lo I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION	ard Lotto.	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Give each child a Lotto card. Give out pieces (pictures of animals) during the following drill.		
Call one child to be teacher's helper. Say to him:	Ë	ASK (NAME) IF HE NEEDS A HORSE.
Model, if necessary:	Ë	Ask him: DO YOU NEED A HORSE?
	C#1	DO YOU NEED A HORSE?
	C#2	YES, I NEED A HORSE. DON'T NEED
If he does, have child #1 give it to him. Then say to child #2:	Ë	SHOW ME THE HORSE THAT HE GAVE YOU.
Model for child #2:	Ë	Tell me: THIS IS THE HORSE THAT HE GAVE ME.
	C#2	THIS IS THE HORSE THAT HE GAVE ME.
Say to him:	Ë	SHOW ME WHERE YOU'RE GOING TO PUT THE HORSE.
Model for him:	Ë	Tell me: THIS IS WHERE I'M GOING TO PUT THE HORSE.
	C#2	THIS IS WHERE I'M GOING TO PUT THE HORSE.
Repeat this with every other child. Call on every other child to be teacher's helper. Repeat the drill many times. Use all the animal pictures in the game.	#2	
	-	

PART 11. EVALUATION

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

7	17	2	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

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·	Instruct	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	ltem and response Student:	C= Correct V= Incorre 1 2 3 4 5	Correct Incorrect 3 4 5 6 7
. 1	LTEM 1. WEEK 15 WEEK 17 DAY 5	Using the Lotto game, take a card and give the child all the pieces Say to him:	T: C:	ASK ME IF I NEED A COW. DO YOU NEED A COW?		
507	VEEK 15 WEEK 16 WEEK 17 WEEK 17 DAY 5	. Take the piece the child gave you in ITEM 1. Tell him:	T: C:	ASK ME WHERE I'M GOING TO PUT THE COW. WHERE ARE YOU GOING TO PUT THE COW?		
-	VEEK 17 DAY 3	1. Test the child on the vocabulary for names of garments. Show him all the different garments and ask:	T:	WHAT'S THIS? WHAT ARE THESE?	·	
			ះ	THAT'S A DRESS THOSE ARE PAJAMAS A NIGHTGOWN A SUIT SHORTS A CAP A JUMPER PANTS ETC.		

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Year 2 Week 17 Day 5

Instruct	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student:	<pre>C = Correct</pre>
ITEM IV. WEEK 17 DAY 2	Put a ball on the table and a ball on a chair. Say:	Т:	BRING ME THE BALL THAT'S ON THE CHAIR.	
	Child shows comprehension by bring ing the correct ball.			
ITEM V.	Show the child 2 of the H-M pictures. Say:	Ϊ:	SHOW ME THE BOY WHO'S EATING.	
N	Child shows comprehension by pointing to the correct picture.			
ITEM VI.	Use the paper dolls. Place 2 girls on the flannel board			
DAY 4	choose a dress for each one and say:	"	THIS IS THE DRESS THAT SARAH WANTS TO WEAR. THIS IS THE DRESS THAT ANITA WANTS TO WEAR.	
	Place the dresses beside the dolls. Saγ:	Ë	SHOW ME THE DRESS THAT SARAH Wants to Wear.	
	Child shows comprehension by pointing to the correct dress.			
			·	

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			Year 2 Week 17 Day 5 Page 4	
Instructions to the teacher	sacher	Speaker	item and Response Student:	C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM VII. Dress one of child dress i dolls on the Child shows on pointing to t	Dress one of the boys and let the child dress the other. Put the dolls on the flannel board; say: Child shows comprehension by pointing to the correct doll.	:	SHOW ME THE BOY THAT I DRESSED.	
ITEM VIII Put a toy c another toy Say:	Put a toy car on the sofa and another toy car on the television. Say:	i.	SHOW ME THE CAR THAT'S ON THE TELEVISION.	
As he does so, say: He should complete	As he does so, say: He should complete the statement:	: ::	Tell me: THAT'S THE CAR THAT'S THE CAR THAT'S ON THE TELEVISION.	
ITEM IX. Show the child 2 of Pictures. Say: As he does so, say:	nild 2 of the H-M Say: so, say:	T:	SHOW ME THE BOY WHO'S WALKING. Tell me: THAT'S THE BOY WHO'S WALKING.	
		ິ່ນ	THAT'S THE BOY WHO'S WALKING.	
	1			

Year 2 Week 17 Day 5

	Instructi	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Item and Response Student:	υ > -	<pre>C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6</pre>	Sorr Inco 3 4	orrect ncorre	t 8c t 6	7
	ITEM X.	Dress both the boy paper dolls in pajamas. Point to each, saying:	Ë	THIS IS PAUL. THIS IS BENJAMIN.				ļ		
	i di	Say:	Ë	SHOW ME THE PAJAMAS THAT PAUL IS WEARING.						
	53 53	As he does so, say:	ï	Tell me: THOSE ARE THE PAJAMAS.			<u> </u>			
			ت 	THOSE ARE THE PAJAMAS THAT PAUL IS WEARING.						
310	ITEM XI.	Dress one of the girl dolls and let the child dress the other.					+	+		
		Put the dolls on the flannel board. Say:	Ë	SHOW ME THE GIRL THAT YOU DRESSED.				7		
		As he does so, say:	÷	Tell me: THAT'S THE GIRL						_
			ü	THAT'S THE GIRL THAT I DRESSED.			_			-

ENGLISH COMPONENT WEEK 18 YEAR II

OBJECTIVES

This is the house that Jack built. Relative construction with that: REVIEW:

his, hers: Nominalized possessives: yours,

yours. touched I touched my head because Substitution of pronominalized form for second mention of item: one. because you took a crayon some paper a. I took

hers

Why-questions:

Why did you touch your head?

unction of sentences with because:

I touched my head because you touched yours.

Weather expressions:

today. rainy cold warm

With in attributive construction:

That's the man with big long legs.

Vocabulary: why, because, raincoat, umbrella, rainy,

Flannel board, pointer, cutouts for "The House That Jack Built": Jack, house, cheese, rat, cat, dog, cow, girl, boy. 5: Day MATERIALS:

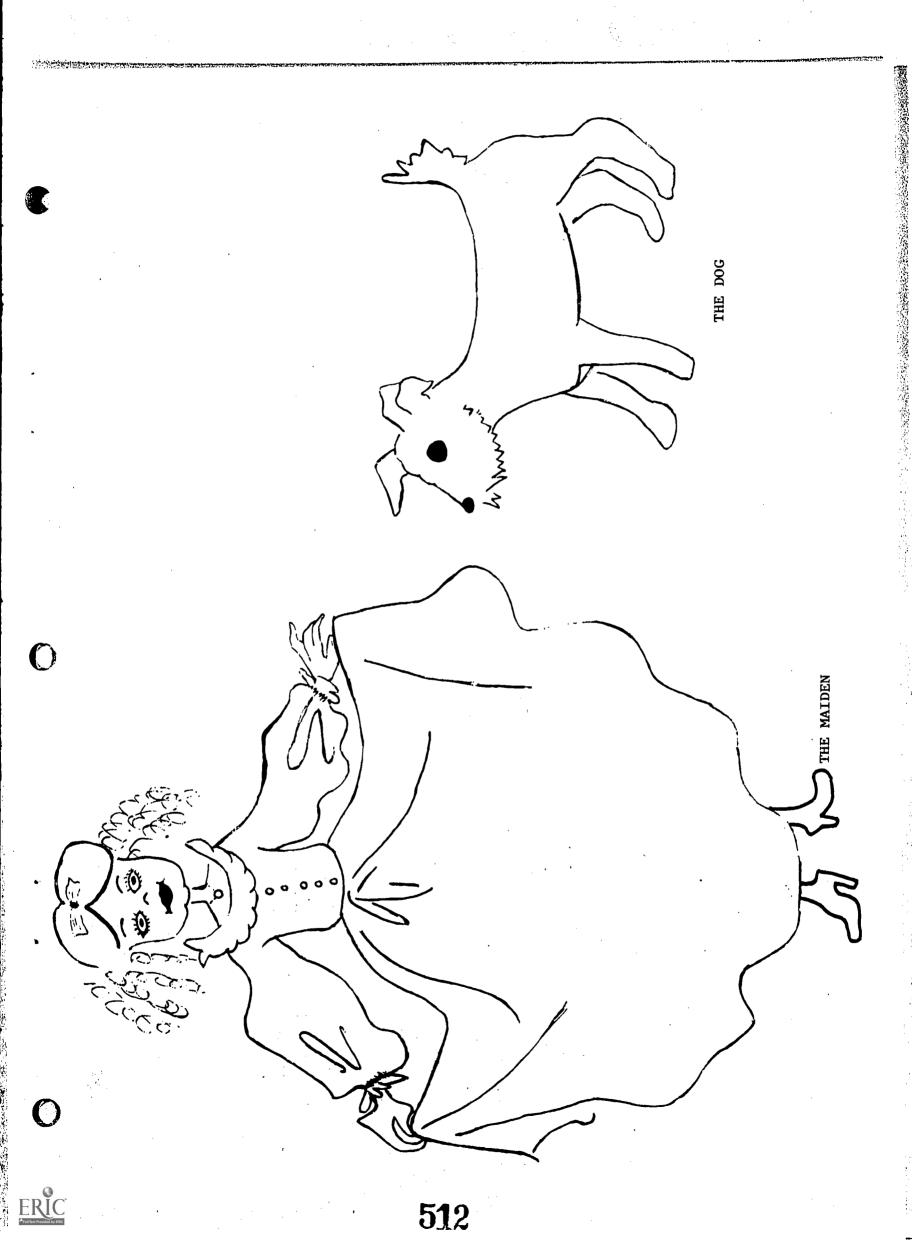
Same as Day 2.

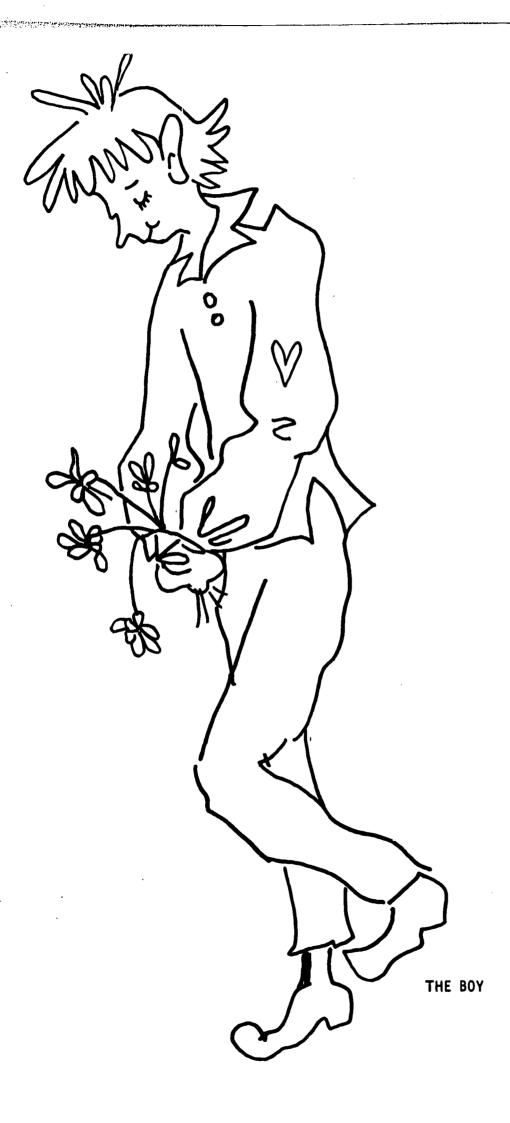
Flannel board, pointer; weather cutouts: (1) cloud with raindrops falling from it, (2) sun half covered by cloud, (3) bright sun with sumbeams. Day 3: Day 4:

Girl paper doll and clothes: coat, raincoat, umbrella, playsuit. Drawing paper, crayons, toy cars, trucks, boats, marbles, boxes,

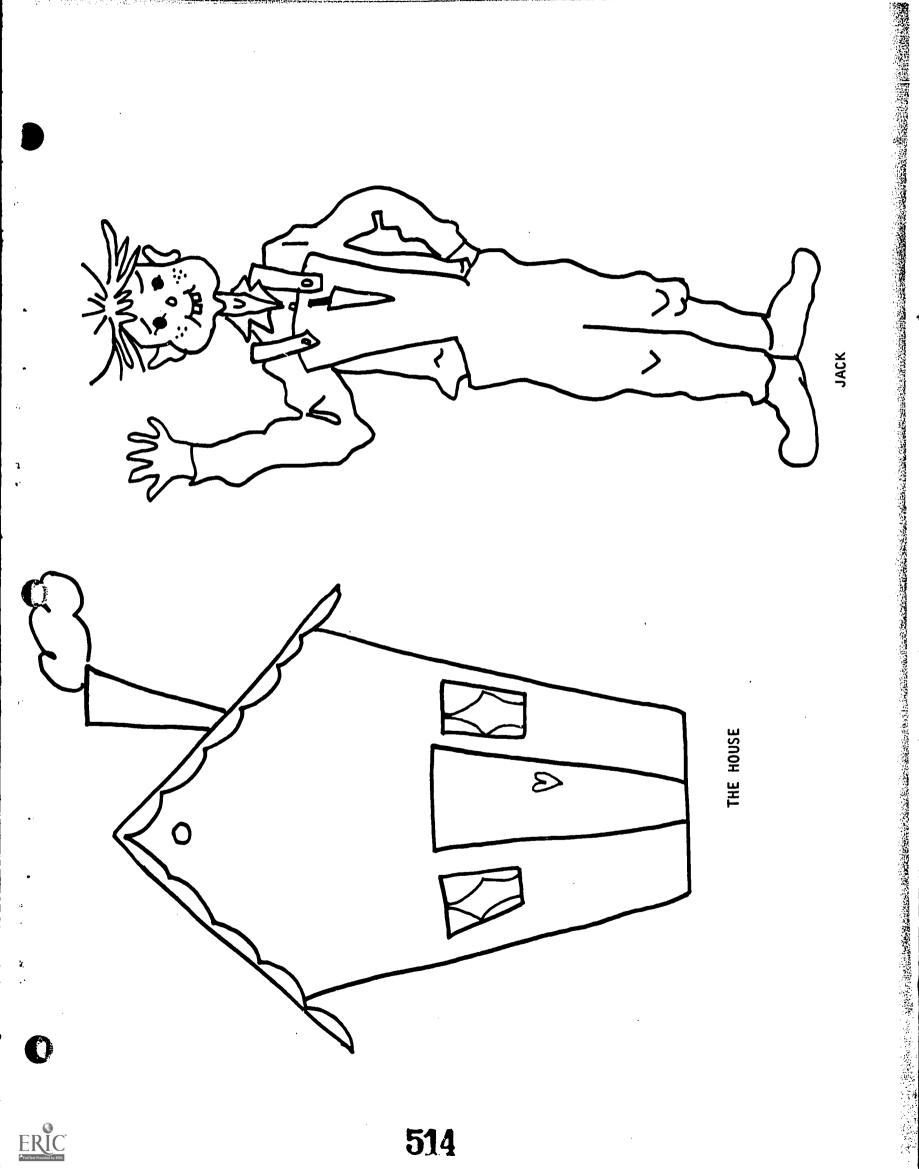
his dog Fidel, man with hig ears, man with big eyes, man with big Flannel board, pointer; cutouts for story about the 5 men (Juan nose, man with big mouth, man with long legs). Day 5:

Materials from Day 2, Day 4, Day 5; drawing paper, crayons.

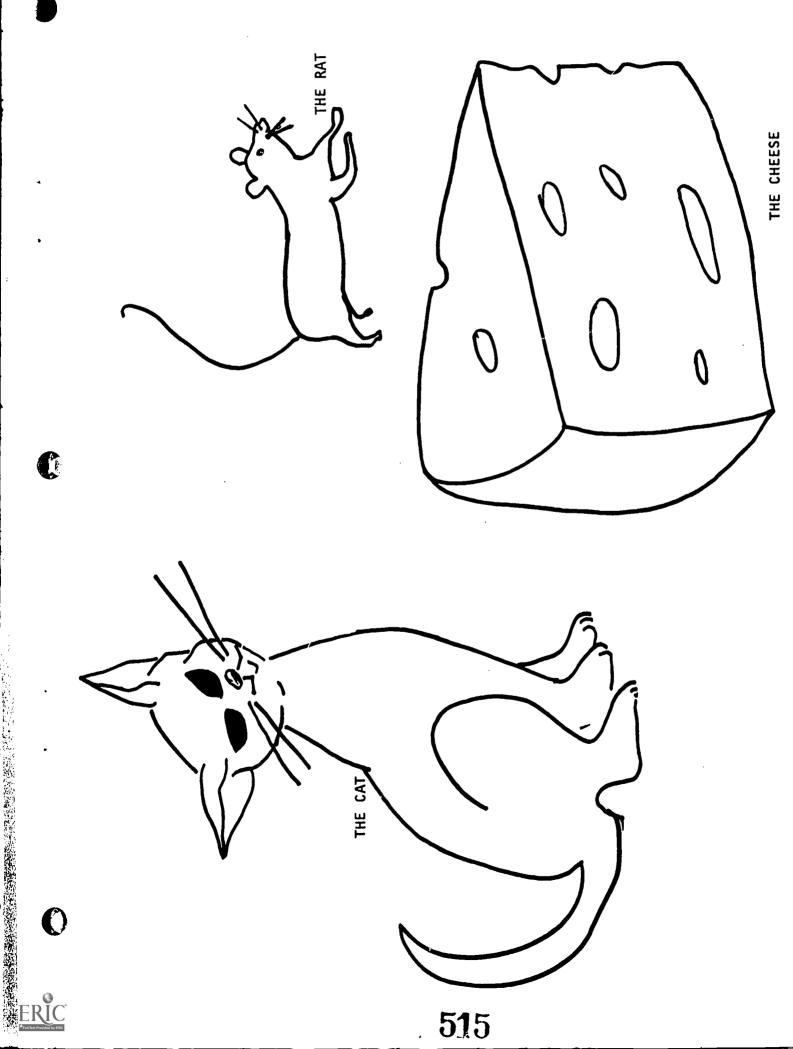


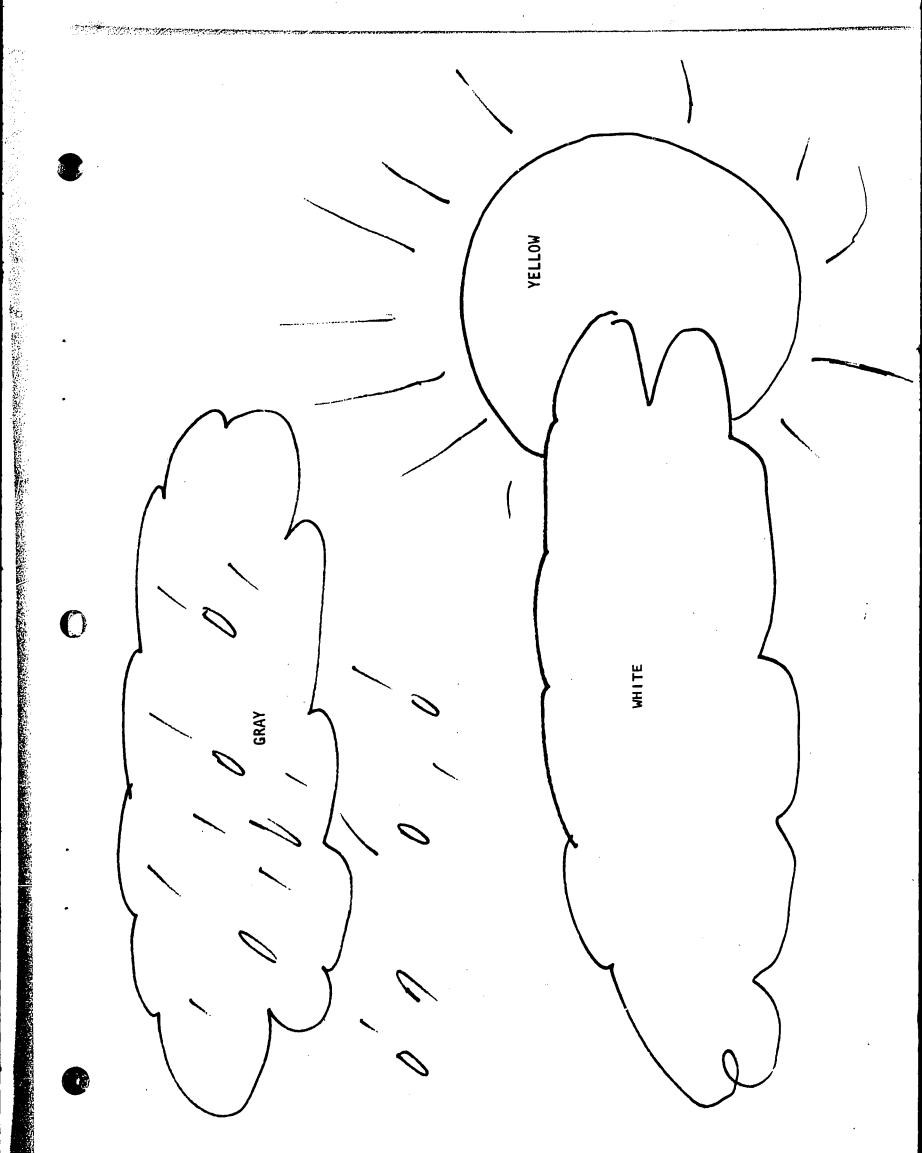


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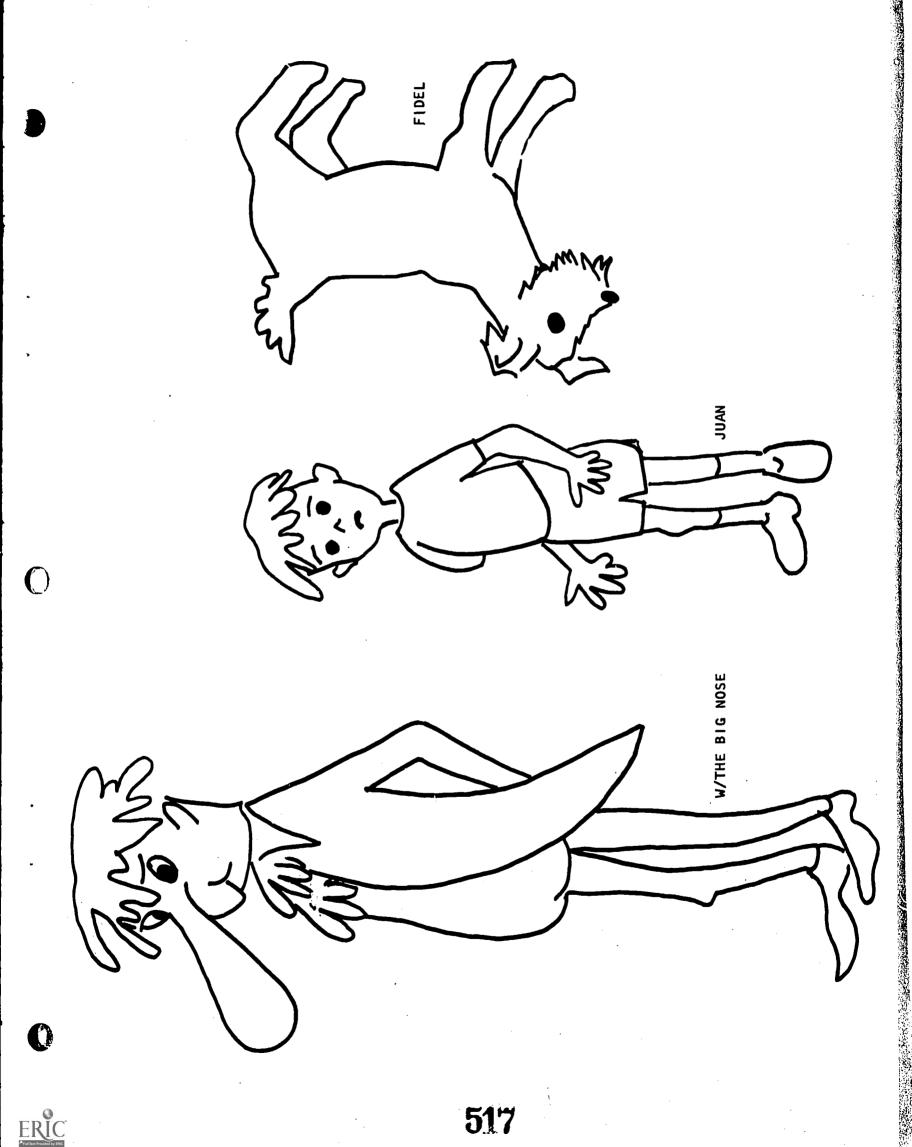




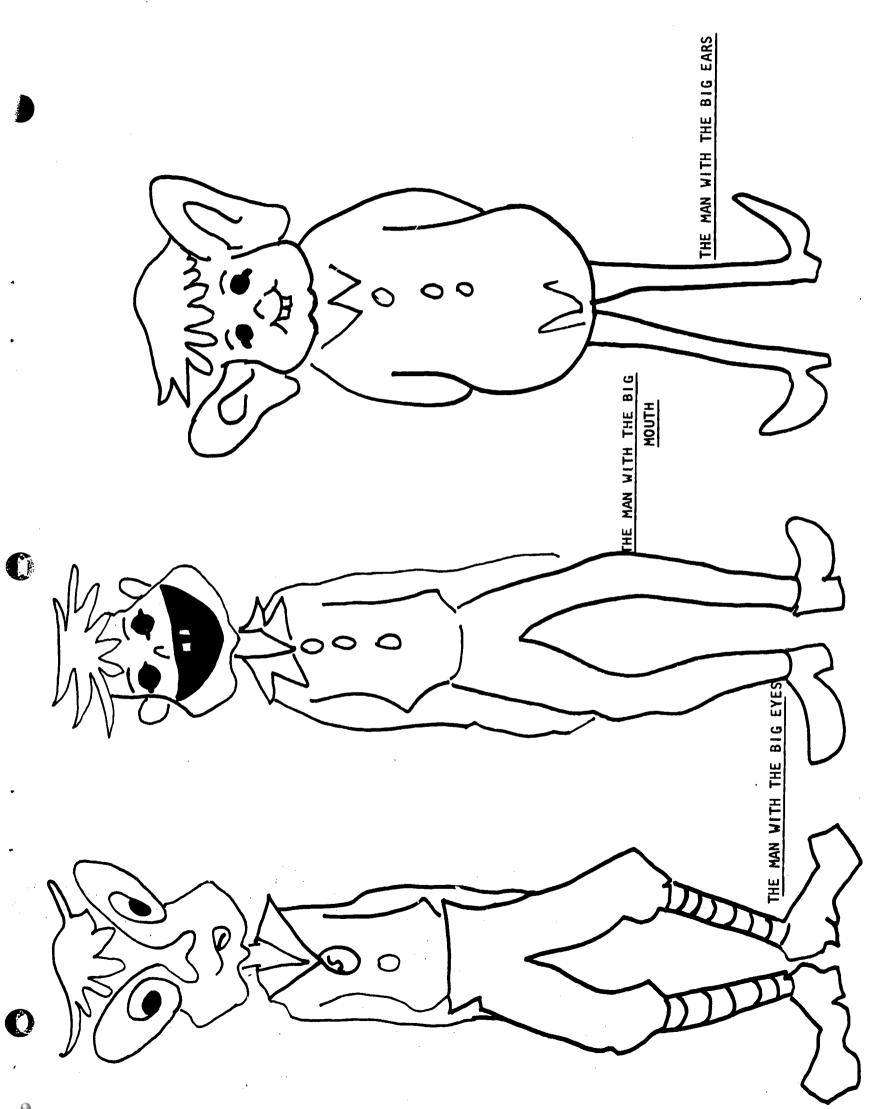




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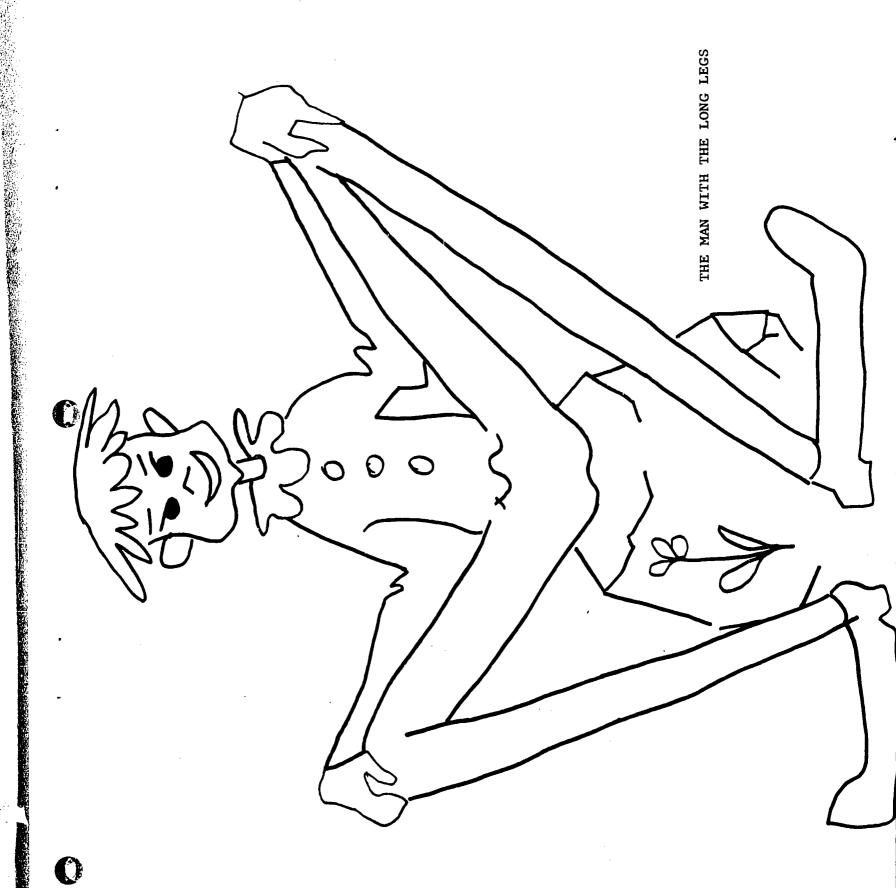


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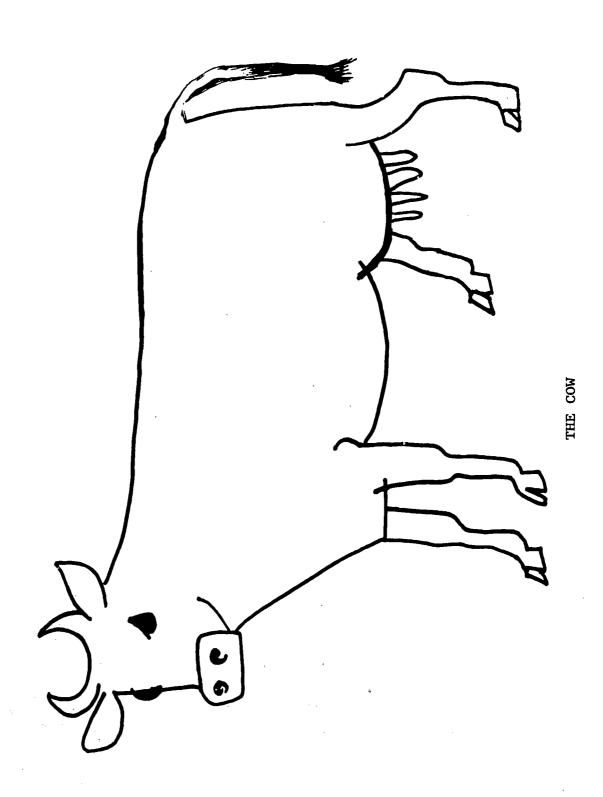
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REVIEW DAY

Year 2
Week 18
Day 1
Page 1

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK:

Item 8 Item 7 Item 4 Item 5 Item 2 Item 1

Item 9

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

Item 6

Item 3

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each:

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

SAIEW PALTERNS:

Relative clause construction with that: This is the house that Jack built.

Flannel board cutouts: "This is the House That Jack Built": Jack, house cheese, rat, cat, dog, cow, girl, boy. MATERIALS:

ENGLISH COMPONENT
Year 2
Week 18
Day 2
Page 1

Speaker Exchange		T: THIS IS JACK. HE BUILT A HOUSE. THIS IS THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT. THIS IS SOME CHEESE. IT WAS IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT. THIS IS A RAT. HE LIVED IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT. HE ATE THE CHEESE THAT WAS IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.	T: HE LIVED IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT. HE ATE THE RAT THAT ATE THE CHEESE THAT WAS IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT. THIS IS A DOG. HE ATE THE CAT THAT ATE THE RAT THAT ATE THE CHEESE THAT WAS IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.
Instructions to the teacher	DEMONSTRATE: Tell the story to the children, using the pointer. Place the cutouts on the board one by one as you come to them in the story.	Put Jack at left of board. Cf. Put house next to Jack. That cheese next to house, etc.	NOTE: Use the pointer to point to each object every time you name it: for example, "THIS IS A RAT. HE LIVED IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT."

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ij	THIS IS A COW. HE KICKED THE DOG THAT ATE THE CAT THAT ATE THE RAI THAI ATE THE
		CHEESE THAI WAS IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT. THIS IS A GIRL.
		SHE MILKED THE COW THAT ALE THE DOG THAT ATE THE CHEESE THAT WAS IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.
		THIS IS A BOX. HE KISSED THE GIRL WHO MILKED THE COW THAT KICKED THE DOG THAT ATE THE CAT THAT ATE THE RAT THAT ATE THE
		CHEESE THAT WAS IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.
NOTE: Of course, you will have to put a pause after each phrase: "THIS IS A COW. HE KICKED THE DOG/THAT ATE THE CAT/THAT ATE THE RAT/ etc."		
Now tell the story again. This time, have the children repeat each sentence after you. Break up the longer sentences as above: "HE ATE THE CAT/THAT ATE THE	·	
RAT/THAT ATE THE CHEESE/THAT WAS IN THE HOUSE/THAT JACK BUILT."	ij	THIS IS JACK. Repeat: THIS IS JACK.
	GRP	THIS IS JACK.
	· :	HE BUILT A HOUSE. Repeat: HE BUILT A HOUSE.

HE BUILT A HOUSE. Dialogue Speaker GRP Next, either repeat the story again, having the children repeat it after you, or have a child tell it to the group with the group repeating it after him. Instructions to the teacher

Year Week Day Page _

REVIEW PATTERNS: Relative clause corstruction with that:

This is the house that Jack built.

Nominalized possessives: yours, his, hers:

I touched my head because you touched yours.

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Year Week Day Page

NEW PATTERNS: Why-questions: Why did you touch your head? Conjunction of sentences with because:

I touched my head because you touched yours.

NEW VOCABULARY: Why, because.

Same as Day 2: flannel board, cutouts (Jack, house, cheese, rat, cat, dog, cow, girl, boy), pointer. MATERIALS:

Exchange		Ask them: WHO IS THIS?	WHO IS THIS?	Tell him: THAT'S JACK.	THAT'S JACK.	Ask them: WHAT DID HE DO?	WHAT DID HE DO?	Tell him: HE BUILT A HOUSE.	HE BUILT A HOUSE.	Ask them: THAT'S THIS?	
Speaker		T:	C#1	T:	GRP	T:	C#1	T:	GRP	T.	
Instructions to the teacher	As a review, have each child ask 3 or 4 Cy questions about yesterday's story, and iv have the group answer. Model the	Call on the first child; give him cutout of Jack to put on board.		Model for group:		Model for child #1:		Model for group:		Model for child #1 (give him cutout of house):	

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	C#1	WHAT'S THIS?
Model for the group:	H	Tell him: THAT'S THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.
	GRP	THAT'S THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.
Call on another child and continue in the same way. Let each child ask about 3 questions.		
INTRODUCTION:		
Now tell the children:	ī:	LET'S PLAY A GAME. I WANT YOU TO DO WHAT I DO.
	ë	I'LL TOUCH MY HEAD.
When they imitate you, ask:	ä	WHY DID YOU TOUCH YOUR HEAD?
Model:	T:	Tell me: I TOUCHED MY HEAD BECAUSE YOU TOUCHED YOURS.
	GRP	I TOUCHED MY HEAD BECAUSE YOU TOUCHED YOURS.
Repeat with "I'LL TOUCH MY SHOE." "I'LL TOUCH MY KNEE." "I'LL TOUCH MY HAND."		
Now call on a child. (Child #1) Say to another child (child #2):	:	I WANT YOU TO DO WHAT HE DOES.
Say to child #1:	T:	TOUCH YOUR HEAD.
When child #2 imitates him, ask child #2:	T.	WHY DID YOU TOUCH YOUR HEAD?

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	Т:	Tell me I TOUCHED MY HEAD BECAUSE HE TOUCHED HIS. SHE
	C#2	I TOUCHED MY HEAD BECAUSE HE TOUCHED HIST
Say to child #1:	ä	TOUCH YOUR NOSE.
Ask child #2:	T:	WHY DID YOU TOUCH YOUR NOSE?
Model:	 ::	Tell me: I TOUCHED MY NOSE BECAUSE HE TOUCHED HIS.
27	C#2	I TOUCHED MY NOSE BECAUSE HE TOUCHED HIS.
Give every child a chance to be the actor and the imitator. Let all the commands be of the form "TOUCH YOUR"	ij	TOUCH YOUR HEAD. NOSE SHOE HAND EAR EYE KWEE
Now demonstrate again: Say to the group:	ij	I WANT YOU TO DO WHAT I DO.
	H	I'LL SIT ON THE FLOOR. WALK TO THE TABLE STAND UP TURN AROUND CLAP MY HANDS

Year 2 Week 18 Day 3 Page 4	Exchange	WHY DID YOU SIT ON THE FLOOR? WALK TO THE TABLE STAND UP TURN AROUND CLAP YOUR HANDS	Tell me: I SAT ON THE FLOOR BECAUSE YOU DID. WALK TO THE TABLE STOOD UP TURNED AROUND CLAPPED MY HANDS	I SAT ON THE FLOOR WALKED TO THE TABLE STOOD UP TURNED AROUND CLAPPED MY HANDS	I WANT YOU TO DO WHAT HE DOES.	SIT ON THE FLOOR. RUN TO THE DOOR WALK TO THE TELEVISION TURN AROUND STAMP YOUR FOOT CLAP YOUR HANDS ETC.	WHY DID YOU SIT ON THE FLOOR RUN TO THE DOOR WALK TO THE TELEVISION ETC.
	Speaker	:	T:	GRP	T:	ë	.:
	Instructions to the teacher	Ask them after each action:	Model:	5 28	Now call on pairs of children as above. Say to child #2:	Say to child #1:	Ask child #2:

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	÷	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model:	ä	Tell me: I SAT ON THE FLOOR RAN TO THE DOOR WALKED TO THE TELEVISION ETC.
	C¥2	I SAT ON THE FLOOR RAN TO THE DOOR WALKED TO THE TELEVISION ETC.
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Substitution of pronominalized form for 2nd mention of item.

I took a crayon because you took one. Why-question: why did you take a crayon? I took a crayon because you took one. Conjunction of sentences with because: REVIEW PATTERNS:

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NEW PATTERNS: Weather expressions: It's cold today.

NEW VOCABULARY: Cold, rainy, sunny; raincoat, umbrella.

Flannel board; pointer; weather cutouts; (1) cloud and raindrops falling from it; (2) sun with cloud half covering it; (3) sun with sunbeams. Drawing paper, crayons, toy cars, trucks, boats, marbles, boxes, balls. Girl paper doll and clothes: coat, raincoat, umbrella, playsuit. MATERIALS:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
REVIEW: Have these objects on the table: balls, cars, trucks, boxes, crayons, sheets of paper, marbles.		
Say to the group:	T:	LET'S PLAY A GAME. I WANT YOU TO DO WHAT I DO.
	T:	I'LL TAKE A CRAYON.
Ask them:	T:	WHY DID YOU TAKE A CRAYON?
Model:	T:	Tell me: I TOOK A CRAYON BECAUSE YOU TOOK ONE.
	GRP	I TOOK A CRAYON BECAUSE YOU TOOK ONE.
	H:	I'LL TAKE SOME PAPER.
Take 3 or 4 sheets of paper. Ask them:	:	WHY DID YOU TAKE SOME PAPER?
Model:	T:	Tell me: I TOOK SOME PAPER BECAUSE YOU TOOK SOME.

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 2

Instructions to the teacher Speaker T: 1'LL DRAW A CIRCLE. WHY DID YOU DRAW A CIRCLE? WHY DID YOU DRAW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. GRP 1 DREW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. GRP 1 DREW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. T: T-611 me: 1 DREW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. GRP 1 DREW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. T: T-612 me: 1 DREW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. Sep to child #2: T: T-614 me: 1 DREW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. GRP 1 DREW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT YOU TO DO WHAT HE DEST. Sep to child #1: THAT A FORM A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT SOURCE A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. THAT A BOOK OF THE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. TH				
Ask them: Hodel: Hodel: T: WHY DID YO T: Tell me: GRP I DREW A C I DREW A C Say to child #1: Say to child #1: T: I WANT YOU T: I WANT YOU GET A BALL TAKE SOME OFFINA A BOIL TAKE DID YOU THAN		Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask them: Hodel: GRP Tell me: GRP I DREW A C GRP I DREW A C I WANT YOU T: I WANT YOU GET A BALL TAKE SOME OPEN A BOD GET A BALL TAKE DID Y THY DID Y			T:	I'LL DRAW A CIRCLE.
Model: GRP I DREW A G I DREW A G I DREW A G I DREW A G Sey to child #1: Say to child #1: Ask child #2: T: I WANT YOU GET A BALL TAKE SOME OPEN A BOD GET A BO		Ask them:	T:	WHY DID YOU DRAW A CIRCLE?
Now call on pairs of children as you did yesterday. Follow this drill: Say to child #1: Say to child #1: Ask child #2: T:		Model:	Η:	
Now call on pairs of children as you did yesterday. Follow this drill: Say to child #2: T: I WANT YOU TO DO WHAT HE SHE SAY TREE Say to child #1: TREE Say to child #2: TREE SAY TREE THAT SOME WARBLES. OPEN A BALL. THAT BOAT ASK Child #2: THAT DID YOU DRAW A HOUSE ETC. THAT SAY A GARL A TREE ETC.			GRP	I DREW A CIRCLE BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE.
Say to child #2: Say to child #1: T: DRAW A HOUSE SQUARE TREE SQUARE TRAKE SOURE MARBLES. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME MARBLES. TAKE SOME MARBLES. GET A TREE ETC. TAKE A CAR A TREE ETC. TAKE BALL TAKE A CAR A TREE ETC. TAKE BALL TA		Now call on pairs of children as you did yesterday. Follow this drill:		
THE BOUSE TREE SQUARE TREE SQUARE TREANGLE ETC. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BOX. GET A BOX. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A GAR. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A GAR. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A GAR. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. TAKE SOME HARBLES. TAKE SOME HARBLES. TAKE SOME HARBLES. OPEN A BOX. TAKE SOME HARBLES. TAKE SOME HARB	531	Say to child	ë	HE
TAKE SOME MARBLES. OPEN A BOX. GET A BALL. TAKE SOME MARBLES. OPEN A BOX. TAKE TRUCK BOAT T: WHY DID YOU DRAW A EET EET EET EET EET EET EET E			ij	∢
T: WHY DID YOU DRAW A A E E E CET A TAKE A A A E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E				
		Ask child #2:	ë	DID YOU DRAW A GET GET A LAKE A A E

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Year 2 Week 18 Day 4 Page 3

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Model for child #2:	T:	Tell me: I DREW A HOUSE BECAUSE HE DID.
		GOT A BALL TOOK A CAR A TRUCK A BOAT
		OPENED A BOX
	C#2	I DREW A HOUSE BECAUSE HE DID.
		GOT A BALL TOOK A CAR A TRUCK
		SOME MARBLES OPENED A BOX
Give each child a chance to be both actor and imitator.		
INTRODUCTION:		
Now set up the flannel board. Use the paper dolls and clothing, and the three weather cutouts.		
Put up the cutout for cloudy weather. Say:	T:	IT'S COLD TODAY.

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Instructions to the teachers	Speaker	Exchange
Put up a doll; put a coat on her.	T:	SHE'S WEARING A COAT BECAUSE IT'S COLD TODAY.
Now change the weather cutouts and the doll's clothes, as follows:	Ħ	IT'S RAINY TODAY. IT'S RAINY TODAY.
Put up a raincoat and an umbrella. Say:	Ħ	THIS IS A RAINCOAT. AN UMBRELLA.
Model:	Ħ	Tell me: THAT'S A RAINCOAT. AN UMBRELLA.
5	GRP	THAT'S A RAINCOAT. AN UMBRELLA.
Put the raincoat on the doll and the unbrella in her hand. Say:	ij	SHE'S WEARING A RAINCOAT BECAUSE IT'S RAINY TODAY.
Then put up the "sumny day" cutout:	ë	IT'S WARM TODAY.
Put a playsuit on the doll:	ī:	SHE'S WEARING A PLAYSUIT BECAUSE IT'S WARM TODAY.
Now call on a child. Give him the weather cutouts and appropriate clothes, one set at a time. Say:	ij	Tell them: IT'S GOLD TODAY. RAINY WARM
	ü	IT'S COLD TODAY. RAINY WARM

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COLD TODA! BECAUSE IT'S GOLD TODAY RAINY COLD TODAY. WARM RAINY WARM TODAY. TODAY? BECAUSE IT'S WARH BECAUSE IT'S COLD
RAINY
WARM BECAUSE IT'S CARRYING AN UPBRELLA TODAY? WEARING A RAINCOAT WEARING A PLAYSUIT CARRYING AN UMBRELLA CARRYING AN UMBRELLA WEARING A COAT WEARING A RAINCOAT WEARING A PLAYSUIT WEARING A RAINCOAT WEARING A PLAYSUIT CARRYING AN UMBRELLA WEARING A COAT WEARING A COAT WEARING A KAINCOAT WEARING A PLAYSUIT WEARING A COAT CARRYING AN UMBRELLA WEARING A RAINCOAT WEARING A RAINCOAT WEARING A PLAYSUIT WEARING A COAT WEARING A COAT WHY IS SHE SHE'S Tell them: SHE'S ETC. WHY IS SHE Ask them: Tell him: Exchange SHE'S SHE'S Speaker 93 ij ij ပ္ပ ပံ ä Repeat the above drill with each child Put up each of the weather cutouts, Call on a one at a time, and dress the doll appropriately for each. Call on a Say: Let each child piay teacher Instructions to the teacher Let him dress the doll. child and say to him: Model for the group: II. REINFORCEMENT playing teacher. 534

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NEW PATTERNS: With in attributive construction:

Show me the man with the great big ears.

great big ears, man with great big eyes, man with great big nose, man with great big mouth, man with big long legs. Flannel board and pointer; cutouts: Juan, Fidel (his dog), man MATERIALS:

Week 18	•	
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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
DEMONSTRATE: Say:	ij	LET'S TELL A STORY. THIS IS A STORY ABOUT SOME MEN.
Put up each man. Say:	Ë	HAS .
	Ë	CAN YOU SHOW ME THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG EARS GREAT BIG EYES GREAT BIG EYES GREAT BIG EYES
Wodel:	Ë	Tell me: THAT'S THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG EARS. GREAT BIG EYES GREAT BIG EYES
	GRP	0 1 • =
	ë	AT A

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	T:	HE CAN SEE ALL THE WAY TO MEXICO. WHISTLE LOUDER THAN A TRAIN RUN PASTER THAN THE WIND
	ä	EVERYONE LISTEN. SMELL LOOK WHISTLE (nothing for "run")
F 2C	ij	CAN YOU HEAR ANTS LAUGH? SMELL THE CHILI COOKING AT YOUR HOUSE? SEE ALL THE WAY TO MEXICO? WHISTLE LOUDER THAN A TRAIN? RUN FASTER THAN THE WIND?
	GRP	NO.
	.	NO, YOU CAN'T. BUT THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG EAR GREAT BIG NOSE GREAT BIG EYES GREAT BIG MOUTH GREAT LONG LEGS
Now take down the cutouts of the men. Put up Juan. Say:	ë	THIS IS JUAN. JUAN HAS A DOG.
Put up Fidel:	Ħ	THIS IS JUAN'S DOG. HIS NAME IS FIDEL.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Take down Fidel:	ë	ONE DAY JUAN LOST HIS DOG. HE CALLED AND CALLED: "FIDEL! FIDEL!" BUT HE COULDN'T FIND FIDEL. JUAN STARFED TO CRY: "BOO-HOO-HOO!"
Follow this pattern for the first 3 men that Juan sees (the man with the great big nose, the man with the great big ears, the man with the great big eyes): Put up the cutout of the man.		
Point:	Ħ	THEN, WHO DO YOU THINK HE SAW? TELL ME!
37	GRP	THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG NOSE. EARS EYES
	ë	YES. HE ASKED THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG NOSE. EARS EYES
	Ħ	"I'VE LOST MY DOG PIDEL. CAN YOU HELP ME FIND HIM?"
	÷	THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG NOSE SAID: "YES, I CAN." EARS EYES
	T:	HE SMELLED AND HE SMELLED. LISTENED, AND HE LISTENED. LOOKED, AND HE LOOKED.
	ë	THEN HE SAID: "I CAN SMELL FIDEL." HEAR FIDEL BARKING. SEE FIDEL.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	H	THEN HE SAID: "CAN YOU SMELL HIM?" HEAR HIM? SEE HIM?
	** #4	JUAN SMELLED, AND HE SMELLED. LISTENED, AND HE LISTENED. LOOKED, AND HE LOOKED.
	ä	THEN HE SAID, "YES, I CAN! THANK YOU!"
(Take down - tout of man)	•• H	HE WALKED ON, AND HE CALLED: "FIDEL! FIDEL! I KNOW YOU'RE THERE, BECAUSE I CAN SMELL YOU." HEAR
	H	BUT FIDEL DIDN'T COME. JUAN STARTED TO CRY AGAIN.
The pattern for the last 2 men is:	H	THEN, WHO DO YOU THINK HE SAW?
(Put up cutout of the man with the great big mouth; point)	GRP	THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG MOUTH.
	 H	YES, HE ASKED THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG MOUTH: "I'VE LOST MY DOG FIDEL. CAN YOU HELP ME FIND HIM?"
	ï	THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG MOUTH SAID: "YES, I CAN."
	ë	HE WHISTLED, AND HE WHISTLED. THEN HE SAID: "CAN YOU WHISTLE TO FIDEL?" JUAN WHISTLED, AND HE WHISTLED. HE SAID: "YES, I CAN! THANK YOU!"

C

Year 2 Week 18 Day 5 Page 5	Exchange	HE WALKED ON, AND HE SAID: "FIDEL! FIDEL! COME HOME! I'M WHISTLING TO YOU!" BUT FIDEL DIDN'T COME. JUAN STARTED TO CRY AGAIN.	THEN, WHO DO YOU THINK HF SAW? Tell me!	THE MAN WITH THE BIG LONG LEGS.	YES. HE ASKED THE MAN WITH THE BIG LONG LEGS: "I'VE LOST MY DOG FIDEL. CAN YOU HELP MEN FIND HIM?"	THE MAN WITH THE BIG LONG LEGS SAID: "YES, I CAN," I'LL GET HIM FOR YOU."	THE MAN WITH THE BIG LONG LEGS TOOK 3 BIG STEPS, AND HE FOUND FIDEL!! HE TURNED AROUND AND TOOK 3 BIG STEPS, AND HE BROUGHT FIDEL BACK TO JUAN. JUAN SAID: "OH, THANK YOU! NOW I HAVE FIDEL, AND I'M HAPPY AGAIN!" FIDEL SAID: "LOW-BOW!"	
	Speaker	ij	H	GRP	.	ë	Ä	
	Instructions to the teacher		(Put up picture of man with big long legs; point)			539		

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PART II. EVALUATION

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

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INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE Student:	C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM I. Put up Jack on flannel board. Say: WEEK 17 Put up the house. Say:	T:	THIS IS JACK. HE BUILT A HOUSE. WHAT'S THIS?	
DAY 2,3	:	THAT'S THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.	
ITEM II. Put up the cheese. Ask:	T:	WHAT'S THIS?	
WEEK	ដ	THAT'S (SOME) CHEESE.	
	T:	WHERE WAS IT?	
	ຍ	(IT WAS) IN THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.	
ITEM III Put up the rat. Ask:	Ħ	WHO'S THIS?	
WEEK 18	ပံ	THAT'S THE RAT.	
DAI 2,3	J:	WHAT DID HE DO?	
	ÿ	HE ATE THE CHEESE THAT WAS IN THE HOUSE (THAT JACK BUILT).	

PART II. EVALUATION

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

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INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT:	C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM IV. WEEK 18	Tell the chid:	T:	I WANT YOU TO DO WHAT I DO. I'LL TOUCH MY HEAD.	
CIVO	Ask him:	ij.	WHY DID YOU TOUCH YOUR HEAD?	-
		ü	(I TOUCHED MY HEAD) BECAUSE YOU TOUCHED YOURS.	
	Tell the child:	T:	DO WHAT I DO. I'LL STAND UP.	
DAY 3	Ask him:	H ••	WHY DID YOU STAND UP?	
		ü	(I STOOD UP) BECAUSE YOU DID. STOOD UP.	
ITEM VI.	Tell the child (give him a piece			
DAY 4	elf):	Ħ:	DO WHAT I DO.	
		Ξ:	I'LL DRAW A CIRCLE.	
	Ask him:	:	WHY DID YOU DRAW A CIRCLE?	
		່ວ	(I DREW A CIRCLE) BECAUSE YOU DREW ONE. DID.	

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needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty. English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of PART I EVALUATION

D,	18	5	∞
Year	Week	Day	Page

INSTRUCTI	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT:	C= Correct W= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM VII WEEK 18 DAY 4	Use the flannel board. Put up the cutout of the sun. Ask:	ë ü	IS IT COLD TODAY? NO, IT'S WARM (TODAY).	
	Put up the rainy-weather cutout.	ដូ ប៉	NOW, IT'S IT'S RAINY.	
	Put up cold-weather cutout.	.: ::	NOW, IT'S	
ITEM VIII WEEK 18 DAY 4	Put up sun. Put playsuit on doll.	ວ ដូ ວ	IT'S COLD. WHY IS SHE WEARING A PLAYSUIT? (SHE'S WEARING A PLAYSUIT) BECAUSE IT'S WARM TODAY.	
	Do the same for rainy and cold weather.	i ü	WHY IS SHE WEARING A RAINCOAT ? COAT BECAUSE IT'S RAINY TODAY.	
ITEM IX.	Put up the 5 men from Day 5's story.	i ü	SHOW ME THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG EARS. THAT'S THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG EARS.	
	Now point to each of the others:	j ö	WHO'S THAT? THAT'S THE MAN WITH THE GREAT BIG BIG EYES GREAT BIG MOUTH BIG LONG LEGS	

ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR II

WEEK 19

JAN 19 1872

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OBJECTIVES

Would like (in wh-question form): What would you like? Would like (in contracted form): I'd like a doll. -- 2 I. REVIEW:

Names of breakfast foods and drinks:

a. Foods: eggs, bacon, toast, waffles, pancakes, cereal, tortillas,

sausage, ham. Drinks: coffee, tea, milk, chocolate, orange juice. Drinks:

Would like + embedded sentence: I'd like to have a car.

Vocabulary: Wish

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NEW

II.

Wish + embedded sentence: a. I wish I had a car. 2.

I wish I could go to the beach.

Where do you wish you could go? What do you wish you had? Wish in wh-question: a. щ.

Wish for + a. I'd wish for a hat.

Wish as Noun: a. I'll give you three wishes.

What would you wish for, if you had a wish? Conditional if-clause: a.

Pictures of breakfast foods and drinks from week 9. Sears Roebuck Catalog Day 2: MATERIALS:

Sears Catalog Day 3:

181 - playground 180 - beach H-M Cards: 173 - farm 174 - 200

Day 4:

305 - park 49 - school 176 - party 177 - store

Flannel board Day 5:

Cutouts for "The Three Wishes": Little old man, little old woman, trees, bird, cow, cat, taco.

Ball, boat, doll, car, truck, paper, crayons Small toys: EVAL:

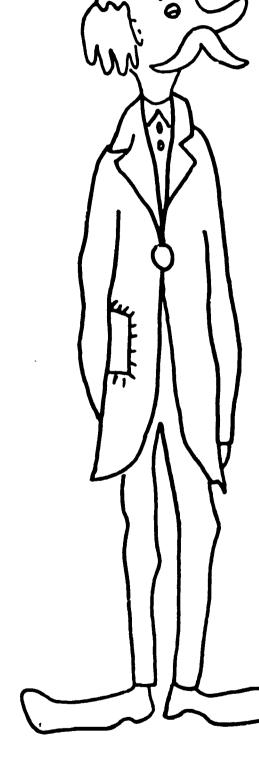
Sears Catalog

doll, horse, bicycle, candy, Flannel board cutouts: H-M Cards from Day 4

ice cream cone, car, train, car, dollhouse, boat. Year 2 Week 19

PATTERNS FOR FLANNEL BOARD STORY:

"THE THREE WISHES" DAY 5



THE VIEJITA

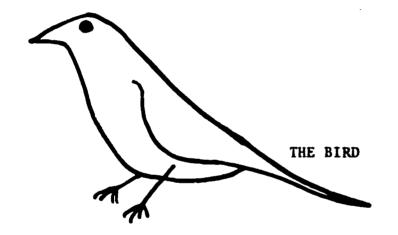
THE VIEJITO

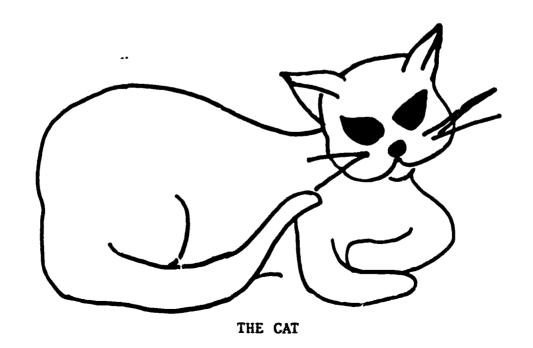
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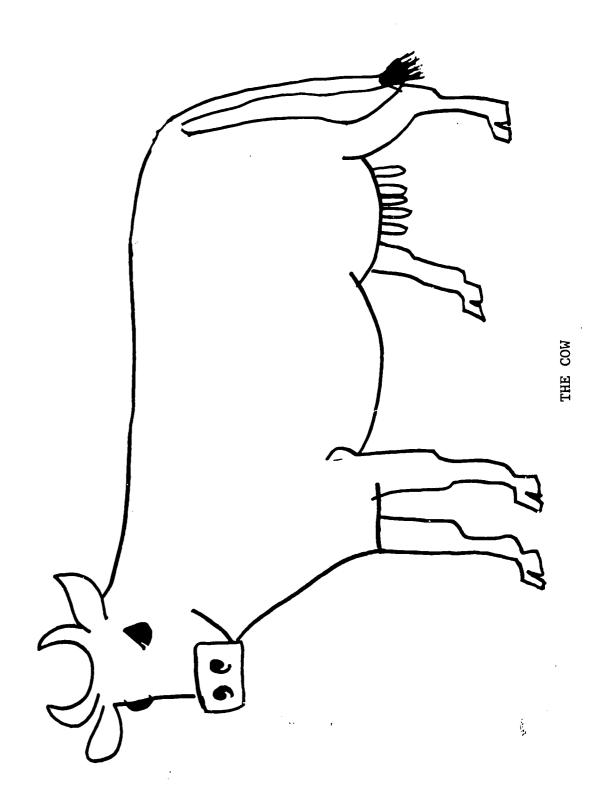


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REVIEW DAY

Year 2 Week 19 Day 1 INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

 Item 1
 Item 4
 Item 7

 Item 2
 Item 5
 Item 8

 Item 3
 Item 6
 Item 9

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each?

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

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Would like: REVIEW PATTERNS:

a. What would you like?
b. I'd like a doll.

ENGLISH COMPONENT

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Year__

Week Day Page

Names of breakfast foods and drinks:

a. Foods: ham, bacon, sausage, waffles, toast, pancakes, cereal, eggs, tortillas.

b. Drinks: Milk, tea, chocolate, coffee, orange juice.

Sears Roebuck catalog (use toy section) Pictures of breakfast foods and breakfast drinks from Week 9. MATERIALS NEEDED:

	-	
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
I. REVIEW: a. Demonstrate WOULD LIKE. b. Have individuals answer the question, "WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE?" c. Have children ask and answer the question "WHICH X WOULD LIKE?"		
DEMONSTRATE: Turn to page in the Sears catalogue that shows an assortment of toys.	T:	HERE ARE SOME TOYS. WOULD YOU LIKE A TOY? I WOULD.
	T:	Ask me: WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE?
	GRP	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE?
Point to one of the toys.	H	I'D LIKE A DOLL.
DRILL #1. Ask each of the children:	ï.	(NAME), WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE?
Model:	H :	Tell me: I'D LIKE A BALL TRUCK
	ö	I'D LIKE A BALL TRUCK ETC.

 Year
 2

 Week
 19

 Day
 2

 Page
 2

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
NOTE: If the child points to an object for which he does not know the name, say:	H	THAT'S A FIRE ENGINE. Repeat: THAT'S A FIRE ENGINE.
	ö	THAT'S A FIRE ENGINE.
Then model as above:	:	Tell me: I'D LIKE A FIRE ENGINE.
	ິບ	I'D LIKE A FIRE ENGINE.
DRILL #2: Now turn to a page that shows only one type of toy, (all dolls, all cars, all dollhouses, all train sets, etc.). Have each child ask another what he would like. Say to the first child:	: H	(NAME), ASK (NAME): WHICH DOLL WOULD YOU LIKE?
	C#1	WHICH DOLL WOULD YOU LIKE?
Let child #2 choose; model:	ï.	Tell him: I'D LIKE THAT ONF.
	C#2	I'D LIKE THAT ONE.
Then say to child #2 (have him ask child #3)	I:	(NAME), ASK (NAME): WHICH DOLL WOULD YOU LIKE?
	C#2	WHICH DOLL WOULD YOU LIKE?
Model for child #3:	<u></u>	Tell him: I'D LIKE THAT ONE.
	C#3	I'D LIKE THAT ONE.
Then have child #3 ask child #4 the question and continue around the group.	•• E	Tell him: I'D LIKE THAT ONE.
	C#3	I'D LIKE THAT ONE.

Year 2 Week 19 Day 2 Page 3

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Then have child #3 ask child #4 the question and continue around the group.		
II. REINFORCEMENT a. Show pictures of breakfast foods. Ask individuals what they would like to eat. The choices are: WAFFLES, EGGS, SAUSAGE, PANCAKES, TORTILLAS. b. Have children ask each other what they would like to drink. The	,	
_	ı	TATE TO THINGS TO HATE
Of DRILL #1: Show the group the foods.		HERE ARE SOME GOOD ININGS IN PAI.
Ask each child:	T:	(NAME), WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE?
Make suggestions if necessary:	H:	SOME WAFFLES? SOME BACON? (etc.)
Let him choose; model:	T:	Tell me: I'D LIKE SOME HAM.
	ິວ	I'D LIKE SOME HAM.
DRILL #2: Show pictures of drinks.	ï.	(NAME), ASK (NAME): WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO DRINK?
	C#1	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO DRINK?
Model for child #2:	: H	Tell him: I'D LIKE SOME CHOCOLATE.
	C#2	I'D LIKE SOME CHOCOLATE.
Continue having child #2 ask child #3 and so on, as above.		

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REVIEW PATTERNS: Would like + embedded sentence: I'd K to have a car.

Year 2
Week 19
Day 3
Page 1

NEW PATTERNS: Wish + embedded sentence: I wish I had a car.
Wish + embedded sentence, interrogative form with wh-question:
What do you wish you had?

VOCABULARY: Wish

MATERIALS NEEDED: Sears Roebuck Catalog

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
<pre>1. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION: a. DEMONSTRATE: Review WOULD LIKE and introduce WISH. b. DRILL: Have children drill WISH.</pre>		
DEMONSTRATE: Show pictures of toys.	 :	HERE ARE SOME TOYS. I'D LIKE TO HAVE A TOY. WHICH ONE WOULD I LIKE TO HAVE?
Point to one of the toys; say:	 H	I'D LIKE TO HAVE A TRUCK.
	: H	I WISH I HAD A TRUCK.
Turn to another page and repeat the demonstration exactly as above.		
DRILL #1: Ask each child:	: .	(NAME), WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE?
Model for him:	: .	Tell me: I WISH I HAD A BALL.
	ະວ	I WISH I HAD A BALL.
Drill each child. Then turn to another page and repeat the same drill again with each child.		
DRILL #2: Have each child ask another		
•••		

Server and the base of the server of the ser

Year 2 Week 19 Day 3 Page 2	Ü	ASK (NAME): WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE?	WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE?	m: I WISH I HAD A CAR.	I HAD A CAR.			WHAT DO YOU WISH YOU HAD?	: I WISH I HAD A BICYCLE.	I HAD A BICYCLE		1; WHAT DO YOU WISH YOU HAD?	WHAT DO YOU WISH YOU HAD?	him: I WISH I HAD A DOLL HOUSE.	I WISH I HAD A DOLL HOUSE.
))	Exchange	(NAME)	WHAT WOI	Tell him:	I WISH I			WHAT DO	Tell me:	HSIM I		Ask him:	WHAT DO	Tell hi	HSIM I
	Speaker	T:	C#1	ï.	C#2			 H	Η:	ö		 H	C#1	 Ei	C#2
	Instructions to the teacher	child the question. Model for child #1:		Modei for child #2:		Have child #2 ask child #3, and continue. Be sure that each child both asks and answers the question.	II. REINFORCEMENT: a. DRILL: introduce the new question form "WHAT DO YOU WISH YOU HAD?" b. Have children ask and answer this question.	DRILL #1: Show a child pictures of toys. Ask him:	Model:		Repeat with every child.	DRILL #2: Now have each child ask another the question. Model for child #1:		Model for child #2:	í

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Have child #2 ask child #3, and continue around the group.		
NOTE: Again, if a child does not know the word for something, say:	ij	THAT'S A DOLL HOUSE. Repeat: THAT'S A DOLL HOUSE.
	ö	THAT'S A DOLL HOUSE.
Then model as above:	 H	Tell me: I WISH I HAD A DOLL HOUSE.

I WISH I HAD A DOLL HOUSE.

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REVIEW PATTERNS: Wish + embedded sentence

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New embedded sentence with wish: I wish I could . . .

Year 2 Week 19 Day 4 Page 1

Interrogative form (wh-question): Where do you wish you could go?

181 - playground	49 - school	
173 - farm	174 - 200 176 - party 177 - store	180 - beach
H-M Cards:		
MATERIALS NEEDED:		

I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION: a. Review the vocabulary (H-M Cards). b. DEMONSTRATE: "I WISH I COULD" c. DRILLithis pattern with individuals. VOCABULARY: Hold up each card. Ask: Model if necessary: Repeat for all cards. DEMONSTRATE: Hold up 3 of the pictures one by one. Each time, say: DRILL: Display all 8 of the pictures. Ask a child: Model: C. RHAT'S THIS? THAT'S A FARM. GRP THAT'S A FARM. THAT'S A							BEACH 200 PARK ETC.	303	01	(GROUND.	
Instructions to the teacher 1. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION: a. Review the vocabulary (H-M Cards). b. DEMONSTRATE: "I WISH I COULD" c. DRILL:this pattern with individuals. VOCABULARY: Hold up each card. Ask: Model if necessary: Repeat for all cards. DEMONSTRATE: Hold up 3 of the pictures one by one. Each time, say: DRILL: Display all 8 of the pictures. Ask a child: Model: (Let him complete the sentence)	Exchange		WHAT'S THIS?		THAT'S A FARM.		TO THE	WHERE DO YOU WISH YOU COULD 60?	Tell me: I WISH I COULD GO TO	I WISH I COULD GO TO THE PLAYGROUND.	
Instructions to the teacher I. REVIEW AND INTRODUCTION: a. Review the vocabulary b. DEMONSTRATE: "I WISH c. DRILL:this pattern wit VOCABULARY: Hold up each card Model if necessary: Repeat for all cards. DEMONSTRATE: Hold up 3 of the by one. Each time, say: DRILL: Display all 8 of the F a child: Model: Model: (Let him complete the sentence	Speaker		.: :	T:	GRP		Ħ.	Ţ:	::	ິ:	:
·/-	Instructions to the teacher	REVI a. b.		Model if necessary:		Repeat for all cards.	~	Display all 8 of the pictures. :	Model:	(Let him complete the sentence)	

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Year 2 Week 19 Day 4

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask the group:	H	WHERE DOES HE WISHES HE COULD GO?
Model:	 ::	Tell me: HE WISHES HE COULD GO TO THE PLAYGROUND. SHE
	GRP	HE WISHES HE COULD GO TO THE PLAYGROUND.
Repeat with each child. Then repeat once again with each child.		
<pre>II. REINFORCEMENT: a. DRILL: Have children play teacher. Drill patterns above.</pre>		
DRILL: Have a child be teacher. Model for him:	:	Ask (NAME): WHERE DO YOU WISH YOU COULD GO?
	C#1	WHERE DO YOU WISH YOU COULD GO?
Let child #2 choose; model if needed:	T:	Tell him: I WISH I COULD GO TO SCHOOL.
	C#2	I WISH I COULD GO TO SCHOOL.
Ask the group:	T:	WHERE DOES HE WISHES HE COULD GO?
Model: if necessary:	ï.	Tell me: HE WISHES HE COULD GO TO SCHOOL.

 Year
 2

 Week
 19

 Day
 4

 Page
 3

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	HE WISHES HE COULD GO TO SCHOOL.
Have child #1 ask the same question of two more children.		
Give each child am opportumity to be teacher.		

REVIEW PATTERNS: Wish

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NEW PATTERNS:

Wish as Noun: 1'll give you three wishes. Wish + for: What would you wish for, if you had a wish? Conditional if-clause: What would you wish for, if you had a wish?

Week Day Page

Year

woman, trees, bird, cow, cat, taco. MATERIALS NEEDED: Flannel board cutouts for story: little old man, little old

ball, boat, doll, car, truck, paper, crayons, Sears catalog. H-M cards from Day 4. Flannel board cutouts, ice-cream cone, candy, horse, bicycle, doll, train, car, dollhouse, boat. EVALUATION: Small toys:

Speaker Exchange		T: I'M GOING TO TELL YOU A STORY. THIS IS A STORY ABOUT A VIEJITO (Put old man up on flannel boa: AND A VIEJITA. (Put up old woman).	T: ONE DAY THEY WENT FOR A WALK IN THE WOODS, (Put up trees) AND WHAT DO YOU THINK THEY FOUND?	T: Tell me: THEY FOUND A BIRD. (Put bird up on flannel board)	GRP THEY FOUND A BIRD.	T: YES. AND THE BIRD HAD A BROKEN WING. THE BIRD COUEDN'T FLY. WHAT DO YOU THINK THE VIEJITO AND THE VIEJITA DID?	T: Tell me: THEY HELPED THE BIRD.
Instructions to the teacher	REVIEW AND PRESENTATION: a. Use the story "THE THREE WISHES" to review WISH and to introduce the conditional clause with IF. b. Each child will have a speaking part in the story. c. Children will also make responses as a group during the story.	Have children seated in a circle.		Model if necessary:			Model, if necessary:

2	19	5	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Excharge
	GRP	THEY HELPED THE BIRD.
	т. :	YES, THEY HELPED THE BIRD. THEY FIXED THE BIRD'S WING.
		NOW THE BIRD COULD FLY. THE BIRD SAID TO THE VIEJITO AND THE VIEJITA: "I WILL GIVE YOU SOMETHING, BECAUSE YOU HELPED ME."
		WHAT DO YOU THINK THE BIRD GAVE THEM?
(Let the children guess if they wish; then say):	H	I'LL TELL YOU WHAT THE BIRD GAVE THEM. HE GAVE THEM THREE WISHES. Repeat, HE GAVE THEM THREE WISHES.
E 0	GRP	HE GAVE THEM THREE WISHES.
0	ë	SIRD SAID YOU HAVE
		YOU CAN WISH FOR THREE THINGS," AND YOU CAN HAVE THOSE THREE THINGS."
		THEN THE BIRD FLEW AWAY. (Take down bird)
Ask the group:	I:	WHAT DID THE VIEJITO AND THE VIEJITA HAVE?
Model if necessary:	ë	Tell me: THEY HAD THREE WISHES.
	GRP	THEY HAD THREE WISHES.
Ask:	ŧ.	AND WHAT COULD THEY DO WITH THE THREE WISHES?
Model:	T:	Tell me: THEY COULD WISH FOR THREE THINGS.
	GRP	THEY COULD WISH FOR THREE THINGS.

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		Year 2 Week 19 Day 5 Page 4
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ä	"WE DON'T WANT A FAT JUICY MOUSE! THAT'S NOT A GOOD WISH." (Take down cat)
	T:	THEY WALKED ON THROUGH THE WOODS. THEN WHO DO YOU THINK THEY SAW?
Name one of the children:	•• H	SAW A LITTLE BOY NANGEREL GIRL SKED THE LITTLE BOY.
Let the child name something; then model:	ë	"WHAT WOULD YOU WISH FOR, IF YOU HAD A WISH?" Tell them: I'D WISH FOR A DOLL, IF I HAD A WISH.
	ິວ	I'D WISH FOR A DOLL, IF I HAD A WISH.
	ij	WHY WOULD YOU WISH FOR A DOLL?
Help him frame a suitable answer.		Tell me: I'D WISH FOR A DOLL BECAUSE I WANT ONE. I LIKE DOLLS ETC.
	ິຍ	I'D WISH FOR A DOLL BECAUSE I WANT ONE. I LIKE DOLLS ETC.
	Ë	BUT THE VIEJITO AND THE VIEJITA SAID: "WE DON'T WANT A DOLL. THAT'S NOT A GOOD WISH."
Repeat this with every child. Help each one to state his wish and to give a reason for it. Some reasons might be:	:	I'D WISH FOR SOME CANDY BECAUSE I'M HUNGRY. A CAT BECAUSE I LIKE CATS. A BALL BECAUSE I'D LIKE TO THROW IT. ETC.

C

2 19	2 2
Year Week	Day Page

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
After giving each child the chance to make a wish, continue:	H	THE VIEJITO SAID TO THE VIEJITA:
	Ħ	THEN WHAT DO YOU THINK THE VIEJITO SAID? HE SAID, "I WISH I HAD A TAQUITO!"
Put up the taco; say:	 E-i	LOOK! THE VIEJITO WISHED FOR A TAQUITO, AND HERE IT IS!
	ä	THE VIEJITA SAID: "OH, NO! YOU USED ONE OF OUR WISHES! TU TONTO!"
	ë	THEN WHAT DO YOU THINK THE VIEJITA SAID? SHE SAID, "I WISH THAT TAQUITO WERE ON THE END OF YOUR NOSE!"
Put the taco on his nose; say:	Ë	LOOK! HERE'S THE TAQUITO, RIGHT ON THE END OF THE VIEJITO'S NOSE!
	ä	THE VIEJITO SAID: "OH, NO! THE TAQUITO IS ON THE END OF MY NOSE! YOU USED ANOTHER WISH! TONTA! TU TONTA! NOW WE HAVE ONLY ONE WISH!"
	T:	THE VIEJITO AND THE VIEJITA PULLED AND PULLED, BUT THEY COULDN'T PULL THE TAQUITO. THEY PULLED AND THEY PULLED AND THEY PULLED, BUT (point) HERE WAS THE TAQUITO, RIGHT ON THE END OF THE VIEJITO'S NOSE!
	;	THEN WHAT DO YOU THINK THEY DID: I'LL TELL YOU WHAT THEY DID. THEY USED THEIR ONE WISH. THE VIEJITO SAID: "I WISH THIS TAQUITO WERE NOT ON THE END OF MY NOSE."

O C		Year 2 Week 19 Day 5 Page 6
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Take down the taco; say:	T:	AND LOOK! THE TAQUITO WAS GONE! BUT THE THREE WISHES WERE GONE, TOO.
II. REINFORCEMENT		
a. Use Sears catalog to drill WISH FOR and the conditional IF-clause.		
DRILL: Show the children pictures of toys. Say:	T:	HERE ARE SOME TOYS.
Ask each child:	:	WHAT WOULD YOU WISH FOR, IF YOU HAD A WISH?
N Let him choose; model:	ï.	Tell me: I'D WISH FOR A TRUCK, IF I HAD A WISH.

I'D WISH FOR A TRUCK, IF I HAD A WISH.

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The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

Year Week Day

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT	C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM I. Put some toys on the table: ball, WEEK 19 boat, car, truck, doll. Say:	T:	HFRE ARE SOME TOYS. WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE?	\.
	ü	I'D LIKE THE BALL. BOAT CAR TRUCK DOLL	
ITEM II. Give the child some paper. Put WEEK 19 four crayons on the table: red, DAY 2 blue, green, yellow. Say:	÷.	YOU CAN DRAW A HOUSE. TREE ETC.	
	ij.	WHICH CRAYON WOULD YOU LIKE?	
	:	I'D LIKE THE RED ONE. ETC CRAYON.	
ITEM III. Show pictures of toys in Sears WEEK 19 catalog. DAY 3	H	HERE ARE SOME TOYS. WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE?	
	ü	I'D LIKE TO HAVE A CAR.	

Year 2 Week 19 Day 5 Page 8

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		=5	Correct
INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT: \(\sigma = \)	
ITEM IV Use Sears catalog. Point to a WEEK 19 toy; say:	ij	I WISH I HAD A BICYCLE.	
	T:	WHAT DO YOU WISH YOU HAD?	
	ö	I WISH I HAD A DOLL.	
ITEM V Show the child the pictures of WEEK 19 places. (H-M cards 173, 174, 176, DAY 4 177, 180, 181, 305, 49). Ask for each.	T:	WHAT'S THIS?	
	:	THAT'S A (ZOO, PARK, SCHOOL, PLAYGROUND? PARTY, BEACH, STORE, FARM).	
ITEM VI Show the child the pictures of WEEK 19 places. Ask:	Ë	WHERE DO YOU WISH YOU COULD GO?	
	ö	I WISH I COULD GO TO THE BEACH. STORE EIC.	

 Year
 2

 Week
 19

 Day
 5

 Page
 9

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INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT	<pre>c = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7</pre>
ITEM VII Put these cutouts on the flamel WEEK 19 board: horse, ice-cream cone, doll, DAY 5 candy, bicycle, train, car, doll- house, boat.	T:	WHAT WOULD YOU WISH FOR, IF YOU HAD A WISH? I'D WISH FOR A GAR. OR I'D WISH FOR A GAR. I'D WISH FOR A ETC.	
ITEM VIII Put the vieiito, the vieiita, and WEEK 19 the bird on the flannel board. Say:	i ii	THE VIEJITO AND THE VIEJITA HELPED THE BIRD. WHAT DID THE BIRD GIVE THEM? HE GAVE THEM THREE WISHES.	
ITEM IX. Ask: WEEK 19 DAY 5	ដូ ប៉	WHAT COULD THEY DO WITH THE THREE WISHES? THEY COULD WISH FOR THREE THINGS.	

ENGLISH COMPONENT WEEK 20 YEAR 11

OBJECTIVES

and Numbers: one, two, three, four, five Suppletion of indefinite quantifier some --> REVIEW:

Indirect discourse with who, which, whose: a. You asked me who had red chips.

You asked me which car was red.

You asked me whose chips were blue.

Change of tense in indirect statements: You asked me who had green chips. rect discourse with if:

You asked me if I had any yellow chips. Indirect discourse with ٠.

When-clauses: ٠ و

When I stamp my foot, you sit down. Relative construction with that:

This is the house that Jack built.

THIS IS A REVIEW WEEK. NO NEW PATTERNS.

New vocabulary:

NEW:

chips, card, winner, row

Large cards of heavy cardboard, each with $^{\it h}$ rows of 5 squares Day 2: MATERIALS:

40 each red, yellow, blue, green chips (purchase or cut from (one yellow row, one blue, one red, one green)

heavy cardboard and color brightly)

Large deep box or can.

Box or can from Day 2 Chips from Day 2 Day 3:

3 small boxes, exactly alike.

Chips from Day 2; box or can from Day 2. Day 4:

Day 5:

Flannel board, pointer Cutouts for "This is the house that Jack built: Jack, house, cheese, rat, cat, dog, cow, girl, boy.

Small toy cars, various colors EVAL.:

H-M cards: 127 (girl reading book), 59 (mailmen) chips; box or can

Flannel board, pointer, and cutouts for Jack storγ.

Year Week Day

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 7 Item 8 Item 9 Item 6 Item 4 Item 5 Item 2 Item 3 Item 1

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

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REVIEW PATTERNS: 1) Suppletion of indefinite quantifier some ---- any (from Week 13)

Year 20 Bay 2 Page 1

2) Numbers: one, two, three, four, five

VOCABULARY: Chips, card, row, winner.

Large cards of heavy cardboard, each with 4 vertical rows of 5 squares HHH (one card for each child and one for teacher). Color the rows pale yellow, blue, red and green. 40 each: red, yellow, green, and blue chips may be purchased or cut from heavy cardboard. Make chips bright in color. MATERIALS NEEDED:

Large deep box or can for chips.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
 REVIEW - PRESENTATION A. Demonstrate: Show the children how to play "Bingo" with the cards and chips. 		
B. Drill: Play the game. DEMONSTRATE:	Ë	WE'RE GOING TO PLAY A GAME. THE GAME IS CALLED "BINGO." Repeat please: BINGO.
	GRP	BINGO.
	Ë	I'LL SHOW YOU HOW WE PLAY BINGO.
Hold up a card.	Ë	THIS IS A CARD. Tell me: THAT'S A CARD.
	GRP	THAT'S A CARD.
Draw your finger down each of the rows. Say:	:	THESE ARE ROWS. Tell me: THOSE ARE ROWS.
	GRP	THOSE ARE ROWS.
Draw your finger down each row again:	Ë	THERE ARE FIVE ROWS. ONE, TWO, THREE, FOUR, FIVE. Tell me: THERE ARE FIVE ROWS.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	THERE ARE FOUR ROWS.
Hold up some chips.	Ë	THESE ARE CHIPS. Tell me: THOSE ARE CHIPS.
	GRP	THOSE ARE CHIPS.
Put all the chips in the box or can. Say:	Ë	I'M GOING TO CLOSE MY EYES. I'M GOING TO TAKE THREE CHIPS.
Do so; then say:	Ë	Ask me: DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS?
5	GRP	DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS?
71	Ë	YES, I HAVE SOME. NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.
If you have some, point to the yellow row on your card and say:	Ë	I CAN PUT MY YELLOW CHIPS IN THIS ROW.
Put the yellow chips in the yellow row. Then have the children ask:	GRP	DO YOU HAVE ANY BLUE CHIPS? RED GREEN
Repeat as for yellow chips. Continue drawing chips and having the children ask you the questions outlined above. When you fill up a row, say:	Ë	LOOK! I HAVE FIVE YELLOW CHIPS.
DRILL:	Ë	LET'S ALL PLAY "BINGO."

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Instructions to the teacher Give out cards. Say to child #1: Say to the group: Ask h GRP DO YOU Model: If he has some, say: Reneat the same procedure for red. blue, green.	Exchange (NAME), CLOSE YOUR EYES. TAKE THREE CHIPS. OPEN YOUR EYES. Ask him: DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS? DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS?
out cards. Say to child #1: to the group: the group: the same procedure for red. blue, green.	(NAME), CLOSE YOUR EYES. TAKE THREE CHIPS. OPEN YOUR EYES. Ask him: DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS? DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS?
the same procedure for red. blue, green.	Ask him: DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS? DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS?
s has some, say: T: C: C: T: T: T: T: T: T: T	DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS?
the same procedure for red. blue, green.	
Say: T: Tred, blue, green.	Tell them: YES, I HAVE SOME. NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.
say: Drocedure for red, blue, green.	YES, I HAVE SOME. NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.
Repeat the same procedure for red. blue, green.	YOU CAN PUT YOUR YELLOW CHIPS IN THAT ROW.
Have each child draw 3 chips; then start again with the first child. When a child T: (NAME	(NAME), Tell me: I HAVE FIVE BLUE CHIPS.
C: I HAV	I HAVE FIVE BLUE CHIPS.
T: YOU C	YOU HAVE FIVE BLUE CHIPS. YOU CAN SAY "BINGO!"
BINGO C:	BINGO!
T: (NAME S HE S S S HE S S S S S S S S S	(NAME) HAS A BINGO. (HE'S THE WINNER. SHE'S LET'S PLAY THE GAME AGAIN.

C)	Year Week Week Day	rk 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
		Page	4
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange	
Change the order of drawing to give everyone an equal chance.			
NOTE #1: It is probably best to play this game on the floor or at a table.			
NOTE #2: If the children have trouble in drawing exactly 3 chips, have them take the chips one at a time and count aloud:			·
II. REINFORCEMENT			
Play the game again as outlined above.			
Variation: After one child "bingo's," let the others keep playing until everyone bingo's.		,	

REVIEW PAITERNS: 1) Indirect discourse with: which

REVIEW PAITERNS: 1) Indirect discourse with: which, whose, (from Week 14)
2) Change of tense in indirect statements:
You asked me who had some red chips. Yellow, blue, red, and green chips from Day 2 3 small boxes exactly alike MATERIALS NEEDED:

Year 20 Meek 20 3 Page 1

The second secon

. 2	Speaker Exchange		T: LET'S PLAY A GAME. (NAME), TAKE SOME CHIPS.	T: WHO HAS SOME RED CHIPS?	T: WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	T: Repeat: YOU ASKED ME WHO HAD SOME RED CHIPS.	C: YOU ASKED ME WHO HAD SOME RED CHIPS.	T: TELL ME WHO HAS SOME RED CHIPS.	C: (NAME) HAS SOME RED CHIPS.	T: WHO ELSE HAS SOME RED CHIPS? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	C: YOU ASKED ME WHO ELSE HAD SOME RED CHIPS.	T: TELL ME WHO ELSE HAS SOME RED CHIPS.
Large deep box or can from Day 2	Instructions to the teacher	 REVIEW - who A. Mix up all chips in the large box or can. One child is teacher. The other children draw chips. The "teacher" tells who has red chips, blue chips, etc. 	DRILL: Call on a child to be teacher. Tell the others: Say to each of them:	NOTE: Have them take only 5-6 chips. Have them show the chips they took. Ask the "teacher":	Before he can answer, ask:	Model:				Ask about others who have red chips:		

ERIC Apultant Provided by ERIC

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
		່ວ	(NAME) HAS SOME RED CHIPS.
	Continue for blue, green, yellow.		
	Call on every other child to be teacher.		
57	<pre>II. REVIEW - whose A. One child is "teacher." The others draw chips. Point to individual children's chips and ask, "WHOSE CHIPS ARE THOSE?"</pre>		
	DRILL: Point to one child's chips. Ask the "teacher":	ï	(NAME), WHOSE CHIPS ARE THOSE? WHAT DID ! ASK YOU.
	Model:	: :	Repeat: YOU ASKED ME WHOSE CHIPS THOSE WERE.
		::	YOU ASKED ME WHOSE CHIPS THOSE WERE.
		ï.	TELL ME WHOSE CHIPS THOSE ARE.
		ິ່ວ	THOSE ARE (NAME) 'S CHIPS.
	Point to 2 or 3 other chips, and repeat the procedure.		
	Call on every other child to be teacher.		
	III. REVIEW - which (2nd part of lesson)A. Use the 3 small boxes. Put red chips in one, blue in the 2nd, green in the 3rd. Have children guess which box a certain color is in.		·

ERIC Pred Text Provided by EIIC

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	DRILL: Put chips in each box, saying:	÷	LET'S PLAY A GAME. I'M GOING TO PUT SOME RED CHIPS IN THIS BOX. BLUE GREEN
	Close the boxes; shuffle them on the table. Then ask a child:	ï	(NAME), WHICH BOX ARE THE BLUE CHIPS IN? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
Į	Model:	Ë	Repeat: YOU ASKED ME WHICH BOX THE BLUE CHIPS WERE IN.
570		<u>း</u>	YOU ASKED ME WHICH BOX THE BLUE CHIPS WERE IN.
5		Ë	TELL ME WICH BOX THE BLUE CHIPS ARE IN.
		ت	THEY'RE IN THAT BOX.
	Open the box. If he is wrong, say:	<u>;</u>	NO, THEY'RE NOT IN THAT BOX. (NAME), WHICH BOX ARE THE BLUE CHIPS IN? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
	(Model if necessary)	<u>ت</u>	YOU ASKED ME WHICH BOX THE BLUE CHIPS WERE IN.
		Ë	TELL ME WHICH BOX THE BLUE CHIPS ARE IN.
		::	THEY'RE IN THAT BOX.
	If he is wrong, close the boxes and shuffle them again. Play the game again.		
	Give each child several "turns" at playing the game.		
		_	



(from Week 15)	
When-clauses: When I stamp my foot, you sit down.	
} When-clauses:	
REVIEW PATTERNS:	

You asked me if I had any chips.
Suppletion of indefinite quantifier some ---

Year 20 Vieek 20 Vieek 4 Vieek Page 1

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40 each: red, yellow, blue, green chips from Day 2. Large deep box or can from Day 2.

MATERIALS NEEDED:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
1. REVIEW - when-clauses A. Play the game from Week 15 in which one person gives commands: "WHEN I SIT DOWN, YOU STAND UP."		
DEMONSTRATE:	Ë	LET'S PLAY A GAME.
Hold up your hand ready to touch your head. Say:	Ë	WHEN I TOUCH MY HEAD
Touch it and say:	 -	YOU TOUCH YOUR HEADS!
Continue, giving other commands:	Ë	WHEN I SIT DOWN , YOU STAND UP. STAMP MY FOOT STAMP YOUR FEET ETC.
DRILL: Call on a child to be teacher. Say to him:	Ë	Tell them: WHEN I SIT DOWN, YOU STAND UP.
	ö	WHEN I SIT DOWN, YOU STAND UP.
After they do so, ask them:	Ë	Tell me: WHEN HE SAT DOWN, WE STOOD UP.
	GRP	WHEN HE SAT DOWN, WE STOOD UP.
Have the child give several more commands.		

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Year 20 bay 4 Page 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Then call on every other child to be teacher. Let them make up their own commands if they wish.		
Some sample commands:	ü	, Y0U
		CLAP YOUR H
		PULL MY EAR TOUCH YOUR HEADS STAMP MY FOOT KNEES
		STAND UP SIT ON THE FLOOR
A. Let each child draw some chips. Ask each one, "DO YOU HAVE ANY (color) CHIPS?" and then ask, "WHAT DID I ASK YOU?"		
DRILL: Children draw chips. Ask child #1:	<u>:</u>	(NAME), DO YOU HAVE ANY GREEN CHIPS?
Before he can answer, ask:	Ë	WHAT DID I ASK YOU?
	Ë	Repeat: YOU ASKED ME IF I HAD ANY GREEN CHIPS.
	ິວ	YOU ASKED ME IF I HAD ANY GREEN CHIPS.
	Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY?
	ü	YES, I HAVE SOME. NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.

ERIC.

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Ask every other child whether he has any green chips. Then ask each one whether he has any		
	DRILL: Let a child be teacher. Tell him:	Ë	Ask (NAME): DO YOU HAVE ANY GREEN CHIPS?
	Ask child #2:	C#2 1:	WHAT DID HE ASK YOU?
57		C#2	HE ASKED ME IF I HAD ANY GREEN CHIPS.
O		ï	Tell him.
		C#2	YES, I HAVE SOME. NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.
•	Let child #1 ask several more questions. Then give every other child a chance to be teacher.		

Relative construction with that: (from Week 18)
This is the house that Jack built. ERIC REVIEW PATTERNS:

MATERIALS NEEDED:

Flannel board, pointer Cutouts for "Jack" story: Jack, house, cheese, rat, cat, dog, cow, girl, boy.

Exchange

)			
2	20	2	-
<u>.</u>	ا ا		
Yea	Week	Da	Pa

ler Speaker	This will be the same as Week 18, Day 2 and Day 3. Follow the lesson plan as given for those days.
Instructions to the teacher	1. REVIEW A. This will be the same as Week 18, Day 2 and Day 3. Follow the less plan as given for those days.

ERIC TOTAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPE PART 11. EVALUATION

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of their needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the lesson plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat those lessons with which the children have had difficulty.

2	20	2	2
Year	Week	Day	Page

	INSTRUCTIO	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT:	C=Correct V=Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
		Have the child take some chips. Ask him:	Τ:	DO YOU HAVE ANY BLUE CHIPS?	
	DAY 2,3,4		ü	YES, I HAVE SOME. NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.	
			Ë	DO YOU HAVE ANY YELLOW CHIPS?	
5			<u></u>	(As above).	
81	ITEM 11.	Draw some chips. Say to the child:	Ţ	NOW, YOU ASK ME.	
٠	WEEK 13 DAYS 254		ؾ	DO YOU HAVE ANY BLUE CHIPS?	
			:: 	YES, I HAVE SOME. NO, I DON'T HAVE ANY.	
	·				
	ITEM III.	Ask the child:	ï.	HOW MANY GREEN CHIPS DO YOU HAVE?	
			ü	I HAVE TWO GREEN CHIPS.	
			: :	HOW MANY RED CHIPS DO YOU HAVE?	
			;	I HAVE FOUR RED CHIPS.	

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Year 20 Veek 20 Say 5 Page 3

INSTRUCTIC	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT:	<pre>C = Correct </pre> <pre>C = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7</pre>
ITEM IV WEEK 14 DAYS 3-5	Put on a table: a red car, a green car, a yellow car. Ask:	T:	WHICH CAR IS RED? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
		ü	YOU ASKED ME WHICH CAR WAS RED.	
ITEM V WEEK 14	Put four or five cars on the table. Have the child take 2. Ask:	Ë.	DO YOU HAVE A YELLOW CAR? WHAT DID I ASK YOU?	
DAYS 3-5		ິວ	YOU ASKED ME IF I HAD A YELLOW CAR.	
ITEM VI	Show the child H-M 127 (girl reading	 -	WHOSE BOOK IS THAT?	

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YOU ASKED ME WHOSE BOOK THAT WAS. WHAT DID I ASK YOU? ت book). Ask: WEEK 14 DAYS 3-5

Year 2 Week 20 Day 5 Page 4

INSTRUCTIO	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	C= STUDENT: <= 1 3	C= Correct V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM VII WEEK 14 DAY 3-5	Show the child H-M 59 (mailmen). Point to the mailman on the left and ask:	Ë	WHO IS THAT?	The second secon
		ü	WHAT DID I ASK YOU? YOU ASKED ME WHO THAT WAS.	The state of the s
ITEM VIII	Tell the child:	ï	WHEN I STAMP MY FOOT, YOU TOUCH YOUR HEAD.	Ambar of the Name of State of State of the Name of State of
	After he does so, ask:	: .	WHAT DID YOU DO?	
		ပၱ	WHEN YOU STAMPED YOUR FOOT, I TOUCHED MY HEAD.	**************************************
ITEM IX.	Use flannel board. Put up Jack. Ask:	Ë	WHO IS THIS?	
		ິວ	THAT'S JACK.	
		Ë	WHAT DID HE DO?	
		ü	HE BUILT A HOUSE.	
	Put up the house. Ask:	 H	WHAT'S THIS?	
		ິວ	THAT'S THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.	

OBJECTIVES

REVIEW: 1. With + NP: with the doctor

Who do you think is in the house? I think it's the doctor. embedded sentence: 1) In cleft sentence: 2) + embedded sentence Think: NEW:

2. Know + embedded sentence: | know | where the ball is.

3. Guess + embedded sentence: Guess what's in the box.

. That's right/That's wrong

5. Think + Past tense: I thought it was blue.

6. Know + Past Tense: I knew it was green

Vocabulary: Think, know, guess, right, wrong.

MATERIALS:

Large box with lid; number of small objects (ball, pencil, car, truck, crayon, boat, tiny dolls, etc.). Day 2:

Small box without lid; small balls of different colors (yellow, blue, red, green). **Day 3:** 5

Objects for "surprise noises" game: coins, bell, dice, plastic chips, cellophane, castanets, xylophone, wooden blocks, etc. House front made of heavy cardboard Community helpers (Week 13) Day 4:

4. Day 5: Ball, doll, car, pencil

EVALUATION: Two small boxes with lids; several small objects (pencils, ball, car,etc.) bags, book, community helpers, cardboard house front.



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fold back sides

Year Week Day

INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 8 Item 9 Item 7 Item 4 Item 6 Item 5 Item 3 Item 1 Item 2

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each?

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

NEW PATTERNS: 1. Think: in cleft sentence: 2. Know + embedded sentence: 3. Guess + embedded sentence: 4. That's right/That's wrong VOCABULARY: Think, know, guess, right, wrong.	What do you think ! think it's a ! know what's in Guess what's in	think is in the box? t's a ball. 's in the box. Is in the box.
oox with lid. of small objects:	ball, pencil,	, car, truck, crayon, boat, tiny dolls etc.
Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
 PRESENTATION: a. DEMONSTRATE: Use idea of guessing game to introduce think, know, guess. b. DRILL: Give each child one or more turns at guessing what's in the box. 		
DEMONSTRATE: Have an object already in the box. Hold up the box and say.	Ë	Ustedes deben adivinar lo que está en la caja. ¿Qué piensan está en la caja?
Ask:	Ë	WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THE BOX?
Shake your head and say: Make a wrong guess.	ï	I DON'T KNOW. I DON'T KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX. BUT I THINK THERE'S A BALL IN THE BOX.
Look in the box; show children; say:	ï	NO, THERE ISN'T A BALL IN THE BOX. THERE'S A CAR IN THE BOX.
Now turn away from the children and put a new object in the box. Close it; then hold it up again and ask:	Ţ:	NOW WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THE BOX?
Nod your head and say:	:	I KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX. YOU DON'T KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX.

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Year 2 Week 21 Day 2 Page 2	Speaker Exchange	: (NAME), WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THE BOX?	-	: I DON'T KNOW.	: WELL, GUESS WHAT'S IN THE BOX.	Tell me: I THINK IT'S A	: THINK IT'S A TRUCK.	: WHAT DOES HE THINK IS IN THE BOX?	Tell me:	GRP: HE THINKS IT'S A TRUCK. SHE ETC.	LET'S SEE WHAT IT IS.	YES, IT IS A TRUCK. NO, IT ISN'T A TRUCK. IT'S A BOAT.		
	Instructions to the teacher	DRILL: Ask a child:	Model:		· ·	#odel:		Ask the group:	Mode 1:	85	T.	Open the box and show them; say:	Put a new object in the box and ask another child. Repeat with every child.	a. DRILL: Repeat the above drill, with children acting as "teacher." b. Make a change in the drill:

Speaker

Exchange

Week Day Page

Year

ASK (NAME): WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THE BOX?

WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THE BOX?

C#1

Tell him: I DON'T KNOW.

: DON'T KNOW.

C#2

Model for child #2:

Tell him: GUESS WHAT'S IN THE BOX.

GUESS WHAT'S IN THE BOX.

C#1

Tell him: I THINK IT'S A

I THINK IT'S A CRAYON.

C#2

WHAT DOES HE THINK IT 18?

THINKS IT'S A CRAYON. E SE

GRP

Tell them:

Ë

Have child #1 open the box, and show the group the object. Model for him:

IT'S A B/ IT ISN'T A CRAYON. YES, THAT'S RIGHT. NO, THAT'S WRONG.

Model for child #1:

Model for child #2:

Ask the group:

in cleft sentence Think: REVIEW PATTERNS: 1

embedded sentence

Year Week Day Page

embedded sentence Know: + embeaucu That's right/That's wrong 3.5

in interrogative sentence: Do you know what's in the box? + Past Tense: I thought it was blue. + Past Tense: I knew it was blue. Know Think 4 6 % NEW PATTERNS:

+ Past Tense: Kno₩ Small box without a lid (small enough so that you can cover the top with your hand); small balls of different colors: red, blue, green, yellow. MATERIALS NEEDED:

instructions to the teacher I. REVIEW AND PRESENTATION: a. DRILL #1: Review know. Use the	Speaker	Exchange
b. DRILL #2: Review think. Use the question form "DO YOU KNOW? DRILL #1: Show the group the small box.		
	:- 	WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THE BOX? DO YOU KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: YES, I KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX.
	ü	YES, I KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX.
Say to the group:	Ë	Tell me: HE KNOWS WHAT'S IN THE BOX.
	GRP	HE KNOWS WHAT'S IN THE BOX.
Ask the child:	Ë	WHAT'S IN THE BOX?
	ن	IT'S A RED BALL.
	:	

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
NOTE: Have him name the color. If he does not, model: 'Tell me: IT'S A RED BALL."		
Put another ball in the box and drill with another child. Repeat with every child.		
DRILL #2: Show the group the box. Cover the top completely with your hand. Ask them:	Ë	WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THE BOX? DO YOU KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX?
Model:	Ë	Tell me: NO, WE DON'T KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX.
Ask a child:	Ë	(NAME), WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THE BOX?
Tell them:	Ë	IT'S A BALL. WHAT COLOR DO YOU THINK IT IS?
Model if necessary:	ü	I THINK IT'S A YELLOW BALL.
Ask the group:	Ë	WHAT DOES HE THINK IT IS?
	GRP	HE THINKS IT'S A YELLOW BALL.
Uncover the box and show them:	ï	LET'S SEE.
Model for the group:	Ë	Tell me: THAT'S RIGHT. IT IS YELLOW. THAT'S WRONG. IT ISN'T YELLOW, IT'S RED.
	GRP	THAT'S RIGHT. IT IS YELLOW. THAT'S WRONG. IT ISN'T YELLOW. IT'S RED.

Year 21 Week 21 Day 3

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Change the object and drill with another child. Repeat until each child has had a turn.		
a. DEMONSTRATE: Modify Drill #1 to introduce KNEW. b. DRILL #1: Drill with each child. c. DEMONSTRATE: Modify Drill #2 to introduce THOUGHT. d. DRILL #2: Drill with each child.		
DEMONSTRATE: Have a ball in the box. Cover it only partially and show it to the group. Say:	Ë	I KNOW WHAT'S IN THIS BOX.
Uncover the box:	: -	LET'S SEE.
Show them the ball and say:	Ë	I KNEW IT WAS A RED BALL!
Have the other balls in a sack. Reach inside and put a ball into the box without looking. Cover the box completely, and show it to the group. Say:	Ë	NOW ! DON'T KNOW WHAT'S IN THE BOX. !'M GOING TO GUESS. ! THINK IT'S A BLUE BALL.
Uncover it and show the group:	Ë	LET'S SEE.
Say:	;	I THOUGHT IT WAS BLUE, BUT IT WAS GREEN. AND IT WAS!
Repeat with each child.	s.	

That's right/ That's wrong With + NP: Who do you think is with the doctor? REVIEW PATTERNS:

Think:

+ embedded sentences

Year Week Day Page

Who do you think is in the house? NEW PATTERNS: Use of who with think: MATERIALS NEEDED:

House-front made of heavy cardboard (fold back sides so that it stands). "Community helpers" figures: doctor, nurse,teacher, mailman, milkman, policeman, etc. (see Week 13) Objects for "Surprise noises" game: coins, bell, dice, plastic chips, cellophane, party noisemakers, castanets, xylophone, wooden blocks, etc.

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	1. REVIEW AND PRESENTATION: a. Demonstrate use of who with think by playing a guessing game. b. DRILL: Play the game with children acting as the teacher.		
592	DEMONSTRATE: Have all the figures on the table, as well as the house front. Say:	Ë	LET'S PLAY A GUESSING GAME. LET'S GUESS WHO'S IN THE HOUSE.
	Hold up each figure; ask:	Ë	WHO IS THIS?
	After you have reviewed the names of the community helpers, take them off the table. Put one of them behind the house front. Then ask a child:	Ë	WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE?
	(Model if necessary)	ü	I THINK THE DOCTOR IS IN THE HOUSE.
	Move the house front aside.	Ë	LET'S SEE. THAT'S RIGHT!
	DRILL #1: Let children play teacher. Have a child put one of the figures behind the house front. Model:	Ë	ASK (NAME): WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE?
	***	. • , .	

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	C#1	WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE?
	C#2	I THINK THE MILKMAN IS IN THE HOUSE.
Model for child #1:	: :	Tell him: LET'S SEE.
Child #1 moves the house; model:	C#1	LET'S SEE.
Model:	ï	Tell him: THAT'S RIGHT!
	C#2	THAT'S RIGHT! (0r)
Continue, letting every other child play teacher.		
DRILL #2: Call on a child to be teacher. Have him put one figure in the house and say:	Ë	Tell them: THE DOCTOR IS IN THE HOUSE.
	C#1	WHO DO YOU THINK IS WITH THE DOCTOR?
child asks:	C#2	I THINK THE MILKMAN IS WITH THE DOCTOR.
(Model if necessary)	C#1	LET'S SEE.
	Ë	Tell him: THAT'S RIGHT! (Or) NO, THAT'S WRONG. THE NURSE IS WITH THE DOCTOR
	C#1	THAT'S RIGHT. (Or) NO, THAT'S WRONG. THE NURSE IS WITH THE DOCTOR.
Continue, letting each child play the role of teacher.		

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	il. REINFORCEMENT AND PRESENTATION #2: a. DEMONSTRATE: Use another guessing game to reinforce the patterns reviewed, and to review what with think. b. DRILL: Drill with individual children making guesses.		
	DEMONSTRATE: Have a variety of noisemaking objects in a large bag or somewhere out of sight: COINS, BELL, DICE, PLASTIC CHIPS, CELLOPHANE, CASTANETS, XYLOPHONE, WOODEN BLOCKS, etc. For the demonstration,		
504	use objects whose sounds they are sure to know.	:	LET'S PLAY ANOTHER GUESSING GAME. LET'S GUESS WHAT WE HEAR. CLOSE YOUR EYES, EVERYONE!
	Jingle some coins; ask:	⊢ ⊢	DO YOU KNOW WHAT THIS IS? Tell me: YES. WE KNOW.
		GRP	YES, WE KNOW.
			WHAT IS IT?
		GRP	IT'S MONEY.
	DRILL: Continue with the other objects. Drill with individuals. If they don't know the sound, model:	Ë	Tell me: NO, i DON'T KNOW.

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PART II. EVALUATION			Year 2 Week 21	
The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past week of English instruction, and allow you to plan your Monday review lesson plan on the basis of the needs. Each child must be tested individually. Beside each test item is the number of the plan in which the tested grammar point is presented or reviewed. You will want to repeat tho lessons with which the children have had difficulty.	gress of the childr Monday review less Beside each test nted or reviewed. ulty.	children during this past week of iew lesson plan on the basis of their ch test item is the number of the lesson iewed. You will want to repeat those	Day 5 Page 2	
INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE	STUDENT $V = 1$ Correct $V = 1$ 1 2 3 4 5	Correct Incorrect 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM I Show the child two small boxes, one WEEK 21 covered and the other uncovered, DAYS 2 each containing an object. Then 5 point to the open box. Ask:	Ë	DO YOU KNOW WHAT'S IN THIS BOX?		
	ö	YES, I KNOW (WHAT'S IN THAT BOX).		
Point to the closed box:	Ë	DO YOU KNOW WHAT'S IN THIS BOX?		
	ؾ	NO, I DON'T KNOW (WHAT'S IN THAT BOX).	. Box).	
ITEM II Point to the closed box. Ask:	ï	WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THIS BOX?	2	
WEEK 21 DAYS 2 5	ü	I THINK IT'S A BALL CAR		

ITEM III Show the child a bag (closed)			
	Ë	GUESS WHAT'S IN THIS BAG.	
DAYS 2	ن	IT'S A TOOLE	
		TIS A	

Year 21 Week 21 Day 5

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NSTRUCT	'NSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT	<pre>C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7</pre>
TEM 1V WEEK 21 DAYS 2 3	Say to the child:	<u> </u>	I THINK YOUR NAME IS (WRONG) IS THAT RIGHT? NO, THAT'S WRONG.	
ITEM V WEEK 21 DAYS 3	Show the child the two boxes above. Point to the uncovered box and ask:	; ;; ;;	WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THIS BOX? IT'S A BALL. DID YOU KNOW IT WAS A BALL? YES, I KNEW IT WAS A BALL.	
UTEM VI WEEK 21 DAYS 3	Point to the covered box. Ask: Show him the object: Ask:	.: T: ::	WHAT DO YOU THINK IS IN THIS BOX? I THINK IT'S A CAR. LET'S SEE. IT'S A CAR. BOAT. ETC. WHAT DID YOU THINK IT WAS? I THOUGH IT WAS A CAR.	

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 Year
 2

 Week
 21

 Day
 5

 Page
 4

TITEM VII Hold up a pencil. Say: WEEK 21 DAY 5 Hide it on the table (under a book) The PENCIL. C: ITHINK IT'S UNDER THE FABLE. C: ITHINK IT'S UNDER THE BOOK? T: VOU CAN OPEN YOUR EYES. WERK 21 DAYS 3 "Hide" it, but leave part of it Ask: C: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK? C: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK? C: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK? C: YES, I KNEW IT WAS UNDER THE BOOK? THE DID YOU KNOW IT WAS UNDER THE BOOK? C: YES, I KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). THE LET'S SEE. T: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. C: ITHINK IT'S THE TEACHER. C: ITHINK IT'S THE TEACHER. HIGH IX USE THE BOOK? THO DO YOU THINK IT WAS? C: ITHINK IT'S THE TEACHER. DAYS 3 DAYS 3 DAYS 3 DAYS 3 DAYS 4 DAYS 3 DAYS 4 DAYS 4 DAYS 5 DAYS 6 THO DO YOU THINK IT WAS? C: ITHINK IT'S THE TEACHER. DAYS 6 THINK IT'S THE TEACHER. DAYS 7 DAY	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT	c = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Hide it on the table (under a book) In a box, etc.) C: I THINK IT'S UNDER THE TABLE. C: I THINK IT'S UNDER THE TABLE. ETC. I THINK IT'S UNDER THE TABLE. C: I THINK IT'S UNDER THE BORIN, CLOSE YOUR EYES. Hide" it, but leave part of it Sticking out. Ask: C: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK. C: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK. T: VOU CAN OPEN YOUR EYES. WHERE DO YOU THINK IT IS? IT'S UNDER THE BOOK. C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). IX Use the house and the community C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). Ask: C: I THINK IT'S THE TEACHER. Ask: C: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. Ask: C: I THINK IT WAS THE TEACHER. T: WHO DO YOU THINK IT WAS? C: I THOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.	VII Hold up a pencil.	Ţ.	E YOUR PENCIL.	
VIII Hold up the pencil. Say: VIII Hold up the pencil. Say: S "Hide" it, but leave part of it Sticking out. Ask: IX Use the house and the community IX Use the house and	Hide it on the in a box, etc.)		YOU CAN OPEN YOUR EYES. WHERE DO YOU THINK IT 1S?	
VIII Hold up the pencil. Say: 21 22 3 "Hide" it, but leave part of it 21 45k: Ask: (C: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK. T: DID YOU KNOW IT WAS UNDER THE BOOK. (C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK.) (C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK.) T: DID YOU KNOW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK.) (C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK.) T: DID YOU KNOW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK.) (C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK.) T: WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE? Ask: (C: ITHINK IT'S THE TEACHER. (C: ITHINK IT'S THE TEACHER. (C: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. (C: ITHOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.		ü		
3 'Hide" it, but leave part of it c: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK. C: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK. C: IT'S UNDER THE BOOK. C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS UNDER THE BOOK). C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). T: WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE? 3 house. Ask: C: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). T: WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE? 4 T: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. 5 T: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. C: YES, IT'S THE DOCTOR. ETC. NO, IT'S THE DOCTOR. C: I THOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.	VIII Hold up the pencil.	Ë	ш	
Ask: Ask: T: DID YOU KNOW IT WAS UNDER THE BOOK? T: YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE? T: YES, ! THE TEACHER. T: YES, ! THE TEACHER. T: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. Ask: C: ITHOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER. C: ITHOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.	"Hide" it, but leave part of sticking out.	Ë	YOU CAN OPEN YOUR EYES. WHERE DO YOU THINK IT IS?	
T: DID YOU KNOW IT WAS UNDER THE BOOK? YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). YES, ! KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE BOOK). WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE? ITHINK IT'S THE TEACHER. YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. YES, IT'S THE DOCTOR. ETC. WHO DO YOU THINK IT WAS? C: ITHOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.		ت 	IT'S UNDER THE BOOK.	
1X Use the house and the community 21 helpers. Put a figure "in" the 3 house. Ask: 4 5 LET'S SEE. 7: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER, 5 7: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER, 7: YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. 80, IT'S THE DOCTOR. ETC. 80, IT'S THE TEACHER. 80, IT'S THE TEACHER.	Ask:	Ë	DID YOU KNOW IT WAS UNDER THE BOOK?	
1X Use the house and the community 21 helpers. Put a figure "in" the 3 house. Ask: 4 the louse and the community 5 the louse in the house and the community 6 the louse in the house and the house? 7 the louse in the house and the house and the house are the house and the house and the house are the house and the house and the house are t		ü	KNEW IT WAS (UNDER THE	
think it's the teacher, LET'S SEE. YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. NO, IT'S THE DOCTOR. ETC. Ask: C: I THOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.	1X Use the house and the commun 21 helpers. Put a figure "in"	Ë	WHO DO YOU THINK IS IN THE HOUSE?	
T: LET'S SEE. YES, IT'S THE TEACHER. NO, IT'S THE DOCTOR. ETC. T: WHO DO YOU THINK IT WAS? C: I THOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.	s nouse.	<u>ن</u>	I THINK IT'S THE TEACHER.	
T: WHO DO YOU THINK IT WAS? C: I THOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.	^	Ë	SEE. IT'S THE TEACHER. IT'S THE DOCTOR.	
C: I THOUGHT IT WAS THE TEACHER.	Ask:	Ë	WHO DO YOU THINK IT WAS?	
	r	ü		

ENGLISH COMPONENT YEAR 11 WEEK 22

OBJECTIVES

No specific review except Day l REVIEW:

Types of comparison: NEW:

Gradual (positive - comparative - superlative): Big/small, long/short, etc. tall/taller/tallest Polar (antonymy):

Polar comparisons: Big/small, short/tall, long/short, near/far

Gradual comparisons; Big/bigger/biggest, etc. <u>ښ</u> Far from Obligatory use of preposition with FAR:

VOCABULARY

Big/small - 4 6 4

Short/tall

Long/short

Near/far

MATERIALS

Sizes 1-6 of paper bags, balls, pieces of paper, balloons, boxes, circles, squares. Day 2:

H-M Cards 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 13, 16, 20 (Big/small) H-M Cards 263, 264, 265, (Big/-er/-est) H-M Cards 258, 259, 311 (Small/-er/-est) **Day 3:**

trees, buildings, men, boys, plants Pictures of the following (heights 1-6):

H-M Cards 226, 267, 270, 306, 313 (Short/tall) Lengths 1-6 of string, pencils, boxes, ribbon, paper strips Day 4:

3 sets of pictures: 6 lengths of skirts, 6 lengths of hair, 6 lengths of sleeves Small objects: boxes, pencils, cars, boats, crayons, balls (3 or more of each) **Day 5:**

EVALUATION:

#1-3 are small, short, (vertical), short (horizontal) #4-6 are big, tall, long All materials for the week Days 2-4: Always have 2 definite classes of objects;

That is, there should always be a cutoff point between #3 and #4.

REVIEW DAY

Year 2 Week 22 Day 1 INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO DID NOT RESPOND CORRECTLY ON TEST ITEMS GIVEN ON LAST DAY OF PREVIOUS WEEK.

Item 7	Item 8	Item 9
Item 4	Item 5	Item 6
Item 1	Item 2	I tem 3

Which drills or exercises did you repeat on the basis of this evaluation?

List the patterns you reviewed and the activities you used for each.

Did the children who were having difficulties previously appear to understand better after the review?

NEW PATTERNS:

Types of comparison:
1. Polar (antonymy): Big/small
2. Gradual (positive, comparative, superlative): Big/bigger/biggest

このでは、 一般のできる。 一般のできる。 一般のできる。 これのできる。 これのできる。

ENGLISH COMPONENT

Year 2 Week 22 Day 2 Page 1

Bigger, biggest Small VOCABULARY:

MATERIALS NEEDED:

Have 6 of each of the following objects, graduated in size from very small to very large: paper bags, balls, pieces of paper, balloons blown up to 6 sizes, boxes, circles and squares cut out of paper.

NOTE: 3 of the objects should be unmistakably small, 3 large. That is, there should be a noticeable change in size between object #3 and object #4.

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
1. PRESENTATION #1:		
Example of object sizes: Balls #1 - ball from a game of jacks 2 - ping-pong ball 3 - rubber ball 2" in diameter 4 tennis ball or softball 5 - rubber ball 4" or 5" in diameter 6 - large rubber ball		
 a. DEMONSTRATE: Use objects #3 and #4 (all objects) to introduce the polar opposition BIG/SMALL 		
b. DRILL: Call on individual children to drill the concept.		,
DEMONSTRATE: Use ball #3 and ball #4. Hold up ball #4. Say:	Ë	THIS BALL IS BIG. Repeat, please. THAT BALL IS BIG.
	GRP	THAT BALL IS BIG.
Hold up ball #3. Say:	Ë	THIS BALL IS SMALL. Repeat, plese: THAT BALL IS SMALL.
	GRP	THAT BALL IS SMALL.

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	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	Repeat for all objects sizes #3 and #4.		
	DRILL: Call on a child. Tell him:	ë-	(NAME), SHOW ME THE BIG BAG.
	When he points to it, model:	Ë	Tell them: THIS BAG IS BIG.
		ິວ	THIS BAG IS BIG.
CO?	Say to the group:	Ë	Tell me: THAT BAG IS BIG. SMALL.
)		GRP	THAT BAG IS BIG.
	Call on every child once or twice. Have each show you a big or small object. Follow the same drill.		
	 II. PRESENTATION #2: a. DEMONSTRATE: Demostrate comparison by degrees. Begin with objects #3 and #4 and add the other sizes. b. DRILL: Call on individual children to drill the concept. 		
	Have balls #3 and 4 on the table. Say:	Ë	THIS BALL IS BIG. THIS BALL IS SMALL.
	Put the 2 balls at opposite ends of the table. Point to ball #3 and say:	Ľ	THIS BALL IS SMALL.

Instructions to the teacher Add ball #2; say: Add ball #1; say: Point to #3; model: Point to #1; model: Add ball #5; say: Add ball #5; say: Have the children repeat, as above. Repeat the demonstration with all objects. DRILL: Call on a child. Have sizes #3 an #4 of an object on the table. (Model if necessary) (Model if necessary)

Year 2 Week 22 Day 2 Page 4

	1	
instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Point to size #3 and say:	 -	THIS PAPER IS SMALL.
Point to size #2 and say:	 	Tell me: THAT PAPER IS
(Let him complete if possible)	ت	THAT PAPER IS SMALLER.
Put size #1 on the table beside #2 and #3. Point to it and say:	÷	Tell me: THAT PAPER IS
	ပံ	THAT PAPER IS SMALLEST.
Repeat the same drill for big/bigger/biggest, with the same child.		
Call on another child and continue. Repeat for all objects.		
III. REINFORCEMENT:		
a. Repeat DRILL for BIG/SMALL.b. Repeat DRILL for BIG/-ER/-EST SMALL/-ER/-EST.		
DRILL #1: Have sizes #3 and #4 of several objects on the table (all #3 at #3 at one end, all #4 at the other). Call on a child.	"	SHOW ME THE BIG CIRCLE.
Have him say to the group:	ü	THAT'S THE BIG CIRCLE.
Have the group repeat:	GRP	THAT'S THE BIG CIRCLE.

Instructions to the teacher NOTE: In this drill the child says " THE BIG X" rather than "THAT X IS BIG Repeat several times with each child. DRILL #2: Have objects size #3 and # the table. Have other objects at han on a child. Have him say: Put the size #2 square (or other obje beside the size #3. Say (pointing to	Instructions to the teacher NOTE: In this drill the child says "THAT'S THE BIG X" rather than "THAT X IS BIG." Repeat several times with each child. DRILL #2: Have objects size #3 and #4 on the table. Have other objects at hand. Call on a child. Have him say: Put the size #2 square (or other object) beside the size #3. Say (pointing to #2): Put size #1 beside size #2. Point to it:	Speaker T: C: T:	Year 22 Week 22 Day 2 Page 5 SHOW ME THE SMALL SQUARE THAT'S THE SMALL SQUARE. THAT'S THE SMALLER. THAT SQUARE IS THAT SQUARE IS SMALLER. THAT SQUARE IS SMALLER. THAT SQUARE IS SMALLEST.
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Polar (antonymy): Types of comparison: REVIEW PATTERNS:

Gradual (positive - comparative - superlative); big/bigger/biggest; small/-er/est big/small

Year Week Day Page

NEW PATTERNS: 1.

Short/-er/-est; tall/-er/-est

VOCABULARY: Short, tall

trees, buildings, men, boys, plants (sizes #1-6 as Be sure there are 3 short ones, 3 tall ones. 6 pictures of the following: on Day 2) MATERIALS NEEDED:

Big/small: H-M Cards 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 1 Big/-er/-est: H-M Cards 263, 264, 265

Big/-er/-est: H-M Cards 258, 259, 311

instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
 REVIEW: DRILL: Use H-M Cards listed above to drill Big/small. DRILL: Use H-M Cards listed above to drill Big/-er/-est and Small/-er/-est. 		
DRILL: Call on the children one by one. Show each child a card; say:	Ë	SHOW ME THE BIG BEAR.
DRILL: Call on children one by one. Show each child one of H-M Cards 258, 259, 311, 263, 264 265. Point to the largest object on the SMALL cards, or the smallest object on the BIG cards. Say:	 -	THIS CAKE IS SMALL. BIG ETC.
Point to the next size object and say:	 ⊢	Tell them: THAT CAKE IS SMALLER. AIRPLANE BIGGER.

Year 22 Week 22 Day 3

instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ؾ	THAT CAKE IS SMALLER. AIRPLANE BIGGER.
Point to the smallest object:	Ë	Tell them: THAT CAKE IS SMALLEST. AIRPLANE BIGGEST. ETC.
	ن	THAT ICAKE IS SMALLEST. AIRPLANE BIGGEST.
Repeat with every child.		
il. PRESENTATION:		
a. DEMONSTRATE: Demonstrate SHORT/TALL. b. DRILL: Have children drill the new concept. Use cut-out pictures of objects and people.		
DEMONSTRATE: Choose the third shortest child in the class. Have him stand beside you. Say:	Ë	(NAME) IS SHORT.
Hold your hand, palm down, over his head. Repeat:	Ë	(NAME) IS SHORT.
Raise your hand to the level of your head:	:	I'M TALL.
Model for class (with appropriate hand movements):	: 	Tell me: (NAME) IS SHORT.
	GRP	(NAME) IS SHORT.

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		Day 3 Page 3
instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	T:	Tell me: YOU'RE TALL.
	GRP	YOU'RE TALL.
Show sizes #3 and #4 of each picture. Say (showing size #3):	:	THIS TREE IS SHORT.
		Tell me: THAT TREE IS SHORT.
	GRP	THAT TREE IS SHORT.
Hold size #4 beside it:	Ë	THIS TREE IS TALL. Tell me: THAT TREE IS TALL.
	GRP	THAT TREE IS TALL.
DRILL: Call on individual children. Show them pictures #3 and #4 of an object and say:	Ë	SHOW ME THE SHORT BOY.
	ະ	THAT'S THE SHORT BOY.
RESENTATION #2:		
a. DEMONS FRATE: Short /er/est with Tall pictures.		
b. DRILL: Have children drill concept.		
DEMONSTRATE: Show sizes #3 and #4 of a picture:	Ë	THIS PLANT IS SHORT. THIS PLANT IS TALL.

C

Year 22 Week 222 Day 3

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Set up size #3:	1:	THIS PLANT IS SHORT.
Add size #2 to it.	Ë	THIS PLANT IS SHORTER. Tell me: THAT PLANT IS SHORTER.
	GRP	THAT PLANT IS SHORTER.
	:	THIS PLANT IS SHORTEST.
Add size #1:	Ë	THIS PLANT IS SHORTEST. Tell me: THAT PLANT IS SHORTEST.
Repeat for Tall/er/est with sizes $\#4$ -6 of an object.		
DRILL: Call on a child. Show him pictures #3 and #4 of an object.	Ë	WHICH BUILDING IS SHORT?
	ü	THAT BUILDING IS SHORT.
Put size #2 beside size #3 (or size #5 beside size #4):	Ë	Tell me: THAT BUILDING IS
	ü	THAT BUILDING IS SHORTER.
Put size #1 beside size #2 (or size #6 beside size #5):	:	THAT BUILDING IS
	ü	THAT BUILDING IS SHORTEST.
Repeat with every child.		

AEVIEW PATTERNS: 1.

TTERNS: 1. Comparison: a. Polar

(

b. Gradual

Year Week Day Page

2. Short/tall

3. Short /er/est Tall

NEW PATTERNS: 1. Short/lon

Short/long Long/er/est

VOCABULARY: Long

6 of each of the following sizes (Sizes #1-3 short, sizes 4-6 long): string, MATERIALS NEEDED:

pencils, boxes, ribbon, paper strips Short/Tall: H-M Cards 226, 267, 270, 306, 313 (boys, ropes, trees, plants, flowers)

Instructions to the teacher E	S
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i. REVIEW:

a. Use children and H-M Cards to review
Short/Tall and degrees of each.

Have the children stand. Put the 3 shortest
children in one group and the 2 tallest in a

group with yourself (or if there are 6 chidren put the 3 tallest in a group).

Pick the tallest child in the short group (child #3). Have him stand in front of the group. Put the next shortest child (#2) beside him:

Put the shortest child (#1) beside #2 and 3.

(NAME) IS SHORTER. Repeat.

Repeat

IS SHORT.

(NAME)

(NAME) IS SHORT.

GRP

(NAME) IS SHORTEST. Repeat.

GRP

(NAME) IS SHORTEST.

GRP

Year 22 Week 22 bay 4 bage 2

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Put the shortest child in the TALL group (child #4) beside child #3 about a foot away.	Ë	(NAME) IS TALL. Repeat.
123 456	GRP	(NAME) IS TALL.
Put child #5 and then #6 (or yourself) next to child #4:	Ë	(NAME) IS TALLER. Repeat.
-	GRP	(NAME) IS TALLER.
	 	(NAME) IS TALLEST.
		Repeat: (NAME) 1S TALLEST.
	GRP	YOU'RE TALLEST.
Seat the children. Show them H-M Cards 226, 267, (short - boys, ropes), and 270, 306, 313 (tail - trees, plants, flowers). Say:	: -	THIS BOY IS SHORT. TALL. ETC.
Ask one child (point to the next shorter or taller object):	Ë	Tell me: THAT BOY IS
	C#3	THAT BOY IS SHORTER. TREE TALLER.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Ask another child (point to the shortest or tallest object):	Ë	Tell me: THAT BOY IS
	C#2	THAT BOY IS SHORTER. TREE TALLER. ETC.
Continue, asking every child each of the two questions.		
a. Lay out sizes #3 and #4 of pencils, strips, ribbons, paper strips, and boxes on the table. (To begin with, LONG will be taught as a horizontal dimension to contrast with TALL, which is vertical.)		
a. DEMONSTRATE: Long/short. Point to size#3: (Have children around the table)	;	THIS PENCIL IS SHORT.
Point to size #4:	Ë	THIS PENCIL IS LONG.
Point to another size #3:	: 	THIS RIBBON IS SHORT. Tell me: THAT RIBBON IS SHORT.
	<u>:</u>	THAT RIBBON IS LONG.
b. DRILL: Call on a child:	<u>:</u>	SHOW ME THE SHORT BOX.

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Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	ີ່:	THAT'S THE SHORT BOX.
Drill thoroughly with all children.		
<pre>iii. PRESENTATION #2: a. DEMONSTRATE: Degrees of LONG/SHORT b. DRILL: Have individuals drill this concept.</pre>		
a. DEMONSTRATE: Have sizes #3 and #4 of an object on the table.	Ë	THAT PAPER IS SHORT.
Point to size #3:	Ë	THIS PAPER IS SHORT.
Add sizes #2 and #1:	,	THIS PAPER IS SHORTER. THIS PAPER IS SHORTEST.
Point to size: Point to size #4:	•• 	2
Add sizes #5 and #6:	:	THIS PAPER IS LONGER. THIS PAPER IS LONGEST.
Point to size #4 again:	Ë	Tell me: THAT PAPER IS LONG.
	GRP	THAT PAPER IS LONG.
Size #5:	Ë	Tell me: THAT PAPER IS LONGER.
	GRP	THAT PAPER IS LONGER.
Size #6:	<u></u>	Tell me: THAT PAPER IS LONGEST.

Year 2 Week 22 Day 4

instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
	GRP	THAT PAPER IS LONGEST.
b. DRILL: Put sizes #3 and #4 of another object on the table. Call on a child:	Ë	WHICH STRING IS LONG?
	ü	THAT STRING IS LONG.
S Add size #2 (or size #5):		Tell me: THAT STRING IS
	ິບ	THAT STRING IS LONGER.
Add size #1 (or size #6):	:	Tell me: THAT STRING IS
	ບໍ	THAT STRING IS LONGEST.
Repeat with every child.		

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C

Comparison: REVIEW PATTERNS:

a. Polar

Year Week Day Page

Gradual

LONG/SHORT 5

Near/Far NEW PATTERNS:

Near/nearer/nearest Far/farther/farthest - % %

FAR a. Forms of FAR require FROM: THE PENCIL IS

FARTHEST FARTHER

FROM THE BOX.

VOCABULARY: Near/Far

1. 3 short skirts (above knee and shorter), 3 long skirts 3 girls with short hair, 3 with long hair, 3. 3 short sleeves Small objects: boxes, balls, cars, pencils, crayons, boats (3 or more of each), 3 sets of (above elbow), 3 long sleeves (below elbow). (below knee and longer). 2. pictures, cut out or drawn: MATERIALS NEEDED:

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
 REVIEW: a. Review LONG/SHORT with children's body parts: Arms, legs, hair, fingers. b. Review degrees of LONG and SHORT with the 3 sets of pictures above. NOTE: There are to be 6 lengths of skirts, of hair, of sleeves). 		•
a. Pick a child with long hair and one with short hair.	Ë	(NAME) 'S HAIR IS LONG. Repeat.
	GRP	(NAME)'S HAIR IS LONG.
	Ë	(NAME)'S HAIR IS SHORT. Repeat.
	GRP	(NAME)'S HAIR IS SHORT.

Year 22 Week 22 Day 5

Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
Next, have pairs of children measure fingers, arms, and legs with each other. Ask a third child:	Ë	WHCSE FINGERS ARE LONG?
	ü	(NAME) 'S FINGERS ARE LONG. ETC. SHORT.
Repeat with all the children, so that each child is by turns one of a pair and the child who answers the questions.		
b. Show sizes #3 and #4 of the pictures listed above.	Ë	THIS SKIRT IS LONG. THIS SKIRT IS SHORT.
Call on a child. Point to size #3:	Ë	THIS SKIRT IS SHORT.
Add size #2:	<u></u>	Tell me: THAT SKIRT IS
	c#3	THAT SKIRT IS SHORTER.
Add stze #1; ask another child:	Ë	Tell me: THAT SKIRT IS
	C#2	THAT SKIRT IS SHORTEST.
Review LONG/-ER/-EST the same way. Call on each child.		

instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
<pre>ii. PRESENTATION: a. DEMONSTRATION: NEAR/FAR with children's positions in the room. DRILL.</pre>		
a. DEMONSTRATE: Put one child near the door, another across the room. Say to the group:	Ë	(NAME) IS NEAR THE DOOR. (NAME) IS FAR FROM THE DOOR.
Put the first child near the sofa, the TV, etc. and the second child far from it.	Ë	(NAME) IS NEAR THE TELEVISION. (NAME) IS FAR FROM THE TELEVISION.
Put the first child near the table, the second far from it.	Ë	(NAME) IS NEAR THE TABLE. Repeat.
	GRP	(NAME) IS NEAR THE TABLE.
	Ë	(NAME) IS FAR FROM THE TABLE. Repeat.
	GRP	(NAME) IS FAR FROM THE TABLE.
Repeat with DOOR and TELEVISION. DRILL: Put one child NEAR a place and the other FAR from it. Ask a child:	:-	WHO IS NEAR FROM THE SOFA?
	ü	(NAME) IS NEAR THE SOFA. ETC.
Change children's position. Ask each child these questions at least twice.		
b. DEMONSTRATE: Put one child about 3 feet from the door. Say:	Ë	(NAME) IS NEAR THE DOOR.
PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE	Mentioner actions of the property of the control of	The second of th

2	22	2	4
Year	Week	Day	Page

	Instructions to the teacher	Speaker	Exchange
		Ë	Repeat: (NAME) IS NEAR THE DOOR.
		GRP	(NAME) IS NEAR THE DOOR.
	Put another child between him and the door:	Ë	(NAME) IS NEARER THE DOOR. Repeat: (NAME) IS NEARER THE DOOR.
		GRP	(NAME) IS NEARER THE DOOR.
61	Put another child between them and the door:	Ë	(NAME) IS NEAREST THE DOOR. Repeat: (NAME) IS NEAREST THE DOOR.
8	Repeat for FAR/-THER/-THEST FROM, but have children farther apart and the nearest one about halfway across the room from the door.		
	DRILL: Put 3 children either NEAR or FAR FROM an object. Say to another child:	Ë	(NAME) IS NEAR THE TABLE.
	Ask:	ï	WHO IS NEARER THE TABLE?
		Ë	WHO IS NEAREST THE TABLE?
		ü	(NAME) IS NEAREST THE TABLE?
	Repeat this drill several times with each child.		

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PART 11. EVALUATION

The following test will help you assess the progress of the children during this past

Year 2

T; V= Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	WHICH BOX IS BIG? THAT BOX IS BIG. WHICH BALL IS SMALL. THAT BALL IS SHORT? THAT TREE IS SHORT. WHICH BOY IS TALL? THAT BOY IS TALL? THAT BOY IS TALL.	SPEAKER C; T; C; C; C; C;	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER ITEM I Show the child two objects, 1 large, week 22 1 small. Show him two more. Show him pictures of two boys, one short, one tall), short, one tall. Show him pictures of two boys, one short, one tall.	1 NSTRUCT WEEK 22 DAY 2 LITEM 11 WEEK 22 DAY 3 DAY 4 DAY 4
	WHICH STRING IS SHORT.	ř.	Show him two lengths of string.	
	THAT STRING IS LONG.	ü		
			אסש עווון ראס ובוואריים כן פרו יישי	
	WHICH STRING IS SHORT.	Ë	Show him two lengths of string.	
	THAT DRESS IS LONG.	ن		
	WHICH DRESS IS LONG?	Ë	Show the child pictures dresses, one short, one	ITEM II WEEK 22
	THAT BOY IS TALL.	::		
	WHICH BOY IS TALL?	÷	short, one tali.	
			Show him pictures of two boys, one	
	THAT TREE IS SHORT.	Ü		DAY 3
	WHICH TREE IS SHORT?	Ë	pictures of trees. Ask:	WEEK 22
			Show the child (one short one	H
				9
	THAT BALL IS SMALL.	ü	•	31 °
	ETC.			(
	BALL 1S	ï	Show him two more.	
		ن		
	BOX 1S	Ë	1 small.	WEEK 22 DAY 2
	l		child two objects, 1	TEM
V = Incorrect 123 456		SPEAKER	TIONS TO THE TEACHER	INSTRUCT

Year 22 Week 22 Day 5

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INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE STUDENT:	C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM IV	Put a box on one end of the table, a pencil near it and a car far from it.	T:	WHAT IS NEAR THE BOX?	
DAY 5		ؾ	THE PENCIL IS NEAR THE BOX.	
	Remove pencil and car. Put a crayon and a boat in their places.	Ë	WHAT IS FAR FROM THE BOX?	
		ü	THE BOAT IS FAR FROM THE BOX.	
ITEM V WEEK 22	Put sizes #1 to #3 of balls on the table. Point to ball #3:	ï	THIS BALL IS SMALL.	
DAY 2	Ask:	Ë	WHICH BALL IS SMALLER?	
		ະ	THAT BALL IS SMALLER.	
		: :	WHICH BALL IS SMALLEST?	
		: :	THAT BALL IS SMALLEST.	
ITEM VI WEEK 22 DAY 3	Show the child pictures of trees $\#4 + \#6$. Point to size $\#4$.	Ë	THAT TREE IS TALL. WHICH TREE IS TALLER?	
		່ວ	THAT TREE IS TALLER.	
		T:	WHICH TREE IS TALLEST?	
		ິວ	THAT TREE IS TALLEST.	

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Year 2 Week 22 Day 5

INSTRUCT	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TEACHER	SPEAKER	ITEM AND RESPONSE	STUDENT:	C = Correct V = Incorrect 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
ITEM VEI WEEK 22 DAY 3	Show the child pictures of 3 boys; point to the tallest.	Ë	THIS BOY IS SHORT. WHICH BOY IS SHORTER?		
		ິບ	THAT BOY IS SHORTER.		
		 -	WHICH BOY IS SHORTEST?		
. 6		ű	THAT BOY IS SHORTEST.		
TEM VIII WEEK 22 DAY 3	I Show the child 3 iong pieces of ribbon. Point to the shortest:	Т:	THIS RIBBON IS LONG. WHICH RIBBON IS LONGER?		
		ï	THAT RIBBON IS LONGER.		
		Ë	WHICH RIBBON IS LONGEST?		
		:	THAT RIBBON IS LONGEST.		
ITEM IX WEEK 22 DAY 5	Put a box on the table, Put 3 cars near it, Point to the farthest:	ï	THIS CAR IS NEAR THE BOX. WHICH CAR IS NEARER THE BOX?	BOX?	
		ٽ	THAT CAR IS NEARER THE BOX.	0x.	
		Ë	WHICH CAR IS NEAREST THE BOX?	80X?	
-		ن	THAT CAR IS NEAREST THE BOX.	BOX.	